THE LOEB CLASSICAL LIBRARY

EDITED BY

E. CAPPS, PH.D., LL.D. T. E. PAGE, LITT.D.
W. H. D. ROUSE, LITT.D.

ARISTOPHANES

WITH THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF

BENJAMIN BICKLEY ROGERS

M.A., D.LITT., BARRISTER-AT-LAW SOMETIME FELLOW OF WADHAM COLLEGE, OXFORD

IN THREE VOLUMES

1

THE ACHARNIANS
THE CLOUDS

THE KNIGHTS
THE WASPS



LONDON: WILLIAM HEINEMANN NEW YORK: G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS

MCMXXIV

Printed in Great Britain.

PREFACE

By the assistance of Messrs. G. Bell & Sons the Editors are enabled to include in the Library the famous version of Aristophanes made by Dr. Rogers. His complete edition with its full Introductions, Notes, and Appendices, will remain indispensable to large libraries and scholars, but it is hoped that the present edition will make his work more accessible to the general reader.

Introductions and explanatory notes have been added by the Editors These for the most part contain only information which can readily be found elsewhere, but in cases where it seemed wise to give Dr. Rogers' exact view of a passage, short extracts from his notes are given in his own words.

CONTENTS OF VOLUME I

								PAGE
GENERAL Introduction .	٠	٠	•	•	٠	٠	٠	ix
THE ACHARNIANS-								
Introduction								3
Text and Translation		•						6
THE KNIGHTS-								
Introduction								120
Text and Translation		•				•	•	124
THE CLOUDS-								
Introduction								262
Text and Translation		•						266
THE WASPS-								
Introduction								404
Text and Translation	,				•			408
INDEX								551

ARISTOPHANES is an elusive poet. The main religious convictions of Aeschylus may be determined with certainty from his extant plays; attentive study of the dramas of Euripides reveals his cardinal opinions on politics, society and religion, and his philosophic attitude; but who can affirm with confidence that he has penetrated the comic mask of Aristophanes and knows his beliefs? The poet's mocking irony baffles and perplexes his reader at almost every turn.

ξυνήκαθ' δ λέγει ;--μὰ τὸν `Απόλλω 'γὼ μὲν οὔ.

One element of the poet's irony is his apparent frankness. He has at times the air of desiring to be taken seriously and seems to be expressing honest convictions. He is very suggestive and provokes reflection, but the attempt to reduce his opinions to system reveals the illusion. We become uneasily conscious that the great satirist is laughing behind his mask.

A proof of this deceptive quality of the poet's humour is found in the diversity of the opinions that have been held as to his purpose in writing. It was once the fashion among modern interpreters to take him very seriously,—the comic poet disappeared in the reformer. He was eulogized as a moralist and patriot, whose lofty purpose was to instruct his fellow-countrymen; as an earnest thinker, who had

reflected deeply on the problems of society and government and had made Comedy simply the vehicle of his reforming ideas; as a wise and discerning counsellor, who was competent to advise the citizens of Athens at a critical time on political questions and whose judgement of men and measures was sound; as a stern man withal, resolute in the performance of duty, the implacable and victorious foe of all, wherever found, who undermined the glory of Athens. This view, which Grote combated (History of Greece, lxvii), finds vigorous expression in the Apology of Robert Browning:

Only the coarse fool and the clownish knave? No i strike malpractice that affects the State, The common weal—intriguer or poltroon, Venality, corruption, what care I If shrewd or witless merely?—so the thing Lay sap to aught that made Athenai bright And happy, change her customs, lead astray Youth or age, play the demagogue at Pnux, The sophist in Palaistra, or-what's worst. As widest mischief,—from the Theatre Preach innovation, bring contempt on oaths, Adorn licentiousness, despise the Cult. . . . But my soul bade "Fight! Prove arms efficient on real heads and hearts!" . . . I wield the Comic weapon rather—hate! Hate! honest, earnest and directest hate— Warfare wherein I close with enemy. . . . Such was my purpose: it succeeds, I say! Have we not beaten Kallıcratidas, Not humbled Sparté? Pcace awaits our word. Since my previsions,—warranted too well By the long war now waged and worn to end-Had spared such heritage of misery,

My after-counsels scarce need fear repulse. Athenai, taught prosperity has wings,

Cages the glad recapture.

Next, whom thrash?

Thus vaunts the poet, as Browning interprets him, just after the great victory won at Arginusae. Sparta is at our feet, a new day dawns, the War is at an end. For Athens has at length learnt the bitter lesson she might have been spared had she vielded to my pleas for peace." The actual history of the next twelve months is pathetic. The battle at Arginusae, in which Callicratidas fell, restored the maritime supremacy of Athens, but peace was not secured. The Spartans made overtures, but the Athenian people, paying small heed to the "good counsels" that their Poet had given them in the Acharnians, the Peace, the Lysistrata, and in other comedies no longer extant, followed the lead of drunken Cleophon and rejected the Spartan proposals, just as five years before they had committed the grave error of accepting his advice after the Athenian victory at Cyzicus. Sparta bestirred herself. Lysander was sent out, and within a year Athenian arms suffered irretrievable reverse at Aegospotami.

The poet's counsels of peace were rejected. Peace came only with disaster. His "sage" solutions of many other burning questions were equally ineffective. If Aristophanes was working for reform, as a long line of learned interpreters of the poet have maintained, the result was lamentably disappointing: he succeeded in effecting not a single change. He wings the shafts of his incomparable wit at all the popular leaders of the day—Cleon, Hyperbolus, Peisander, Cleophon, Agyrrhius, in succession, and is reluctant to unstring his bow even when they are dead. But he drove no one of them from power; there is ittle evidence, indeed, that

he damaged their influence or even disturbed their brazen self-confidence. Cleon, when the poet's libellous personal abuse became even in his judgement indecent, promptly brought him to his knees. "When Cleon pressed me hard and tanned my hide, and outsiders laughed to see the sport, I confess "-Aristophanes says in the Wasps-" I played the ape a bit." He adds significantly that he failed to get popular support in this quarrel. The inference is that the people did not think badly of Cleon; but modern opinion of the popular leaders in Athens, formed on the evidence that Aristophanes is supposed to furnish, has been persistently unfavourable, and Cleon's rehabilitation as a sagacious, if turbulent, statesman who consistently maintained the imperial policy of Pencles has been slow.

against the New Education, and viewing the whole intellectual tendency of his time with alarm, pleaded for a restoration of the simple discipline that had moulded the morals and minds and manners of the hardy men who fought at Marathon. Furthermore, he clearly apprehended the evils inherent in the Athenian system of judicature, which committed the administration of justice to a horde of common men, ignorant of the law, swayed by the impulse of the moment, "monsters of caprice and injustice," and ruthlessly exposed the unrighteousness of its proceedings. Finally, reverent of the best traditions of the stage, he stood forth, it is alleged, as their uncompromising defender, and sternly resisted the

innovations that were gradually changing the spirit and the form of tragedy during the last third of the century, and for a generation relentlessly pursued

The poet vehemently protested, it has been said,

their chief exponent, concealing an attack that was meant to ruin him under the veil of caricature, parody, burlesque, and satire. But Socrates still frequented, winter and summer, the gymnasia, the market and the schools, and the Sophists continued to discourse and draw their pay; Philocleon, after a single experience of the pleasures of polite society, again forgathered with his cronies before the dawn of day and trudged away to Court; and Euripides, calmly disregarding the malicious strictures of his youthful critic, continued to write tragedy in his own manner and to present on the stage plays that were heard by the young men of Athens with wild acclaim.

This extreme conception of the function of Greek comedy as chiefly censorial and monitory has been modified with larger and more exact knowledge of the times in which the poet lived and of the conditions of life under which he wrote, but it has had unfortunate consequences. These plays have been regarded as a trustworthy source of information in establishing the facts of Greek history, biography, and institutions. So serious an interpretation of a form of literature of which the primary intention must always be entertainment and amusement inevitably obscured the poet's elusive humour. A jest became a statement of fact, a caricature a portrait, a satire a document. The poet's conception, clothed in a fantastical disguise that rivalled the grotesque dress of his own actors, has been essentially misapprehended in an entire play.

On the other hand the mistaken disposition, recently manifested, to regard Aristophanes simply as a jester and to deny that he had any other purpose than to provoke laughter is an extreme, though

natural, reaction. This view denies at the same time, as might have been expected, the cathartic efficacy of Greek tragedy. The highest comedy, typed in the earlier plays of Aristophanes, and in some of the comedies of Molière, is regenerative. The purpose of Aristophanes in the Acharnians, in which the action turns upon the impossible and fantastic whimsy of an Athenian farmer securing peace with Sparta for himself and his family alone, is to ridicule the war-party. Nobody would have been more amused than the poet if he had been told that his play was to stop the fighting, but he did believe that the War was an evil, and so far his heart was honestly in his theme; and I have no doubt that many a man who had laughed uproariously at the peace-loving farmer set single-handed in the comedy against a quarrelsome chorus, a powerful general, the whole tribe of sycophants, and the demagogue Cleon in the background, went home from the play less content with the course of his political leaders and longing in his heart for the good old days of peace. The instrument by which the poet probed the popular discontent was that most effective of all means when skilfully used—a laugh.

To regard Aristophanes as merely a jester is to mistake the man. Ridicule of contemporary persons, that is generally good-natured, or systems or prevailing ideas is his main purpose, I think, in his plays. His praise is for the dead. This ridicule, which ranges from satire to airy conceit, is made humorous by centering it in a far-fetched fantastic conception that is not the less available if it is impossible. Facts are exaggerated or invented with superb nonchalance and bewildering semblance of

reality. In these mad revels of unrestrained fancy it is difficult to lay hands upon Aristophanes the man. Nevertheless we do discover probable indications of his attachments and beliefs. He lived in an age of intellectual unrest when many vital questions pressed for solution. That a man of his intelligence did not give them consideration and reach conclusions is impossible. No doubt he detested a debaucheelet Ariphrades bear witness,-but he must have sympathized with the revolt of the young men of his day against the severe and meagre discipline in which youth were trained during the first half of the century, and must have shared in their eager interest in the new subjects of knowledge. No doubt he deprecated the vicious use of the skill for which Strepsiades clamours in the Clouds, but he had too keen a mind to fail to distinguish between the right and the wrong use of this power or to reject all study of the art of persuasion because it might be abused. He was himself a skilful dialectician, as the Debates found in nearly all his comedies prove. He was acquainted with Socrates and must have known that he never misused his wonderful dialectical power, and must have felt an expert's special thrill of pleasure in observing with what skill he employed it. Furthermore, the times in which the poet lived were troublous; the fate of Athens again and again stood on the razor's edge. He was not indifferent to the welfare of his country nor of his fellow-countrymen. There is a serious undertone in the Acharnians that gives it an indescribable elevation, and in the Lysistrata, a Rabelaisian play written after the disaster to Athenian arms in Sicily, in which, Thucydides records, fleet and army utterly perished, and of the

many who went forth few returned home, there are verses of intensest pathos that betray the poet's poignant sympathy:

οὐκ ἔστιν ἀνὴρ ἐν τῷ χώρα, μὰ Δί' οὐ δῆτ', εἰφ' ἔτερός τις.

Aristophanes, then, was a man of quick sympathies and settled convictions, although positive expression of belief and feeling is naturally rare in his plays, since he was a writer of comedy. Despite this reticence, it is both interesting and important to determine, so far as this may be done, his opinions on the questions that in his day were pressing for answer, and among these especially his political position. Was he an aristocrat? Was he, in particular, as M. Couat believed, a pamphleteer in the pay of the aristocrats? Or was he a democrat? And if a democrat, how is the satirical—but extremely comical—characterization of Athenian Demus in the Knights, which his countrymen viewed with goodnatured amusement, to be interpreted? To these weighty and significant questions the reader may find an answer by studying the plays for himself.

JOHN WILLIAMS WHITE.

[This Introduction is reprinted from Dr. Loeb's translation of Aristophanes and the Political Parties at Athens by Maurice Croiset. It was originally arranged that the translation of Aristophanes for the Loeb Classical Library should be made by Professor John Williams White of Harvard University, but as he died before his work was completed it was thought that the printing of the above as an Introduction to the volumes which were to have been his work would be a fitting tribute to the memory of one who, while he was alive, took the deepest interest in the welfare of the Library.]

THE ACHARNIANS

VOL. I

INTRODUCTION

The Acharnians was produced at the Lenaean Dionysia in February 425 B.C., and like the Banqueters in 427 and the Babylonians in 426, it was in the name of Callistratus that it was brought out. The prize was awarded to Aristophanes; Cratinus with his Storm-Tossed (Χειμαζόμενοι) was second, and Eupolis with his New Moons (Νουμηνίαι) last. It is the oldest Greek comedy which has survived.

The general idea of the play is so simple that it needs no special Introduction. "An honest citizen, finding it impossible to get the State to conclude a peace with Sparta, makes a private peace on his own account; and thenceforward is represented as living in all the joys and comforts of Peace, whilst the rest of the City continues to suffer the straits and the miseries of War. But this simple plot is worked out and illustrated with an abundance of laughable and picturesque incidents." a Indeed Mr. Rogers considers that "if only one of his Comedies had survived to our day, I think that this is the one which would have given us the most comprehensive idea of the range of Aristophanic satire," and he adds: "If it has not the concentrated power of his later plays, yet no other Comedy exhibits the same variety of incident. With the

a Rogers, Introduction, p. xxvi.

prodigality of youth, the poet runs through the whole gamut of his likes and dislikes; his longing for Panhellenic unity, as in the great days of Marathon and Salamis; his efforts for right and justice, $\tau \delta$ $\epsilon \delta$ $\kappa u i \tau \delta$ $\delta \delta \kappa u c v$, in Athenian public life; and again the special objects of his aversion, as contravening these aims—the demagogues, the Informers, the war-party, the sophists, the lowering of the old heroic tragedy by Euripides—are all brought before us in turn; the germs of almost all his later efforts are discoverable in this early production." a

The Chorus consists of old men from Acharnae, a town which had especially suffered from the invasion of Archidamus, and which was celebrated for the "manly and soldier-like qualities" of its inhabitants who "at the commencement of the Peloponnesian War furnished a contingent of no less than 3000

hoplites" (cf. l. 180 and note).

a Introduction, p. xxvi.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΠΟΛΙΣ

KHPTZ

ΑΜΦΙΘΕΟΣ

ΠΡΕΣΒΕΙΣ

ΨΕΥΔΑΡΤΑΒΑΣ

ΘΕΩΡΟΣ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΑΧΑΡΝΕΩΝ

ΓΥΝΗ Δικαιοπόλιδος

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ Δικαιοπόλιδος

ΚΗΦΙΣΟΦΩΝ θεράπων Εὐριπίδου

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗΣ

ΛΑΜΑΧΟΣ

MEΓAPETΣ

ΚΟΡΑ Α και Β θυγατέρε τοῦ Μεγαρέως

ΣΥΚΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ

ΒΟΙΩΤΌΣ

NIKAPXOΣ

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ Λαμάχου

ΓΕΩΡΓΟΣ

ΠΑΡΑΝΥΜΦΟΣ

ALLEVOI

AXAPNEIΣ

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΠΟΛΙΣ. "Οσαδή δέδηγμαι την έμαυτοῦ καρδίαν, ησθην δε βαιά πάνυ δε βαιά τέτταρα. ά δ' ώδυνήθην, ψαμμοκοσιογάργαρα. φέρ' ίδω, τί δ' ήσθην ἄξιον χαιρηδόνος; έγῶδ' ἐφ' ὧ γε τὸ κέαρ εὐφράνθην ἰδών, τοις πέντε ταλάντοις οίς Κλέων έξήμεσεν. ταῦθ' ὡς ἐγανώθην, καὶ φιλῶ τοὺς ἱππέας διὰ τοῦτο τοὔργον ἄξιον γὰρ Ἑλλάδι. άλλ' ώδυνήθην έτερον αξ τραγωδικόν, ότε δη 'κεχήνη προσδοκών τον Αἰσχύλον, ό δ' ἀνεῖπεν " εἴσαγ', ὧ Θέογνι, τὸν χορόν. πως τοῦτ' ἔσεισέ μου, δοκεῖς, τὴν καρδίαν; άλλ' έτερον ήσθην, ήνίκ' ἐπὶ Μόσχω ποτὲ Δεξίθεος εἰσῆλθ' ἀσόμενος Βοιώτιον. τήτες δ' ἀπέθανον καὶ διεστράφην ίδών, 15 ότε δη παρέκυψε Χαιρις ἐπὶ τὸν ὅρθιον. άλλ' οὐδεπώποτ' έξ ὅτου 'γὼ ρύπτομαι ούτως έδήχθην ύπο κονίας τας όφρυς

b Received as a bribe from certain of the allies to get their tribute-assessment lowered. The Knights compelled

him to disgorge.

a In the background are three houses: the central one that of Dicaeopolis, the other two those of Euripides and Lamachus. In the foreground is a rough representation of the Pnyx where D. is awaiting the opening of the Assembly.

THE ACHARNIANS

DICAEOPOLIS.^a What heaps of things have bitten me to the heart!

A small few pleased me, very few, just four;
But those that vexed were sand - dunehundredfold.

Let's see: what pleased me, worth my gladfulness?

I know a thing it cheered my heart to see; 'Twas those five talents^b vomited up by Cleon. At that I brightened; and I love the Knights For that performance; 'twas of price to Hellas. Then I'd a tragic sorrow, when I looked With open mouth for Aeschylus, and lo, The Crier called, Bring on your play, Theognis.^c Judge what an icy shock that gave my heart! Next; pleased I was when Moschus left, and in

But oh this year I nearly cracked my neck, When in slipped Chaeris for the Orthian Nome. But never yet since first I washed my face Was I so bitten—in my brows with soap.

Dexitheus came with his Boeotian song.d

A very dull, frigid poet, cf. T. 170 and note.

d One of the famous lyrical nomes of Terpander; the Orthian was another; a spirit-stirring strain as of soldiers marching to victory. Chaeris was a Theban piper, who used to slink in to feasts uninvited.

ύπο κον τ. ο. unexpectedly for υπ' οδύνης την καρδίαν or

the like.

	ώς νθν, όπότ' ούσης κυρίας έκκλησίας	
		20
	οί δ' ἐν ἀγορᾶ λαλοῦσι, κἄνω καὶ κάτω	
	τό σχοινίον φεύγουσι το μεμιλτωμένον.	
	οὐδ' οἱ πρυτάνεις ηκουσιν, ἀλλ' ἀωρίαν	
	ήκοντες, είτα δ' ωστιούνται πως δοκείς	
	έλθόντες άλλήλοισι περί πρώτου ξύλου,	25
	άθρόοι καταρρέοντες εἰρήνη δ' ὅπως	
	έσται προτιμωσ' οὐδέν· ω πόλις, πόλις.	
	έγω δ' ἀεὶ πρώτιστος εἰς ἐκκλησίαν	
	νοστών κάθημαι· κἆτ' ἐπειδὰν ὧ μόνος,	
	στένω, κέχηνα, σκορδινώμαι, πέρδομαι,	30
	άπορῶ, γράφω, παρατίλλομαι, λογίζομαι,	-
	ἀποβλέπων ες τον ἀγρόν, εἰρήνης ερων,	
	στυγών μέν ἄστυ, τον δ' έμον δημον ποθών,	
	δς οὐδεπώποτ' εἶπεν, ἄνθρακας πρίω,	
	οὐκ ὄξος, οὐκ ἔλαιον, οὐδ' ἤδει πρίω,	35
	άλλ' αὐτὸς ἔφερε πάντα χώ πρίων ἀπῆν.	UU
	νῦν οὖν ἀτεχνῶς ἤκω παρεσκευασμένος	
	βοᾶν, ὑποκρούειν, λοιδορεῖν τοὺς ῥήτορας,	
	εάν τις ἄλλο πλην περί εἰρήνης λέγη.	
	άλλ' οἱ πρυτάνεις γὰρ οὐτοιὶ μεσημβρινοί.	40
	οὐκ ἠγόρευον; τοῦτ' ἐκεῖν' ούγὼ 'λεγον'	40
	είς την προεδρίαν πας ανηρ ωστίζεται.	
KHPY		
MILLE	πάριθ', ώς ἂν ἐντὸς ἦτε τοῦ καθάρματος.	
A MATG	παριο, ως αν έντος ητέ του κασαρμάτος. ΘΕΟΣ. ήδη τις εἶπε;	
KHP.	τίς άγορεύειν βούλεται;	45
	ins wyopereur poorer au,	40

 $^{^{\}alpha}$ A rope dripping with ruddle, used to sweep in loiterers from the Agora.

THE ACHARNIANS, 19-46

As now, when here's the fixed Assembly Day, And morning come, and no one in the Pnyx. They're in the Agora chattering, up and down Scurrying to dodge the vermeil-tinctured cord.^a Why even the Prytanes are not here! They'll

Long after time, elbowing each other, jostling For the front bench, streaming down all together You can't think how. But as for making Peace They do not care one jot. O City! City! But I am always first of all to come, And here I take my seat; then, all alone, I pass the time complaining, yawning, stretching, I fidget, write, twitch hairs out, do my sums, Gaze fondly country-wards, longing for Peace, Loathing the town, sick for my village-home, Which never cried, Come, buy my charcoal, or My vinegar, my oil, my anything; b But freely gave us all; no buy-word there. So here I'm waiting, thoroughly prepared To riot, wrangle, interrupt the speakers Whene'er they speak of anything but Peace. -But here they come, our noon-day Prytanes! Aye, there they go! I told you how 'twould be; Every one jostling for the foremost place.

CRIER. Move forward all,

Move up, within the consecrated line.

AMPHITHEUS. Speaking begun?

CR. Who will address the meeting?

AM. I.

· Entering in a violent hurry.

b These are all city cries. In 1. 36 the pun in $\pi \rho l \omega \nu$ (lit. "saw" or "sawyer") is obscure: it may mean "that grating rasping word."

τίς ὤν:

KHP.

AM.	'Αμφίθεος.	
KHP.	οὖκ ἄνθρωπος;	
AM.	oŭ,	
KHP.	άλλ' άθάνατος. ὁ γὰρ 'Αμφίθεος Δήμητρος ῆν καὶ Τριπτολέμου· τούτου δὲ Κελεὸς γίγνεται· γαμεῖ δὲ Κελεὸς Φαιναρέτην τήθην ἐμήν,	50
AM.	2 T (1 07	
ΔI.	ώνδρες πρυτάνεις, άδικεῖτε τὴν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν ἄνδρ' ἀπάγοντες, ὅστις ἡμῖν ἤθελε σπονδὰς ποιῆσαι καὶ κρεμάσαι τὰς ἀσπίδας.	55
KHP.	κάθησο σῖγα.	
ΔΙ.	μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ, ἢν μὴ περὶ εἰρήνης γε πρυτανεύσητέ μοι.	60
KHP.	οί πρέσβεις οί παρά βασιλέως.	
ΔΙ.	ποίου βασιλέως; ἄχθομαι 'γὼ πρέσβεσι καὶ τοις ταῶσι τοις τ' ἀλαζονεύμασιν.	
KHP.	σίγα.	
ΔI. TIPEΣE	βαβαιάξ, ὧκβάτανα, τοῦ σχήματος. ΤΣ. ἐπέμψαθ' ἡμᾶς ὡς βασιλέα τὸν μέγαν, μισθὸν φέροντας δύο δραχμᾶς τῆς ἡμέρας ἐπ' Εὐθυμένους ἄρχοντος·	65

^a Scythian archers were the regular police at Athens. A. is ejected as not being an Athenian citizen when he begins to talk of "peace" and complain of the magistrates. 10

THE ACHARNIANS, 46-67

Who are you?

CR.

Amphitheus. AM. Not a many CR. No, an immortal. For the first Amphitheus AM. Was of Demeter and Triptolemus The son: his son was Celeus; Celeus married Phaenarete, who bare my sire Lycinus. Hence I'm immortal; and the gods committed To me alone the making peace with Sparta. But, though immortal, I've no journey-money; The Prytanes won't provide it. Archers, there! CR. O help me, Celeus! help, Triptolemus! AM. Ye wrong the Assembly, Prytanes, ye do DI. wrong it. Haling away a man who only wants To give us Peace, and hanging up of shields. Take your seat. St! CR. By Apollo, no, not I, DI. Unless ve prytanize about the Peace. O ves! The Ambassadors from the Great CR. King! b What King! I'm sick to death of embassies, DI.

CR. Keep silence!

DI. Hey!!! Ecbatana, here's a show.

AMBASSADOR. Ye sent us, envoys to the Great King's

Court,

Receiving each two drachmas daily, when Euthymenes was Archon.

And all their peacocks and their impositions.

^b Enter, clad in gorgeous oriental apparel, the envoys sent to the Persian court eleven years previously in the archonship of Euthymenes 437-6 B.C.

Δ1.	οἴμοι τῶν δραχμῶν.	
ΠP.	καὶ δητ' ἐτρυχόμεθα διὰ τῶν Καϋστρίων	
	πεδίων όδοιπλανοθντες έσκηνημένοι,	
	έφ' άρμαμαξων μαλθακώς κατακείμενοι,	70
	ἀπολλύμενοι.	••
ΔI.	σφόδρα γὰρ ἐσωζόμην ἐγὼ	
	παρὰ τὴν ἔπαλξιν ἐν φορυτῷ κατακείμενος;	
ΠP.	ξενιζόμενοι δὲ πρὸς βίαν ἐπίνομεν	
	έξ θαλίνων έκπωμάτων και χρυσίδων	
	ἄκρατον οίνον ήδύν.	
ΔI.		75
	άρ' αἰσθάνει τὸν κατάγελων τῶν πρέσβεων;	
ПР.	οί βάρβαροι γὰρ ἄνδρας ήγοῦνται μόνους	
	τούς πλείστα δυναμένους καταφαγείν καὶ πιείν.	
ΔI.	ημεῖς δὲ λαικαστάς τε καὶ καταπύνονας.	
ΠP.		80
	άλλ' είς ἀπόπατον ὤχετο, στρατιὰν λαβών,	
	κάχεζεν όκτω μήνας έπι χρυσών όρων.	
ΔI.	πόσου δε τον πρωκτον χρόνου ξυνήνανεν:	
ПΡ.	τῆ πανσελήνω κἆτ' ἀπηλθεν οἴκαδε.	
		85
	έκ κριβάνου βοῦς.	
Δĭ.	καὶ τίς είδε πώποτε	
	βοῦς κριβανίτας; τῶν ἀλαζονευμάτων.	
ΠP.	καὶ ναὶ μὰ Δί' ὄρνιν τριπλάσιον Κλεωνύμου	
	παρέθηκεν ήμιν ονομα δ' ήν αὐτω φέναξ.	
ΔI.	ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἐφενάκιζες σύ, δύο δραχμὰς φέρων.	90
- T	7 17 4 22 4	

of these envoys.

For these mythical hills cf. Plaut. Stich. i. 1.26 "Persarum |
Montes, qui esse Aurei perhibentur." εis ἀπόπ., "to the 12

a He calls the Acropolis by this special title (κραναός= "rugged") because it suggests a contrast with the luxury

THE ACHARNIANS, 67-90

plains. 'Twas a bad time.

The pure sweet wine.

And weary work we found it, sauntering on,

Stretched in the litter on the ramparts here! And oft they fêted us, and we perforce

Out of their gold and crystal cups must drink

The insolent airs of these ambassadors?

Supinely stretched in our luxurious litters With awnings o'er us, through Caÿstrian

DI.

DI.

AMB.

DI.

is a play on φοῖνιξ.

AMB.

O me, the drachmas!

Aye, the good time was mine,

O Cranaana city, mark you

13

	A HO HIDOTOHO GHID OF CHOOS WILLDWOOD .
AMB.	For only those are there accounted MEN
	Who drink the hardest, and who eat the most.
DI.	As here the most debauched and dissolute.
AMB.	In the fourth year we reached the Great
	King's Court.
	But he, with all his troops, had gone to sit
	An eight-months' session on the Golden
	Hills b!
DI.	Pray, at what time did he conclude his session?
AMB.	At the full moon; and so came home again.
	Then he too fêted us, and set before us
	Whole pot-baked oxen—
DI.	And who ever heard
	Of pot-baked oxen? Out upon your lies!
AMB.	And an enormous bird, three times the size
	Of our Cleonymus c: its name was—Gull.
DI.	That's why you gulled us out of all those
	drachmas!
latrine	es " is substituted made monador/an for sis molecular or the

See Index: he was very fat and a rascal; in φέναξ there

ΑΜ. καὶ νῦν ἄγοντες ἥκομεν Ψευδαρτάβαν. τον βασιλέως οφθαλμόν.

ἐκκόψειέ νε ΔI. κόραξ πατάξας τόν γε σὸν τοῦ πρέσβεως.

ΚΗΡ. ὁ βασιλέως ὀφθαλμός.

ώναξ 'Ηράκλεις. ΔΙ. πρός τῶν θεῶν, ἄνθρωπε, ναύφρακτον βλέπεις; 95 ή περί ἄκραν κάμπτων νεώσοικον σκοπείς; ἄσκωμ' ἔχεις που περὶ τὸν ὀφθαλμὸν κάτω;

ΠΡ. άγε δή σύ, βασιλεύς άττα σ' ἀπέπεμψεν φράσον

λέξοντ' 'Αθηναίοισιν, ὧ Ψευδαρτάβα. ΨΕΥΔΑΡΤΑΒΑΣ. ἰαρταμὰν ἔξαρξ' ἀναπισσόναι σάτρα. 100

ΠΡ. ξυνήκαθ' δ λέγει:

μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿νὼ μὲν οὕ. ΔI.

πέμψειν βασιλέα φησίν ύμιν χρυσίον. λέγε δή σὺ μεῖζον καὶ σαφῶς τὸ χρυσίον.

ΨΕΥ. οὐ λῆψι χρῦσο, χαυνόπρωκτ' Ἰαοναῦ.

ΔΙ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ώς σαφως.

IIP.

τί δαὶ λέγει; 105

ΔΙ. ὅ τι; χαυνοπρώκτους τοὺς Ἰάονας λέγει, εί προσδοκώσι χρυσίον έκ τῶν βαρβάρων.

ΠΡ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἀχάνας ὅδε γε χρυσίου λέγει.

ποίας άχάνας; σύ μεν άλαζων εί μέγας. άλλ' ἄπιθ' έγω δέ βασανιώ τοῦτον μόνος. άγε δή σύ φράσον έμοι σαφώς, πρός τουτονί.

a "A fellow who will give you false measure," ἀρτάβη

being a Persian measure.

The Scholast says: ἔξεισι τερατώδης τις γελοίως ἐσκευασμένος, και όφθαλμον έχων ένα έπι παντός του προσώπου.

Because an eye was commonly painted on each side of

a ship's bow.

^a This jumble is generally supposed to mean I have just begun to repair what is rotten.

THE ACHARNIANS, 91-111

AMB. And now we bring you Pseudo-Artabas a The Great King's Eye.^b

O how I wish some raven
Would come and strike out yours, the
Ambassador's.

CRIER. O yes! the Great King's Eye!

DI. O Heracles!

By Heaven, my man, you wear a war-ship look o!

What! Do you round the point, and spy the docks?

Is that an oar-pad underneath your eye?

AMB. Now tell the Athenians, Pseudo-Artabas, What the Great King commissioned you to say.

PSEUDO-ARTABAS. Ijisti boutti furbiss upde rotti.d

AMB. Do you understand?

DI. By Apollo, no not I.

AMB. He says the King is going to send you gold.

(To Pseudo.) Be more distinct and clear about the gold.

PSEUD. No getti goldi, nincompoop Iawny.

Dr. Wow, but that's clear enough!

AMB. What does he say?

DI. He says the Ionians must be nincompoops If they're expecting any gold from Persia.

AMB. No, no: he spoke of golden income-coupons.

DI. What income-coupons? You're a great big

You, get away; I'll test the man myself. (To Pseudo.)

Now look at this (showing his fist): and answer Yes, or No!

ἀχάνη is apparently a large provision-basket,

ίνα μή σε βάψω βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν. βασιλεύς δ μέγας ημίν αποπέμψει χρυσίον; (ἀνανεύει.) ἄλλως ἄρ' ἐξαπατώμεθ' ὑπὸ τῶν πρέσβεων; Έλληνικόν γ' ἐπένευσαν ἄνδρες ούτοιί, 115κούκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ εἰσὶν ἐνθένδ' αὐτόθεν. καὶ τοῖν μὲν εὐνούχοιν τὸν ἔτερον τουτονὶ ένωδ' ός έστι, Κλεισθένης ο Σιβυρτίου. ὧ θερμόβουλον πρωκτὸν έξυρημένε, τοιόνδε γ', ὧ πίθηκε, τὸν πώγων' ἔχων 120 εὐνοῦχος ἡμῖν ἦλθες ἐσκευασμένος; ὁδὶ δὲ τίς ποτ' ἐστίν; οὐ δήπου Στράτων. κηρ. σίγα, κάθιζε. τον βασιλέως όφθαλμον ή βουλή καλεῖ είς τὸ πρυτανείον. ταθτα δητ' οὐκ ἀγχόνη; 125 ΔI. κάπειτ' έγω δητ' ένθαδι στρατεύομαι,

κάπειτ' έγω δητ' ένθαδι στρατεύομαι, τους δε ξενίζειν ουδέποτ' ἴσχει γ' ή θύρα. άλλ' έργάσομαι τι δεινον ἔργον και μέγα. άλλ' 'Αμφίθεός μοι ποῦ 'στιν;

ΔΙ. ἐμοὶ σὺ ταυτασὶ λαβών ὀκτώ δραχμὰς 130 σπονδὰς ποίησαι πρὸς Λακεδαιμονίους μόνω καὶ τοῖσι παιδίοισι καὶ τῆ πλάτιδι ὑμεῖς δὲ πρεσβεύεσθε καὶ κεχήνετε.

d Another beardless effeminate.

a i.e. red, the colour of blood; cf. P. 1174.

^b The two eunuchs in attendance on Pseudo-Artabas.
^c See Index. D. hurls against the effeminate youth two lines parodied, the first from Euripides, $\pi \rho \omega \kappa \tau \delta \nu$ being substituted for $\pi \rho \bar{\alpha} \gamma o s$ or the like, the second from Archilochus, who for $\tau \delta \nu \pi \omega \gamma \omega \nu$ has $\tau \bar{\nu} \nu \pi \nu \gamma \bar{\nu} \nu$.

THE ACHARNIANS, 112-133

Or else I'll dye you with a Sardian dye.^a
Does the Great King intend to send us gold?

(Pseudo-Artabas nods dissent.)

Then are our envoys here bamboozling us?
(He nods assent.)

These fellows b nod in pure Hellenic style; I do believe they come from hereabouts.

Aye, to be sure; why, one of these two eunuchs

Is Cleisthenes, Sibyrtius's son!

O thou young shaver of the hot-souled rump, With such a beard, thou monkey, dost thou come

Tricked out amongst us in a eunuch's guise? And who's this other chap? Not Straton, surely?

CRIER. St! Take your seat! O yes!

The Council ask the Great King's Eye to dinner

At the Town Hall.

DI. Now is not that a throttler?

Here must I drudge at soldiering; while these rogues,

The Town-Hall door is never closed to them. Now then, I'll do a great and startling deed. Amphitheus! Where's Amphitheus?

AM. Here am I.

DI. Here be eight drachmas; take them; and with all

The Lacedaemonians make a private peace For me, my wife and children: none besides. (To the Prytanes and citizens)
Stick to your embassies and befoolings, you.

 State guests, and other persons worthy of honour, were entertained in the Town Hall daily.

VOL. I C 17

KHP.	προσίτω Θέωρος δ παρά Σιτάλκους.	
ΘΕΩΡ		
ΔΙ.	έτερος άλαζών οθτος είσκηρύττεται.	135
ΘΕΩ.	χρόνον μεν οὐκ ἂν ἦμεν ἐν Θράκη πολύν,	
ΔI.	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἄν, εἰ μισθόν γε μὴ 'φερες πολύν.	
ΘΕΩ.	εὶ μὴ κατένιψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην ὅλην,	
	καὶ τοὺς ποταμοὺς ἔπηξ' ὑπ' αὐτὸν τὸν χρόνον	
	ότ' ἐνθαδὶ Θέογνις ήγωνίζετο.	140
	τοῦτον μετὰ Σιτάλκους ἔπινον τὸν χρόνον	
	καὶ δητα φιλαθήναιος ήν ύπερφυως,	
	ύμῶν τ' ἐραστὴς ἦν ἀληθής, ώστε καὶ	
	έν τοισι τοίχοις έγραφ', 'Αθηναίοι καλοί.	
	δ δ' υίός, ον 'Αθηναίον ἐπεποιήμεθα,	145
	ήρα φαγείν άλλαντας έξ 'Απατουρίων,	
	καὶ τὸν πατέρ' ἠντιβόλει βοηθεῖν τῆ πάτρα.	
	δ δ' ώμοσε σπένδων βοηθήσειν, έχων	
	στρατιάν τοσαύτην ώστ' 'Αθηναίους έρειν,	
	όσον τὸ χρημα παρνόπων προσέρχεται.	150
ΔI.	κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, εἴ τι τούτων πείθομαι	
	ων είπας ένταυθοί σύ, πλην των παρνόπων.	
ΘΕΩ.	καὶ νῦν ὅπερ μαχιμώτατον Θρακῶν ἔθνος	
	ἔπεμψεν ὑμῖν.	
ΔI.	τοῦτο μέντ' ἤδη σαφές.	
KHP.	οί Θρᾶκες ἴτε δεῦρ', οθς Θέωρος ήγαγεν.	155
	τουτὶ τί ἐστι τὸ κακόν;	
ΘΕΩ.	'Οδομάντων στρατός.	
	•	

b So frigid a poet that he was nicknamed Χιών; cf. 11;

T. 170.

^e King of the Odrysians in Thrace. Theorus had gone on an embassy to them.

⁶ In the first year of the war Athens entered into alliance with Sitalces and made his son Σάδοκος a citizen (Thuc. ii. 18

THE ACHARNIANS, 134-156

CRIER. O yes! Theorus from Sitalces a!
THEORUS. Here!

DI. O here's another humbug introduced.

THE. We should not, sirs, have tarried long in Thrace—

DI. But for the salary you kept on drawing.

THE. But for the storms, which covered Thrace with snow

And froze the rivers. "Twas about the season At which Theognis b was performing here. I all that time was drinking with Sitalces; A most prodigious Athens-lover he, Yea such a true admirer, he would scribble On every wall My beautiful Athenians! His son, o our newly-made Athenian, longed To taste his Apaturian sausages, And bade his father help his fatherland. And he, with deep libations, vowed to help us With such an host that every one would say Heavens! what a swarm of locusts comes this may!

DI. Hang me, if I believe a single word Of all that speech, except about the locusts.

THE. And here he sends you the most warlike tribe Of all in Thrace.

DI. Come, here's proof positive. CRIER. The Thracians whom Theorus brought, come forward!

DI. What the plague's this?

THE. The Odomantian host.

27). The Apaturia was a family or clan festival, to which only those enrolled in a phratry $(\phi \rho \alpha \tau \rho l \alpha)$ could be admitted. ^d D. fears that they will eat up their allies no less than their foes.

A Thracian tribe on the Strymon.

ΔΙ.	ποίων 'Οδομάντων; είπέ μοι, τουτί τί ήν;	
	τίς των 'Οδομάντων το πέος αποτεθρίακεν;	
ΘΕΩ.	τούτοις ἐάν τις δύο δραχμὰς μισθὸν διδῷ,	
		160
ΔI.	τοισδὶ δύο δραχμὰς τοῖς ἀπεψωλημένοις;	
	ύποστένοι μένταν ο θρανίτης λεώς,	
	ο σωσίπολις οίμοι πάλας άπολλημαι	

ο σωσίπολις. οΐμοι τάλας, ἀπόλλυμαι, ὑπὸ τῶν ᾿Οδομάντων τὰ σκόροδα πορθούμενος. οὐ καταβαλεῖτε τὰ σκόροδ᾽;

ΘΕΩ. ὧ μόχθηρε σύ, 165 οὐ μὴ πρόσει τούτοισιν ἐσκοροδισμένοις;

ΔΙ. ταυτί περιείδεθ' οἱ πρυτάνεις πάσχοντά με ἐν τῆ πατρίδι καὶ ταῦθ' ὁπ' ἀνδρῶν βαρβάρων; ἀλλ' ἀπαγορεύω μὴ ποιεῖν ἐκκλησίαν τοῖς Θραξὶ περὶ μισθοῦ· λέγω δ' ὑμῖν ὅτι 1' διοσημία ἀτὶ καὶ ρανὶς βέβληκέ με.

κΗΡ. τοὺς Θρᾶκας ἀπιέναι, παρεῖναι δ' εἰς ἔνην. οἱ γὰρ πρυτάνεις λύουσι τὴν ἐκκλησίαν.

Δ1. οἴμοι τάλας, μυττωτὸν ὅσον ἀπώλεσα. ἀλλ' ἐκ Λακεδαίμονος γὰρ ᾿Αμφίθεος ὁδί. χαῖρ᾽, ᾿Αμφίθεε.

AM. μήπω, πρὶν ἄν γε στῶ τρέχων· δεῖ γάρ με φεύγοντ' ἐκφυγεῖν 'Αχαρνέας.

175

ΔΙ. τί δ' ἔστιν;

AM. ἐγὰ μὲν δεῦρό σοι σπονδὰς φέρων ἔσπευδον· οἱ δ' ὤσφροντο πρεσβῦταί τινες

Like cocks which were supposed to fight better when

primed with garlic; cf. K. 494.

a The little round $\pi \epsilon \lambda \tau \eta$ (targe) was distinctly Thracian. b The ordinary pay of a rower was one drachma a day. The $\theta \rho a \nu^2 \tau a \iota$ who sat on the highest bench and worked the longest oars would be picked men.

THE ACHARNIANS, 157-179

DI. The Odomantians, pho! Hallo, look here.

Are Odomantians all equipped like this?

THE. Give them two drachmas each a day, and these

Will targeteer a Boeotia all to bits.

DI. Two drachmas b for these scarecrows! Oh, our tars,

Our noble tars, the safeguard of our state, Well may they groan at this. O! Murder! O! These Odomantian thieves have sacked my garlic.

Put down the garlie! drop it!

THE. You rapscallion,
How dare you touch them, when they're
garlic-primed.

DI. O will you let them, Prytanes, use me thus,
Barbarians too, in this my fatherland?
But stop! I warn you not to hold the
Assembly

About the Thracians' pay. I tell you there's A portent a come; I felt a drop of rain!

CRIER. The Thracians are to go, and two days hence Come here again. The Assembly is dissolved.

Dr. O me, the salad I have lost this day!

But here's Amphitheus, back from Lacedaemon.

Well met, Amphitheus!

I needs must flee the Acharnians, clean away.

pr. What mean you?

I was bringing back in haste
The treaties, when some veterans smelt them
out,

Lit. "A sign from Zeus."
The loss of the garlic had ruined it.

	'Αχαρνικοί, στιπτοὶ γέροντες, πρίνινοι, ἀτεράμονες, Μαραθωνομάχαι, σφενδάμνινοι. έπειτ' ἀνέκραγον πάντες, '' ὧ μιαρώτατε,	180
	σπονδάς φέρεις, τῶν ἄμπελίων τετμημένων; '' κάς τοὺς τρίβωνας ξυνελέγοντο τῶν λίθων· ἐγὼ δ' ἔφευγον· οἱ δ' ἐδίωκον κάβόων.	185
ΔI.		
AM.	έγωγέ φημι, τρία γε ταυτί γεύματα.	
	αὖται μέν εἰσι πεντέτεις. γεῦσαι λαβών.	
ΔI.	αἰβοῖ.	
AM.	τί ἔστιν;	
ΔI.	οὐκ ἀρέσκουσίν μ', ὅτι	
		190
AM.	σύ δ' άλλὰ τασδὶ τὰς δεκέτεις γεῦσαι λαβών.	
	όζουσι χαθται πρέσβεων ές τὰς πόλεις	
	οξύτατον, ωσπερ διατριβης των ξυμμάχων.	
AM.	άλλ' αύταιτ σπονδαί τριακοντούτιδες	
	κατά γην τε καὶ θάλατταν.	
ΔΙ.	6 4 4	195
11.	αὖται μὲν ὄζουσ' ἀμβροσίας καὶ νέκταρος,	100
	καὶ μὴ 'πιτηρεῖν Σιτί' ἡμερῶν τριῶν,	
	κάν τῷ στόματι λέγουσι, Βαῖν' ὅπη θέλεις.	
	ταύτας δέχομαι καὶ σπένδομαι κάκπίομαι,	
	7 T	200
	έγω δε πολέμου και κακών απαλλαγείς	
	άξω τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς εἰσιὼν Διονύσια.	

^a Acharnae is a short distance to the S. of Mt. Parnes, and its inhabitants mainly occupied themselves with the manufacture of charcoal from its forests of evergreen oak $(\pi\rho\hat{\nu}\nu\delta)$, maple $(\sigma\phi\acute{e}\nu\delta a\mu\nu\sigma)$, and other trees. Archidamus in his first invasion of Attica (431 B.C.) made it his head-quarters when ravaging the district; cf. Thuc. ii. 19-23.

THE ACHARNIANS, 180-202

Acharnians, men of Marathon, hard in grain As their own oak and maple, rough and tough; And all at once they cried, O villam, dare you Bring treaties when our vineyards are cut down? Then in their lappets up they gathered stones; I fled away: they followed roaring after.

DI. So let them roar. But have you got the treaties?

AM. O yes, I have. Three samples; here they are.

These are the five-year treaties; take and taste

them.

DI. Pheugh!

AM. What's the matter?

I don't like the things, They smell of tar and naval preparations.

AM. Then taste the *ten-year* samples; here they are.

DI. These smell of embassies to all the states.

DI. These smell of embassies to all the states, Urgent, as if the Allies are hanging back.

AM. Then here are treaties both by land and sea For thirty years.

DI.

O Feast of Dionysus!

These have a smell of nectar and ambrosia,
And never mind about the three days' rations,o
And in your mouth they say, Go where you please.
These do I welcome, these I pour, and drain,
Nor care a hang about your old Acharnians.
But I, released from War and War's alarms,
Will hold, within, the Rural Dionysia.d

º Cf. P. 312.

As if they were samples of wine for σπονδαί—not only "a treaty," but also "libations of wine"; hence the reference to the "smell of pitch" in 190 and "of vinegar" 193.

d Otherwise known as τὰ μκρά as opposed to τὰ μέγαλα, τὰ ἐν ἄστει, and celebrated all over Attica in December.

ΑΜ. ἐγὰ δὲ φευξοῦμαί γε τοὺς 'Αχαρνέας.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. τῆδε πᾶς ἔπου, δίωκε, καὶ τὸν ἄνδρα πυνθάνου

> τῶν δδοιπόρων ἀπάντων· τῆ πόλει γὰρ ἄξιον 205 ξυλλαβεῖν τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον. ἀλλά μοι μηνύσατε,

εἴ τις οἶδ' ὅποι τέτραπται γῆς ὁ τὰς σπονδὰς φέρων.

έκπέφευγ', οἴχεται φροῦδος. οἴμοι τάλας τῶν ἐτῶν τῶν ἐμῶν· [στρ. 210

οὐκ ἂν ἐπ' ἐμῆς γε νεότητος, ὅτ' ἐγὼ φέρων ἀνθράκων φορτίον

ήκολούθουν Φαΰλλω τρέχων, ὧδε φαύλως ἃν δ 215 σπονδοφόρος οὖτος ὑπ' ἐμοῦ τότε διωκόμενος ἐξέφυγεν οὐδ' ἃν ἐλαφρῶς ἂν ἀπεπλίξατο.

νῦν δ' ἐπειδὴ στερρὸν ἥδη τοὐμὸν ἀντικνήμιον καὶ παλαιῷ Λακρατείδη τὸ σκέλος βαρύνεται, 220 οἴχεται. διωκτέος δέ· μὴ γὰρ ἐγχάνη ποτὲ μηδέ περ γέροντας ὄντας ἐκφυγὼν 'Αχαρνέας.

όστις, ὧ Ζεῦ πάτερ καὶ θεοί, τοῖσιν ἐχθροῖσιν ἐσπείσατο, [ἀντ. 225

b A celebrated Olympic victor; the adverb φαύλωs is a play on his name.

^a Enter, running in pursuit of Amphitheus, twenty-four old Acharnians who constitute the Chorus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 203-225

And I will flee those peppery old Acharnians. CHORUS. Here's the trail; pursue, pursue him; follow, follow, every man;

Question whosoever meets you

whitherwards the fellow ran.

Much it boots the state to catch him! (To the audience) O inform me, if ye know, Where the man who bears the treaties

managed from my sight to go.

Fled and gone! Disappears! O this weary weight of years! O were I Now as spry

As in youthful days gone by,

When I stuck Like a man

To Phaÿllus b as he ran.

And achieved Second place In the race, Though a great Charcoal freight

I was bearing on my head,—

Not so light From my sight

Had this treaty-bearer fled, Norescaped With such ease From the chase.

Now because my joints have stiffened. and my shins are young no more, And the legs of Lacrateides

by old age are burdened sore,

He's escaped us! But we'll follow:

but he shall not boast that he Got away from us Acharnians.

howsoever old we be.

Who has dared Father Zeus! Gods of heaven! to make a truce.

οίσι παρ' έμου πόλεμος έχθοδοπός αὔξεται των έμων χωρίων. κούκ ἀνήσω πρίν αν σχοίνος αὐτοίσιν ἀντεμ-

παγῶ όξύς, όδυνηρός, * * * * ἐπίκωπος, ἵνα

μήποτε πατώσιν έτι τὰς ἐμὰς ἀμπέλους. άλλὰ δεῖ ζητεῖν τὸν ἄνδρα καὶ βλέπειν Βαλλήναδε

καὶ διώκειν γῆν πρὸ γῆς, ἔως ἄν εὑρεθῆ ποτέ· 235 ώς έγω βάλλων έκείνον οὐκ ἂν έμπλήμην λίθοις.

ΔΙ. εὐφημεῖτε, εὐφημεῖτε.

xo. σίγα πας. ήκούσατ', ἄνδρες, άρα τής εὐφημίας:

οῦτος αὐτός ἐστιν ον ζητοῦμεν. ἀλλὰ δεῦρο

έκποδών· θύσων γὰρ ἀνήρ, ώς ἔοικ², έξ- 240 έρχεται.

ΔΙ. εὐφημεῖτε, εὐφημεῖτε.

προίτω 's τὸ πρόσθεν ολίγον ή κανηφόρος·

δ Ξανθίας τὸν φαλλὸν ὀρθὸν στησάτω.

ΜΗΤΗΡ. κατάθου τὸ κανοῦν, ὧ θύγατερ, ἵν' ἀπαρξώμεθα.

orrathp. & μήτερ, ἀνάδος δεῦρο τὴν ἐτνήρυσιν, 245 ίν' έτνος καταχέω τουλατήρος τουτουί.

b There is a play on Pallene, or Pellene, a famous Attic

deme.

a σχοινος = Schoenus mucronatus, the Dagger-pointed Bulrush, common on all the coasts of the Mediterranean. The spike is supposed to run well up (ἐπίκωπος=" up to the hilt") into the heels of the Lacedaemonians as they trample down the vines.

THE ACHARNIANS, 226-246

Who has pledged Faith with those Who are evermore my foes;

War I make Upon whom

For my ruined vineyard's sake; And I ne'er From the strife Will give o'er,

No, I ne'er Will forbear,

Till I pierce them in return,

Like a reed,^a Sharply barbed

Dagger-pointed, and they learn

Not to tread Down my vines Any more.

Now 'tis ours to seek the fellow,

and Pelténe-wards b to look.

And from land to land to chase him,

till we bring the rogue to book.

Never shall I tire of pelting,

pelting him to death with stones.

Dr. (Within) Keep ye all the holy silence!

CHOR. Hush! we've got him. Heard ye, comrades. "silence" called in solemn tones?

This is he, the man we're seeking.

Stand aside, and in a trice

He, methinks, will stand before us,

coming out to sacrifice!

DI. (Coming out) Keep ye all the holy silence ! Now, basket-bearer, go you on in front,c You, Xanthias, hold the phallus-pole erect. Set down the basket, girl: and we'll begin. DAUGHTER. O mother, hand me here the gravy-spoon, To ladle out the gravy o'er the cake.

Oic. celebrates the Rural Dionysia on a small scale with his daughter (who acts as κανηφόρος) and two slaves, while his wife represents the spectators.

27

ΔΙ. καὶ μὴν καλόν γ' ἔστ'. ὧ Διόνυσε δέσποτα, κεχαρισμένως σοι τήνδε τὴν πομπὴν ἐμὲ πέμψαντα καὶ θύσαντα μετὰ τῶν οἰκετῶν ἀγαγεῖν τυχηρῶς τὰ κατ' ἀγροὺς Διονύσια, 250 στρατιᾶς ἀπαλλαχθέντα· τὰς σπονδὰς δέ μοι καλῶς ξυνενεγκεῖν τὰς τριακοντούτιδας.

ΜΗ. ἄγ', ὧ θύγατερ, ὅπως τὸ κανοῦν καλὴ καλῶς οἴσεις, βλέπουσα θυμβροφάγον. ὡς μακάριος ὅστις σ' ὀπύσει, κἀκποιήσεται γαλᾶς 255 σοῦ μηδὲν ἦττους βδεῖν, ἐπειδὰν ὅρθρος ἦ. πρόβαινε, κἀν τὤχλω φυλάττεσθαι σφόδρα μή τις λαθών σου περιτράγη τὰ χρυσία.

ΔΙ. ຜ Ξανθία, σφῶν δ' ἐστίν ὀρθὸς ἑκτέος ὁ φαλλὸς ἐξόπισθε τῆς κανηφόρου · 260 ἐγὼ δ' ἀκολουθῶν ἄσομαι τὸ φαλλικόν · σὺ δ', ὧ γύναι, θεῶ μ' ἀπὸ τοῦ τέγους . πρόβα.

Φαλής, έταιρε Βακχίου, ξύγκωμε, νυκτοπεριπλάνητε, μοιχέ, παιδεραστά,
ἔκτω σ' ἔτει προσείπον ἐς
τὸν δήμον ἐλθὼν ἄσμενος,
σπονδάς ποιησάμενος ἐμαυτῷ, πραγμάτων τε καὶ μαχῶν
καὶ Λαμάχων ἀπαλλαγείς.

265

270

πολλῷ γάρ ἐσθ' ἥδιον, ὧ Φαλῆς, Φαλῆς, κλέπτουσαν εὐρόνθ' ὧρικὴν ὑληφόρον τὴν Στρυμοδώρου Θρῷτταν ἐκ

 ^a θυμβροφάγον: demure, δριμύ.—Photius.
 ^b She would wear her best ornaments; cf. L. 1189 seq.

THE ACHARNIANS, 247-274

Tis well. Lord Dionysus, grant me now
To show the show and make the sacrifice
As thou would'st have me, I and all my house;
Then keep with joy the Rural Dionysia;
No more of soldiering now. And may this
Peace

Peace
Of thirty summers answer to my hopes.

WIFE. O daughter, bear the basket sweetly, sweet, With savory-eating a look. Happy the man, Whoe'er he is, who weds thee and begets Kittens as fair and saucy as thyself.

Move on! but heed lest any in the crowd Should nibble off, unseen, thy bits of gold.

DI. O Xanthias, walk behind the basket-bearer,
Holding, you two, the phallus-pole erect.
And I'll bring up the rear, and sing the hymn:
Wife, watch me from the roof. Now then,
proceed.

(Singing) O Phales, comrade revel-roaming
Of Bacchus, wanderer of the gloaming,
Of wives and boys the naugthy lover,
Here in my home I gladly greet ye,
Six weary years of absence over;
For I have made a private treaty
And said good-bye to toils and fusses,
And fights, and fighting Lamachuses.

Far happier 'tis to me and sweeter, O Phales, Phales, some soft glade in, To woo the saucy, arch, deceiving, Young Thratta (Strymodore his maiden),

Phales is the φαλλός personified.

29

⁴ For Lamachus see Index; his very name suggests fighting.

τοῦ φελλέως, μέσην λαβόντ', άραντα, καταβαλόντα, καταγιναρτίο' & Φαλής, Φαλής.

275

έαν μεθ' ήμων ξυμπίης, έκ κραιπάλης εωθεν είρήνης ροφήσεις τρύβλιον.

ή δ' ἀσπίς ἐν τῷ φεψάλῳ κρεμήσεται.

οθτος αὐτός ἐστιν, οθτος. XO. βάλλε βάλλε βάλλε βάλλε, παίε πας τὸν μιαρόν. οὐ βαλεῖς, οὐ βαλεῖς:

280

ΔΙ. Ἡράκλεις, τουτὶ τί ἐστι; τὴν χύτραν συντρίψετε. στρ.

χο. σὲ μὲν οὖν καταλεύσομεν, ὧ μιαρὰ κεφαλή. 285

ΔΙ. ἀντὶ ποίας αἰτίας, ὧχαρνέων γεραίτατοι;

χο. τοῦτ' ἐρωτῷς; ἀναίσχυντος εἶ καὶ βδελυρός, ὧ προδότα τῆς πατρίδος, ὄστις ἡμῶν μόνος 290 σπεισάμενος είτα δύνασαι πρός εμ' άποβλέπειν.

ΔΙ. ἀντί δ' ὧν ἐσπεισάμην οὐκ ἴστε γ'· ἀλλ' άκούσαπε.

χο. σοῦ γ' ἀκούσωμεν, ἀπολεῖ· κατά σε χώσομεν τοις λίθοις. 295

ΔΙ. μηδαμώς, πρὶν ἄν γ' ἀκούσητ' ἀλλ' ἀνάσχεσθ', ὧγαθοί.

χο. οὐκ ἀνασχήσομαι· μηδὲ λέγε μοι σὺ λόγον·

a Lit. " after the night's debauch."

THE ACHARNIANS, 274-299

As from my woodland fells I meet her Descending with my fagots laden, And catch her up, and ill entreat her, And make her pay the fine for thieving.

O Phales, Phales, come and sup, And in the morn, to brace you up,^a Of Peace you'll quaff a jovial cup; And mid the chimney sparks our useless shield we'll hang.

CHOR. That's the man who made the treaty;
There he stands Full in view;
Pelt him, pelt him, pelt him, pelt him,
Pelt him you! Pelt him you!

DI. Heracles! what ails the fellows?

Hang it all, ye'll smash the pot!

CHOR. It is you we will smash with our

stones, you detestable head.

DI. O most worshipful Acharnians,

why? what reason have ye got?

CHOR. Dare you ask? Traitor base!

Dare you look me in the face?

You who make, You alone,

Private treaties of your own!

Shameless heart! Shameless hand!

Traitor to your fatherland!

DI. But ye know not why I did it:

hear me now the facts declare.

CHOR. Hear you? No! You're to die;

'Neath a stony cairn to lie!

DI. Not, O not until ye've heard me;

worthy sirs, forbear, forbear!

CHOR. No delay! Thee to slay

We'll immediately begin.

ώς μεμίσηκά σε Κλέωνος έτι μᾶλλον, δν έ- 300 γω τεμω τοισιν ίππευσι καττύματα.

σοῦ δ' ἐγὼ λόγους λέγοντος οὐκ ἀκούσομαι μακρούς,

όστις ἐσπείσω Λάκωσιν, ἀλλὰ τιμωρήσομαι.

- Δι. ὧγαθοί, τοὺς μὲν Λάκωνας ἐκποδὼν ἐάσατε, 305
 τῶν δ' ἐμῶν σπονδῶν ἀκούσατ', εἰ καλῶς
 ἐσπεισάμην.
- πως δέ γ' αν καλως λέγοις άν, εἴπερ ἐσπείσω γ' ἄπαξ

οίσιν οὖτε βωμὸς οὖτε πίστις οὖθ' ὅρκος μένει;

- ΔΙ. οδὸ ἐγὼ καὶ τοὺς Λάκωνας, οἷς ἄγαν ἐγκείμεθα,
 - οὐχ ἀπάντων ὄντας ἡμῖν αἰτίους τῶν πραγμάτων.
- Χο. οὐχ ἀπάντων, ὧ πανοῦργε; ταῦτα δὴ τολμậς λέγειν
 - ἐμφανῶς ἤδη πρὸς ἡμᾶς; εἶτ' ἐγὼ σοῦ φείσομαι;
- Δι. οὐχ ἀπάντων, οὐχ ἁπάντων · ἀλλ' ἐγὼ λέγων όδὶ
 - πόλλ' αν ἀποφήναιμ' ἐκείνους ἔσθ' α κάδικουμένους.
- Χο. τοῦτο τοὖπος δεινὸν ἤδη καὶ ταραξικάρδιον, 315
 εἰ σὰ τολμήσεις ὑπὲρ τῶν πολεμίων ἡμῖν λέγειν.
- ΔΙ. κάν γε μη λέγω δίκαια, μηδε τῷ πλήθει δοκῶ,

^a For Cleon see Index; the Knights were his special enemies, and καττύματα refers to his trade as a tanner.

THE ACHARNIANS, 300-317

	No debate! Thee we hate
	Worse than Cleon's a self, whose skin
	I'll ere long Cut to shoes
	For the worthy Knights to use.
	But from you, who made a treaty
	with the false Laconian crew,
	I will hear no long orations,
	I will surely punish you.
DI.	Worthy fellows, for the moment
	those Laconians pretermit;
	Tis a question of my treaty,
	was I right in making it.
CHOR.	Right to make it! when with Sparta
	no engagement sacred stands,
	Not the altar, not the oath-pledge,
	not the faith of clasped right hands!
DI.	Yet I know that these our foemen,
	who our bitter wrath excite,
	Were not always wrong entirely,
	nor ourselves entirely right.
CHOR.	Not entirely, shameless rascal?
	Do you such opinions dare
	Openly to flaunt before me? Shall I then a traitor spare?
DI.	Not entirely, not entirely!
D1.	I can prove by reasons strong
	That in many points the Spartans
	at our hands have suffered wrong.
CHOR.	This is quite a heart-perplexing,
	terrible affair indeed,
	If you mean that you will venture
	for our enemies to plead.
DI.	Aye, and if I plead not truly,
	or the people doubt display,
VOL.	I D 33

ύπὲρ ἐπιξήνου ἐθελήσω τὴν κεφαλὴν ἔχων λένειν. χο. εἰπέ μοι, τί φειδόμεσθα τῶν λίθων, ὧ δημόται, μή οὐ καταξαίνειν τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον ἐς φοινι-

ΔΙ. οΐον αὖ μέλας τις ύμῖν θυμάλωψ ἐπέζεσεν. οὐκ ἀκούσεσθ', οὐκ ἀκούσεσθ' ἐτεόν, ὧχαρνηίδαι;

χο. οὐκ ἀκουσόμεσθα δῆτα.

δεινά τάρα πείσομαι. ΔΙ.

χο. έξολοίμην, ην ακούσω.

μηδαμῶς, ὧχαρνικοί. xo. ὡς τεθνήξων ἴσθι νυνί. Δι. δήξομάρ' ύμας έγώ. 325 άνταποκτενώ γαρ ύμων των φίλων τούς φιλτάπους.

ώς ἔχω γ' ὑμῶν ὁμήρους, οῧς ἀποσφάξω λαβών. χο. είπε μοι, τί τοῦτ' ἀπειλεῖ τοὖπος, ἄνδρες

δημόται,

τοις 'Αχαρνικοίσιν ήμιν; μων έχει του παιδίον των παρόντων ένδον εἵρξας; η πὶ τῷ θρασύνεται:

ΔΙ. βάλλετ', εί βούλεσθ'. έγω γάρ τουτονί διαφθ∈ρῶ.

εἴσομαι δ' ύμῶν τάχ' ὄστις ἀνθράκων τι κήδεται.

χο. ώς ἀπωλόμεσθ'. ὁ λάρκος δημότης ὅδ' ἔστ' ἐμός.

a Dic. goes into the house and returns three lines later carrying in one hand a hamper (hapkos) full of charcoal and in the other a drawn sword. The Scholiast says that the ensuing scene is parodied from the Telephus of Euripides.

THE ACHARNIANS, 318-333

On a chopping-block I'm willing, whilst I speak, my head to lay. Why so slack, my fellow-burghers? Let us stone the naughty varlet. Let us scarify and shred him to an uniform of scarlet. What a red and dangerous ember DI. sparkled up within you then! Won't you hear me, won't you hear me, good Acharnians, worthy men? Never, never, will we hear you. CHOR. That will cause me bitter woe. DI. If I do, perdition seize me! CHOR. O Acharnians, say not so. DI. CHOR. Know that you must die this instant. Then I'll make you suffer too. DI. For my safety I've a hostage, one that's very dear to you. Now I'll bring him out and slay him; you shall see your darling's end.a O Acharnian fellow-burghers. CHOR. what can words like these portend To our noble band of brethren? Think you that the man can hold Any child of ours in durance? What can make him wax so bold? Now then pelt me; here's the hostage! DI. I will slay and will not spare. I shall speedily discover which of you for charcoal care. Heaven preserve us! 'tis a scuttle, CHOR. 'tis my fellow-burgher true!

άλλὰ μὴ δράσης δ μέλλεις. μηδαμῶς, ὧ μηδαμώς.

ΔΙ. ώς ἀποκτενῶ, κέκραχθ' ενώ γὰρ οὐκ ἀκούάντ. 335 σομαι.

χο. ἀπολεῖς ἄρ' ὁμήλικα τόνδε φιλανθρακέα;

ΔΙ. οὐδ' ἐμοῦ λέγοντος ὑμεῖς ἀρτίως ἡκούσατε.

χο. ἀλλὰ νυνὶ λέγ', εἴ σοι δοκεῖ, τόν τε Λακεδαιμόνιον αὐτὸν ὅτι τῷ τρόπω σου 'στὶ φίλος. ώς τόδε τὸ λαρκίδιον οὐ προδώσω ποτέ.

ΔΙ. τούς λίθους νῦν μοι χαμάζε πρώτον έξεράσατε.

χο. ούτοιί σοι χαμαί, καὶ σὺ κατάθου πάλιν τὸ ξίφος.

ΔΙ. άλλ' όπως μη 'ν τοις τρίβωσιν έγκάθηνταί που λίθοι.

χο. ἐκσέσεισται χαμάζ'. οὐχ δρᾶς σειόμενον: άλλὰ μή μοι πρόφασιν, άλλὰ κατάθου τὸ βέλος.

ώς όδε γε σειστός άμα τῆ στροφῆ γίγνεται.

ΔΙ. ἐμέλλετ' ἄρ' ἄπαντες ἀνασείειν βοήν, ολίγου τ' απέθανον ανθρακές Παρνήσιοι, καὶ ταῦτα διὰ τὴν ἀτοπίαν τῶν δημοτῶν. ύπὸ τοῦ δέους δὲ τῆς μαρίλης μοι συχνὴν 350 δ λάρκος ἐνετίλησεν ὥσπερ σηπία. δεινον γάρ ουτως δμφακίαν πεφυκέναι τὸν θυμὸν ἀνδρῶν ὥστε βάλλειν καὶ βοᾶν

b i.e. provided you release the λάρκος.

^a μαρίλη is the black dust of the charcoal.

a i.e. himself.

o Dic. employs the peculiar word avaselew because the preceding speech of the Chorus is full of "shakes."

THE ACHARNIANS, 334-353

	Never do the thing you mention:
	never do, O never do!
DI.	Cry aloud! I'm going to slay him;
	I shall neither hear nor heed.
CHOR.	You will slay then this charcoal-adorer,a
	its equal in years!
DI.	Aye, for when I craved a hearing
	you refused to hear me plead.
CHOR.	
	Whatsoever suits you say.
	Say you love, Say you prize,
	Our detested enemies.b
	Ne'er will I Faithless prove
	To the scuttle which I love.
DI.	Well then first, the stones you gathered,
	throw them out upon the ground.
CHOR.	Out they go! All my hoard!
	Prithee, lay aside the sword.
DI.	But I fear that in your lappets
	other missiles may be found.
CHOR.	All are gone! Every one!
	See my garment shaken wide!
	Don't evade Promise made.
	Lay, O lay the sword aside.
	Here's my robe Shaken out,
	As I twist and twirl about.
DI.	You would then, would you, shake c your
	cries aloft,
	And this Parnesian charcoal all but died,
	Slain by the madness of its fellow-burghers.
	And in its fright this scuttle, cuttle-wise,
	Voided its inky blackness a on my clothes.
	Alas that men should carry hearts as sour
	As unripe grapes, to pelt and roar, nor hear

έθέλειν τ' ἀκοῦσαι μηδὲν ἴσον ἴσω φέρον, έμου θέλοντος υπέρ ἐπιξήνου λέγειν ύπερ Λακεδαιμονίων απαιθ' οσ' αν λέγω. καίτοι φιλώ γε την έμην ψυχην έγώ.

355

Χο. τί οὖν οὐ λέγεις, ἐπίξηνον ἐξενεγκών θύραζ', στρ. ο τι ποτ', ώ σχέτλιε, το μέγα τοῦτ' έχεις; 360 πάνυ γὰρ ἐμέ γε πόθος ὅ τι φρονεῖς ἔχει. άλλ' ήπερ αὐτός την δίκην διωρίσω, θείς δεθρο τουπίξηνον εγχείρει λέγειν. 365

ΔΙ. ίδου θεασθε, τὸ μὲν ἐπίξηνον τοδί, δ δ' άνηρ δ λέξων ούτοσὶ τυννουτοσί. αμέλει μα τον Δί' οὐκ ένασπιδώσομαι. λέξω δ' ύπερ Λακεδαιμονίων α μοι δοκεί. καίτοι δέδοικα πολλά· τούς τε γάρ τρόπους 370 τούς των άγροίκων οίδα χαίροντας σφόδρα έάν τις αὐτοὺς εὐλογῆ καὶ τὴν πόλιν άνηρ άλαζών και δίκαια κάδικα. κάνταῦθα λανθάνουσ' ἀπεμπολώμενοι. τῶν τ' αὖ γερόντων οίδα τὰς ψυχὰς ὅτι οὐδεν βλέπουσιν άλλο πλην ψήφω δακείν. αὐτός τ' ἐμαυτὸν ὑπὸ Κλέωνος ἄπαθον έπίσταμαι διά την πέρυσι κωμωδίαν.

375

b i.e. I will come out into the open, not skulk behind a shield; cf. Hom. Il. 267 seq., where the archer Teucer keeps

dodging behind the shield of Ajax.

^a A metaphor from wine mingled with an equal quantity of water.

Dic. fears (1) the simple country folk who were deluded by the demagogues, (2) the old dicasts (for whom see the Wasps), and (3) Cleon. Aristophanes had apparently made fun of Cleon and certain officials in the Babylonians which

THE ACHARNIANS, 354-378

A tempered statement mingled half and half; a

Not though I'm willing o'er a choppingblock

To say my say for Lacedaemon's folk. And yet I love, be sure, my own dear life.

снов. О why not bring the block

DI.

out of doors without delay,

And speak the mighty speech

which you think will win the day?

For really I've a longing

to hear what you will say! So in the fashion you yourself prescribed, Place here the chopping-block and start your speech.

Well look and see, the chopping-block is here.

And I'm to speak, poor little friendless I. Still never mind; I won't enshield myself,^b I'll speak my mind for Lacedaemon's folk. And yet I fear; ^c for well I know the moods Of our good country people, how they love To hear the City and themselves bepraised By some intriguing humbug, right or wrong, Nor ever dream they are being bought and sold.

And well I know the minds of those old men Looking for nothing but a verdict-bite. Aye and I know what I myself endured At Cleon's hands for last year's Comedy.

he had produced at the Great Dionysia the year before, and Cleon had denounced him for "defaming the State in the presence of strangers," cf. 503.

39

εἰσελκύσας γάρ μ' εἰς τὸ βουλευτήριον διέβαλλε καὶ ψευδῆ κατεγλώττιζέ μου κἀκυκλοβόρει κἄπλυνεν, ὥστ' ὀλίγου πάνυ ἀπωλόμην μολυνοπραγμονούμενος. νῦν οὖν με πρῶτον πρὶν λέγειν ἐάσατε ἐνσκευάσασθαί μ' οἷον ἀθλιώτατον.

380

Χο. τί ταῦτα στρέφει τεχνάζεις τε καὶ πορίζεις τριβάς; [ἀντ. 385 λαβὲ δ' ἐμοῦ γ' ἔνεκα παρ' Ἱερωνύμου σκοτοδασυπυκνότριχά τιν' "Αίδος κυνῆν 390 εἶτ' ἐξάνοιγε μηχανὰς τὰς Σισύφου, ώς σκῆψιν ἀγὼν οὖτος οὐκ εἰσδέξεται.

 Δι. ὅρα 'στὶν ἄρα μοι καρτερὰν ψυχὴν λαβεῖν, καί μοι βαδιστέ' ἐστὶν ὡς Εὐριπίδην. παῖ παῖ.

ΚΗΦΙΣΟΦΩΝ. τίς οὖτος;

ΔΙ. ἔνδον ἔστ' Εὐριπίδης; 395

κΗ. οὐκ ἔνδον, ἔνδον ἐστίν, εἰ γνώμην ἔχεις.

ΔΙ. πως ἔνδον, εἶτ' οὐκ ἔνδον;

κΗ. ὀρθῶς, ὧ γέρον.
 ὁ νοῦς μὲν ἔξω ξυλλέγων ἐπύλλια
 οὐκ ἔνδον, αὐτὸς δ' ἔνδον ἀναβάδην ποιεῖ
 τραγωδίαν.

Δ1. ὅ τρισμακάρι' Εὐριπίδη, 400 ὅθ' ὁ δοῦλος οὐτωσὶ σοφῶς ὑποκρίνεται. ἐκκάλεσον αὐτόν.

40

α Κυκλόβορος ποταμὸς ἐν ᾿Αθήναις χείμαρρος, ἄγαν ἡχῶν.
 Schol.
 b Lit. "helmet of Hades," i.e. of invisibility; cf. Il. v.

THE ACHARNIANS, 379-402

How to the Council-house he haled me off, And slanged, and lied, and slandered, and betongued me,

Roaring Cycloborus a-wise; till I well nigh Was done to death, bemiryslushified. Now therefore suffer me, before I start,

Now therefore suffer me, before I start, To dress me up the loathliest way I can.

CHOR. O why keep putting off with that shilly-shally air?

Hieronymus may lend you, for anything I care, The shaggy "Cap of Darkness" b from his tangle-matted hair.

Then open all the wiles of Sisyphus, Since this encounter will not brook delay.

DI. Now must my heart be strong, and I depart To find Euripides. Boy! Ho there, boy! CEPHISOPHON. Who calls me?

Dr. Is Euripides within?

CE. Within and not within, d if you conceive me.

pr. Within and not within?

CE. Tis even so.

His mind, without, is culling flowers of song,
But he, within, is sitting up aloft
Writing a play.

O lucky, lucky poet,
Whose very servant says such clever things!
But call him.

845. H. was a poet with a mop of unkempt hair which almost hid his face; cf. L. 349.

• Wanting some beggarly rags Dic. resorts to Euripides, who often dresses his characters in them; cf. 412; F. 842 ρακιοσυρραπτάδης.

A skit on E.'s style, e.g. Alc. 521 ἔστιν τε κοὐκ ἔτ' ἔστιν.

KH.	άλλ' άδύνατον.	
ΔI.	άλλ' ὄμως.	
	οὐ γὰρ ἂν ἀπέλθοιμ', ἀλλὰ κόψω τὴν θύραν,	
	Εὐριπίδη, Εὐριπίδιον,	
	ύπάκουσον, εἶπερ πώποτ' ἀνθρώπων τινί	405
	Δικαιόπολις καλεί σε Χολλείδης, έγώ.	
ETPI	πιΔΗΣ. ἀλλ' οὐ σχολή.	
	άλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητ'.	
ET.	άλλ' ἀδύνατον.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ' ὅμως.	
ET.	άλλ' ἐκκυκλήσομαι· καταβαίνειν δ' οὐ σχολή.	
ΔΙ.	Εὐριπίδη,	
EY.	τί λέλακας;	
ΔΙ.	άναβάδην ποι∈ῖς,	410
	έξον καταβάδην οὐκ ἐτὸς χωλούς ποιεῖς.	
	άτὰρ τί τὰ ράκι' ἐκ τραγωδίας ἔχεις,	
	έσθητ' έλεεινήν; οὐκ ἐτὸς πτωχούς ποιείς.	
	άλλ' ἀντιβολῶ πρὸς τῶν γονάτων σ', Εὐριπίδη,	
	δός μοι ράκιόν τι τοῦ παλαιοῦ δράματος.	415
	δεί γάρ με λέξαι τῷ χορῷ ῥῆσιν μακράν	TIU
	αύτη δε θάνατον, ην κακώς λέξω, φέρει.	
EC.	τὰ ποῖα τρύχη; μῶν ἐν οἶς Οἰνεὺς ὁδὶ	
	δ δύσποτμος γεραιός ήγωνίζετο;	
ΔΙ.	οὐκ Οἰνέως ἦν, ἀλλ' ἔτ' ἀθλιωτέρου.	420
ET.	τὰ τοῦ τυφλοῦ Φοίνικος;	2410
ΔΙ.	οὐ Φοίνικος, οὔ,	

height.

<sup>a The adjective marks his deme.
b i.e. "show yourself by means of the eccyclema," a piece of machinery by which the wall of a house is turned as if on a pivot, disclosing the interior.
a Because you bring them into being on such a dangerous</sup>

THE ACHARNIANS, 402-421

But it can't be done. CE. But still . . . ! DI. For go I won't. I'll hammer at the door. Euripides, my sweet one! O if you ever hearkened, hearken now. 'Tis I. Cholleidian a Dicaeopolis. EURIPIDES. But I've no time. But pivot.b DI. But it can't be done. EUR. But still . . . ! DI. Well then, I'll pivot, but I can't come down. EUR. Euripides! DI. Aye. EUR. Why do you write up there, DI. And not down here? That's why you make lame heroes. And wherefore sit you robed in tragic rags, A pitiful garb? That's why you make them beggars. But by your knees, Euripides, I pray, Lend me some rags from that old play of yours ; d For to the Chorus I to-day must speak A lengthy speech; and if I fail, 'tis DEATH. Rags! Rags! what rags? Mean you the EIIR. rags wherein This poor old Oeneus e came upon the stage? Not Oeneus, no; a wretcheder man than he. DI. Those that blind Phoenix f wore? EUR. Not Phoenix, no; DI. d τοῦ Τηλέφου; for this play, to which there are frequent references here, see Index s.v.

[•] King of Calydon, deprived of his throne by his nephews.

• According to this legend P. was accused by his father

Amyntor of seducing his mistress and blinded by him.

	άλλ' έτερος ήν Φοίνικος άθλιώτερος.	
EΥ.	ποίας ποθ' άνηρ λακίδας αἰτεῖται πέπλων;	
	άλλ' ή Φιλοκτήτου τὰ τοῦ πτωχοῦ λέγεις;	
ΔΙ.	ούκ, άλλα τούτου πολύ πολύ πτωχιστέρου.	425
	άλλ' ή τὰ δυσπινη θέλεις πεπλώματα	
	ά Βελλεροφόντης είχ' δ χωλός ούτοσί;	
ΔΙ.	ου Βελλεροφόντης άλλα κάκεινος μεν ήν	
	χωλός, προσαιτών, στωμύλος, δεινός λέγειν.	
EY.	οίδ' ἄνδρα, Μυσον Τήλεφον.	
ΔI.	ναί, Τήλεφον·	430
	τούτου δὸς ἀντιβολῶ σέ μοι τὰ σπάργανα.	
EY.	ῶ παῖ, δὸς αὐτῷ Τηλέφου ῥακώματα.	
	κεῖται δ' ἄνωθεν τῶν Θυεστείων ῥακῶν,	
	μεταξύ των Ἰνους.	
KH.	ίδού, ταυτὶ λαβέ.	
ΔΙ.	ῶ Ζεῦ διόπτα καὶ κατόπτα πανταχῆ,	435
	ένσκευάσασθαί μ' οξον άθλιώτατον.	
	Εὐριπίδη, 'πειδήπερ έχαρίσω ταδί,	
	κάκεινά μοι δὸς τἀκόλουθα τῶν ῥακῶν,	
	το πιλίδιον περί την κεφαλήν το Μύσιον.	
	δει γάρ με δόξαι πτωχον είναι τήμερον,	440
	είναι μεν όσπερ εἰμί, φαίνεσθαι δε μή·	
	τους μεν θεατάς είδεναι μ' δς είμ' εγώ,	
	τούς δ' αδ χορευτάς ηλιθίους παρεστάναι,	
	οπως αν αὐτοὺς ρηματίοις σκιμαλίσω.	
EY.	δώσω πυκυή γὰρ λεπτὰ μηχανά φρενί. εὐδαιμονοίης. Τηλέφω δ' άνὼ φρονώ.	445
ΔĬ.	ευοαιμονοιής, Ιηλέφω ο ανώ φοονώ.	

^a This play was produced by Euripides in 431 B.c.
^b "lame," *i.e.*, after being thrown from Pegasus.
^c It is not known how Thyestes and Ino came to wear rags.
^d Il. 441 and 442 are said by the Scholiast to be taken from the Telephus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 422–446

Some other man still wretcheder than Phoenix. What shreds of raiment can the fellow mean? EUR. Can it be those of beggarly Philoctetes a? One far, far, far, more beggarly than he. DI. Can it be then the loathly gaberdine EUR. Wherein the lame b Bellerophon was clad? Bellerophon? no; yet mine too limped and DI. begged, A terrible chap to talk. I know the man. EUR. The Mysian Telephus. Telephus it is! DI. Lend me, I pray, that hero's swaddlingclothes. Boy, fetch him out the rags of Telephus. EUR. They lie above the Thyesteian rags, 'Twixt those and Ino's.c (To Di.) Take them; here they are. CE. (Holding up the tattered garment against the light) DI. Lord Zeus, whose eyes can pierce through everywhere, Let me be dressed the loathliest way I can. Euripides, you have freely given the rags, Now give, I pray you, what pertains to these, The Mysian cap to set upon my head. For I've to-day to act a beggar's part,d To be myself, yet not to seem myself; The audience there will know me who I am. Whilst all the Chorus stand like idiots by, The while I fillip them with cunning words. Take it; you subtly plan ingenious schemes. EUR. To thee, good luck; to Telephus-what I DI.

wish him!

[·] Or "httle phraselets" such as E. was fond of.

	εὖ γ'· οίον ἤδη ρηματίων ἐμπίπλαμαι.	
	άτὰρ δέομαί γε πτωχικοῦ βακτηρίου.	
EY.	τουτὶ λαβών ἄπελθε λαΐνων σταθμών.	
	10/2 (0) (2) (0) ()	450
	πολλών δεόμενος σκευαρίων νῦν δη γενοῦ	400
	γλίσχρος προσαιτών λιπαρών τ'. Εὐριπίδη,	
	δός μοι σπυρίδιον διακεκαυμένον λύχνω.	
ET.	τί δ', ὧ τάλας, σε τοῦδ' ἔχει πλέκους χρέος;	
	χρέος μεν οὐδέν, βούλομαι δ' ὅμως λαβεῖν.	4 22
ET.	λυπηρός ἴσθ' ὢν κάποχώρησον δόμων.	400
ΔΙ.	φεῦ εὐδαιμονοίης, ὤσπερ ἡ μήτηρ ποτέ.	
ET.	απελθε νθν μοι.	
ΔI.	43) 4 401 802 8 46404	
	μάλλά μοι δὸς εν μόνον, κοτυλίσκιον τὸ χείλος ἀποκεκρουσμένον.	
rΥ	φθείρου λαβών τόδ'· ἴσθι δ' όχληρός ὢν	
	δόμοις.	460
ΑT	οὔπω μὰ Δί' οἶσθ' οῖ' αὐτὸς ἐργάζει κακά.	4 00
	άλλ', & γλυκύτατ' Εὐριπίδη, τουτὶ μόνον,	
	δός μοι χυτρίδιον σπογγίω βεβυσμένον.	
Tr'00	άνθονος άραιορίσει με του περισμένου.	
EI.	άνθρωπ', άφαιρήσει με την τραγωδίαν.	
ΔΙ.	ἄπελθε ταυτηνὶ λαβών.	
Δι.		465
	καίτοι τί δράσω; δεῖ γὰρ ένός, οὖ μὴ τυχών	
	ἀπόλωλ'. ἄκουσον, ὧ γλυκύτατ' Εὐριπίδη·	
	τουτὶ λαβών ἄπειμι κοῦ πρόσειμὶ ἔτι·	
T204	είς το σπυρίδιον ίσχνά μοι φυλλεῖα δός.	
ET.	ἀπολεῖς μ'. ἰδού σοι. φροῦδά μοι τὰ δρά-	470
	$\mu a au a$.	4/0

a i.s., wearing the rags of T. he feels himself able to talk

like him.

^b Probably for carrying scraps; cf. sportula. Telephus is said to have carried one "in a tragedy" (Diog. Laert. vi. 87).

THE ACHARNIANS, 347-470

Yah! why I'm full of cunning words already.^a But now, methinks, I need a beggar's staff.

EUR. Take this, and get thee from the marble halls.

DI. O Soul, thou seest me from the mansion thrust, Still wanting many a boon. Now in thy prayer Be close and instant. Give, Euripides, A little basket b with a hole burnt through it.

EUR. What need you, hapless one, of this poor

wicker?

DI. No need perchance; but O I want it so.

EUR. Know that you're wearisome, and get you gone.

DI. Alas! Heaven bless you, as it blessed your mother.

EUR. Leave me in peace.

DI. Just one thing more, but one,
A little tankard with a broken rim.

EUR. Here. Now be off. You trouble us; begone.

You know not yet what ill you do yourself.
 Sweet, dear Euripides, but one thing more,
 Give me a little pitcher, plugged with sponge.

EUR. Fellow, you're taking the whole tragedy.

Here, take it and begone.

basket.

And yet! there's one thing more, which if I get not
I'm ruined. Sweetest, best Euripides,
With this I'll go, and never come again;
Give me some withered leaves to fill my

EUR. You'll slay me! Here! My plays are disappearing.

o Said to be a seller of potherbs; cf. 478.

ΔΙ.	άλλ' οὐκέτ', άλλ' ἄπειμι. καὶ γάρ εἰμ' ἄγαν	
	όχληρός, οὐ δοκῶν με κοιράνους στυγεῖν.	
	οίμοι κακοδαίμων, ώς ἀπόλωλ'. ἐπελαθόμην	
	έν ῷπέρ ἐστι πάντα μοι τὰ πράγματα.	
		4172
		475
	κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, εἴ τί σ' αἰτήσαιμ' ἔτι,	
	πλην εν μόνον, τουτί μόνον, τουτί μόνον,	
	σκάνδικά μοι δός, μητρόθεν δεδεγμένος.	
EY.	άνηρ ύβρίζει κλεῖε πηκτά δωμάτων.	
	ῶ θύμ, ἄνευ σκάνδικος ἐμπορευτέα.	480
	ᾶρ' οἶσθ' ὄσον τὸν ἀγῶν' ἀγωνιεῖ τάχα,	
	μέλλων ύπερ Λακεδαιμονίων ανδρών λέγειν;	
	πρόβαινέ νυν, ὧ θυμέ· γραμμὴ δ' αύτηί.	
	έστηκας; οὐκ εἶ καταπιὼν Εὐριπίδην;	
		405
	επήνεσ', άγε νυν, ὧ τάλαινα καρδία,	485
	άπελθ' ἐκεῖσε, κῷτα τὴν κεφαλὴν ἐκεῖ	
	παράσχες, εἰποῦσ' ἄττ' ἂν αὐτῆ σοι δοκῆ.	
	τόλμησον, ἴθι, χώρησον, ἄγαμαι καρδίας.	
		490
xo.	τί δράσεις; τί φήσεις; ἀλλ' ἴσθι νυν	
	αναίσχυντος ών σιδηροθς τ' ανήρ,	
	όστις παρασχών τη πόλει τὸν αὐχένα	
	απασι μέλλεις είς λέγειν τάναντία.	
	άνηρ οὐ τρέμει τὸ πρᾶγμ². εἶά νυν,	495
	<i>ἐπειδήπερ αὐτὸς αίρεῖ, λέγε.</i>	

Δι. μή μοι φθονήσητ', ἄνδρες οἱ θεώμενοι, εἰ πτωχὸς ὢν ἔπειτ' ἐν 'Αθηναίοις λέγειν

Ilere Euripides is wheeled in again, and Dic. advances

to the block to make his speech.

[&]quot; Parodied from the Oeneus of Euripides": Schol.

[°] i.e., from which the racers started. Dic. being now well primed with Euripides feels he ought to go ahead.

THE ACHARNIANS, 471-497

DI. Enough! I go. Too troublesome by far Am I, not witting that the chieftains hate me! a Good Heavens! I'm ruined. I had clean forgotten

The thing whereon my whole success depends.
My own Euripides, my best and sweetest,
Perdition seize me if I ask aught else
Save this one thing, this only, only this,
Give me some chervil, borrowing from your mother.

EUR. The man insults us. Shut the palace up. b

O Soul, without our chervil we must go.

Knowest thou the perilous strife thou hast to strive,

Speaking in favour of Laconian men?
On, on, my Soul! Here is the line. How?
What?

Swallow Euripides, and yet not budge?
Oh, good! Advance, O long-enduring heart,
Go thither, lay thine head upon the block,
And say whatever to thyself seems good.
Take courage! Forward! March! O well
done, heart!

CHOR. What will you say? What will you do?

Man, is it true

You are made up of iron and of shamelessness too?

You who will, one against us all, debate,
Offering your neck a hostage to the State!

Nought does he fear.

Since you will have it so, speak, we will hear.

DI. Bear me no grudge, spectators, if, a beggar, I dare to speak before the Athenian people

μέλλω περί της πόλεως, τρυγφδίαν ποιών. τὸ γὰρ δίκαιον οίδε καὶ τρυγωδία. 500 έγω δε λέξω δεινά μέν, δίκαια δέ. οὐ γάρ με νῦν γε διαβαλεῖ Κλέων ὅτι ξένων παρόντων την πόλιν κακώς λέγω. αὐτοὶ γάρ ἐσμεν ούπὶ Ληναίω τ' ἀγών, κουπω ξένοι πάρεισιν ούτε γάρ φόροι ήκουσιν ουτ' εκ των πόλεων οι ξύμμαχοι. 505 άλλ' έσμεν αὐτοί νῦν γε περιεπτισμένοι. τούς γάρ μετοίκους άχυρα των ἀστων λέγω. έγω δέ μισω μέν Λακεδαιμονίους σφόδρα, καὐτοῖς ὁ Ποσειδών, ούπὶ Ταινάρω θεός, 510 σείσας ἄπασιν ἐμβάλοι τὰς οἰκίας: κάμοι γάρ έστιν άμπέλια κεκομμένα. ἀτάρ, φίλοι γὰρ οἱ παρόντες ἐν λόγω, τί ταθτα τούς Λάκωνας αἰτιώμεθα; ήμων γὰρ ἄνδρες, οὐχὶ τὴν πόλιν λέγω, μέμνησθε τοῦθ', ὅτι οὐχὶ τὴν πόλιν λέγω, 515 άλλ' ἀνδράρια μοχθηρά, παρακεκομμένα, άτιμα καὶ παράσημα καὶ παράξενα, έσυκοφάντει Μεγαρέων τὰ χλανίσκια. κεί που σίκυον ίδοιεν η λαγώδιον 520 η χοιρίδιον η σκόροδον η χονδρούς άλας, ταθτ' διν Μεναρικά κάπέπρατ' αθθημερόν.

μή μοι φθονήσητ', ἄνδρες Έλλήνων ἄκροι, εἰ πτωχὸς ὢν τέτληκ' ἐν ἐσθλοῖσιν λέγειν

^a The speech throughout is probably a parody of one in the *Telephus*, and for ll. 497, 498 the Scholiast quotes the original as—

Only citizens and μέτοικοι were present at the "Lenaea." They are "clean-winnowed," only the grain being left, of which the ἀστοί are the flour and the μέτοικοι the bran.

THE ACHARNIANS, 499-522

About the city in a comic play.^a
For what is true even comedy can tell.
And I shall utter startling things but true.
Nor now can Cleon slander me because,
With strangers present, I defame the State.
'Tis the Lenaea, and we're all alone; ^b
No strangers yet have come; nor from the states
Have yet arrived the tribute and allies.
We're quite alone clean-winnowed; for I count
Our alien residents the civic bran.^c

The Lacedaemonians I detest entirely; And may Poseidon, Lord of Taenarum, Shake ^a all their houses down about their ears; For I, like you, have had my vines cut down. But after all—for none but friends are here—Why the Laconians do we blame for this? For men of ours, I do not say the State, Remember this, I do not say the State, But worthless fellows of a worthless stamp, Ill-coined, ill-minted, spurious little chaps, Kept on denouncing Megara's little coats. And if a cucumber or hare they saw, Or sucking-pig, or garlic, or lump-salt, All were Megarian, and were sold off-hand.

He emphasizes this because that was the exact charge;
 cf. 503.

a.e. rock-salt.

^d i.e. as Έννοσίγαιος, the Earth-Shaker. Sparta suffered from earthquakes; cf. Thuc. i. 128. 2; Paus. vii. 25. 1.

f "The ἐξωμίδες which formed the staple manufacture of Megara; cf. Xen. Nem. ii. 7, 6": R.

h i.e. after being denounced as Megarian and confiscated; cf. 542. The exclusion of the Megarians from the "market of Athens and Athenian harbours" was put forward by Sparta in 431 B.C. as one of the chief grounds for war; cf. Thuc. i. 139. 1.

καὶ ταθτα μέν δή σμικρά κάπιχώρια, πόρνην δε Σιμαίθαν ζόντες Μεγαράδε νεανίαι κλέπτουσι μεθυσοκότταβοι. 525 κάθ' οἱ Μεγαρῆς ὀδύναις πεφυσιγγωμένοι άντεξέκλεψαν 'Ασπασίας πόρνα δύο· κάντεῦθεν άρχη τοῦ πολέμου κατερράγη Ελλησι πάσιν έκ τριών λαικαστριών. έντεῦθεν ὀργῆ Περικλέης Ούλύμπιος 530 ήστραπτ', έβρόντα, ξυνεκύκα την 'Ελλάδα, έτίθει νόμους ώσπερ σκόλια γεγραμμένους, ώς χρη Μεγαρέας μήτε γη μήτ' έν άγορα μήτ' ἐν θαλάττη μήτ' ἐν ἡπείρω μένειν. έντεῦθεν οἱ Μεγαρης, ὅτε δὴ ᾿πείνων βάδην, 535 Λακεδαιμονίων έδέοντο τὸ ψήφισμ' ὅπως μεταστραφείη τὸ διὰ τὰς λαικαστρίας. οὐκ ἠθέλομεν δ' ἡμεῖς δεομένων πολλάκις. κάντεῦθεν ήδη πάταγος ήν των άσπίδων. έρει τις, οὐ χρην ἀλλὰ τί ἐχρην εἴπατε. 540 φέρ', εί Λακεδαιμονίων τις έκπλεύσας σκάφει απέδοτο φήνας κυνίδιον Σεριφίων, καθησθ' αν έν δόμοισιν; ή πολλοῦ γε δεί. καὶ κάρτα μέντἂν εὐθέως καθείλκετε τριακοσίας ναῦς, ἦν δ' ἂν ἡ πόλις πλέα 545 θορύβου στρατιωτών, περί τριηράρχου βοής, μισθοῦ διδομένου, Παλλαδίων χρυσουμένων, στοᾶς στεναχούσης, σιτίων μετρουμένων, 52

THE ACHARNIANS, 523-548

Still these were trifles, and our country's way. But some young tipsy cottabus-players went And stole from Megara-town the fair Simaetha. Then the Megarians, garlicked with the smart, Stole, in return, two of Aspasia's a hussies. From these three Wantons o'er the Hellenic race Burst forth the first beginnings of the War. For then, in wrath, the Olympian Pericles Thundered and lightened, and confounded Hellas, Enacting laws which ran like drinking-songs,b That the Megarians presently depart From earth and sea, the mainland, and the mart. Then the Megarians, slowly famishing, Besought their Spartan friends to get the Law Of the three Wantons cancelled and withdrawn. And oft they asked us, but we yielded not. Then followed instantly the clash of shields. Ye'll say They should not; but what should they, then? Come now, had some Laconian, sailing out, Denounced and sold a small Seriphiane dog, Would you have sat unmoved? Far, far from that! Ye would have launched three hundred ships of war, And all the City had at once been full Of shouting troops, of fuss with trierarchs, Of paying wages, gilding Pallases,d Of rations measured, roaring colonnades,

a The famous mistress of Pericles.

d i.e. for figure-heads or the like.

b The σκόλιον it resembles was by Timocreon of Rhodes: ἄφελέν σ', ἃ τυφλὲ Πλοῦτε, | μήτε γῆ μήτ' ἐν θαλάσση | μήτ' ἐν ἡπείρφ φανῆναι . . .

Semphus is a very small island, one of the Cyclades, due east from Sparta. The smallest injury to the smallest island would have roused Athens to fury.

ἀσκῶν, τροπωτήρων, κάδους ώνουμένων, σκορόδων, έλαῶν, κρομμύων ἐν δικτύοις, 550 στεφάνων, τριχίδων, αὐλητρίδων, ὑπωπίων τὸ νεώριον δ' αὖ κωπέων πλατουμένων, τύλων ψοφούντων, θαλαμιῶν τροπουμένων, αὐλῶν, κελευστῶν, νιγλάρων, συριγμάτων. ταῦτ' οἶδ' ὅτι ἂν ἐδρᾶτε· τὸν δὲ Τήλεφον 555 οὐκ οἰόμεσθα; νοῦς ἄρ' ἡμῖν οὐκ ἔνι.

ΗΜ. Α. ἄληθες, ὧπίτριπτε καὶ μιαρώτατε; ταυτὶ σὰ τολμῷς πτωχὸς ὧν ἡμῶς λέγειν, καὶ συκοφάντης εἴ τις ἦν, ἀνείδισας;

ΗΜ. Β. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ, καὶ λέγει γ' ἄπερ λέγει 560 δίκαια πάντα κοὐδὲν αὐτῶν ψεύδεται.

ΗΜ. Α. εἶτ' εἰ δίκαια, τοῦτον εἰπεῖν αὔτ' ἐχρῆν;
ἀλλ' οὔ τι χαίρων ταῦτα τολμήσει λέγειν.

ΗΜ. Β. οὖτος σὰ ποῖ θεῖς; οὐ μενεῖς; ώς εἰ θενεῖς
 τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον, αὐτὸς ἀρθήσει τάχα.

ΗΜ. Α. ἰὼ Λάμαχ', ὧ βλέπων ἀστραπάς, βοήθησον, ὧ γοργολόφα, φανείς, ἰὼ Λάμαχ', ὧ φίλ', ὧ φυλέτα· εἴτε τις ἔστι ταξίαρχος, ἢ στρατηγός, ἢ τειχομάχας ἀνήρ, βοηθησάτω τις ἀνύσας. ἐγὼ γὰρ ἔχομαι μέσος.

570

^α καὶ ταῦτα ἐκ Τηλέφου: Schol. The speech ends, as it began, with a quotation, and its effect is to split the Chorus into two hostile sections.

THE ACHARNIANS, 549-571

Of wineskins, oarloops, bargaining for casks, Of nets of onions, olives, garlic-heads, Of chaplets, pilchards, flute-girls, and black

eyes.

And all the arsenal had rung with noise Of oar-spars planed, pegs hammered, oarloops fitted,

Of boatswains' calls, and flutes, and trills, and

whistles.

This had ye done; and shall not Telephus, Think we, do this? we've got no brains at all. SEMICHORUS I. Aye, say you so, you rascally villain you?

And this from you, a beggar? Dare you

blame us

Because, perchance, we've got informers here? SEMICHORUS II. Aye, by Poseidon, every word he says Is true and right; he tells no lies at all.

s.c. 1. True or untrue, is he the man to say it?

I'll pay him out, though, for his insolent speech.

s.c.11. Whither away? I pray you stay. If him you hurt,

You'll find your own self hoisted up directly.^b s.c. i. Lamachus! Help! with thy glances of light-

ning;

Terrible-crested, appear in thy pride,

Come, O Lamachus, tribesman and friend to us:

Is there a stormer of cities beside?
Is there a captain? O come ye in haste,
Help me, O help! I am caught by the waist.

b A scuffle takes place in the orchestra, in which the leader of the first semichorus is worsted.

ΛΑΜΑΧΟΣ. πόθεν βοης ήκουσα πολεμιστηρίας; ποί χρη βοηθείν; ποί κυδοιμον έμβαλείν; τίς Γοργόν' ἐξήγειρεν ἐκ τοῦ σάγματος; ΔΙ. ὧ Λάμαχ' ἤρως, τῶν λόφων καὶ τῶν λόχων. 575 ΗΜ. Α. ὧ Λάμαχ', οὐ γὰρ οῦτος ἄνθρωπος πάλαι άπασαν ήμων την πόλιν κακορροθεί; ΛΑ. οδτος σύ τολμας πτωχός ων λέγειν τάδε; ΔΙ. ὧ Λάμαχ' ήρως, ἀλλὰ συγγνώμην ἔχε, εί πτωχός ών είπόν τι κάστωμυλάμην. ΛΑ. τί δ' εἶπας ἡμᾶς; οὐκ ἐρεῖς; ούκ οίδά πω 580 ΔΙ. ύπὸ τοῦ δέους γὰρ τῶν ὅπλων ἰλιγγιῶ. άλλ' ἀντιβολῶ σ', ἀπένεγκέ μου τὴν μορμόνα. ίδού. AA. παράθες νυν ύπτίαν αὐτὴν ἐμοί. ΔI. ΛΑ. κείται. φέρε νυν ἀπὸ τοῦ κράνους μοι τὸ πτερόν. AT. ΛΑ, τουτί πτίλου σοι. της κεφαλης νύν μου λαβοῦ, 585 ΔΙ. ιν' έξεμέσω βδελύττομαι γάρ τους λόφους. ΛΑ. οὖτος, τί δράσεις; τῷ πτίλῳ μέλλεις ἐμεῖν; ΔΙ. πτίλον γάρ ἐστιν; εἰπέ μοι, τίνος ποτὲ όρνιθός ἐστιν; ἄρα κομπολακύθου; ΛΑ. οίμ' ώς τεθνήξει. μηδαμώς, ὧ Λάμαχε. ΔI. 590 ού γὰρ κατ' ἰσχύν ἐστιν· εἰ δ' ἰσχυρός εἶ. τί μ' οὐκ ἀπεψώλησας; εὔοπλος γὰρ εἶ.

Emblazoned on his shield.

ΛΑ. ταυτί λέγεις σύ τὸν στρατηγὸν πτωχὸς ών;

 $[^]b$ "L. supercitiously calls the huge ostrich feather $\pi\tau i\lambda_{o\nu}$, a term used of the soft and downy plumage of the breast": R. 56

THE ACHARNIANS, 572-593

LAMACI	Hus. Whence came the cry of battle to my ears?
	Where shall I charge? where cast the battle- din?
	Who roused the sleeping Gorgon a from its
	case?
DI.	O Lamachus hero, O those crests and cohorts!
s.c. I.	O Lamachus, here has this fellow been
	With frothy words abusing all the State.
LAM.	You dare, you beggar, say such things as those?
DI.	O Lamachus hero, grant me pardon true
	If I, a beggar, spake or chattered aught.
LAM.	What said you? Hey?
DI.	I can't remember yet.
	I get so dizzy at the sight of arms.
	I pray you lay that terrible shield aside.
LAM.	There then.
DI.	Now set it upside down before me.
LAM.	Tis done.
DI.	Now give me from your crest that plume.
LAM.	Here; take the feather.
DI.	Now then, hold my head,
	And let me vomit. I so loathe those crests.
LAM.	What! use my feather, rogue, to make you
	vomit?
DI.	A feather is it, Lamachus? Pray what bird
	Produced it? Is it a Great Boastard's plume?
LAM.	Death and Destruction!
DI.	No, no, Lamachus.
	That's not for strength like yours. If strong you are
	Why don't you circumcise me? You're well
	armed.
LAM.	What! you, a beggar, heard the general so?

ΛΑ. ΔΙ.	ενω γάρ είμι πτωχός; ἀλλὰ τίς γὰρ εἶ; ὅστις; πολίτης χρηστός, οὐ σπουδαρχίδης, ἀλλ' εξ ὅτου περ ὁ πόλεμος, στρατωνίδης, σὺ δ' εξ ὅτου περ ὁ πόλεμος, μισθαρχίδης.	595
ΛA .	έχειροτόνησαν γάρ με	
ΔI.	κόκκυγές γε τρεῖς.	
	ταῦτ' οὖν ἐγὰ βδελυττόμενος ἐσπεισάμην, ὁρῶν πολιοὺς μὲν ἄνδρας ἐν ταῖς τάξεσιν, νεανίας δ' οἴους σὺ διαδεδρακότας τοὺς μὲν ἐπὶ Θράκης μισθοφοροῦντας τρεῖς δραχμάς, Τισαμενοφαινίππους, Πανουργιππαρχίδας· ἐτέρους δὲ παρὰ Χάρητι, τοὺς δ' ἐν Χαόσι	600
	Γερητοθεοδώρους, Διομειαλαζόνας,	605
	τους δ' εν Καμαρίνη κάν Γέλα κάν Καταγέλα.	000
ΛA .	έχειροτονήθησαν γάρ.	
ΔΙ.	αἴτιον δὲ τί ύμᾶς μὲν ἀεὶ μισθοφορεῖν ἁμηγέπη, τωνδὶ δὲ μηδέν'; ἐτεόν, ὧ Μαριλάδη, ἤδη πεπρέσβευκας σὰ πολιὸς ὧν ἔνη; ἀνένευσε· καίτοι γ' ἐστὶ σώφρων κὰργάτης. τί δαὶ Δράκυλλος κΕὐφορίδης ἢ Πρινίδης; εἶδέν τις ὑμῶν τἀκβάταν' ἢ τοὺς Χαόνας; οὔ φασιν. ἀλλ' ὁ Κοισύρας καὶ Λάμαχος,	610
	οໂς ὑπ' ἐράνου τε καὶ χρεῶν πρώην ποτέ,	615

<sup>Silly, empty-headed fellows; "gowks."
The personal allusions in these names are obscure.</sup>

The name is a mere pun on Γέλα. d One of the Chorus; so too with the names in 612.

^{*}Fy: the Scholiasts did not understand this, but one renders it "long ago"; no one has explained it satisfactorily.

THE ACHARNIANS, 594-615

A beggar am I, Lamachus? DI. What else? LAM. An honest townsman, not an office-seekrian, DI. Since war began, an active-service-seekrian, But you're, since war began, a full-payseekrian.

The people chose me-LAM.

Ave, three cuckoo-birds.a DI. That's what I loathe; that's why I made my

> When grey-haired veterans in the ranks I saw, And boys like you, paltry malingering boys, Off, some to Thrace—their daily pay three drachmas-

Phaenippuses, Hipparchidreprobatians, b And some with Chares, to Chaonia some. Geretotheodores, Diomirogues, and some To Camarina, Gela, and Grineela.º

The people chose them-LAM.

DI.

And how comes it, pray, That you are always in receipt of pay, And these are NEVER? Come, Marilades, a You are old and grey e; when have you served as envoy?

NEVER! Yet he's a steady, active man. Well then, Euphorides, Prinides, Dracyllus, Have you Echatana or Chaonia seen? NEVER! But Coesvra's son f and Lamachus. They have; to whom, for debts and calls unpaid,g

i.e. any young nobleman. Coesyra belonged to the great family of the Alcmaeonidae; of. C. 800.

In Dem. 821. 14 ἐράνους λέλοιπε (" he has left his subscription unpaid") is used to describe a rascal; and see L. & S. s.v.

	ωσπερ απόνιπτρον εκχέοντες εσπέρας, απαντες εξίστω παρήνουν οι φίλοι.	
ΛА.	ῶ δημοκρατία, ταῦτα δῆτ' ἀνασχετά;	
ΔΙ.		
ΛA.	1111 6 1 1 1 6 TT 1	
	ἀεὶ πολεμήσω, καὶ ταράξω πανταχῆ, καὶ ναυσὶ καὶ πεζοῖσι, κατὰ τὸ καρτερόν.	
ΔΙ.	1 1 01 / 77) / .	
	άπασι καὶ Μεγαρεῦσι καὶ Βοιωτίοις	
	πωλεῖν ἀγοράζειν πρὸς ἐμέ, Λαμάχῳ δὲ μή. 625	
xo.	άνηρ νικᾶ τοῖσι λόγοισιν, καὶ τὸν δῆμον μετα- πείθει	
	περὶ τῶν σπονδῶν. ἀλλ' ἀποδύντες τοῖς ἀναπαίστοις ἐπίωμεν.	
	'Εξ οὖ γε χοροῖσιν ἐφέστηκεν τρυγικοῖς ὁ διδάσκαλος ἡμῶν,	
	οὖπω παρέβη πρὸς τὸ θέατρον λέξων ώς δεξιός ἐστιν:	
	διαβαλλόμενος δ' ύπὸ τῶν ἐχθρῶν ἐν ᾿Αθη- ναίοις ταχυβούλοις, 630	
	ώς κωμφδεῖ τὴν πόλιν ἡμῶν καὶ τὸν δῆμον καθυβρίζει,	
	ἀποκρίνεσθαι δεῖται νυνὶ πρὸς ᾿Αθηναίους μεταβούλους.	
	φησίν δ' είναι πολλών άγαθών ἄξιος ύμιν ό ποιητής,	
	πούητης, παύσας ύμᾶς ξενικοῖσι λόγοις μὴ λίαν ἐξ- απατᾶσθαι,	

The leader of the Chorus speaks as though the poet in person had "come forth" (παρέβη) to deliver the Parabasis,
 60

THE ACHARNIANS, 616-634

Their friends but now, like people throwing out

Their slops at eve, were crying "Stand away!"

LAM. O me! Democracy! can this be borne?

DI. No, not if Lamachus receive no pay.

LAM. But I with all the Peloponnesian folk
Will always fight, and vex them everyway,
By land, by sea, with all my might and main.

[Exit

DI. And I to all the Peloponnesian folk, Megarians and Boeotians, give full leave To trade with me; but not to Lamachus.

[Exit

CHOR. The man has the best of the wordy debate, and the hearts of the people is winning To his plea for the truce. Now doff we our robes, our own anapaestics beginning.

Since first to exhibit his plays he began, our chorus-instructor has never Come forth a to confess in this public address

how tactful he is and how clever. But now that he knows he is slandered by foes

before Athens so quick to assent, Pretending he jeers our City and sneers

at the people with evil intent,

He is ready and fain his cause to maintain before Athens so quick to repent.

Let honour and praise be the guerdon, he says, of the poet whose satire has stayed you

From believing the orators' novel conceits

wherewith they cajoled and betrayed you; which is the first that has come down to us "a Parabasis complete in all its seven parts"; see note on W. 1009.

μηδ' ήδεσθαι θωπευομένους μηδ' είναι χαυνοπολίτας. πρότερον δ' ύμας ἀπὸ τῶν πόλεων οἱ πρέσβεις ἐξ-	
Tas.	635
πρότερον δ΄ ύμᾶς άπὸ τῶν πόλεων οὶ πρέσβεις έξ-	
απατῶντες	
πρῶτον μὲν ἰοστεφάνους ἐκάλουν· κἀπειδὴ τοῦτό τίς εἰποι,	
είποι,	
εὐθὺς διὰ τοὺς στεφάνους ἐπ' ἄκρων τῶν πυγιδίων ἐκάθησθε.	
el de ma sura sun desmodera de manda sun descere	
εἰ δέ τις ύμῶς ὑποθωπεύσας λιπαρὰς καλέσειεν 'Αθήνας,	
ευρετο πῶν ἂν διὰ τὰς λιπαράς, ἀφύων τιμὴν περι-	
άψας.	640
ταθτα ποιήσας πολλών ἀγαθών αἴτιος ὑμῖν γε-	
yev 1/1 000,	
καὶ τους δήμους ἐν ταῖς πόλεσιν δείξας, ὡς δημο-	
Kparooviat.	
τοιγάρτοι νῦν ἐκ τῶν πόλεων τὸν φόρον ὑμῖν ἀπ-	
ajories	
ηξουσιν, ίδειν επιθυμούντες τον ποιητήν τον άρι-	
0100,	
όστις παρεκινδύνευσ' εἰπεῖν ἐν 'Αθηναίοις τὰ δί- καια.	
Kala.	645
ούτω δ' αὐτοῦ περὶ τῆς τόλμης ἤδη πόρρω κλέος	
ηκευ,	
ότε καὶ βασιλεύς, Λακεδαιμονίων τὴν πρεσβείαν βασανίζων,	
ποώσησεν ποώσα μεν αντούς πόσεροι παίς ναναί κοα-	
ηρώτησεν πρώτα μέν αὐτοὺς πότεροι ταῖς ναυσὶ κρα- τοῦσιν	
είτα δὲ τοῦτον τὸν ποιητὴν ποτέρους είποι κακὰ πολλά·	
πούτους να ο έφη πούς ανθοώπους πολύ βελπίους νε-	
τούτους γὰρ ἔφη τοὺς ἀνθρώπους πολὺ βελτίους γεγησθαι 62	650
62	

THE ACHARNIANS, 635-650

Who bids you despise adulation and lies nor be citizens Vacant and Vain.
For before, when an embassy came from the states
intriguing your favour to gain,
And called you the town of the VIOLET CROWN, a so grand and exalted ye grew,
That at once on your tiptails erect ye would sit,
those crowns were so pleasant to you.
And then, if they added the SHINY, they got whatever they asked for their praises,
Though apter, I ween, for an oily sardine
than for you and your City the phrase is.
By this he's a true benefactor to you,
and by showing with humour dramatic
The way that our wise democratic allies
are ruled by our State democratic.
And therefore their people will come oversea, their tribute to bring to the City,
Consumed with desire to behold and admire
the poet so fearless and witty,
Who dared in the presence of Athens to speak
the thing that is rightful and true.
And truly the fame of his prowess, by this, has been bruited the universe through,
When the Sovereign of Persia, desiring to test
what the end of our warfare will be,
Inquired of the Spartan ambassadors, first,
which nation is queen of the sea,
And next, which the wonderful Poet has got,
as its stern and unsparing adviser; For those who are lashed by his satire, he said,
must surely be better and wiser,
a The famous epithet applied to Athens by Pindar (Frag. 76), at τε λιπαραί και ἰσστέφανοι και ἀσίδιμοι Ελλάδος έρεισμα,

63

κάν τῷ πολέμῳ πολὺ νικήσειν, τοῦτον ξύμβουλον
έχοντας. διὰ ταῦθ' ὑμᾶς Λακεδαιμόνιοι τὴν εἰρήνην προ-
καλοῦνται,
καὶ τὴν Αἴγιναν ἀπαιτοῦσιν· καὶ τῆς νήσου μὲν ἐκείνης
οὐ φροντίζουσ', ἀλλ' ἵνα τοῦτον τὸν ποιητὴν ἀφ- έλωνται.
άλλ' ὑμεῖς τοι μή ποτ' ἀφῆθ' · ὡς κωμῳδήσει τὰ δίκαια · 655
φησὶν δ' ύμᾶς πολλὰ διδάξειν ἀγάθ', ὥστ' εὐδαί-
μονας είναι, οὐ θωπεύων, οὔθ' ὑποτείνων μισθούς, οὐδ' ἐξαπ- ατύλλων.
οὐδὲ πανουργῶν, οὐδὲ κατάρδων, ἀλλὰ τὰ βέλτιστα

πρός ταῦτα Κλέων καὶ παλαμάσθω καὶ πᾶν ἐπ' ἐμοὶ τεκταινέσθω. τὸ γὰρ εὖ μετ' ἐμοῦ καὶ τὸ δίκαιον ξύμμαχον ἔσται, κοὐ μή ποθ' ἀλῶ περὶ τὴν πόλιν ὢν ὥσπερ ἐκεῖνος δειλὸς καὶ λακαταπύγων.

διδάσκων.

660

δεθρο Μοθσ' ἐλθὲ φλεγυρά, πυρὸς ἔχουσα μένος, ἔντονος, ᾿Αχαρνική.

οδον ἐξ ἀνθράκων πρινίνων φέψαλος ἀνήλατ', ἐρεθιζόμενος οὐρίᾳ ριπίδι,

ἡνίκ' ὰν ἐπανθρακίδες ὧσι παρακείμεναι,

 $[^]a$ Aegina had become tributary to Athens about 455 B.C.; its autonomy was demanded by Sparta at the outset of the 64

THE ACHARNIANS, 651-670

And they'll in the war be the stronger by far, enjoying his counsel and skill. And therefore the Spartans approach you to-day with proffers of Peace and Goodwill, Just asking indeed that Aegina a ye cede; and nought do they care for the isle, But you of the Poet who serves you so well they fain would despoil and beguile. But be you on your guard nor surrender the bard; for his Art shall be righteous and true. Rare blessings and great will he work for the State. rare happiness shower upon you: Not fawning, or bribing, or striving to cheat with an empty unprincipled jest; Not seeking your favour to curry or nurse, but teaching the things that are best.

And therefore I say to the people to-day,
Let Cleon the worst of his villainies try,
His anger I fear not, his threats I defy!
For Honour and Right beside me will fight,
And never shall I
In ought that relates to the city be found
Such a craven as he, such a profligate hound.

O Muse, fiery-flashing, with temper of flame, energetic, Acharnian, come to my gaze, Like the wild spark that leaps from the evergreen oak, when its red-glowing charcoal is fanned to a blaze, And the small fish are lying all in order for the frying;

war, 431 s.c., but the Athenians at once expelled all the inhabitants and colonized it (Thuc. ii. 27). Aristophanes may have been of Aeginetan origin; see Rogers' Introd. p. ix.

οί δε Θασίαν ἀνακυκῶσι λιπαράμπυκα,
οί δε βάπτωσιν, οὕτω σοβαρὸν ἐλθε μέλος εὔτονον
ἀγροικότονον,

ώς ἐμὲ λαβοῦσα τὸν δημότην.

675

οί γέροντες οί παλαιοὶ μεμφόμεσθα τῆ πόλει.
οὐ γὰρ ἀξίως ἐκείνων ὧν ἐναυμαχήσαμεν
γηροβοσκούμεσθ' ὑφ' ὑμῶν, ἀλλὰ δεινὰ πάσχομεν.
οἴτινες γέροντας ἄνδρας ἐμβαλόντες ἐς γραφὰς
ὑπὸ νεανίσκων ἐᾶτε καταγελᾶσθαι ῥητόρων, 680
οὐδὲν ὅντας, ἀλλὰ κωφοὺς καὶ παρεξηυλημένους,
οῖς Ποσειδῶν ἀσφάλειός ἐστιν ἡ βακτηρία·
τονθορύζοντες δὲ γήρα τῷ λίθῳ προσέσταμεν,
οὐχ ὁρῶντες οὐδὲν εἰ μὴ τῆς δίκης τὴν ἠλύγην.
δ δὲ νεανίας, ἐαυτῷ σπουδάσας ξυνηγορεῖν, 685
ἐς τάχος παίει ξυνάπτων στρογγύλοις τοῖς ῥήμασι·
κἄτ' ἀνελκύσας ἐρωτᾳ, σκανδάληθρ' ἱστὰς ἐπῶν,
ἄνδρα Τιθωνὸν σπαράττων καὶ ταράττων καὶ κυκῶν.

^a Θασία, sc. ἄλμη, is a sort of pickle, and perhaps the Pindaric epithet λιπαράμπυκα (" with shining frontlet") refers to the gleam of the fish as they are dipped in it.

* i.e. the fog in which it had become enveloped.

b The Scholast explains as $=\tau\hat{\psi}$ $\beta\hat{\eta}\mu\alpha\tau$ (cf. P. 690), "the orator's stand"; but Rogers thinks there "would be in every dicastery a sort of stone altar on which the witnesses and others took their oaths."

THE ACHARNIANS, 671-688

And some are mixing Thasian, a richly dight, shinybright,

And some dip the small fish therein;

Come, fiery-flashing Maid, to thy fellow-burgher's aid,

With exactly such a song, so glowing and so strong,
To our old rustic melodies akin.

WE the veterans blame the City.

Is it meet and right that we,

Who of old, in manhood's vigour,

fought your battles on the sea, Should in age be left untended,

yea exposed to shame and ill?

Is it right to let the youngsters

air their pert forensic skill,

Grappling us with writs and warrants,

holding up our age to scorn?

We who now have lost our music,

feeble nothings, dull, forlorn,

We whose only "Safe Poseidon"

is the staff we lean upon,

There we stand, decayed and muttering,

hard beside the Court-house Stone,

Nought discerning all around us

save the darkness of our case.

Comes the youngster, who has compassed

for himself the accuser's place,

Slings his tight and nipping phrases,

tackling us with legal scraps,

Pulls us up and cross-examines, setting little verbal traps,

Rends and rattles old Tithonus

till the man is dazed and blind;

ό δ' ύπο γήρως μασταρύζει, κἆτ' ὀφλών ἀπέρχεται·
εἶτα λύζει καὶ δακρύει, καὶ λέγει προς τοὺς φίλους, 690
σὖ μ' ἐχρῆν σορον πρίασθαι, τοῦτ' ὀφλών ἀπέρχομαι.

ταῦτα πῶς εἰκότα, γέροντ' ἀπολέσαι, πολιὸν ἄνδρα, περὶ κλεψύδραν, πολλὰ δὴ ξυμπονήσαντα, καὶ θερμὸν ἀπομορξάμενον

πολλὰ δὴ ξυμπονήσαντα, καὶ θερμὸν ἄπομορξάμενον ἀνδρικὸν ίδρῶτα δὴ καὶ πολύν,

ἄνδρ' ἀγαθὸν ὅντα Μαραθῶνι περὶ τὴν πόλιν; εἶτα Μαραθῶνι μὲν ὅτ' ἦμεν, ἐδιώκομεν·

νῦν δ' ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν πονηρῶν σφόδρα διωκόμεθα, κἆτα προσαλισκόμεθα.

701

πρός τάδε τί ἀντερεῖ Μαρψίας;

τῷ γὰρ εἰκὸς ἄνδρα κυφόν, ἡλίκον Θουκυδίδην, ἐξολέσθαι συμπλακέντα τῷ Σκυθῶν ἐρημία, τῷδε τῷ Κηφισοδήμῳ, τῷ λάλῳ ξυνηγόρῳ; 705 ἄστ' ἐγὰ μὲν ἠλέησα κἀπεμορξάμην ίδὰν ἄνδρα πρεσβύτην ὑπ' ἀνδρὸς τοξότου κυκώμενον, ὅς μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἐκεῖνος ἡνίκ' ἦν Θουκυδίδης,

" Here in the sense of "prosecutors."

^b φιλόνεικος και φλύαρος και θορυβώδης ἐήτωρ: Schol. ΄ An aristocratic leader, the rival of Pericles, ostracized 444 B.C. Cephisodemus and Evathlus (710) were two of his accusers; the former probably "had some Scythian blood in his veins," and "a Scythian wilderness" seems to stand for something barbarous, inhuman; of. Aesch. P.V. 2 Σκύθην ἐς οἶμον, ἄβατον εἰς ἐρημίαν.

THE ACHARNIANS, 689-708

Till with toothless gums he mumbles,

then departs condemned and fined;

Sobbing, weeping, as he passes,

to his friends he murmurs low,

All I've saved to buy a coffin

now to pay the fine must go.

How can it be seemly a grey-headed man by the Water-clock's stream to decoy and to slay,

Who of old, young and bold, laboured hard for the State, who would wipe off his sweat and return to the fray?

At Marathon arrayed, to the battle-shock we ran, And our mettle we displayed, foot to foot, man to man.

And our name and our fame shall not die.

Aye in youth we were Pursuers on the Marathonian plain,

But in age Pursuers a vex us, and our best defence is vain.

To this what can Marpsias b reply?

OH, THUCYDIDES c to witness,

bowed with age, in sore distress,

Feebly struggling in the clutches

of that Scythian wilderness

Fluent glib Cephisodemus,-

Oh the sorrowful display!

I myself was moved with pity,

yea and wiped a tear away,

Grieved at heart the gallant veteran

by an archer mauled to view;

Him who, were he, by Demeter,

that Thucydides we knew.

οὐδ' ἂν αὐτὴν τὴν 'Αχαίαν ραδίως ἠνέσχετο, ἀλλὰ κατεπάλαισε μέν γ' ἂν πρῶτον Εὐάθλους
61
οεκα, 710 κατεβόησε δ' ἂν κεκραγώς τοξότας τρισ- χιλίους,
χιλιους, περιετόξευσεν δ' αν αὐτοῦ τοῦ πατρὸς τοὺς
άλλ' ἐπειδή τοὺς γέροντας οὐκ ἐᾶθ' ὕπνου
τυχεῖν, ψηφίσασθε χωρὶς εἶναι τὰς γραφάς, ὅπως ἂν ἢ
τῷ γέροντι μὲν γέρων καὶ νωδὸς ὁ ξυνήγορος, 715 τοῖς νέοιοι ὁ εὐρύπρωκτος καὶ λάλος χώ
IZ)/
καξελαύνειν χρή τὸ λοιπόν, κἂν φύγη τις, ζημιοῦν
τὸν νέροντα τῶ νέροντι, τὸν νέον δὲ τῶ νέω.

Δ1. ὅροι μὲν ἀγορᾶς εἰσιν οἴδε τῆς ἐμῆς.
ἐνταῦθ' ἀγοράζειν πᾶσι Πελοποννησίοις 720
ἔξεστι καὶ Μεγαρεῦσι καὶ Βοιωτίοις
ἐφ' ῷτε πωλεῖν πρὸς ἐμέ, Λαμάχῳ δὲ μή.
ἀγορανόμους δὲ τῆς ἀγορᾶς καθίσταμαι
τρεῖς τοὺς λαχόντας τούσδ' ἰμάντας ἐκ
Λεπρῶν.

725

ένταθθα μήτε συκοφάντης εἰσίτω

 a i.e. Denieter. Plutarch and Hesychius derive the title 'Axala from $\alpha\chi\eta$, sorrows, but though this is doubtful, "it may perhaps explain the epithet given in the translation": R.

b Evathlus was a pugnacious orator whose name suggests

that he was "a good fighter."

o Alcibiades.

^d In this new scene what was the Pnyx somehow becomes the market-place of Dicaeopolis.

THE ACHARNIANS, 709-725

Would have stood no airs or nonsense from the Goddess Travel-sore,^a

Would have thrown, the mighty wrestler,

ten Evathluses b or more,

Shouted down three thousand archers

with his accents of command.

Shot his own accuser's kinsmen

in their Scythian fatherland.

Nay, but if ye will not leave us

to our hardly earned repose,

Sort the writs, divide the actions,

separating these from those;

Who assails the old and toothless

should be old and toothless too;

For a youngster, wantons, gabblers,

Cleinias' son o the trick may do.

So for future fines and exiles,

fair and square the balance hold,

Let the youngster sue the youngster,

and the old man sue the old.

DI. These are the boundaries of my marketplace; ^a
And here may all the Peloponnesian folk,
Megarians and Boeotians, freely trade
Selling to me, but Lamachus may not.
And these three thongs, of Leprous make, I
set

As market-clerks, elected by the lot. Within these bounds may no informer come,

[•] Officers who kept order in the market; cf. 824, 968. The allusion in έκ Λεπρών is obscure. Some read λεπρών (εc. βοών) and quote the Scholiast τὰ τών λεπρών βοών δέρματα Ισχυρά.

μήτ' ἄλλος ὄστις Φασιανός ἐστ' ἀνήρ. ἐγὼ δὲ τὴν στήλην καθ' ἣν ἐσπεισάμην μέτειμ', ἵνα στήσω φανερὰν ἐν τάγορᾳ.

ΜΕΓΑΡΕΥΣ. ἀγορὰ 'ν 'Αθάναις χαῖρε, Μεγαρεῦσιν φίλα. επόθουν τυ ναὶ τὸν Φίλιον διπερ ματέρα. 730 άλλ', ὧ πονηρὰ κώριχ' ἀθλίου πατρός, ἄμβατε ποττὰν μάδδαν, αἴ χ' εὔρητέ πα. άκούετε δή, ποτέχετ' έμιν τὰν γαστέρα. πότερα πεπρασθαι χρήδδετ', η πεινην κακώς; ΚΟΡΑ. πεπρασθαι πεπρασθαι. 735 ΜΕ. ἐγώνγα καὐτός φαμι. τίς δ' οὕτως ἄνους δς ύμέ κα πρίαιτο, φανεράν ζαμίαν; άλλ' έστι γάρ μοι Μεγαρικά τις μαχανά. χοίρους γάρ ύμε σκευάσας φασώ φέρειν. περίθεσθε τάσδε τὰς ὁπλὰς τῶν χοιρίων. 740 όπως δε δοξειτ' ήμεν εξ αγαθας ύός. ώς ναὶ τὸν Ερμαν, αἴπερ ίξεῖτ' οἴκαδις άπρατα, πειρασεῖσθε τᾶς λιμῶ κακῶς. άλλ' ἀμφίθεσθε καὶ ταδὶ τὰ ρυγχία, κήπειτεν ές τὸν σάκκον ωδ' ἐσβαίνετε. 745 όπως δε γρυλιξείτε και κοίξετε χήσειτε φωνάν χοιρίων μυστηρικών. έγων δε καρυξω Δικαιόπολιν όπα. Δικαιόπολι, ή λης πρίασθαι χοιρία; ΔΙ. τί ἀνηρ Μεγαρικός:

^a Lit. "from the river Phasis" in Colchis, but here the word is taken as derived from $\phi d\sigma \iota s =$ "an information," of. $\phi a \nu \hat{\omega}$ 827.

b Treaties were regularly inscribed on στηλαι.

Exit Dicaeopolis and a half-starved Megarian enters, followed by two little girls whom he bids "mount" (cf. ἄμβατε) the stage from the side-scenes.

THE ACHARNIANS, 726-750

Or any other syco-Phasian a man. But I'll go fetch the Treaty-Pillar b here, And set it up in some conspicuous place.

MEGARIAN. Guid day, Athanian market, Megara's luve!

By Frien'ly Zeus, I've miss't ye like my mither. But ye, puir bairnies o' a waefu' father, Speel up, ye'll aiblins fin' a barley-bannock. Now listen, bairns; atten' wi' a' yere painch; d

Whilk wad ye liefer, to be sellt or clemmed?

GIRLS. Liefer be sellt! Liefer be sellt!

An' sae say I mysel'! But wha sae doited As to gie aught for you, a sicker skaith? Aweel, I ken a pawkie Megara-trick, I'se busk ye up, an' say I'm bringin' piggies. Here, slip these wee bit clooties on yere nieves, An' shaw yeresells a decent grumphie's weans. For gin' I tak' ye hame unsellt, by Hairmes Ye'll thole the warst extremities o' clemini'. Ne'est, pit thir lang pig-showties owre yere nebs,

An' stech yere bodies in this sackie. Sae. An' min' ye grunt an' grane an' g-r-r awa', An' mak' the skirls o' little Mystery piggies. Mysel' will ca' for Dicaeopolis.

Hae! Dicaeopolis!

Are ye for buyin' onie pigs the day?
DI. How now, Megarian?

d του νοῦν was expected for την γάστερα.

The Megarians claimed to be the inventors of Comedy; cf. W. 57.

' Sucking-pigs sacrificed to Demeter before initiation; cf. P. 374, 375.

73

ME.	άγοράσοντες ἵκομες.	750
ΔI.	πῶς ἔχετε;	
ME.	διαπειναμες ἀεὶ ποττὸ πῦρ.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ' ήδύ τοι νη τον Δί', ην αὐλος παρη.	
	τί δ' άλλο πράττεθ' οἱ Μεγαρεῖς νῦν;	
ME.	οΐα δή.	
	οκα μεν εγώ τηνώθεν εμπορευόμαν,	
	άνδρες πρόβουλοι τοῦτ' ἔπρασσον τῷ πόλει,	755
	όπως τάχιστα καὶ κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμεθα.	
ΔI.	αὐτίκ' ἄρ' ἀπαλλάξεσθε πραγμάτων.	
ME.	σά μάν;	
ΔI.	τί δ' ἄλλο Μεγαροῖ; πῶς ὁ σῖτος ἄνιος;	
ME.	παρ' άμε πολυτίματος άπερ τοὶ θεοί.	
ΔI.	άλας οὖν φέρεις;	
ME.	ούχ ύμèς αὐτῶν ἄρχετε;	760
ΔI.	οὐδὲ σκόροδα;	
ME.	ποῖα σκόροδ'; ὑμὲς τῶν ἀεί,	
	ὄκκ' ἐσβάλητε, τὼς ἀρωραῖοι μύες,	
	πάσσακι τὰς ἄγλιθας ἐξορύσσετε.	
ΔI.	τί δαὶ φέρεις;	
ME.	χοίρους ἐγώνγα μυστικάς.	
ΔI.	καλως λέγεις έπίδειξον.	
ME.	άλλὰ μὰν καλαί.	765
	άντεινον, ai λης· ως παχεία καὶ καλά.	
ΔI.	τουτὶ τί ἦν το πρᾶγμα;	
ME.	χοιρος ναὶ Δία.	
ΔI.	/) / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	

^a Lit. "We have starving-bouts by the fire." But Dic. is supposed to hear $\delta \iota a\pi i \nu o\mu \nu \nu$, "have drinking-bouts." "In the translation the Megarian uses 'greeting' in the Scotch sense of weeping; the Athenian understands it in the sense of exchanging greetings": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 750-768

Come to niffer, guidman. MEG. How fare ye all? DI. A' greetin' by the fire.a MEG. And very jolly too if there's a piper. DI. What do your people do besides? Sae sae. MEG. For when I cam' frae Megara toun the morn, Our Lairds o' Council were in gran' debate How we might quickliest perish, but an' ben. So ye'll lose all your troubles. DI. What for no? MEG. What else at Megara? What's the price of DI. wheat? Och! high eneugh: high as the Gudes, an' MEG. higher.b Got any salt? DI. Ye're maisters o' our saut. MEG. Or garlic? DI. Garlic, quotha! when yeresells, MEG. Makin' yere raids like onie swarm o' mice, Howkit up a' the rooties wi' a stak'. What have you got then? DI. Mystery piggies, I. MEG. That's good; let's see them. DI. Hae! They're bonnie piggies. MEG. Lift it, an't please you; 'tis sae sleek an' bonnie. What on earth's this? DI. A piggie that, by Zeus. MEG. A pig! What sort of pig? DI. b πολυτίματος=(1) "much-honoured," cf. 807; or (2)" high-

^o Their salt-works were at Nisaea; but the Athenians in 427 s.c. had seized Minoa, the island or promontory which commands it (Thuc. iii. 51).

priced."

ΔΙ. ΜΕ. οὐ δεινε οῦ φατε αἰ λῆς, αὶ μή ΄ ΔΙ. ἀλλ' ἔσ ΜΕ. ἐμά γα ἢ λῆς ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. οὐ χρῆς πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοί, κο ΜΕ. αὖτα ΄ ΔΙ. ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	770 775
ΔΙ. ΜΕ. οὐ δεινε οῦ φατε αἰ λῆς, αὶ μή ΄ ΔΙ. ἀλλ' ἔσ ΜΕ. ἐμά γα ἢ λῆς ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. οὐ χρῆς πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοί, κο ΜΕ. αὖτα ΄ ΔΙ. ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	ούκ εμοιγε φαίνεται. νά; θασθε τοῦδε τὰς ἀπιστίας το τάνδε χοιρον ἢμεν. ἀλλὰ μάν, , περίδου μοι περί θυμητιδαν άλων, στιν οὖτος χοιρος Ἑλλάνων νόμω. τὰν ἀνθρώπου γε. ναὶ τὰν Διοκλέα, ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὰ ταχέως, χοιρίον. ἐσθα; σιγῆς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	775
οῦ φατι αἰ λῆς, αἰ μή . Δὶ. ἀλλ' ἔσ . ΜΕ. ἐμά γα ἡ λῆς . Κο. κοὶ, κο . ΜΕ. αὕτα ' α Δὶ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο Δὶ. ἀλλ' οῦ . ΜΕ.	νά; θᾶσθε τοῦδε τὰς ἀπιστίας το τάνδε χοῖρον ἡμεν. ἀλλὰ μάν, , περίδου μοι περὶ θυμητιδᾶν άλῶν, 'στιν οὖτος χοῖρος 'Ελλάνων νόμω. στιν ἀνθρώπου γε. ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα, τὰ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκεῖς; ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς	775
αἰ λῆς, αἰ μή ΔΙ. ἀλλ' ἔσ ΜΕ. ἐμά γα ἢ λῆς ΔΙ. κοὶ χρῆς πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοἱ, κο ΜΕ. αὕτα 'ς ΔΙ. ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰ ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰ ΜΕ.	, περίδου μοι περί θυμητιδαν άλων, 'στιν οδτος χοίρος 'Ελλάνων νόμω. στιν άνθρώπου γε. ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα, α. τὰ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκείς; ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὰ ταχέως, χοιρίον. ασα; σιγῆς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	775
αὶ μή ,	'στιν οδτος χοίρος 'Ελλάνων νόμφ. στιν ἀνθρώπου γε. ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα, α. τὺ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκείς; ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
αὶ μή ,	'στιν οδτος χοίρος 'Ελλάνων νόμφ. στιν ἀνθρώπου γε. ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα, α. τὺ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκείς; ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
ΔΙ. ἀλλ' ἔσ ΜΕ. ἐμά γα ἢ λῆς ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. οὐ χρῆσ πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοί, κο ΜΕ. αὕτα ἀ ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	στιν ἀνθρώπου γε. ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα, 1. τὺ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκεῖς; ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
 ΜΕ. ἐμά γα ἢ λῆς ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. οὐ χρῆς πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοί, κο ΜΕ. αὕτα ἀ ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ 	ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα,	
 ἡ λῆς ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. κοὶ χρῆς πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοἱ, κο ΜΕ. αὕτα 'ς ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰ ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰ 	α. τὺ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκεῖς; ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. ἀσθα; σιγῷς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
 ἡ λῆς ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. κοὶ χρῆς πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοἱ, κο ΜΕ. αὕτα 'ς ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰ ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰ 	ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας; νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	5
ΔΙ. ἔγωγε. ΜΕ. οὐ χρῆο πάλιν τ ΚΟ. κοί, κο ΜΕ. αὕτα ΄ ο ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐἰ ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	νὴ τοὺς θεοὺ: · · φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. · σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	S
ME. οὐ χρῆο πάλιν τ κο. κοί, κο ME. αὕτα 'ο ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
ME. οὐ χρῆο πάλιν τ κο. κοί, κο ME. αὕτα 'ο ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον. σθα; σιγậς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
πάλιν τ κο. κοί, κο Με. αὖτα 'ο ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι Με. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὖ Με.	σθα; σιγάς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
πάλιν τ κο. κοί, κο Με. αὖτα 'ο ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐι Με. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὖ Με.	3	
 κο. κοί, κο με. αὐτα 'ο ΔΙ. με. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ με. 	τυ ἀποισώ ναὶ τὸν Ερμάν οἴκαδις.	
ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐἰ ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.		780
ΔΙ. ἀτὰρ ἐἰ ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴο ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐ ΜΕ.	στὶ χοῖρος;	
ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴοΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰΜΕ.	νῦν γε χοιρος φαίνεται.	
ΜΕ. σάφ' ἴοΔΙ. ἀλλ' οἰΜΕ.	κτραφείς γε κύσθος έσται πέντ' έτω	ν.
ΔI . $d\lambda\lambda$ of ME.	σθι, ποττάν ματέρ' είκασθήσεται.	
ME.	δδε θύσιμός εστιν αθτηγί.	
	σά μάν;	
πãδ°	οὐχὶ θύσιμός ἐστι;	
ΔΙ.	κέρκον οὐκ ἔχε	L. 785
ΜΕ. νέα γάμ	ρ ἐστιν· ἀλλὰ δελφακουμένα	
έξει με		
	εγάλαν τε καὶ παχεῖαν κἠρυθράν.	

 ⁽²⁾ το γυναικεῖον αίδοῖον, doubtless portrayed on the σάκκος": R.
 i.e. flavoured with thyme.

THE ACHARNIANS, 768-787

A Megara piggie. MEG. What! no a piggie that? a It doesn't seem so. DI. 'Tis awfu'! Och the disbelievin' carle! MEG. Uphaudin' she's na piggie! Will ye wad, My cantie frien', a pinch o' thymy b saut She's no a piggie in the Hellanian use o? A human being's-DI. Weel, by Diocles. MEG. She's mine; wha's piggie did ye think she was? Mon? wad ye hear them skirlin'? By the Powers, DI. I would indeed. Now piggies, skirl awa'. MEG. Ye winna? winna skirl, ye graceless hizzies? By Hairmes then I'se tak' ye hame again. Wee! wee! wee! GIRLS. This no a piggie? MEG. Faith, it seems so now, DI. But 'twont remain so for five years I'm think-Trowth, tak' my word for't, she'll be like her MEG. mither. DI. But she's no good for offerings. What for no? MEG. What for nae guid for offerins? DI. She's no tail.d Aweel, the puir wee thing, she's owre young MEG. yet. But when she's auld, she'll have a gawcie tail.

* i.e. in the Hellenic tongue.

* Therefore not "without blemish" and so unfit for sacrifice.

ME. δμοματρία γάρ ἐστι κἠκ τωὐτῶ πατρός. αἰ δ' ἂν παχυνθῆ κἀναχνοιανθῆ τριχί, κάλλιστος ἔσται χοῖρος 'Αφροδίτα θύειν. ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ χοῖρος τὰφροδίτη θύεται. ΜΕ. οὐ χοῖρος 'Αφροδίτα; μόνα γα δαιμόνων. καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρῆς 795 ἄδιστον ἂν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. ΔΙ. ἤδη δ' ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. ΔΙ. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. δοι οξὲῦ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οδον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ΔΙ.	άλλ' αἰ τράφεν λῆς, ἄδε τοι χοιρος καλά. ὡς ξυγγενὴς ὁ κύσθος αὐτῆς θατέρα.	
αἰ δ' ἄν παχυνθῆ κἀναχνοιανθῆ τριχί, κάλλιστος ἔσται χοῖρος 'Αφροδίτα θύειν. Δι. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ χοῖρος τἀφροδίτη θύεται. ΜΕ. οὐ χοῖρος 'Αφροδίτα; μόνα γα δαιμόνων. καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρῆς 795 ἄδιστον ᾶν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. Δι. ἤδη δ' ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. Δι. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. Δι. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δι. ιί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δι. ιός ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ώς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ME.	δυρματρία νάρ έστι κήκ τωὐτῶ πατρός.	790
κάλλιστος ἔσται χοῖρος ᾿Αφροδίτα θύειν. Δι. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ χοῖρος τἀφροδίτη θύεται. ΜΕ. οὐ χοῖρος ᾿Αφροδίτα; μόνα γα δαιμόνων. καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρῆς 795 ἄδιστον ᾶν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. Δι. ἤδη δ᾽ ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. ΔΙ. τί δ᾽ ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ᾽ ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ᾽ ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. ιός ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ᾽, ὧ πολυτίμηθ᾽ Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί᾽; ώς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ᾽ οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		αί δ' αν πανυνθη κάναγνοιανθη τριχί,	
ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ χοῖρος τἀφροδίτῃ θύεται. ΜΕ. οὐ χοῖρος ᾿Αφροδίτᾳ; μόνᾳ γα δαιμόνων. καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρῆς 795 ἄδιστον ᾶν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. ΔΙ. ἤδη δ᾽ ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. ΔΙ. τί δ᾽ ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ᾽ ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ᾽ ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ᾶν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. ιός ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ᾽, ὧ πολυτίμηθ᾽ Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί᾽; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ᾽ οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		ικάλλιστος έσται γοίρος 'Αφροδίτα θύειν.	
 ΜΕ. οὐ χοῖρος ᾿Αφροδίτᾳ; μόνᾳ γα δαιμόνων. καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρῆς 795 ἄδιστον ᾶν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. ΔΙ. ἤδη δ᾽ ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. ΔΙ. τί δ᾽ ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ᾽ ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ᾽ ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ᾶν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. κοτ. κοτ. κοτ. κοτ. κοτ. κοτ. κοτ.		λίν ονώ νοίοος πάφορδίση θύεται.	
καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρῆς 795 ἄδιστον ἂν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. Δι. ἤδη δ' ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδα, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. Δι. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. Δι. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. 800 Δι. τρώγοις ᾶν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. ιός ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ώς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		αλλ θοχί χοιρος ταφροσσίες σου δαμιόνων.	
άδιστον ἃν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον. Δι. ἤδη δ' ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδα, κᾶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. Δι. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. Δι. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. 800 Δι. τρώγοις ᾶν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. τί δαὶ; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. Δι. ὑς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ME.	ου χοιρος Αφροστά, μονά γα σασμονών	705
ΔΙ. ἤδη δ' ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν; ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδα, κῶν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. ΔΙ. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἄν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. ιώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οδον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ώς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		και γιγνεταί γα τάνοε ταν χοιρών το κρης	180
ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κἂν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρός. ΔΙ. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ι ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		αδιστον αν τον οδελον αμπεπαρμένου.	
Δ1. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα; ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδῷς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἄν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοτ, κοτ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ΔI .	ήδη δ΄ ανευ της μητρος εσθιοιέν αν;	
ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδώς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ᾶν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ME.	ναί τον Ποτειδά, καν άνευ γα τω πατρος.	
ΜΕ. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδώς. αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. ΔΙ. χοῖρε χοῖρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ᾶν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ΔΙ.	τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα;	
ΔΙ. χοιρε χοιρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ἑοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810		πάνθ' ἄ κα διδώς.	
ΔΙ. χοιρε χοιρε. ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. 800 ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ἑοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810		αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη.	
ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ὡς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	۸۱.	χοιρε χοιρε.	
Δ1. τρώγοις ἃν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οδον ῥοθιάζουσ, ῷ πολυτίμηθ, Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ, οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		κοΐ, κοΐ.	800
κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; κο. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἆρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.			
ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἷον ῥοθιάζουσ, ὧ πολυτίμηθ, Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ, οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		1401 1401	
κοι, κοι. Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; κο. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ροθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810	KU. A		
Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; κο. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. ὡς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οῖον ῥοθιάζουσ, ῷ πολυτίμηθ, Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ, οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.			
 κοι, κοι, κοι. Δι. ώς όξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810 	KO.		
 κοι, κοι, κοι. Δι. ώς όξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810 	Δ1.	τι οαι συ; τρωγοις αν;	
ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων 805 τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἄρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οῖον ροθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' Ἡράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810	KO.	B. Rot, Rot, Rot.	
τοίς χοιριδίοισιν. ἆρα τρώξονται; βαβαί, οἶον ροθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' 'Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὧς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	ΔI.	ώς όξυ πρός τας ισχασας κεκραγατε.	
οΐον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' `Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὔτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		ένεγκάτω τις ένδοθεν των ισχάδων	805
οΐον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' `Ηράκλεις. ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὔτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.		τοις χοιριδίοισιν. άρα τρώξονται; βαβαί,	
ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνεται. ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὔτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810		οίον ροθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' Ἡράκλεις.	
 ΜΕ. ἀλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ἰσχάδας, ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν. 810 		ποδαπά τὰ γοιρί; ώς Τραγασαία φαίνεται	
έγὼ γὰρ αὐτῶν τάνδε μίαν άνειλόμαν. 810	ME.	άλλ' οὖτι πάσας κατέτραγον τὰς ίσχάδας,	
	1414	ένω ναρ αὐτων τάνδε μίαν ἀνειλόμαν.	810
			_

δ Τραγασαΐα with a play on τραγείν, to eat; Tragassae was

^a Phibalis was a low-lying district of Megara bordering

THE ACHARNIANS, 788-810

But wad ye rear them, here's a bonnie piggie! Why she's the staring image of the other. DI. They're o' ane father an' ane mither, baith. MEG. But bide a wee, an' when she's fat an' curlie She'll be an offerin' gran' for Aphrodite. A pig's no sacrifice for Aphrodite. DT. What, no for Her! Mon, for hirsel' the lane. MEG. Why there's nae flesh sae tastie as the flesh O' thae sma piggies, roastit on a spit. But can they feed without their mother vet? DI. Poteidan, ves! withouten father too. MEG. What will they eat most freely? DT. Aught ye gie them. MEG. But spier yoursel'. Hey, piggy, piggy! DI. FIRST GIRL. Do you like pease, you piggy? FIRST GIRL. Wee, wee, wee! What, and Phibalean a figs as well? DI. Wee, wee! FIRST GIRL. What, and you other piggy? Wee, wee, wee! SECOND GIRL. Eh, but ye're squealing bravely for the figs. DI. Bring out some figs here, one of you within, For these small piggies. Will they eat them? Yah! Worshipful Heracles! how they are gobbling Whence come the pigs? They seem to me Aetallian.b Na, na; they haena eaten a' thae figs. MEG.

a small town near Troy. "'Eat-all-ians' in the translation is intended to recall *Aetolians*": R.

See here; here's ane I pickit up mysel'.

ΔI.	νη τον Δί' ἀστείω γε τω βοσκήματε	
	πόσου πρίωμαί σοι τὰ χοιρίδια; λέγε.	
ME.		
	τὸ δ' ἄτερον, αὶ λῆς, χοίνικος μόνας άλῶν.	
ΔI.	ωνήσομαί σοι περίμεν αὐτοῦ.	
ME.	ταῦτα δή.	815
	Έρμᾶ 'μπολαῖε, τὰν γυναῖκα τὰν ἐμὰν	
	ούτω μ' ἀποδόσθαι τάν τ' ἐμαυτῶ ματέρα.	
∑ YK(ΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ. ὧνθρωπε, ποδαπός;	
ME.	χοιροπώλας Μεγαρικός.	
MY.	τὰ χοιρίδια τοίνυν ἐγὼ φανῶ ταδὶ	
	πολέμια καὶ σέ.	
ME.		820
	ὄθενπερ ἀρχὰ τῶν κακῶν ἁμῖν ἔφυ.	
ΣΥ.	κλάων Μεγαριείς. οὐκ ἀφήσεις τὸν σάκον;	
ME.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ΔI.	ύπο τοῦ; τίς ὁ φαίνων σ' ἐστίν; 'Αγορανόμοι,	
		825
	τιὴ μαθών φαίνεις ἄνευ θρυαλλίδος;	
ĭY.	οὐ γὰρ φανῶ τοὺς πολεμίους;	
ΔI.	κλάων γε σύ,	
	εὶ μὴ ἐτέρωσε συκοφαντήσεις τρέχων.	
ME.	οίον τὸ κακὸν ἐν ταῖς ᾿Αθάναις τοῦτ᾽ ἔνι.	
ΔI.	θάρρει, Μεγαρίκ' άλλ' ής τὰ χοιρίδι' ἀπέδου	830
	τιμης, λαβέ ταυτί τὰ σκόροδα καὶ τοὺς άλας,	
	καὶ χαῖρε πόλλ'.	
ME.	άλλ' άμιν οὐκ ἐπιχώριον.	
ΔΙ.		
	έμοί.	
ME.	ῶ χοιρίδια, πειρησθε κἄνευ τῶ πατρὸς	
	παίειν ἐφ' ἀλὶ τὰν μᾶδδαν, αἴ κά τις διδῷ.	835
	•	

THE ACHARNIANS, 811–835

Upon my word, they are jolly little beasts. DI. What shall I give you for the pair? let's hear.

Gie me for ane a tie o' garlic, will ye, MEG. An' for the tither half a peck o' saut.

I'll buy them: stay you here awhile. DI.

Aye, aye. MEG. Traffickin' Hairmes, wad that I could swap Baith wife an' mither on sic terms as thae.

INFORMER. Man! who are you?

Ane Megara piggie-seller. MEG.

Then I'll denounce your goods and you yourself INF. As enemies!

Hech, here it comes again, MEG. The vera primal source of a' our wae.

You'll Megarize to your cost. Let go the sack. INF.

Dicaeopolis! Dicaeopolis! Here's a chiel MEG. Denouncin' me.

(Re-entering) Where is he? Market-clerks, DI. Why don't you keep these sycophants away? What! show him up without a lantern-wick? a

Not show our enemies up? INF.

You had better not. DI. Get out, and do your showing other-where.

The pest thae birkies are in Athans toun!

Well never mind, Megarian, take the things, DI. Garlic and salt, for which you sold the pigs. Fare well!

That's na our way in Megara toun. MEG. Then on my head the officious wish return! DI.

O piggies, try withouten father now MEG.

To eat wi' saut yere bannock, an' ye git ane.

MEG.

a There is a play on the double meaning of φαίνω, (1) "give light," (2) " lay an information." i.e. we always " fare ill."

ΧΟ. εὐδαιμονεῖ γ' ἄνθρωπος. οὐκ ἤκουσας οἶ προ-

το πραγμα του ρουλευματος; καρπωσεται γὰρ άνὴρ ἐν τἀγορᾳ καθήμενος:	
κἃν εἰσίη τις Κτησίας, ἢ συκοφάντης ἄλλος, οἰ- μώζων καθεδεῖται·	840
οὐδ' ἄλλος ἀνθρώπων ὑποψωνῶν σε πημανεῖ τι· οὐδ' ἐξομόρξεται Πρέπις τὴν εὐρυπρωκτίαν σοι, οὐδ' ἀστιεῖ Κλεωνύμῳ·	
χλαΐναν δ' έχων φανήν δίει· κοὐ ξυντυχών σ' Ύπέρβολος δικῶν ἀναπλήσει·	845
οὐδ' ἐντυχὼν ἐν τἀγορᾳ πρόσεισί σοι βαδίζων	
Κρατίνος ἀποκεκαρμένος μοιχὸν μιᾳ μαχαίρᾳ, ὁ περιπόνηρος ᾿Αρτέμων, ὁ ταχὺς ἄγαν τὴν μουσικήν, ὄζων κακὸν τῶν μασχαλῶν πατρὸς Τραγασαίου ·	850
οὐδ' αὖθις αὖ σε σκώψεται Παύσων δ παμπόνηρος,	
Λυσίστρατός τ' ἐν τἀγορᾶ, Χολαργέων ὅνειδος,	855
 α καταπυγών: Schol. Not the great Cr., but some young dandy, whose hair was 	

explain κείρεσθαι μοῖχον μ. μ. as a punishment for adultery.

Artemon was an engineer employed by Pericles in sieges.
Being lame, he had to be carried to the works in a litter, and so was nicknamed ὁ περιφόρητος, which περιπόνηρος recalls. But the phrase Περιφόρητος 'Αρτέμων was also a proverbial saying derived from an earlier Artemon, satirized by Anacreon

"trimmed adulterer-wise" with a razor ($\mu_i \hat{a} \mu_i$ as opposed to "double-bladed scissors); see R. But L. & S. (s.v., $\mu_0 i \chi \delta s$)

THE ACHARNIANS, 836-855

CHOR. A happy lot the man has got:

his scheme devised with wondrous art

Proceeds and prospers as you see;

and now he'll sit in his private Mart

The fruit of his bold design to reap.

And O if a Ctesias come this way,

Or other informers vex us, they

Will soon for their trespass weep.

No sneak shall grieve you buying first the fish you wanted to possess,

No Prepis a on your dainty robes

wipe off his utter loathsomeness.

You'll no Cleonymus jostle there;

But all unsoiled through the Mart you'll go,

And no Hyperbolus b work you woe

With writs enough and to spare.

Never within these bounds shall walk

the little fop we all despise,

The young Cratinus o neatly shorn

with single razor wanton-wise,

That Artemon-engineer of ill,d

Whose father sprang from an old he-goat,

And father and son, as ye all may note,

Are rank with its fragrance still.

No Pauson, scurvy knave, shall here insult you in the market-place,

No vile Lysistratus, to all

Cholargian folk a dire disgrace,

as a rascal ($\pi \delta \nu \eta \rho \sigma s$) who, having become wealthy, was noted for his luxury and never moved except on a litter; see Plut. *Pericles*, ch. 27.

For Τραγασαίου see 808; here the name is only introduced

to suggest τράγος " a he-goat."

A starveling painter and caricaturist.

ό περιαλουργός τοις κακοις, ριγών τε καὶ πεινών ἀεὶ πλειν ἢ τριάκονθ' ἡμέρας τοῦ μηνὸς ἐκάστου.

ΒΟΙΩΤΟΣ. ἴττω Ἡρακλῆς, ἔκαμόν γατὰν τύλαν κακῶς. 860 κατάθου τὺ τὰν γλάχων ἀτρέμας, Ἰσμήνιχε ὑμὲς δ', ὅσοι Θείβαθει αὐληταὶ πάρα, τοῖς ὀστίνοις φυσεῖτε τὸν πρωκτὸν κυνός.
ΔΙ. παῦ ἐς κόρακας. οἱ σφῆκες οὐκ ἀπὸ τῶν

ΔΙ. παῦ' ἐς κόρακας. οἱ σφῆκες οὐκ ἀπὸ τῶν θυρῶν;

πόθεν προσέπτανθ' οἱ κακῶς ἀπολούμενοι ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν μοι Χαιριδεῖς βομβαύλιοι;

865

ΒΟΙ. νεὶ τον Ἰόλαον, ἐπιχαρίττως γ', ὧ ξένε· Θείβαθε γὰρ φυσᾶντες ἐξόπισθέ μου τἄνθεια τᾶς γλάχωνος ἀπέκιξαν χαμαί. ἀλλ' εἴ τι βούλει, πρίασο, τῶν ἐγὼ φέρω, 870 τῶν ὀρταλίχων, ἢ τῶν τετραπτερυλλίδων.

Δ χαίρε, κολλικοφάγε Βοιωτίδιον.
 τί φέρεις;

BOI. ὄσ' ἐστὶν ἀγαθὰ Βοιωτοῖς ἁπλῶς, ὀρίγανον, γλαχώ, ψιάθως, θρυαλλίδας, νάσσας, κολοιώς, ἀτταγᾶς, φαλαρίδας, 875 τροχίλως, κολύμβως.

ΔΙ. ώσπερεὶ χειμὼν ἄρα ὀρνιθίας εἰς τὴν ἀγορὰν ἐλήλυθας.

^a δοτίνοις, sc. αὐλοῖς, the pipes being made of bone. Many suppose τὸν π . κυνός to describe the tune they are to strike up, but R. thinks that they play a sort of bagpipes made of dog-skin, so that π . κυνός may be taken literally.

See Index, s.v. Chaeris.
 όρταλίχων = άλεκτρυόνων in the Boeotian dialect: Schol.

THE ACHARNIANS, 856-877

That deep-dyed sinner, that low buffoon, Who always shivers and hungers sore Full thirty days, or it may be more, In every course of the moon.

BOEOTIAN. Hech sirs, my shouther's sair, wat Heracles!

Ismeny lad, pit doon thae pennyroyal

Wi' tentie care. Pipers wha cam' frae Thaibes

Blaw oop the auld tyke's hurdies wi' the banes. a

DI. Hang you! shut up! Off from my doors, you wasps!

Whence flew these curst Chaeridian b bumbledrones

Here, to my door? Get to the ravens! Hence!

BOE. An' recht ye are, by Iolaus, stranger.

They've blawn behint me a' the wa' frae

Thaibes.

An' danged the blossom aff my pennyroyal. But buy, an't please you, onie thing I've got, Some o' thae cleckin'e or thae four-winged gear.d

DI. O welcome, dear Boeotian muffin-eater, What have you there?

Mats, dittany, pennyroyal, lantern-wicks,
An' dooks, an' kaes, an' francolins, an' coots,
Plivers an' divers.

DI. Eh? Why then, methinks,
You've brought fowl weather to my marketplace.

α τετραπτερυλλίδων is a surprise for τετραπόδων.

BOI.	καὶ μὰν φέρω χᾶνας, λαγώς, ἀλώπεκας,	
•	σκάλοπας, έχίνως, αἰελούρως, πικτίδας,	
	ικτίδας, ενύδριας, εγχέλεις Κωπαίδας.	880
AT.	ὧ τερπνότατον σὰ τέμαχος ἀνθρώποις φέρων,	
۵.,	δός μοι προσειπεῖν, εἰ φέρεις, τὰς ἐγχέλεις.	
DOT.	/ O / W S 100 0 0 0 11	
BOI.	ἔκβαθι τῶδε, κἠπιχάριτται τῷ ξένῳ.	
	ω φιλτάτη σὺ καὶ πάλαι ποθουμένη,	885
Δ1.	Tion and who makes not be property	000
	ηλθες ποθεινή μεν τρυγωδικοίς χοροίς,	
	φίλη δε Μορύχω. δμωες, εξενέγκατε	
	την ἐσχάραν μοι δεθρο καὶ την ριπίδα.	
	σκέψασθε, παίδες, την αρίστην έγχελυν,	
	ηκουσαν έκτω μόλις έτει ποθουμένην	890
	προσείπατ' αὐτήν, ὧ τέκν' . ἄνθρακας δ' έγὼ)
	ύμιν παρέξω τησδε της ξένης χάριν.	
	άλλ' ἔκφερ' αὐτήν· μηδὲ γὰρ θανών ποτε	
	σοῦ χωρίς είην έντετευτλανωμένης.	
BOI.	έμοι δὲ τιμὰ τᾶσδε πᾶ γενήσεται;	895
Δī.	άγορας τέλος ταύτην γέ που δώσεις έμοί·	
	άλλ' εἴ τι πωλεῖς τῶνδε τῶν ἄλλων, λέγε.	
ROI	ιώγα ταθτα πάντα.	
ΔΙ.	φέρε, πόσου λέγεις;	
Д1.		
201	η φορτί' ἔτερ' ἐντεῦθεν ἐκεῖσ' ἄξεις; ἰὼ	
BOI.		900
	ο τι γ' ἔστ' ἐν 'Αθάναις, ἐν Βοιωτοῖσιν δὲ μή	
	A parody of Aesch. Fr. 174 δέσποινα πεντήκοντα Νηρήδων	,
κορών		

b "He is thinking of the ἐπυίκια, the triumphal banquet to which the Chorus would presently be invited by the Choregus": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 878-900

Aye, an' I'm bringin' maukins, geese, an' tods BOE. Easels an' weasels, urchins, moles, an' cats, An' otters too, an' eels frae Loch Copaïs. O man, to men their daintiest morsel bringing. DI. Let me salute the eels, if eels you bring. Primest o' Loch Copaïs' fifty dochters a BOE. Come oot o' that; an' mak' the stranger welcome. O loved, and lost, and longed for, thou art DI. A presence grateful to the Comic choirs, b And dear to Morychus. Bring me out at once. O kitchen-knaves, the brasier and the fan. Behold, my lads, this best of all the eels, Six years a truant, d scarce returning now. O children, welcome her; to you I'll give A charcoal fire for this sweet stranger's sake. Out with her! Never may I lose again, Not even in death, my darling dressed inbeet. Whaur sall I get the siller for the feesh? BOE. This you shall give me as a market-toll. DI. But tell me, are these other things for sale? Aye are they, a' thae goods. BOE. And at what price? DI.

Or would you swap for something else?
I'se swap
For gear we haena, but ye Attics hae.

^o A famous epicure; cf. W. 506, P. 1008.

BOE.

^d i.e. since the beginning of the war.
A parody of the conclusion of Admetus's address to his wife who is giving her life for his, Eur. Alc. 367 μηδὲ γὰρ θανών ποτε | σοῦ χωρὶς εἴην, τῆς μόνης πιστῆς ἐμοί.

87

ΔΙ.	ἀφύας ἄρ' ἄξεις πριάμενος Φαληρικάς	
	η κέραμον.	
BOI.	ἀφύας ἢ κέραμον; ἀλλ' ἔντ' ἐκεῖ·	
	άλλ' ὅ τι παρ' ἁμῖν μή 'στι, τῷδ∈ δ' αὖ πολύ.	
ΔI.	έγῷδα τοίνυν συκοφάντην ἔξαγε,	
	ωσπερ κέραμον ενδησάμενος.	
BOI.	νεί τὼ Σιώ,	905
	λάβοιμι μέντἂν κέρδος ἀγαγών καὶ πολύ,	
	άπερ πίθακον άλιτρίας πολλάς πλέων.	
	καὶ μὴν όδὶ Νίκαρχος ἔρχεται φανῶν.	
BOI.	μικκός γα μᾶκος οὖτος.	
ΔI.	άλλ' ἄπαν κακόν.	
NIK	ΑΡΧΟΣ. ταυτὶ τίνος τὰ φορτί' ἐστί;	
BOI.	$ au\omega\delta$ $\epsilon\mu\dot{a}$	910
	Θείβαθεν, ἴττω Δεύς.	
NI.	έγὼ τοίνυν όδὶ	
	φαίνω πολέμια ταῦτα.	
BOI.	τί δαὶ κακὸν παθών	
	όρναπετίοισι πόλεμον ήρω καὶ μάχαν;	
NI.	καὶ σέ γε φανῶ πρὸς τοῖσδε.	
BOI.	τί ἀδικειμένος;	
NI.	έγω φράσω σοι των περιεστώτων χάριν.	915
	έκ τῶν πολεμίων γ' εἰσάγεις θρυαλλίδας.	
ΔI.	έπειτα φαίνεις δητα διά θρυαλλίδος;	
	αύτη γὰρ ἐμπρήσειεν ἂν τὸ νεώριον.	
	νεώριον θρυαλλίς; οἴμοι, τίνι τρόπω;	
	ένθεις αν ές τίφην ανήρ Βοιώτιος	920
	αψας αν είσπέμψειεν ές το νεώριον	

^a Lit. "anchovies"; the Phaleric ones were noted, cf. B. 76.

THE ACHARNIANS, 901-921

Well then, what say you to Phaleric sprats,^a DI. Or earthenware? Sprats! ware! we've thae at hame. BOE. Gie us some gear we lack, an' ye've a rowth o'. I'll tell you what; pack an INFORMER up, DI. Like ware for exportation. Mon! that's guid. BOE. By the Twa Gudes, b an' unco gain I'se mak'. Takin' a monkey fu' o' plaguy tricks. And here's Nicarchus o coming to denounce DI. you! He's sma' in bouk. BOE. But every inch is bad. DI. NICARCHUS. Whose is this merchandise? 'Tis a' mine here. BOE. Frae Thaibes, wat Zeus, I bure it. Then I here NIC. Denounce it all as enemies! Hout awa! BOE. Do ye mak' war an' enmity wi' the burdies? Them and you too. NIC. What hae I dune ye wrang? BOE. That will I say for the bystanders' sake.d NIC. A lantern-wick you are bringing from the foe. Show him up, would you, for a lantern-wick? DI. Aye, for that lantern-wick will fire the docks. NIC. A lantern-wick the docks! O dear, and how? DI.

b The two gods $(\tau \dot{\omega} \theta \epsilon \dot{\omega})$ of a Boeotian are Zethus and Amphion. Some unknown sycophant. α τῶν περ. χάριν: apparently a favourite phrase with the

And sent it, lighted, down a watercourse e

If a Boeotian stuck it in a beetle,

NIC.

[&]quot; A water-channel by which the superfluous water was carried down from the city into the sea at the Peiraeus ": R.

δι' ύδρορρόας, βορέαν ἐπιτηρήσας μέγαν. κείπερ λάβοιτο των νεων το πυρ απαξ, σελαγοίντ' αν αίφνης.

ῶ κάκιστ' ἀπολούμενε. ΔΙ. σελαγοιντ' αν υπό τίφης τε καὶ θρυαλλίδος; 925

μαρτύρομαι.

ξυλλάμβαν' αὐτοῦ τὸ στόμα. ΔI. δός μοι φορυτόν, ιν' αὐτὸν ἐνδήσας φέρω, ωσπερ κέραμον, ΐνα μή καταγή φορούμενος.

ένδησον, ὧ βέλτιστε, τῷ στρ. XO. ξένω καλώς την έμπολην 930 ούτως όπως αν μη φέρων κατάξη.

έμοι μελήσει ταῦτ', ἐπεί ΔI. τοι καὶ ψοφεῖ λάλον τι καὶ πυρορραγές κάλλως θεοίσιν έχθρόν.

τί χρήσεταί ποτ' αὐτω: XO. πάγχρηστον άγγος έσται, 935

κρατήρ κακών, τριπτήρ δικών, φαίνειν υπευθύνους λυχνοῦχος, καὶ κύλιξ τὰ πράγματ' έγκυκᾶσθαι.

 $\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$ δ' \hat{a}_{V} $\pi\epsilon\pi$ σ θ σ θ σ σ σ άντ. 940 xo. γείω τοιούτω χρώμενος

a Dic. lays hands on Nicarchus who calls the world to witness the assault.

AT.

δικών, unexpectedly for έλαων. τριπτήρ is the vat into which the oil pressed from olives ran: the Informer squeezes " oil " from lawsuits.

THE ACHARNIANS, 922-941

Straight to the docks, watching when Boreas blew

His stiffest breeze, then if the ships caught fire.

They'd blaze up in an instant.

DI. Blaze, you rascal!
What, with a beetle and a lantern-wick?

NIC. Bear witness ! a

or. Stop his mouth, and bring me litter.

I'll pack him up, like earthenware, for carriage,
So they mayn't crack him on their journey
home.

CHOR. Tie up, O best of men, with care
The honest stranger's piece of ware,
For fear they break it,
As homeward on their backs they take it.

To that, be sure, I'll have regard;
 Indeed it creaks as though 'twere charred,
 By cracks molested,
 And altogether God-detested.

CHOR. How shall he deal with it?

For every use 'tis fit,

A cup of ills, a lawsuit ^b can, For audits an informing pan,^c A poisoned chalice Full filled with every kind of malice

CHOR. But who can safely use, I pray, A thing like this from day to day

^c Lit. "a lampstand to show up (cf. 826 n.) those who had to give in their accounts."

κατ' οἰκίαν τοσόνδ' ἀεὶ ψοφοῦντι;

ισχυρόν έστιν, ωνάθ', ωστ' Δ1. οὐκ ἂν καταγείη ποτ', εἴπερ έκ ποδών κατωκάρα κρέμαιτο.

945

ήδη καλώς έχει σοι. XO. μέλλω γέ τοι θερίδδειν. BOI.

άλλ', ὧ ξένων βέλτιστε, συν-XO. θέριζε, καὶ πρόσβαλλ' ὅπου βούλει φέρων πρός πάντα συκοφάντην.

950

ΔΙ. μόλις γ' ἐνέδησα τὸν κακῶς ἀπολούμενον. αἴρου λαβὼν τὸν κέραμον, ὧ Βοιώτιε. ΒΟΙ. ὑπόκυπτε τὰν τύλαν ἰών, Ἰσμήνιχε.

ΔΙ. χώπως κατοίσεις αὐτὸν εὐλαβούμενος. πάντως μεν οίσεις οὐδεν ύγιες, άλλ' όμως. καν τοῦτο κερδάνης άγων τὸ φορτίον, εὐδαιμονήσεις συκοφαντών γ' οὕνεκα.

955

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ. Δικαιόπολι.

τίς ἔστι; τί με βωστρεῖς; ΔI.

OFP.

έκέλευε Λάμαχός σε ταύτης της δραχμης 960 είς τους Χόας αυτώ μεταδούναι των κιχλών, τριών δραχμών δ' έκέλευε Κωπάδ' έγχελυν.

4 He had been warned off the markets, 722.

The second day of the Anthesteria, which R. would

THE ACHARNIANS, 942-962

In household matters, A thing that always creaks and clatters?

DI. He's strong, my worthy friend, and tough:
He will not break for usage rough,
Not though you shove him
Head foremost down, his heels above him

CHOR. (To Bosotian) You've got a lovely pack.

BOE. A bonnie hairst I'se mak'.

CHOR. Aye, best of friends, your harvest make,
And whereso'er it please you take
This artful, knowing
And best equipped informer going.

DI. 'Twas a tough business, but I've packed the scamp.

Lift up and take your piece of ware, Boeotian.

Boe. Gae, pit your shouther underneath, Ismeny.

DI. And pray be careful as you take him home.
You've got a rotten bale of goods, but still!
And if you make a harvest out of him,
You'll be in luck's way, as regards informers.

SERVANT. Dicaeopolis!

DI. Well? why are you shouting? SERV. Why?

Lamachus a bids you, towards the Pitcherfeast,^b

Give him some thrushes for this drachma here, And for three drachmas one Copaïc eel.

identify with the Lenaea, at which this play was presented. Those who attended the feast seem to have brought their own provisions.

93

ΔΙ. ὁ ποῖος οὖτος Λάμαχος τὴν ἔγχελυν;
ΘΕΡ. ὁ δεινός, ὁ ταλαύρινος, ὅς τὴν Γοργόνα
πάλλει, κραδαίνων τρεῖς κατασκίους λόφους. 965
ΔΙ. οὐκ ἄν μὰ Δί', εἰ δοίη γέ μοι τὴν ἀσπίδα·
ἀλλ' ἐπὶ ταρίχει τοὺς λόφους κραδαινέτω·
ἢν δ' ἀπολιγαίνη, τοὺς ἀγορανόμους καλῶ.
ἐγὼ δ' ἐμαυτῷ τόδε λαβὼν τὸ φορτίον
εἴσειμ' ὑπαὶ πτερύγων κιχλῶν καὶ κοψίχων. 970

Χο. είδες ῶ, είδες, ῶ [στρ. πᾶσα πόλι, τὸν φρόνιμον ἄνδρα, τὸν ὑπέρσοφον, οί³ ἔχει σπεισάμενος ἐμπορικὰ χρήματα διεμπολᾶν, ὧν τὰ μὲν ἐν οἰκία

ων τα μεν εν οικιά χρήσιμα, τὰ δ' αδ πρέπει χλιαρὰ κατεσθίειν.

αὐτόματα πάντ' ἀγαθὰ τῷδέ γε πορίζεται.

οὐδέποτ' ἐγὼ Πόλεμον οἴκαδ' ὑποδέξομαι, οὐδὲ παρ' ἐμοί ποτε τὸν 'Αρμόδιον ἄσεται ξυγκατακλινείς, ὅτι παροίνιος ἀνὴρ ἔφυ, 980 ὅστις ἐπὶ πάντ' ἀγάθ' ἔχοντας ἐπικωμάσας, εἰργάσατο πάντα κακὰ κἀνέτρεπε κάξέχει, κὰμάχετο, καὶ προσέτι πολλὰ προκαλουμένου,

975

^d For this drinking-song cf. 1093 n.

A soldier's fare, cf. 1101.

b i.e. the thongs described 724.
e "Between the marketing scenes and the banqueting scenes A. interposes an idyllic description of War and Peace": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 963-983

DI. Who is this Lamachus that wants the eel?

SERV. The dread, the tough, the terrible, who wields
The Gorgon targe, and shakes three shadowy
plumes.

DI. An eel for HIM? Not though his targe he gave me!

Let him go shake his plumes at his salt fish.

If he demur, I'll call the Market clerks.

Now for myself I'll corre all those things

Now for myself I'll carry all these things Indoors, to the tune o' merles an' mavises wings.

CHOR. Have ye seen him, all ye people, seen the man of matchless art, Seen him, by his private treaty,

traffic gain from every mart, Goods from every neighbour;

Some required for household uses; some 'twere pleasant warm to eat;

All the wealth of all the cities lavished here before his feet,

Free from toil and labour.

War I'll never welcome in

to share my hospitality,

Never shall the fellow sing

Harmodius d in my company,

Always in his cups he acts

so rudely and offensively.

Tipsily he burst upon

our happy quiet family,

Breaking this, upsetting that,

and brawling most pugnaciously.

Yea when we entreated him

with hospitable courtesy,

πίνε, κατάκεισο, λαβὲ τήνδε φιλοτησίαν, τὰς χάρακας ἦπτε πολὺ μᾶλλον ἔτι τῷ πυρί, ἐξέχει θ' ἡμῶν βία τὸν οἶνον ἐκ τῶν ἀμπέλων.

985

είδες ώς ἐπτέρω- [ἀντ. ταί τ' ἐπὶ τὸ δεῖπνον ἄμα καὶ μεγάλα δὴ φρονεῖ τοῦ βίου δ' ἐξέβαλε δεῖγμα τάδε τὰ πτερὰ πρὸ τῶν θυρῶν.

ῶ Κύπριδι τῆ καλῆ καὶ Χάρισι ταῖς φίλαις ἔύντροφε Διαλλαγή, ὡς καλὸν ἔχουσα τὸ πρόσωπον ἄρ' ἐλάνθανες.

990

πῶς ἂν ἐμὲ καὶ σέ τις "Ερως ξυναγάγοι λαβών, ὅσπερ ὁ γεγραμμένος, ἔχων στέφανον ἀνθέμων; ἢ πάνυ γερόντιον ἴσως νενόμικάς με σύ; ἀλλά σε λαβών τρία δοκῶ γ' ἂν ἔτι προσβαλεῖν· πρῶτα μὲν ἂν ἀμπελίδος ὅρχον ἐλάσαι μακρόν, 995 εἶτα παρὰ τόνδε νέα μοσχίδια συκίδων, καὶ τὸ τρίτον ἡμερίδος ὅρχον, ὁ γέρων ὁδί, καὶ περὶ τὸ χωρίον ἐλῷδας ἄπαν ἐν κύκλῳ,

o Though he is old he thinks that, if she marries him, he can "still throw into the bargain three things" which he then describes.

The κύλιξ φιλοτησία (cf. L. 203) was exactly our "loving-cup."
i.e. vine-props.

 $^{^{}d}$ $\dot{\eta}\mu\epsilon\rho ls$ seems to have been grown on lofty trellis-work, and originally on the walls of the dwelling-house; see R. 96

THE ACHARNIANS, 985-998

Sit you down, and drink a cup, a Cup of Love and Harmony,a All the more he burnt the poles b we wanted for our husbandry, Aye and spilt perforce the liquor treasured up within our vines. Proudly he prepares to banquet. Did ye mark him, all elate, As a sample of his living cast these plumes before his gate? Grand his ostentation! O of Cypris foster-sister, and of every heavenly Grace. Never knew I till this moment all the glory of thy face. RECONCILIATION! O that Love would you and me unite in endless harmony, Love as he is pictured with the wreath of roses smilingly. Mavbe you regard me as a fragment of antiquity: Ah, but if I get you, dear, I'll show my triple husbandry.º First a row of vinelets will I plant prolonged and orderly, Next the little fig-tree shoots beside them, growing lustily, Thirdly the domestic vine; a although I am so elderly. Round them all shall olives grow, to form a pleasant boundary.

H

97

VOL. I

κΗΡ. ἀκούετε λεώ· κατὰ τὰ πάτρια τοὺς χόας

ωστ' άλείφεσθαί σ' άπ' αὐτῶν κάμε ταῖς νουunviais.

1000

1015

πίνειν ύπο της σάλπιννος ος δ' αν έκπίη πρώτιστος, ἀσκὸν Κτησιφῶντος λήψεται. ΔΙ. ὧ παίδες, ὧ γυναίκες, οὐκ ἡκούσατε: τί δράτε: τοῦ κήρυκος οὐκ ἀκούετε; άναβράττετ', έξοπτᾶτε, τρέπετ', ἀφέλκετε 1005 τὰ λαγῶα ταχέως, τοὺς στεφάνους ἀνείρετε. φέρε τους οβελίσκους, εν' αναπείρω τὰς κίχλas. ζηλώ σε της εὐβουλίας, xo. μαλλον δέ της εὐωγίας. άνθρωπε, της παρούσης. 1010 ΔΙ. τί δητ', ἐπειδὰν τὰς κίχλας ὀπτωμένας ἴδητε; Χο. οξμαί σε καὶ τοῦτ' εδ λέγειν. τὸ πῦρ ὑποσκάλευε.

ήκουσας ώς μαγειρικώς XO. κομψώς τε καὶ δειπνητικώς αύτω διακονείται: ΓΕΩΡΓΟΣ. οίμοι τάλας.

Δĩ.

& 'Ηράκλεις, τίς ούτοσί: ΔI.

τε. ἀνὴρ κακοδαίμων.

κατὰ σεαυτόν νυν τρέπου. AT.

a Enter Crier, while the eccyclema exposes to view the interior of D.'s house.

b i.e. not an ordinary ἀσκὸς οἴνου, but a huge one made out of the skin of Ctesiphon who was παχύς και προγάστωρ: Schol.

[&]quot;The unwonted savour of the roasting and stewing meat has quite subdued the hearts of the old Acharnians ": R. 98

THE ACHARNIANS, 999-1019

Thence will you and I anoint us, darling, when the New Moon shines.

CRIER. O yes! O yes!

Come, drain your pitchers to the trumpet's sound,

In our old fashion. Whose drains his first, Shall have, for prize, a skin of—Ctesiphon.^b

DI. Lads! Lassies! heard ye not the words he said?

What are ye at? Do ye not hear the Crier? Quick! stew and roast, and turn the roasting flesh,

Unspit the haremeat, weave the coronals, Bring the spits here, and I'll impale the thrushes.

CHOR. I envy much your happy plan,^c I envy more, you lucky man,

The joys you're now possessing.

DI. What, when around the spits you see the thrushes roasting gloriously?

снов. And that's a saying I admire.

DI. Boy, poke me up the charcoal fire.

CHOR. O listen with what cookly art

And gracious care, so trim and smart, His own repast he's dressing.

FARMER. Alas! Alas!

O Heracles, who's there?

FAR. An ill-starred man.

DI. Then keep it to yourself.

^a Enter Dercetes an Athenian farmer. His farm was at Phyle just on the Attic side of a pass between Bocotia and Attica.

ΓE.	ῶ φίλτατε, σπονδαὶ γάρ εἰσι σοὶ μόνω,	1020
	μέτρησον είρήνης τί μοι, καν πέντ' έτη.	
ΔI.	τί δ' ἐπαθες;	
ΓE.	έπετρίβην ἀπολέσας τὼ βόε.	
ΔΙ.	$\pi \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$;	
ΓE.	άπὸ Φυλῆς ἔλαβον οἱ Βοιώτιοι.	
ΔI.	ῶ τρισκακόδαιμον, εἶτα λευκὸν ἀμπέχει;	
ΓE.	καὶ ταῦτα μέντοι νὴ Δί' ὥπερ μ' ἐτρεφέτην	1025
	έν πᾶσι βολίτοις.	
ΔI.	εἶτα νυνὶ τοῦ δέει;	
ΓE.	ἀπόλωλα τώφθαλμὼ δακρύων τὼ βόε.	
	άλλ' εἴ τι κήδει Δερκέτου Φυλασίου,	
	ύπάλειψον εἰρήνη με τώφθαλμὼ ταχύ.	
ΔI.	άλλ', ὧ πόνηρ', οὐ δημοσιεύων τυγχάνω.	1030
ΓE.	ίθ' ἀντιβολῶ σ', ήν πως κομίσωμαι τὼ βόε.	
ΔΙ.	οὐκ ἔστιν, ἀλλὰ κλᾶε πρὸς τοῦ Πιττάλου.	
	σὺ δ' ἀλλά μοι σταλαγμὸν εἰρήνης ἕνα	
	είς τὸν καλαμίσκον ἐνστάλαξον τουτονί.	
ΔI.	οὐδ' ἂν στριβιλικίγξ· ἀλλ' ἀπιὼν οἴμωζέ ποι.	1035
re.	οίμοι κακοδαίμων τοίν γεωργοίν βοιδίοιν.	1000
xo.	άνηρ ἐνεύρηκέν τι ταῖς	
	σπονδαῖσιν ἡδύ, κοὐκ ἔοι-	
	κεν οὐδενὶ μεταδώσειν.	
ΔI.	κατάχει σὺ τῆς χορδῆς τὸ μέλι τὰς σηπίας	
	στάθευε·	1041
xo.	ήκουσας δρθιασμάτων;	
ΔΙ.	οπτατε ταγχέλεια.	
	, X	

α ἐν πᾶσι βολίτοις (lit. in the midst of every kind of cow dung) is substituted for the expected ἐν πᾶσιν ἀγαθοῖς.
 b For δημοσιεύειν thus used of. Plato, Gorg. 514 D.
 c Probably one of the state doctors.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1020-1043

FAR. O—for you only hold the truces, dear—

Measure me out though but five years of

Peace.

Dr. What ails you?

FAR. Ruined! Lost my oxen twain.

DI. Where from?

FAR. From Phyle. The Boeotians stole them.

DI. And yet you are clad in white, you ill-starred loon!

FAR. They twain maintained me in the very lap Of affluent muckery.²

DI. Well, what want you now?

FAR. Lost my two eyes, weeping my oxen twain.

Come, if you care for Dercetes of Phyle,

Rub some Peace-ointment, do, on my two

eyes.

DI. Why, bless the fool, I'm not a public surgeon.

FAR. Do now; I'll maybe find my oxen twain.

DI. No, go and weep at Pittalus's c door.

FAR. Do, just one single drop. Just drop me here Into this quill one little drop of Peace.

DI. No, not one twitterlet; take your tears elsewhere.

FAR. Alas! Alas! my darling yoke of oxen.

CHOR. He loves the Treaty's pleasant taste;
He will not be, methinks, in haste
To let another share it.

Pour on the tripe the honey, you!

And you, the cuttle richly stew!

CHOR. How trumpet-like his orders sound.

DI. Be sure the bits of eel are browned.

ἀποκτενεῖς λιμῷ με καὶ XO. τούς γείτονας κνίση τε καὶ 1045 φωνή τοιαθτα λάσκων. ΔΙ. όπτατε ταυτί καί καλώς ξανθίζετε. παραντήφος. Δικαιόπολι. τίς ούτοσί: τίς ούτοσί; ΔĪ. ΠΑ. ἔπεμψέ τίς σοι νυμφίος ταυτί κρέα έκ τῶν γάμων. καλώς γε ποιών, όστις ήν. 1050 ΔI. ΠΑ. ἐκέλευε δ' ἐγχέαι σε, τῶν κρεῶν χάριν, ίνα μή στρατεύοιτ, άλλά βινοίη μένων, ές τον αλάβαστον κύαθον ειρήνης ένα. ΔΙ. ἀπόφερ' ἀπόφερε τὰ κρέα καὶ μή μοι δίδου, ώς οὐκ αν ἐγχέαιμι μυρίων δραχμων. 1055 άλλ' αύτηὶ τίς ἐστίν; ή νυμφεύτρια ΠA. δείται παρά της νύμφης τί σοι λέξαι μόνω. φέρε δή, τί σὺ λέγεις; ώς γέλοιον, ὧ θεοί, τὸ δέημα τῆς νύμφης, ὁ δεῖταί μου σφόδρα, όπως αν οἰκουρη τὸ πέος τοῦ νυμφίου. φέρε δεῦρο τὰς σπονδάς, ἵν' αὐτῆ δῶ μόνη.

ἀπόφερε τὰς σπονδάς. φέρε τὴν οἰνήρυσιν, ἐν' οἶνον ἐγχέω λαβών ἐς τοὺς χόας. 1065

νύκτωρ άλειφέτω τὸ πέος τοῦ νυμφίου.

ότιὴ γυνή 'στι τοῦ πολέμου τ' οὐκ ἀξία. ὕπεχ' ὧδε δεῦρο τοὐξάλειπτρον, ὧ γύναι. οἷσθ' ὡς ποιεῖτε τοῦτο; τῆ νύμφη φράσον, ὅταν στρατιώτας καταλέγωσι, τουτωὶ

α παράνυμφος Or πάροχος.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1044-1068

CHOR. The words you speak, your savoury rites,
Keep sharpening so our appetites
That we can hardly bear it.

DI. Now roast these other things and brown them nicely.

GROOMSMAN.a O Dicaeopolis!

DI. Who's there? who's there?

GR. A bridegroom sends you from his weddingbanquet

These bits of meat.

DI. Well done, whoe'er he is.

GR. And in return he bids you pour him out,
To keep him safely with his bride at home,
Into this ointment-pot one dram of Peace.

DI. Take, take your meat away; I can't abide it.

Not for ten thousand drachmas would I give
him

One drop of Peace. Hey, who comes here?
The bridesmaid

Bringing a private message from the bride.

DI. Well, what have you to say? What wants

the bride?

Affects to listen.

GR.

O heaven, the laughable request she makes To keep her bridegroom safely by her side. I'll do it; bring the truces; she's a woman, Unfit to bear the burdens of the war. Now, hold the myrrh-box underneath, my girl. Know you the way to use it? Tell the bride, When they're enrolling soldiers for the war, To rub the bridegroom every night with this. Now take the truces back, and bring the ladle. I'll fill the winecups for the Pitcher-feast.

χο. καὶ μὴν δδί τις τὰς ὀφρῦς ἀνεσπακώς ώσπερ τι δεινόν άγγελων επείνεται. 1070 κηρ. ιω πόνοι τε καὶ μάχαι καὶ Λάμαχοι. ΛΑ. τίς ἀμφὶ χαλκοφάλαρα δώματα κτυπεῖ; κΗΡ. ίέναι σ' ἐκέλευον οί στρατηγοί τήμερον ταχέως λαβόντα τους λόχους καὶ τους λόφους. κάπειτα τηρεῖν νιφόμενον τὰς εἰσβολάς. ύπὸ τοὺς Χόας γὰρ καὶ Χύτρους αὐτοῖσί τις ήγγειλε ληστάς έμβαλεῖν Βοιωτίους. ΛΑ. ὶω στρατηγοί πλείονες η βελτίονες. οὐ δεινὰ μὴ 'ξεῖναί με μηδ' έορτάσαι; ΔΙ. ἰὼ στράτευμα πολεμολαμαχαικόν. 1080 ΑΑ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, καταγελᾶς ἤδη σύ μου; ΔΙ. βούλει μάχεσθαι Γηρυόνη τετραπτίλω; AA. alaî. οΐαν ὁ κῆρυξ ἀγγελίαν ἤγγειλέ μοι. ΔΙ. αἰαῖ, τίνα δ' αὖ μοι προστρέχει τις ἀγγελῶν;

ΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ. Δικαιόπολι.

ΔΙ. ΑΓΓ. τί ἔστιν;

ἐπὶ δεῖπνον ταχὺ βάδιζε, τὴν κίστην λαβὼν καὶ τὸν χόα. ὁ τοῦ Διονύσου γάρ σ' ἱερεὺς μεταπέμπεται. ἀλλ' ἐγκόνει· δειπνεῖν κατακωλύεις πάλαι. τὰ δ' ἄλλα πάντ' ἐστὶν παρεσκευασμένα,

1085

b The vessel in which he carried his provisions; cf. Hom. Od. vi. 76. "Those who invited to a feast," says the

104

^a The meaning is: "Do you wish to fight with such a Geryon as I am, one who would encounter Hercules?" $\tau \epsilon \tau \rho a \pi \tau l \lambda \phi$ is substituted for the expected $\tau \rho \iota \kappa \epsilon \phi \delta \lambda \phi$, and Dic. must have tricked himself with four plumes to outdo the "three crests" (1109) of Lamachus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1069-1089

CHOR. But here runs one with eyebrows pucketed up.

Methinks he comes a messenger of well.

CRIER. O toils, and fights, and fighting Lamachusest.

LAM. Who clangs around my bronze-accounted halls?

CRIER. The generals bid you take your crests and cohorts,

And hurry off this instant; to keep watch Amongst the mountain passes in the snow. For news has come that at this Pitcher-feast Boeotian bandits mean to raid our lands.

LAM. O generals, great in numbers, small in worth!

Shame that I may not even enjoy the feast.

pr. O expedition battle-Lamachaean!

LAM. O dear, what you! Do you insult me too?

DI. What would you fight with Geryon, the fourwinged? a

LAM. O woe!

O what a message has this Crier brought me!

Oho! what message will this runner bring me?

messenger. Dicaeopolis!

pr. Well?

MESS. Come at once to supper,

And bring your pitcher, and your supperchest.^b

The priest of Bacchus sends to fetch you thither.

And do be quick: you keep the supper waiting.

For all things else are ready and prepared,

Scholiast, "furnished garlands, perfumes, sweetmeats, etc., and the guests brought provisions $(\dot{\epsilon}\psi\dot{\eta}\mu\alpha\tau a)$."

κλίναι, τράπεζαι, προσκεφάλαια, στρώματα, 1090 στέφανοι, μύρον, τραγήμαθ', αὶ πόρναι πάρα, ἄμυλοι, πλακοῦντες, σησαμοῦντες, ἴτρια, ὀρχηστρίδες, τὰ φίλταθ' 'Αρμοδίου, καλαί. ἀλλ' ὡς τάχιστα σπεῦδε.

ΛΑ. κακοδαίμων ἐγώ.

ΔΙ. καὶ γὰρ σὺ μεγάλην ἐπεγράφου τὴν Γοργόνα. 1095 σύγκλειε, καὶ δεῖπνόν τις ἐνσκευαζέτω.

ΛΑ. παι παι, φέρ' έξω δευρο τον γύλιον έμοί.

ΔΙ. παι παι, φέρ' έξω δεύρο την κίστην έμοί.

ΛΑ. άλας θυμίτας οίσε, παῖ, καὶ κρόμμυα.

Δι. ἐμοὶ δὲ τεμάχη κρομμύοις γὰρ ἄχθομαι. 1100

ΑΑ. θρίον ταρίχους οἶσε δεῦρο, παῖ, σαπροῦ.

ΔΙ. κάμοὶ σὺ δημοῦ θρίον ὀπτήσω δ' ἐκεῖ.

ΛΑ. ἔνεγκε δεῦρο τὼ πτερὼ τὼ κ τοῦ κράνους.

ΔΙ. ἐμοὶ δὲ τὰς φάττας γε φέρε καὶ τὰς κίχλας.

ΛΑ. καλόν γε καὶ λευκόν το τῆς στρουθοῦ πτερόν. 1105

Δι. καλόν γε καὶ ξανθὸν τὸ τῆς φάττης κρέας.

ΛΑ. ὧνθρωπε, παῦσαι καταγελῶν μου τῶν ὅπλων.

ΔΙ. ὧνθρωπε, βούλει μὴ βλέπειν εἰς τὰς κίχλας;

ΛΑ. τὸ λοφεῖον έξένεγκε τῶν τριῶν λόφων.

ΔΙ. κάμοι λεκάνιον των λαγώων δος κρεών.

ΛΑ. ἀλλ' ἢ τριχόβρωτες τοὺς λόφους μου κατέφαγον;

Δι. άλλ' ή πρό δείπνου την μίμαρκυν κατέδομαι;

1115

ΛΑ. ὧνθρωπε, βούλει μὴ προσαγορεύειν ἐμέ;

ΔΙ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐγὼ χώ παῖς ἐρίζομεν πάλαι. βούλει περιδόσθαι, κἀπιτρέψαι Λαμάχω,

^a The Scolium began Φ (λταθ' Αρμόδι', οὔ τί πω τέθνηκας, but A., "reading φίλταθ' as the neuter plural and combining 'Αρμόδι' οὐ into 'Αρμοδίου contrives to hint at the irregularities of this popular favourite": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1090-1115

The couches, tables, sofa-cushions, rugs, Wreaths, sweetmeats, myrrh, the harlotry are there,

Whole-meal cakes, cheese-cakes, sesame-, honey-cakes,

And dancing-girls, *Harmodius' dearest* ones.^a So pray make haste.

DI. Aye the great Gorgon 'twas you chose for patron.

Now close the house, and pack the supper up.

Boy, bring me out my soldier's knapsack here.

Boy, bring me out my supper-basket here.

LAM. Boy, bring me onions, with some thymy salt.

pr. For me, fish-fillets: onions I detest.

LAM. Boy, bring me here a leaf of rotten fish.

A tit-bit leaf for me; I'll toast it there.

LAM. Now bring me here my helmet's double plume.

pr. And bring me here my thrushes and ringdoves.

LAM. How nice and white this ostrich-plume to view.

DI. How nice and brown this pigeon's flesh to eat.

LAM. Man, don't keep jeering at my armour so.

pr. Man, don't keep peering at my thrushes so.

LAM. Bring me the casket with the three crests in it.

pr. Bring me the basket with the hare's flesh in it.

LAM. Surely the moths my crest have eaten up.

pr. Sure this hare-soup I'll eat before I sup.

LAM. Fellow, I'll thank you not to talk to ME.

pr. Nay, but the boy and I, we can't agree.
Come will you bet, and Lamachus decide,

b He addresses the "boy."

πότερον ἀκρίδες ήδιόν ἐστιν, ἡ κίχλαι; ΛΑ. οἴμ' ὡς ὑβρίζεις. τὰς ἀκρίδας κρίνει πολύ. ΔΙ. ΛΑ. παῖ παῖ, καθελών μοι τὸ δόρυ δεῦρ' ἔξω φέρε. ΔΙ. παι παι, σύ δ' ἀφελών δεθρο την χορδην φέρε. ΛΑ. φέρε, τοῦ δόρατος ἀφελκύσωμαι τοὔλυτρον. 1120 έχ', ἀντέχου, παῖ. καὶ σύ, παῖ, τοῦδ' ἀντέχου. ΔΙ. ΛΑ. τοὺς κιλλίβαντας οἶσε, παῖ, τῆς ἀσπίδος. ΔΙ. καὶ τῆς ἐμῆς τοὺς κριβανίτας ἔκφερε. ΛΑ. φέρε δεῦρο γοργόνωτον ἀσπίδος κύκλον. 1125 ΔΙ. κάμοὶ πλακοῦντος τυρόνωτον δὸς κύκλον. ΛΑ. ταθτ' οὐ κατάγελώς ἐστιν ἀνθρώποις πλατύς: ΔΙ. ταῦτ' οὐ πλακοῦς δῆτ' ἐστὶν ἀνθρώποις γλυκύς: ΛΑ. κατάχει σύ, παῖ, τοὔλαιον. ἐν τῷ χαλκίω ένορω γέροντα δειλίας φευξούμενον. ΔΙ. κατάχει σὺ τὸ μέλι. κἄνθάδ' ἔνδηλος γέρων 1130 κλάειν κελεύων Λάμαχον τον Γοργάσου. ΑΑ. φέρε δεῦρο, παῖ, θώρακα πολεμιστήριον. Δ1. έξαιρε, παῖ, θώρακα κάμοὶ τὸν χόα. ΛΑ. ἐν τῷδε πρὸς τοὺς πολεμίους θωρήξομαι. ΔΙ. ἐν τῷδε πρὸς τοὺς συμπότας θωρήξομαι. 1135 ΛΑ. τὰ στρώματ', ὧ παῖ, δῆσον ἐκ τῆς ἀσπίδος. ΔΙ. τὸ δεῖπνον, ὧ παῖ, δησον ἐκ της κιστίδος. ΛΑ. έγω δ' έμαυτω τον γύλιον οἴσω λαβών. ΔΙ. έγω δε θοιμάτιον λαβών εξέρχομαι. ΛΑ. τὴν ἀσπίδ' αἴρου, καὶ βάδιζ', ὧ παῖ, λαβών. 1140

νίφει. βαβαιάξ γειμέρια τὰ πράγματα.

a To which L. when at war will be reduced.

^b τὸν Γοργάσου, "son of Gorgasus" is merely another reference to his Gorgon shield.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1116-1141

Locusts a or thrushes, which the daintier are? Insolent knave! TAM. (To the boy) Locusts, he says, by far. DI. Boy, boy, take down the spear, and bring it LAM. here. Boy, take the sweetbread off and bring it here. DI. Hold firmly to the spear whilst I pull off LAM. The case. And you, hold firmly to the spit. DI. Boy, bring the framework to support my LAM. shield. Boy, bring the bakemeats to support my DI. frame. Bring here the grim-backed circle of the LAM. shield. And here the cheese-backed circle of the cake. DI. Is not this—mockery, plain for men to see? LAM. Is not this—cheese-cake, sweet for men to eat? DI. Pour on the oil, boy. Gazing on my shield, LAM. I see an old man tried for cowardliness. Pour on the honey. Gazing on my cake, DI. I see an old man mocking Lamachus.b Bring me a casque, to arm the outer man. LAM. Bring me a cask to warm the inner man. DI. With this I'll arm myself against the foe. LAM. With this I'll warm myself against the feast.c DI. Boy, lash the blankets up against the shield. LAM. Boy, lash the supper up against the chest. DI. Myself will bear my knapsack for myself. LAM. Myself will wear my wraps, and haste away. DI. Take up the shield, my boy, and bring it on. LAM. Snowing! good lack, a wintry prospect mine.

109

[•] θωρήσσεσθαι means either (1) " put on a breast-plate," or (2) " get drunk."

ΔΙ. αίρου τὸ δεῖπνον· συμποτικὰ τὰ πράγματα.

χαίροντες επὶ στραπιάν.
 ώς ἀνομοίαν ἔρχεσθον όδόν
 τῷ μὲν πίνειν στεφανωσαμένῳ, 1145
 τοὶ δὲ ρίγῶν καὶ προφυλάττειν,
 τῷ δὲ καθεύδειν
 μετὰ παιδίσκης ώραιοτάτης,
 ἀνατριβομένῳ τε τὸ δεῖνα.

'Αντίμαχον τὸν Ψακάδος, ξυγγραφέα, τῶν μελέων ποιητήν, [στρ. 1150 ώς μὲν ἀπλῷ λόγω κακῶς ἐξολέσειεν ὁ Ζεύς. ὅς γ' ἐμὲ τὸν τλήμονα Λήναια χορηγῶν ἀπεκλεισε δείπνων.

ον έτ' ἐπίδοιμι τευθίδος δεόμενον, ἡ δ' ἀπτημένη σίζουσα πάραλος, ἐπὶ τραπέζη κειμένη, ὀκέλλοι· κἦτα μέλ- λοντος λαβεῖν αὐτοῦ κύων ἀρπάσασα φεύγοι.

1160

ney return 1189. δ In 1149 το δείνα=το αιδοίον: Schol.

vears before.

a Exeunt Dic. and Lam., one to war the other to a banquet. They return 1189.

Otherwise unknown. He is called ὁ Ψακάδος "because always spitting": Schol. The "shutting out" of Aristophanes may have been when he produced the Δαιταλεῖς two

on its table (IV. 1216, "bring in the tables") and to "come ashore" or "land" just close to Antimachus. $\pi \delta \rho a \lambda o$ is explained by the Schol. either as "beside the salt" or "by the sea-shore." R. says it simply="marine," and that "the cuttle gliding along on its table is likened to "the famous state trireme Paralus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1142-1161

DI. Take up the chest; a suppery prospect mine.

CHOR. Off to your duties, my heroes bold.^a
Different truly the paths ye tread;
One to drink with wreaths on his head;
One to watch, and shiver with cold,
Lonely, the while his antagonist passes
The sweetest of hours with the sweetest
of lasses.^b

Pray we that Zeus calmly reduce

to destruction emphatic and utter That meanest of poets and meanest of men,

Antimachus, offspring of Sputter;

The Choregus who sent me away

without any supper at all

At the feast of Lenaea; I pray,

two Woes that Choregus befall.

May he hanker for a dish

of the subtle cuttle-fish a:

May he see the cuttle sailing

through its brine and through its oil,

On its little table lying,

hot and hissing from the frying,

Till it anchor close beside him,

when alas! and woe betide him!

As he reaches forth his hand

for the meal the Gods provide him,

May a dog snatch and carry off the spoil, off the spoil,

May a dog snatch and carry off the spoil.

τοῦτο μὲν αὐτῷ κακὸν ἔν κἦθ' ἔτερον νυκτερινὸν γένοιτο. [ἀντ.

ηπιαλών γὰρ οἴκαδ' ἐξ ἱππασίας βαδίζων, 1165 εἶτα κατάξειέ τις αὐτοῦ μεθύων τὴν κεφαλὴν 'Ορέστης

μαινόμενος δ δε λίθον λαβεῖν βουλόμενος, εν σκότω λάβοι τῆ χειρὶ πέλεθον ἀρτίως κεχεσμένον επάξειεν δ' έχων

1170

τον μάρμαρον, κἄπειθ' άμαρτὼν βάλοι Κρατῖνον.

ΘΕΡ. ὧ δμῶες οἱ κατ' οἶκόν ἐστε Λαμάχου, ὕδωρ ὕδωρ ἐν χυτριδίῳ θερμαίνετε· 1175 ὀθόνια, κηρωτὴν παρασκευάζετε, ἔρι' οἰσυπηρά, λαμπάδιον περὶ τὸ σφυρόν. ἀνὴρ τέτρωται χάρακι διαπηδῶν τάφρον, καὶ τὸ σφυρὸν παλίνορρον ἐξεκόκκισε, καὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς κατέαγε περὶ λίθον πεσών, 1180 καὶ Γοργόν' ἐξήγειρεν ἐκ τῆς ἀσπίδος. πτίλον δὲ τὸ μέγα κομπολακύθου πεσὸν

A foot-pad; cf. B. 712, 1491.

b In 1172 μάρμαρος, "a stone of bright spar," is a Homeric word (\mathcal{H} . xii. 380; Od. ix. 499) purposely substituted for $\pi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \theta \sigma$ s.

See 849.

^d Apparently the Gorgon on his shield is detachable.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1162-1182

Duly the first Woe is rehearsed;

attend whilst the other I'm telling.

It is night, and our gentleman, after a ride,

is returning on foot to his dwelling;

With ague he's sorely bested,

and he's feeling uncommonly ill,

When suddenly down on his head

comes Orestes's a club with a will.

'Tis Orestes, hero mad,

'tis the drunkard and the pad.

Then stooping in the darkness

let him grope about the place,

If his hand can find a brickbat

at Orestes to be flung;

But instead of any brickbat

may he grasp a podge of dung,

And rushing on with this, Orestes may he miss,

And hit young Cratinus o in the face, in the face,

And hit young Cratinus in the face.

ATTENDANT. Varlets who dwell in Lamachus's halls,
Heat water, knaves, heat water in a pot.
Make ready lint, and salves, and greasy wool,
And ankle-bandages. Your lord is hurt,
Pierced by a stake whilst leaping o'er a trench.
Then, twisting round, he wrenched his ankle
out.

And, falling, cracked his skull upon a stone; And shocked the sleeping Gorgon from his shield.^a

Then the Great Boastard's plume being cast away

πρός ταις πέτραισι, δεινόν εξηύδα μέλος:
"ὧ κλεινόν ὅμμα, νῦν πανύστατόν σ' ἰδών λείπω φάος τοὐράνιον οὐκέτ' εἴμ' ἐγώ."

1185 τοσαῦτα λέξας εἰς ὑδρορρόαν πεσὼν ἀνίσταταί τε καὶ ξυναντῷ δραπέταις, ληστὰς ἐλαύνων καὶ κατασπέρχων δορί.

δδὶ δὲ καὐτός ἀλλ' ἄνοιγε τὴν θύραν.

[στρ. 1190 ΑΑ. ἀτταταῖ, ἀτταταῖ. στυγερὰ τάδε γε κρυερὰ πάθεα· τάλας ενώ. διόλλυμαι δορός ύπο πολεμίου τυπείς. έκεινο δ' οὖν αἰακτὸν ᾶν γένοιτο, 1195 Δικαιόπολις εἴ μ' ἴδοι τετρωμένον, κατ' έγχάνοι ταις έμαις τύχαισιν. Γάντ. ΔΙ. ἀτταταῖ, ἀτταταῖ. των τιτθίων, ώς σκληρά καὶ κυδώνια. φιλήσατόν με μαλθακώς, ὧ χρυσίω, 1200 τό περιπεταστόν κάπιμανδαλωτόν. τὸν γὰρ χόα πρῶτος ἐκπέπωκα. ΑΑ. ὧ συμφορὰ τάλαινα τῶν ἐμῶν κακῶν. ιω ιω τραυμάτων ἐπωδύνων. 1205 Δι. ἰή, ἰή, χαῖρε Λαμαχίππιον. ΛΑ. στυγερός έγώ. μογερός έγώ. ΔI. ΛΑ. τί με σὺ κυνεῖς; τί με σὺ δάκνεις: ΔΙ. ΛΑ. τάλας ἐγὼ τῆς ξυμβολῆς βαρείας. 1210 ΔΙ. τοις Χουσὶ γὰρ τίς ξυμβολάς σ' ἔπραττεν; ΑΑ. ἰω ἰω Παιάν ἰω Παιάν. Δι. άλλ' οὐχὶ τήμερον Παιώνια.

^a Re-enter L. wounded, supported by attendants, and Dic. jovial between two courtesans.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1183-1213

Prone on the rocks, a dolorous cry he raised, O glorious Eye, with this my last fond look
The heavenly light I leave; my day is done.
He spake, and straightway falls into a ditch:
Jumps up again: confronts the runaways,
And prods the fleeing bandits with his spear.
But here he enters. Open wide the door.

LAM.^a O lack-a-day! O lack-a-day!
I'm hacked, I'm killed, by hostile lances!
But worse than wound or lance 'twill grieve me
If Dicaeopolis perceive me
And mock, and mock at my mischances.

O lucky day! O lucky day!
What mortal ever can be richer,
Than he who feels, my golden misses,
Your softest, closest, loveliest kisses.
'Twas I, 'twas I, first drained the pitcher.

O me, my woful dolorous lot!
O me, the gruesome wounds I've got!
DI. My darling Lamachippus, is it not?

LAM. O doleful chance!

DI. O cursed spite!

LAM. Why give me a kiss?

DI. Why give me a bite?

LAM. O me the heavy, heavy charge c they tried.
DI. Who makes a charge this happy Pitcher-tide?

LAM. O Paean, Healer! heal me, Paean, pray.

DI. 'Tis not the Healer's festival to-day.

δ In 1199 their breasts are compared to "quinces," μήλα κυδώνια; and 1201 describes δύο είδη φιλημάτων έρωτικῶν: Schol.

• Cf. 1000-2. In 1210 ξυμβολή is "a hostile encounter"; in 1211 the "contribution" made by a guest to a common

entertainment.

ΛА.	λάβεσθέ μου, λάβεσθε τοῦ σκέλους· παπαῖ, προσλάβεσθ', ὧ φίλοι.	1215
ΔΙ.	έμοῦ δέ γε σφὼ τοῦ πέους ἄμφω μέσου προσλάβεσθ', ὧ φίλαι.	
ΛА.	ὶλιγγιῶ κάρα λίθω πεπληγμένος, καὶ σκοτοδινιῶ.	
ΔΙ.	και σκοτοουτω. κάγὼ καθεύδειν βούλομαι καὶ στύομαι καὶ σκοτοβινιῶ.	1220
ΛА.	θύραζέ μ' έξενέγκατ' ές τοῦ Πιττάλου	
ΔI.	παιωνίαισι χερσίν. ώς τους κριτάς με φέρετε ποῦ 'στιν δ	
ΛА.	βασιλεύς; ἀπόδοτέ μοι τὸν ἀσκόν. λόγχη τις ἐμπέπηγέ μοι δι' ὀστέων ὀδυρτά.	1225
ΔΙ.	δρατε τουτονὶ κενόν. τήνελλα καλλίνικος.	
xo.	τήνελλα δητ', είπερ καλείς γ',	
ΔI.	ὦ πρέσβυ, καλλίνικος. καὶ πρός γ' ἄκρατον ἐγχέας ἄμυστιν ἐξέλαψα.	
xo.	τήνελλά νυν, ὧ γεννάδα· χώρει λαβὼν τὸν ἀσκόν.	1230
ΔI.	έπεσθέ νυν ἄδοντες ὧ	1200
xo.	τήνελλα καλλίνικος. άλλ' έψόμεσθα σὴν χάριν τήνελλα καλλίνικον ἄ-	
	δοντες σε καὶ τὸν ἀσκόν.	

a i.e. of the Pitcher-feast who are to award him the $a\sigma\kappa \delta s$ of s of s as the best drinker. But A. is also appealing to

THE ACHARNIANS, 1214-1234

LAM. O lift me gently round the hips, My comrades true!

DI. O kiss me warmly on the lips, My darlings, do!

LAM. My brain is dizzy with the blow Of hostile stone.

DI. Mine's dizzy too: to bed I'll go, And not alone.

LAM. O take me in your healing hands, and bring To Pittalus this battered frame of mine.

DI. O take me to the judges.^a Where's the King That rules the feast? hand me my skin of wine.

LAM. A lance has struck me through the bone So piteously! so piteously! (He is helped off the stage.)

DI. I've drained the pitcher all alone; Sing ho! Sing ho! for Victory.

CHOR. Sing ho! Sing ho! for Victory then,
If so you bid, if so you bid.

pr. I filled it with neat wine, my men,
And quaffed it at a gulp, I did.

CHOR. Sing ho! brave heart, the wineskin take, And onward go, and onward go.

DI. And ye must follow in my wake, And sing for Victory ho! sing ho!

CHOR. O yes, we'll follow for your sake
Your wineskin and yourself, I trow.
Sing ho! for Victory won, sing ho!

the πέντε κριταί of the theatrical contest to give the prize to him. βασιλεύs is the ἄρχων β, who presided at the Lenaea. b τήνελλα κ.: the opening of a Song of Victory by Archilochus; cf. B. 1764.



THE KNIGHTS

INTRODUCTION

This play was exhibited at the Lenaean festival, in February 424 B.C., and obtained the prize, Cratinus being second with the *Satyrs*, and Aristomenes third with the *Woodcarriers*.

It was an attack on Cleon, then at the height of his power; for a few months before he had by a lucky and extraordinary chain of events gained an

unequalled pre-eminence.

Cleon, a leather-seller, son of Cleaenetus, was a most persuasive orator, full of resource, but corrupt and rapacious beyond others; he amassed a huge fortune in his political life. His ignoble character is clear from the speech which Thucydides puts in his mouth, advocating the massacre of the people of Mitylene (iii. 36, iv. 21). He had long been a bitter assailant of Pericles; and when Pericles died, Cleon took his place as popular leader. But his success was due to the affair of Pylus.

Demosthenes, the Athenian general, had seized and fortified Pylus, a hill on the west of the Peloponnese, overlooking an important harbour which lay between the mainland and the island of Sphacteria. He intended to settle here the Messenian exiles who had settled at Naupactus, for this nation was the inveterate foe of Sparta. There his party was 120

THE KNIGHTS

attacked by the Spartans, who disembarked a large force upon the island opposite. The Athenian fleet came to the rescue, and blockaded this force in Sphacteria. The danger of their troops led the Spartans to sue for peace, which might then have

been had upon honourable terms.

But Cleon, who was no statesman, demanded such terms as were really out of the Spartans' power to grant; and when they did not reject even those, but proposed a conference, he procured that they should be rebuffed with contumely. He expected that the troops in Sphacteria would now surrender; but time went on, winter approached, and yet they held out. Suddenly an accidental fire cleared the island of its wood, and Demosthenes seeing his

opportunity, prepared to attack.

At Athens, disquieting rumours were rife; and Cleon accused the generals of cowardice; whereupon cries arose, asking why he did not go himself; and Nicias, who was present, offered to resign his post as Strategus in favour of Cleon. Thus driven into a corner, Cleon declared he would finish the business in twenty days; and taking a few hundred men with him, set sail for Sphacteria. When he arrived, he left Demosthenes to do all the work, to carry out, in fact, the scheme which he had already in hand; and when the general and his troops had won a complete victory, he returned with them and the prisoners to Athens, having himself done nothing whatever except to return within twenty days. This was in 425 B.C., and the Knights was exhibited at the Lenaea of the following year.

The "Knights" who compose the Chorus stand for the 1000 young men who constituted the

Athenian cavalry and, being drawn from the wealthier and more educated classes, are the natural enemies of demagogues. Demus is a respectable old householder who represents the sovereign people of Athens.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΔΗΜΟΣ

ΠΑΦΛΑΓΩΝ

olytra

ΝΙΚΙΑΣ ΔΗΜΟΣΘΈΝΗΣ

ΑΛΛΑΝΤΟΠΩΛΉΣ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΙΠΠΕΩΝ

ΙΠΠΕΙΣ

ΔΗΜΟΣΘΕΝΗΣ. 'Ιατταταιὰξ τῶν κακῶν, ἰατταταῖ. κακῶς Παφλαγόνα τὸν νεώνητον κακὸν αὐταῖσι βουλαῖς ἀπολέσειαν οἱ θεοί. ἐξ οῦ γὰρ εἰσήρρησεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν, πληγὰς ἀεὶ προστρίβεται τοῖς οἰκέταις. ΝΙΚΙΑΣ. κάκιστα δῆθ' οὖτός γε πρῶτος Παφλαγόνων αὐταῖς διαβολαῖς.
ΔΗ. ὧ κακόδαιμον, πῶς ἔχεις;
Νι. κακώς καθάπερ σύ.
ΔΗ. δεῦρό νυν πρόσελθ', ἵνα
ξυναυλίαν κλαύσωμεν Οὐλύμπου νόμον.
ΔΗ. καὶ ΝΙ. μὰ μῦ, μὰ μῦ, μὰ μῦ, μὰ μῦ, μὰ μῦ,
$\mu \dot{v} \ \mu \hat{v}$.
ΔΗ. τί κινυρόμεθ' ἄλλως; οὐκ ἐχρῆν ζητεῖν τινα σωτηρίαν νῷν, ἀλλὰ μὴ κλάειν ἔτι;
ΝΙ. τίς οὖν γένοιτ' ἄν; λέγε σύ.
ΔΗ. σὺ μὲν οὖν μοι λέγε,
ΐνα μὴ μάχωμαι.

a In the foreground is a loose arrangement of stones, which will, later on, be taken to represent the Pnyx. Behind are three houses; the central one, with a harvest-wreath over the door, is the abode of Demus; whilst the others serve for Paphlagon, who is Cleon, and the Sausage-seller. Out of the house of Demus run two slaves, howling; their masks represent the two famous Athenian generals, Nicias and Demosthenes. 124

THE KNIGHTS

DEMOSTHENES. O! O! This Paphlagon, b with all

his wiles,

This newly-purchased pest, I wish the Gods
Would "utterly abolish and destroy"!

For since he entered, by ill-luck, our house,
He's always getting all the household flogged.

NICIAS. I wish they would, this chief of Paphlagons,
Him and his lies!

DE.

Ha! how feel you, poor fellow?

NIC. Bad, like yourself.

Then come, and let us wail A stave of old Olympus, both together.

BOTH. (Sobbing) Mumu! Mumu! Mumu! Mumu! Mumu!

DE. Pah! What's the good of whimpering?
Better far

To dry our tears, and seek some way of safety. Which way? You, tell me.

DE. Rather, tell me you,
Or else we'll fight.

^b Παφλαγών, a servile name describing the slave's country; but also = "a blusterer," from παφλάζω, cf. 919.

⁶ πρῶτος: "first," ι.ε. "worst." διαβολή and διαβάλλω are used regularly of C.'s "slanderous accusations"; cf. Thuc. ii. 27. 4.

^d A famous legendary flute-player; here, however, spoken

of as a poet.

NIC.

125

NI.	μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὕ· ἀλλ᾽ εἰπὲ θαρρῶν, εἶτα κἀγὼ σοὶ φράσω.	15
ΔН.	πως αν σύ μοι λέξειας άμε χρη λέγειν;	
NI.	άλλ' οὐκ ἔνι μοι τὸ θρέττε. πῶς αν οὖν ποτε	
	εἴποιμ' ἂν αὐτὸ δῆτα κομψευριπικῶς;	
ΔH.	μή μοί γε, μή μοι, μη διασκανδικίσης	
		20
NI.	λέγε δή "μόλωμεν" ξυνεχες ώδι ξυλλαβών.	
ΔH.	καὶ δὴ λέγω· μόλωμεν.	
NI.	$\epsilon \mathcal{E} \dot{\alpha} \pi \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu \hat{\nu} \nu$	
	'' αὐτὸ '' φαθὶ τοῦ '' μόλωμεν.''	
ΔH.	αὐτό.	
NI.	πάνυ καλώς.	
	ώσπερ δεφόμενος νῦν ἀτρέμα πρῶτον λέγε τὸ ''μόλωμεν,'' εἶτα δ' '' αὐτό,'' κατεπάγων πυκνόν.	~~
		25
	μόλωμεν αὐτὸ μόλωμεν αὐτομολῶμεν.	
NI.	οὐχ ἡδύ;	
ΔH.	νη Δία, πλήν γε περί τῷ δέρματι	
	δέδοικα τουτονί τον οἰωνόν.	
NI.	τί δαί;	
ΔH.	ότιὴ τὸ δέρμα δεφομένων ἀπέρχεται.	
		30
	θεων ιόντε προσπεσείν του πρός βρέτας.	-
ΔH.	ποιον βρετετέτας ; έτεον ήγει γάρ θεούς;	
	έγωγε.	

¹ Most MSS. βρέτας: VM βρεττέτας. Schol βρετέττας: Rogers βρετετέτας, suggested also by Neil.

^a From Eur. *Hipp*. 345, where Phaedra urges the nurse to put in words what she shrank from saying herself.
^b An allusion to E.'s mother selling potherbs; *cf. A.* 478.
126

THE KNIGHTS, 14-33

DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues d is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods?		
You say it first, and then I'll say it after. O that thou said'st the thing that I would say. I've not the pluck. I wish I could suggest Some plan in smart Euripidean style. DE. Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil me; But find some caper-cutting trick from master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— NIC. What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	By Apollo, no not I.
DE. O that thou said'st the thing that I would say.a I've not the pluck. I wish I could suggest Some plan in smart Euripidean style. DE. Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil be me; But find some caper-cutting trick from master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		
NIC. I've not the pluck. I wish I could suggest Some plan in smart Euripidean style. DE. Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil be me; But find some caper-cutting trick from master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	DE.	
Some plan in smart Euripidean style. Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil be me; But find some caper-cutting trick cefrom master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. De. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues d is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	I've not the pluck. I wish I could suggest
DE. Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil b me; But find some caper-cutting trick c from master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		Some plan in smart Euripidean style.
But find some caper-cutting trick c from master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	DE.	Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil b
master. NIC. Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply? DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		•
DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. De. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		
DE. Of course I'll say it, sert. NIC. Now, after sert Say de. DE. De. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	Will you say sert, like that, speaking it crisply?
NIC. Say de. DE. De. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	DE.	Of course I'll say it, sert.
DE. NIC. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	
DE. NIC. Yes, that's very nicely said. Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. NIC. Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		Say de.
Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. There 'tis! DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	DE.	De.
Slowly at first, but quickening as you go. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. There 'tis! Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	Yes, that's very nicely said.
DE. Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert. There 'tis! Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		
Do you not like it? DE. Like it, yes; but— What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	DE.	
DE. Like it, yes; but— NIC. What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	
DE. Like it, yes; but— NIC. What? DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? DE. They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.		Do you not like it?
NIC. DE. There's an uncanny sound about desert. NIC. Uncanny? How? They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	DE.	Like it, yes; but—
NIC. Uncanny? How? They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	What?
They flog deserters so. NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues ^a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? I know it.	DE.	There's an uncanny sound about desert.
NIC. O then 'twere better that we both should go, And fall before the statues of the Gods. DE. Stat-at-ues a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? I know it.	NIC.	Uncanny? How?
And fall before the statues of the Gods. Stat-at-ues ^a is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? I know it.	DE.	They flog deserters so.
DE. Stat-at-ues ^d is it? What, do you really think That there are Gods? NIC. I know it.	NIC.	
NIC. I know it.	DE.	Stat-at-ues d is it? What, do you really think
dπόκινος: "a form of vulgar dance" Schol The	NIC.	
	c da	The

word also suggests "moving off."

^d The pious Nicias had in two tragic lines (cf. Aesch. P.V. 224; S.a.T. 92, 93) suggested a resort to prayer, but his teeth chattered as he pronounced βρέταs, and D. mocks him.

ΔН.	ποίφ χρώμενος τεκμηρίφ;	
NI.	ότιη θεοίσιν έχθρός είμ. ουκ είκότως;	
ΔН.	εὖ προσβιβάζεις μ'. άλλ' έτέρα ποι σκεπτέον. ε	35
	βούλει τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῖς θεαταῖσιν φράσω;	
NI.	ου χειρον έν δ' αυτούς παραιτησώμεθα,	
	ἐπίδηλον ήμιν τοις προσώποισιν ποιείν,	
	ην τοις έπεσι χαίρωσι και τοις πράγμασι.	
ΔH.	3' 3 7 10' - 13 0''	40
	ἄγροικος ὀργήν, κυαμοτρώξ, ἀκράχολος,	
	Δήμος Πυκνίτης, δύσκολον γερόντιον,	
	ύπόκωφον. οὖτος τῆ προτέρα νουμηνία	
	έπρίατο δοῦλον, βυρσοδέψην, Παφλαγόνα,	
	πανουργότατον καὶ διαβολώτατόν τινα.	45
	οὖτος καταγνοὺς τοῦ γέροντος τοὺς τρόπους,	
	δ βυρσοπαφλαγών, ύποπεσών τον δεσπότην	
	ήκαλλ', έθώπευ', έκολάκευ', έξηπάτα	
	κοσκυλματίοις ἄκροισι, τοιαυτὶ λέγων	
		50
	ένθου, ρόφησον, έντραγ', έχε τριώβολον.	
	βούλει παραθώ σοι δόρπον; εἶτ' ἀναρπάσας	
	ο τι αν τις ήμων σκευάση, τω δεσπότη	
	Παφλαγών κεχάρισται τοῦτο. καὶ πρώην γ'	
	, έμοῦ	
	μᾶζαν μεμαχότος ἐν Πύλω Λακωνικήν,	55
	πανουργότατά πως περιδραμών ύφαρπάσας	
	αὐτὸς παρέθηκε τὴν ὑπ' ἐμοῦ μεμαγμένην.	
	ήμας δ' απελαύνει, κουκ έα τον δεσπότην	

<sup>ὅτι εἰ μὴ ἢσαν θεοί, οὐκ ἀν ἤμην θεοῖς ἐχθρός. Schol.
Instead of his deme or place of residence, he is described as living in the Pnyx where public assemblies were held.
Beans were used for voting purposes.
Instead of " with little coaxing speeches" or the like.</sup>

THE KNIGHTS, 33-58

I'm such a wretched God-detested chap.a

Know it! How?

Well urged indeed; but seek some other way.
Would you I told the story to the audience?
NIC. Not a bad plan; but let us ask them first
To show us plainly by their looks and cheer
If they take pleasure in our words and acts.
DE. I'll tell them now. We two have got a master,
Demus of Pnyx-borough, b such a sour old man,

suming,c

DE.

NIC.

A trifle hard of hearing. Last new moon He bought a slave, a tanner, Paphlagon, The greatest rogue and liar in the world. This tanning-Paphlagon, he soon finds out Master's weak points; and cringing down before him

Quick-tempered, country-minded, bean-con-

Flatters, and fawns, and wheedles, and cajoles, With little apish leather-snippings,^d thus; O Demus,^e try one case, get the three-obol, Then take your bath, gorge, guzzle, eat your fill. Would you I set your supper? Then he'll seize A dish some other servant has prepared, And serve it up for master; and quite lately I'd baked f a rich Laconian cake at Pylus, When in runs Paphlagon, and bags my cake, And serves it up to Demus as his own. But us he drives away, and none but he

' μᾶζαν μεμαχότος (from μάσσω, knead) is a play on μάχην μεμαχημένου. Cleon is accused of filching from Demo-

sthenes the victory which he had all but gained.

^o Here Demus deserts the Assembly for his other favourite haunt, the δικαστήριον. There were 6000 dicasts and their fee was three obols a day (see IV. Introd.). Here Demus is to get a full day's pay for trying a single suit.

άλλον θεραπεύειν, άλλά βυρσίνην έγων δειπνούντος έστως αποσοβεί τούς ρήτορας. 60 άδει δέ χρησμούς. ὁ δὲ γέρων σιβυλλιᾶ. ό δ' αὐτὸν ώς όρα μεμακκοηκότα, τέχνην πεποίηται. τούς γάρ ένδον ἄντικρυς ψευδή διαβάλλει κάτα μαστιγούμεθα ήμεις. Παφλαγών δε περιθέων τούς οικέτας αίτει, ταράττει, δωροδοκει, λέγων τάδε. όρατε τον Τλαν δι' έμε μαστιγούμενον; εὶ μή μ' ἀναπείσετ', ἀποθανεῖσθε τήμερον. ήμεις δε δίδομεν εί δε μή, πατούμενοι ύπὸ τοῦ γέροντος ὀκταπλάσια γέζομεν. 70 νῦν οὖν ἀνύσαντε φροντίσωμεν, ὧναθέ, ποίαν όδον νω τρεπτέον και πρός τίνα.

ΝΙ. κράτιστ' ἐκείνην τὴν "μόλωμεν," ὧγαθέ.

ΔΗ. ἀλλ' οὐχ οἶόν τε τὸν Παφλαγόν' οὐδὲν λαθεῖν ἐφορῷ γὰρ αὐτὸς πάντ'. ἔχει γὰρ τὸ σκέλος 75 τὸ μὲν ἐν Πύλῳ, τὸ δ' ἔτερον ἐν τἢκκλησίᾳ. τοσόνδε δ' αὐτοῦ βῆμα διαβεβηκότος ὁ πρωκτός ἐστιν αὐτόχρημ' ἐν Χαόσι, τὼ χεῖρ' ἐν Αἰτωλοῖς, ὁ δὲ νοῦς ἐν Κλωπιδῶν.

ΝΙ. κράτιστον οὖν νῷν ἀποθανεῖν. ἀλλὰ σκόπει, 80ὅπως ᾶν ἀποθάνωμεν ἀνδρικώτατα.

Lit. "Thief-deme"; there was an actual deme Κρωπίδαι.

^a For the vogue of oracles at this time of. Thuc. ii. 8. 2; ii. 28. 3.

b The Xάονες are selected because the name suggests χαίνειν (ὡς εὐρύπρωκτον αὐτὸν διαβάλλει: Schol.) just as Αίτωλοῖς suggests αἰτεῖν "to beg."

THE KNIGHTS, 59-81

Must wait on master; there he stands through dinner

With leathern flap, and flicks away the

speakers.

And he chants oracles, a till the dazed old man Goes Sibyl-mad; then, when he sees him mooning,

He plies his trade. He slanders those within With downright hes; so then we're flogged,

poor wretches,

NIC.

NIC.

And Paphlagon runs round, extorting, begging,

Upsetting everyone; and Mark, says he, There's Hylas flogged; that's all my doing; better

Make friends with me, or sou'll be trounced to-day.

So then we bribe him off; or if we don't, We're sure to catch it thrice as bad from master.

Now let's excogitate at once, good fellow, Which way to turn our footsteps, and to whom. There's nothing better than my sert, good

fellow.

But nought we do is hid from Paphlagon.
His eyes are everywhere; he straddles out,
One foot in Pylus, in the Assembly one.
So vast his stride, that at the self-same

His seat is in Chaonia, and his hands Are set on Begging, and his mind on Theft. Well then, we had better dic; but just con-

sider

How we can die the manliest sort of death.

	πως δήτα πως γένοιτ' αν ανδρικώτατα;	
NI.	βέλτιστον ήμιν αξμα ταύρειον πιείν.	
	δ Θεμιστοκλέους γαρ θάνατος αίρετώτερος.	
ΔH.	μὰ Δί' ἀλλ' ἄκρατον οἶνον ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος.	85
	ίσως γάρ ἃν χρηστόν τι βουλευσαίμεθα.	
MI	ίδού γ' ἄκρατον. περὶ ποτοῦ γοῦν ἐστί σοι;	
741.	2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2° 2	
	πως δ' αν μεθύων χρηστόν τι βουλεύσαιτ'	
	ἀνήρ;	
ΔH.	άληθες, οὖτος; κρουνοχυτρολήραιον εἶ.	
	οίνον σύ τολμάς είς επίνοιαν λοιδορείν;	90
	οίνου γάρ ευροις ἄν τι πρακτικώτερον;	
	δρᾶς; όταν πίνωσιν ἄνθρωποι, τότε	
	πλουτοῦσι, διαπράττουσι, νικῶσιν δίκας,	
	εὐδαιμονοῦσιν, ώφελοῦσι τοὺς φίλους.	
	άλλ' έξένεγκέ μοι ταχέως οίνου χόα,	95
	τὸν νοῦν ἴν' ἄρδω καὶ λέγω τι δεξιόν.	00
NIT	οίμοι, τί ποθ' ήμας ἐργάσει τῷ σῷ ποτῷ;	
INI.	οιμοί, τι που τημας εργασεί τω σω ποτως	
ΔH.	άγάθ' άλλ' ένεγκ' έγω δε κατακλινήσομαι.	
	ην γάρ μεθυσθώ, πάντα ταυτί καταπάσω	
	βουλευματίων καὶ γνωμιδίων καὶ νοϊδίων.	100
NI.	ώς εὐτυχῶς ὅτι οὐκ ἐλήφθην ἔνδοθεν	
	κλέπτων τον οίνον.	
ΔH.	εἰπέ μοι, Παφλαγών τί δρậ·	
NI.	ἐπίπαστα λείξας δημιόπραθ' ὁ βάσκανος	
	ρέγκει μεθύων έν ταΐσι βύρσαις υπτιος.	
ΔH.	ίθι νυν, ἄκρατον ἐγκάναξόν μοι πολύν	105
	σπονδήν.	
NI.	λαβὲ δὴ καὶ σπεῖσον ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος.	
.,	rape of reason a factor of the post	

^a He is said to have so poisoned himself when unable to fulfil his promises to the Persian king; cf. Plut. Them. 31.

^b Lit. "having licked up cakes made out of confiscation sales, sprinkled with honey."

^c i.e. as a libation.

THE KNIGHTS, 82-106

The manliest sort of death? Let's see: DE. which is it?

Had we not better drink the blood of bulls? NIC. Twere fine to die Themistocles's death.a

Blood? no: pure wine, to the toast of Happy DE. Fortune !

From that we'll maybe get some happy thought.

Pure wine indeed! Is this a tippling matter? NIC. How can one get, when drunk, a happy thought?

Aye, say you so, you water-fountain-twaddler? DE. And dare you rail at wine's inventiveness? I tell you nothing has such go as wine.

Why, look you now; 'tis when men drink, they thrive,

Grow wealthy, speed their business, win their suits.

Make themselves happy, benefit their friends. Go, fetch me out a stoup of wine, and let me Moisten my wits, and utter something bright.

O me, what good will all your tippling do? NIC. Much; bring it out; I'll lay me down awhile; DE. For when I'm drunk, I'll everything bespatter With little scraps of schemes, and plots, and plans.

I've got the wine; nobody saw me take it. NIC. Wasn't that luck?

What's Paphlagon about? DE. Drunk! Snoring on his back amidst his hides, NIC. The juggler; gorged with confiscation pasties.b

Come, tinkle out a bumper of pure wine, DE. To pour.

Here, take; and pour to Happy Fortune. NIC.

	έλχ' έλκε την τοῦ δαίμονος τοῦ Πραμνίου.	
ΔН.	ῶ δαῖμον ἀγαθέ, σὸν τὸ βούλευμ', οὐκ ἐμόν.	
	εἴπ', ἀντιβολῶ, τί ἔστι;	
ΔH.	τους χρησμους ταχύ	
		110
	έως καθεύδει.	
NI.	ταῦτ'. ἀτὰρ τοῦ δαίμονος	
	δέδοιχ' όπως μη τεύξομαι κακοδαίμονος.	
ΔH.	φέρε νυν έγω μαυτώ προσαγάγω τον χόα,	
	τὸν νοῦν ἵν' ἄρδω καὶ λέγω τι δεξιόν.	
NI.	ώς μεγάλ' ὁ Παφλαγών πέρδεται καὶ ρέγκεται,	115
	ωστ' έλαθον αὐτὸν τὸν ἱερὸν χρησμὸν λαβών,	
	ονπερ μάλιστ' εφύλαττεν.	
ΔH.	ὧ σοφώτατε,	
	φέρ' αὐτόν, ἵν' ἀναγνῶ· σὰ δ' ἔγχεον πιεῖν	
	άνύσας τι. φέρ' ἴδω τί ἄρ' ἔνεστιν αὐτόθι.	
	ῶ λόγια. δός μοι δὸς τὸ ποτήριον ταχύ.	120
NI.	ίδού τί φησ' ὁ χρησμός;	
ΔH.	έτέραν ἔγχεον.	
NI.	έν τοις λογίοις ένεστιν " έτέραν έγχεον";	
ΔH.	& Βάκι.	
NI.	τί ἔστι;	
ΔH.	δὸς τὸ ποτήριον ταχύ.	
NI.	πολλώ γ' ὁ Βάκις έχρητο τώ ποτηρίω.	
ΔH.	ῶ μιαρὲ Παφλαγών, ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἐφυλάττου	
	πάλαι,	125
	τὸν περὶ σεαυτοῦ χρησμὸν ὀρρωδῶν.	
NI.	τιή;	
ΔH.	ένταῦθ' ἔνεστιν αὐτὸς ὡς ἀπόλλυται.	

^a He bids drink to "Good Luck" in good liquor. The fame of "Pramnian wine" is Homeric (Π . xi. 639; Od. iv. 235), but little else is known about it: see R.

THE KNIGHTS, 107-127

Quaff, quaff the loving-cup of PRAMNIAN a Fortune. O Happy Fortune, thine's the thought, not DE. mine! Pray you, what is it? NIC. Steal from Paphlagon, DE. While yet he sleeps, those oracles of his, And bring them out. I will; and yet I'm fearful NIC. That I may meet with most unhappy Fortune. Come now, I'll draw the pitcher to myself, DE. Moisten my wits, and utter something bright. Paphlagon's snoring so! He never saw me. NIC. I've got the sacred oracle which he keeps So snugly. O you clever fellow you, DE. I'll read it; hand it over; you the while Fill me the cup. Let's see: what have we here? O! Prophecies! Give me the cup directly. Here! What do they say? NIC. Fill me another cup. DE. Is that really there? Fill me another? NIC. O Bakis b! DE. Well? NIC. Give me the cup directly. DE. Bakis seems mighty partial to the cup. NIC. O villainous Paphlagon, this it was you feared, DE. This oracle about yourself! What is it? NIC.

DE.

Herein is written how himself shall perish.

b A Boeotian seer; cf. 1003 and Index.

NI.	καὶ πῶς;	
ΔH.	όπως; ό χρησμὸς ἄντικρυς λέγει	
	ώς πρώτα μέν στυππειοπώλης γίγνεται,	
		130
NI.	είς ούτοσὶ πώλης. τί τοὐντεῦθεν; λέγε.	
ΔH.	μετὰ τοῦτον αὖθις προβατοπώλης, δεύτερος.	
NI.	δύο τώδε πώλα. καὶ τί τόνδε χρη παθείν;	
ΔH.	κραπείν, έως έπερος ανήρ βδελυρώπερος	
	αύτοῦ νένοιτο μετά δὲ ταῦτ ἀπόλλυται.	135
	επινίννεται ναο βυρσοπώλης ο Παφλαγών,	
	αρπαξ κεκράκτης. Κυκλοβόρου φωνήν έχων.	
NI.	O / The first tentor traction	
	ύπὸ βυρσοπώλου;	
ΔН.	$ u\dot{\eta} \Delta i'$.	
NI.	οἴμοι δείλαιος.	
	πόθεν οὖν ἂν ἔτι γένοιτο πώλης εἶς μόνος;	140
ΔH.	ἔτ' ἐστὶν εἶς, ὑπερφυᾶ τέχνην ἔχων.	
NI.	είπ', ἀντιβολῶ, τίς ἐστιν;	
ΔH.	$\epsilon i \pi \omega$;	
NI.	νη Δία.	
ΔĦ.	άλλαντοπώλης έσθ' ὁ τοῦτον έξελων.	
NI.	άλλαντοπώλης; ὧ Πόσειδον τῆς τέχνης.	
	φέρε ποῦ τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον ἐξευρήσομεν;	145
ΔH.	ζητωμεν αὐτόν.	
NI.	άλλ΄ ὸδὶ προσέρχεται	
	ώσπερ κατὰ θεῖον εἰς ἀγοράν. ,	
ΔH.	ώ μακάριε	
	ἀλλαντοπῶλα, δεῦρο δεῦρ', ιδ φίλτατε,	
		-

a A demagogue; called Eucrates by the Scholiast; cf.
 254.
 b Lysicles; married Aspasia after the death of Pericles;

THE KNIGHTS, 128-148

NIC.	How shall he?
DE.	How? The oracle says straight out,
	That first of all there comes an oakum-seller a
	Who first shall manage all the State's affairs.
NIC.	One something-seller; well, what follows,
1110.	pray?
DE.	Next after him there comes a sheep-seller.
NIC.	Two something-sellers; what's this seller's
MIC.	fortune?
DE.	He'll hold the reins, till some more villainous
	rogue
	Arise than he; and thereupon he'll perish.
	Then follows Paphlagon, our leather-seller,
	Thief, brawler, roaring as Cycloborus or oars.
NIC.	The leather-seller, then, shall overthrow
	The sheep-seller?
DE.	He shall.
NIC.	O wretched me,
	Is there no other something-seller left?
DE.	There is yet one; a wondrous trade he has.
NIC.	What, I beseech you?
DE.	Shall I tell you?
NIC.	Aye.
DE.	A sausage-seller ousts the leather-seller.
NIC.	A sausage-seller! Goodness, what a trade!
	Wherever shall we find one?
DE.	That's the question.
NIC.	Why here comes one, 'tis providential surely,
	Bound for the agora.
DE.	Hi, come hither! here!
	You dearest man, you blessed sausage-seller!

fell in battle with the Carians 428 s.c. (Thuc. iii. 19); mentioned again 765.

	ἀνάβαινε σωτήρ τῆ πόλει καὶ νῷν φανείς.	
ΑΛΛΑ	ΝΤΟΠΩΛΗΣ. τί ἔστι; τί με καλείτε;	
ΔH.	δεῦρ' ἔλθ', ἵνα πύθη	150
	ώς εὐτυχής εἶ καὶ μεγάλως εὐδαιμονεῖς.	
NI.	ἴθι δή, κάθελ' αὐτοῦ τοὐλεόν, καὶ τοῦ θεοῦ	
	τον χρησμον αναδίδαξον αὐτον ώς ἔχει.	
	έγω δ' ίων προσκέψομαι τον Παφλαγόνα.	
AH.	άγε δή σὺ κατάθου πρώτα τὰ σκεύη χαμαί.	155
	έπειτα την γην πρόσκυσον καὶ τοὺς θεούς.	
Δ Λ	ίδού· τί ἔστιν;	
ΔH.	ὧ μακάρι', ὧ πλούσιε,	
ZZFI.	ῶ νῦν μὲν οὐδείς, αὔριον δ' ὑπέρμεγας:	
	ῶ τῶν ᾿Αθηνῶν ταγὲ τῶν εὐδαιμόνων.	
		100
AA.	τί μ', ὧγάθ', οὐ πλύνειν ἐᾶς τὰς κοιλίας	160
	πωλείν τε τους άλλαντας, άλλα καταγελάς;	
ΔH.	ῶ μῶρε, ποίας κοιλίας; δευρὶ βλέπε.	
	τὰς στίχας όρᾶς τὰς τῶνδε τῶν λαῶν;	
$A\Lambda$.	, , , , , , , , , δρω.	
ΔH .	τούτων άπάντων αὐτὸς ἀρχέλας ἔσει,	
	καὶ τῆς ἀγορᾶς καὶ τῶν λιμένων καὶ τῆς	
	πυκνός.	165
	βουλήν πατήσεις καὶ στρατηγούς κλαστάσεις,	
	δήσεις, φυλάξεις, εν Πρυτανείω λαικάσεις.	
AA.	έγώ;	
ΔH.	σὺ μέντοι· κοὐδέπω γε πάνθ' δρậς.	
	άλλ' ἐπανάβηθι κἀπὶ τοὐλεὸν τοδὶ	
	καὶ κάτιδε τὰς νήσους άπάσας ἐν κύκλῳ.	170
AA.	καθορῶ.	
ΔH.	τί δαί; τἀμπόρια καὶ τὰς ὁλκάδας;	

For ἀνάβαινε, which summons the second actor on to the stage, see R.
 λαικάσεις is a surprise instead of δειπνήσεις, the right 138

THE KNIGHTS, 149-171 Arise, a Saviour to the State and us.

SAUSAGE-SELLER. Eh! What are you shouting at?

And hear wour wonderful amazing luck

DE.

Come here this instant,

	ring near your wonderful amazing mer.
NIC.	Make him put down his dresser; tell him all
	The news about that oracle we've got.
	I'll keep an eye on Paphlagon the while.
DE.	Come, put you down those cookery imple-
	ments,
	Then make your reverence to the Gods and
	earth,—
s.s.	There! what's the row?
DE.	O happy man, and rich,
	Nothing to-day, to-morrow everything!
	O mighty ruler of Imperial Athens!
s.s.	Good fellow, let me wash the guts, and sell
	My sausages. What need to flout me so?
DE.	You fool! the guts indeed! Now look you
	here.
	You see those people on the tiers?
s.s.	I do.
DE.	You shall be over-lord of all those people,
	The Agora, and the Harbours, and the Pnyx.
	You'll trim the Generals, trample down the
	Council.
	Fetter, imprison, make the Hall your brothel.
s.s.	What, I?
DE.	Yes, you yourself! And that's not all.
22.	For mount you up upon the dresser here
	And view the islands all around.
s.s.	I see.
DE.	And all the marts and merchant-shins?

to dine in the Prytaneum being a well-known reward of public service; cf. 766.

139

πως οὖν οὐ μεγάλως εὐδαιμονείς;

AA. $\tilde{\epsilon}\gamma\omega\gamma\epsilon$.

ΔH.

	ἔτι νῦν τὸν ὀφθαλμὸν παράβαλλ' εἰς Καρίαν	
	τὸν δεξιόν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον εἰς Καρχηδόνα.	
ΑΛ.	εὐδαιμονήσω γ', εἰ διαστραφήσομαι.	175
ΔĦ.	οὖκ, ἀλλὰ διὰ σοῦ ταῦτα πάντα πέρναται.	
	γίγνει γάρ, ώς ό χρησμός ούτοσὶ λέγει,	
	ἀνὴρ μέγιστος.	
AA.	εἰπέ μοι, καὶ πῶς ἐγὼ	
	άλλαντοπώλης ὢν ἀνὴρ γενήσομαι;	
ΔH.	δι' αὐτὸ γάρ τοι τοῦτο καὶ γίγνει μέγας,	180
	ότιὴ πονηρὸς κάξ ἀγορᾶς εἶ καὶ θρασύς.	
AA.	οὐκ ἀξιῶ 'γὼ 'μαυτὸν ἰσχύειν μέγα.	
ΔH.	οιμοι, τί ποτ' ἔσθ' ὅτι σαυτὸν οὐ φὴς ἄξιον;	
	ξυνειδέναι τί μοι δοκείς σαυτώ καλόν.	
	μῶν ἐκ καλῶν εἶ κάγαθῶν;	
AA.	μὰ τοὺς θεούς,	185
	εὶ μὴ κ πονηρῶν γ'.	
ΔH.	ὧ μακάριε τῆς τύχης,	
	όσον πέπονθας ἀγαθὸν εἰς τὰ πράγματα.	
AA.	άλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδὲ μουσικὴν ἐπίσταμαι,	
	πλην γραμμάτων, καὶ ταῦτα μέντοι κακὰ κακῶς.	
ΔH.	τουτί μόνον σ' έβλαψεν, ότι καὶ κακὰ κακῶς.	190
	ή δημαγωγία γάρ οὐ πρὸς μουσικοῦ	
	έτ' ἐστὶν ἀνδρὸς οὐδὲ χρηστοῦ τοὺς τρόπους,	
	ἀλλ' εἰς ἀμαθῆ καὶ βδελυρόν. ἀλλὰ μὴ παρῆς	
	ά σοι διδόασ' ἐν τοῖς λογίοισιν οἱ θεοί.	

ΑΛ. πῶς δῆτά φησ' ὁ χρησμός;

140

THE KNIGHTS, 172-195

And aren't you then a lucky man?

I see.

S.S.

DE.

S.S.

^c Cf. 1255.

And that's not all. Just cast your eyes askew, The right to Caria, and the left to Carthage. A marvellous lucky man, to twist my neck a! S.S. Nav, but all these shall be your—perquisites.b DE. You shall become, this oracle declares, A Man most mighty! Humbug! How can I, s.s. A sausage-selling chap, become a Man? c Why, that's the very thing will make you DE. great. Your roguery, impudence, and agora-training. I am not worthy of great power, methinks. S.S. O me, not worthy! what's the matter now? DE. You've got, I fear, some good upon your conscience. Spring you from gentlemen? By the powers, not I. s.s. From downright blackguards. Lucky, lucky man, DE. O what a start you've got for public life. But I know nothing, friend, beyond my letters, S.S. And even of them but little, and that badly. The mischief is that you know anything. DE. To be a Demus-leader is not now For lettered men, nor yet for honest men, But for the base and ignorant. Don't let slip The bright occasion which the Gods provide you.

How goes the oracle?

instead of " are administered through your agency."

Or "get a squint"; cf. B. 677.
 πέρναται: δέον εἰπεῖν διοικεῖται. Schol.

" Are sold "

ΔН.	εδ νη τούς θεούς	195
	καὶ ποικίλως πως καὶ σοφῶς ἢνιγμένος.	
	'Αλλ' δπόταν μάρψη βυρσαίετος άγκυλοχείλης	
	γαμφηλήσι δράκοντα κοάλεμον αίματοπώτην,	
	δη τότε Παφλαγόνων μεν απόλλυται ή σκοροδ-	
	άλμη,	
	κοιλιοπώλησιν δὲ θεὸς μέγα κῦδος ὀπάζει,	200
	αι κεν μή πωλείν άλλαντας μαλλον έλωνται.	
AA.	πως οὖν πρὸς ἐμὲ ταῦτ' ἐστίν; ἀναδίδασκέ με.	
ΔH.	βυρσαίετος μεν ο Παφλαγών εσθ' ούτοσί.	
AA.	τί δ' ἀγκυλοχείλης ἐστίν;	
ΔH.	αὐτό που λέγει,	
	9 3 /) 0 \ (/9 //	205
ΑΛ.	δ δράκων δὲ πρὸς τί;	
ΔH.	τοῦτο περιφανέστατον.	
	ό δράκων γάρ ἐστι μακρὸν ὅ τ' ἀλλᾶς αὖ	
	μακρόν·	
	εξθ' αίματοπώτης ἔσθ' ὅ τ' ἀλλᾶς χώ δράκων.	
	τὸν οὖν δράκοντά φησι τὸν βυρσαίετον	
	ήδη κρατήσειν, αἴ κε μὴ θαλφθῆ λόγοις.	210
AA.	τὰ μὲν λόγι' αἰκάλλει με θαυμάζω δ' ὅπως	
	τον δημον οίός τ' ἐπιτροπεύειν εἴμ' ἐγώ.	
ΔH.	φαυλότατον ἔργον· ταῦθ' ἄπερ ποιεῖς ποίει·	
	τάραττε καὶ χόρδευ' όμοῦ τὰ πράγματα	
	ἄπαντα, καὶ τὸν δῆμον ἀεὶ προσποιοῦ	215
	ύπογλυκαίνων βηματίοις μαγειρικοῖς.	
	τὰ δ' ἄλλα σοι πρόσεστι δημαγωγικά,	

 $^{^{\}rm o}$ The oracles are written in the recognized oracular style. $1\,42$

THE KNIGHTS, 195-217

DE. Full of promise good,

Wrapped up in cunning enigmatic words.

NAY, BUT IF ONCE THE EAGLE, a

THE BLACK-TANNED MANDIBLE-CURVER, SEIZE WITH HIS BEAK THE SERPENT.

THE DULLARD, THE DRINKER OF LIFE-BLOOD,

THEN SHALL THE SHARP SOUR BRINE b

OF THE PAPHLAGON-TRIBE BE EXTINGUISHED,

THEN TO THE ENTRAIL-SELLERS

SHALL GOD GREAT GLORY AND HONOUR RENDER, UNLESS THEY ELECT

TO CONTINUE THE SALE OF THE SAUSAGE.

- s.s. But what in the world has this to do with me?
- DE. The black-tanned Eagle, that means Paphlagon.
- s.s. And what the mandibles?
- DE. That's self-evident. His fingers, crooked to carry off their prey.
- s.s. What does the Serpent mean?
- A serpent's long; a sausage too is long.
 Serpents drink blood, and sausages drink blood.
 The Serpent then, it says, shall overcome
 The black-tanned Eagle, if it's not talked over.
- s.s. I like the lines: but how can I, I wonder, Contrive to manage Demus's affairs.
- Mhy nothing's easier. Do what now you do:
 Mince, hash, and mash up everything together.
 Win over Demus with the savoury sauce
 Of little cookery phrases. You've already
 Whatever else a Demagogue requires.

βυρσαleros is formed on the analogy of χρυσαleros "the golden eagle."

b Used in tanning.

The Greek has a play on δημος, "people," and δημός, "fat."

φωνή μιαρά, γέγονας κακώς, ἀγόραι	ος εἶ·
έχεις ἄπαντα πρός πολιτείαν ἃ δεῖ·	
χρησμοί τε συμβαίνουσι καὶ τὸ Πυθ	κόν. 220
άλλὰ στεφανοῦ, καὶ σπένδε τῷ Κοαλ	
χώπως ἀμυνεῖ τὸν ἄνδρα.	
ΑΛ. καὶ τίς ξύμ	wayos
γενήσεταί μοι; καὶ γὰρ οι τε πλού	
δεδίασιν αὐτὸν ὅ τε πένης βδύλλει λ	
ΔΗ. άλλ' εἰσὶν ἱππεῖς ἄνδρες ἀγαθοὶ χίλιο	oı 225
μισοῦντες αὐτόν, οἳ βοηθήσουσί σοι,	
καὶ τῶν πολιτῶν οἱ καλοί τε κἀγαθο	οί,
καὶ τῶν θεατῶν ὄστις ἐστὶ δεξιός,	
κάγω μετ' αὐτων χω θεὸς ξυλλήψει	raı.
καὶ μὴ δέδιθ. οὐ γάρ ἐστιν ἐξηκασμ	
ύπὸ τοῦ δέους γὰρ αὐτὸν οὐδεὶς ἤθε	
των σκευοποιών εἰκάσαι. πάντως γε	
·	
γνωσθήσεται το γάρ θέατρον δεξιόν	
Νι. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ὁ Παφλαγών ἐξέρχ	
παφηαρώνη. οὖ τοι μὰ τοὺς δώδεκα θεοὺς χαι	ρήσετον, 235
ότιὴ ἐπὶ τῷ δήμῳ ξυνόμνυτον πάλαι	
τουτὶ τί δρᾶ τὸ Χαλκιδικὸν ποτήριο	v;
οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ Χαλκιδέας ἀφίστα	
ἀπολεῖσθον, ἀποθανεῖσθον, ὧ μιαρωτ	
and the state of t	

άλλαντοπώλα, μη προδώς τὰ πράγματα. a The Athenian cavalry numbered 1000, each of the ten tribes contributing 100.

b This actor, unlike the representatives of Nicias and Demosthenes, wore no portrait mask, whatever the reason was. · Enter Nicias. d Enter Paphlagon.

THE KNIGHTS, 218-241

A brutal voice, low birth, an agora training; Why you've got all one wants for public life. The Pythian shrine and oracles concur. Crown, crown your head; pour wine to mighty—Dulness;

Prepare to fight the man.

s.s. But what ally
Will stand beside me, for the wealthy men
Tremble before him, and the poor folk blench.

DE. A thousand Knights, all honest men and true, Detest the scoundrel, and will help the cause; And whosoe'er is noblest in the State, And whosoe'er is brightest in the tiers, And I myself. And God will lend his aid. And fear him not; he is not pictured really; for all the mask-providers feared to mould His actual likeness; but our audience here Are shrewd and bright; they'll recognize the man.

NIC. Mercy upon us! here comes Paphlagon. a PAPHLAGON. By the Twelve Gods, you two shall pay for this,

Always conspiring, plotting ill to Demus! What's this Chalcidian goblet doing here? Hah! ye're inciting Chalcis to revolt. Villains and traitors! ye shall die the death. (To S.S.) Hi! where are you off to? Stop!

For goodness' sake,
Don't fail us now, most doughty Sausageseller!

• The Twelve Gods are Zeus, Poseidon, Apollo, Ares, Hephaestus, and Hermes; Hera, Athene, Artemis, Λphrodite, Demeter, and Hestia.

"The reference to the Chalcidians is doubtless to

Chalcidice in Thrace ": R.

DE.

ἄνδρες ἱππεῖς, παραγένεσθε· νῦν ὁ καιρός. ὧ Σίμων,

& Παναίτι, οὐκ ἐλᾶτε πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν κέρας; ἄνδρες ἐγγύς· ἀλλ' ἀμύνου, κἀπαναστρέφου πάλιν. ὁ κονιορτὸς δῆλος αὐτῶν ὡς ὁμοῦ προσκειμένων. 245 ἀλλ' ἀμύνου καὶ δίωκε καὶ τροπὴν αὐτοῦ ποιοῦ.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. παῖε παῖε τὸν πανοῦργον καὶ ταραξιππόστρατον καὶ τελώνην καὶ φάραγγα καὶ Χάρυβδιν ἀρπαγῆς, καὶ πανοῦργον καὶ πανοῦργον πολλάκις γὰρ αὕτ' ἐρῶ,

καὶ γὰρ οὖτος ἦν πανοῦργος πολλάκις τῆς ἡμέρας. 250 ἀλλὰ παῖε καὶ δίωκε καὶ τάραττε καὶ κύκα καὶ βδελύττου, καὶ γὰρ ἡμεῖς, κἀπικείμενος βόα εὐλαβοῦ δὲ μὴ ᾿κφύγῃ σε καὶ γὰρ οἶδε τὰς όδούς, ἄσπερ Εὐκράτης ἔφευγεν εὐθὺ τῶν κυρηβίων.

255

πΑ. ὧ γέροντες ἡλιασταί, φράτορες τριωβόλου,
 οῦς ἐγὼ βόσκω κεκραγὼς καὶ δίκαια κἄδικα,
 παραβοηθεῖθ', ὡς ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν τύπτομαι ξυνωμοτῶν.
 Χο. ἐν δίκη γ', ἐπεὶ τὰ κοινὰ πρὶν λαχεῖν κατεσθίεις.

a The Knights enter the orchestra.

 Ταράξιππος seems to have been a title of Poseidon Hippios (Pausanias, vi. 20).

d The allusion is unknown, but the person Eucrates was a dealer in oakum, bran, and such things.

The Heliasts were 6000 citizens, chosen by lot yearly from all citizens over 30. From these dicasts were chosen for each case. Three obols were the day's pay.

b The two Hipparchor who commanded the two divisions of the Knights.

THE KNIGHTS, 242-258

Hasten up, my gallant horsemen,a now's the time your foe to fight. Now then Simon, now Panaetius, b charge with fury on the right. Here they're coming! Worthy fellow, wheel about, commence the fray; Lo, the dust of many horsemen rushing on in close array! Turn upon him, fight him, smite him, scout him, rout him, every way. CHORUS. Smite the rascal, smite him, smite him, troubler of our Knightly train, o Foul extortioner, Charybdis, bottomless abyss of gain. Smite the rascal; smite the rascal; many times the word I'll say, For he proved himself a rascal many, many times a day. Therefore smite him, chase him, pound him, rend and rattle and confound him! Show your loathing, show as we do: press with angry shouts around him. Take you heed, or he'll evade you; watch him closely, for the man Knows how Eucrates d escaped us, fleeing to his stores of bran. PAPH. O my Heliastic veterans, of the great Triobol clan. Whom through right and wrong I nourish, bawling, shouting all I can, Help me, by conspiring traitors shamefully abused and beaten. CHOR. Rightly, for the public commons you before your turn have eaten. 147

κάποσυκάζεις πιέζων τούς ύπευθύνους, σκοπών

οστις αὐτῶν ὢμός ἐστιν ἢ πέπων ἢ μὴ πέπων 260 κάν τιν' αὐτῶν γνῶς ἀπράγμον' ὄντα καὶ κεχηνότα, καταγαγών έκ Χερρονήσου, διαβαλών, άγκυρίσας, εἶτ' ἀποστρέψας τὸν ὧμον, αὐτὸν ἐνεκολήβασας. καὶ σκοπεῖς νε τῶν πολιτῶν ὅστις ἐστὶν ἀμνοκῶν. πλούσιος καὶ μὴ πονηρὸς καὶ τρέμων τὰ πράγματα. 265 ΠΑ. ξυνεπίκεισθ' ύμεις; έγω δ', ωνδρες, δι' ύμας τύπτομαι, ότι λέγειν γνώμην ἔμελλον ώς δίκαιον ἐν πόλει ίστάναι μνημείον ύμων έστιν άνδρείας χάριν. χο, ώς δ' άλαζών, ώς δὲ μάσθλης είδες οί' ὑπέρχεται

ώσπερεὶ γέροντας ήμᾶς, κάκκοβαλικεύεται; 270 άλλ' έὰν ταύτη παρέλθη, ταυτηὶ πεπλήξεται. ην δ' ύπεκκλίνη γε δευρί, πρὸς σκέλος κυρηβάσει.

πΑ. ὧ πόλις καὶ δημ', ύφ' οἴων θηρίων γαστρίζομαι. χο. καὶ κέκραγας, ώσπερ ἀεὶ τὴν πόλιν καταστρέφει; ΑΛ. ἀλλ' ἐγώ σε τῆ βοῆ ταύτη γε πρῶτα τρέψομαι. 275

a The word is meant to recall συκοφάντης, sycophantes, the informer or blackmailer. This introduces the image of the fig (σῦκον), which is mixed later with terms of the wrestling-school. All public officials had their accounts scrutinized, or audited, at the end of their year of office.

b A play upon διαλαβών, "grasping," and διαβαλών, "calumniating." So 491, διαβολάς for διαλαβάς.
The "hook" is a wrestling term.

⁴ He tries to escape, head down (a stage direction, according to the Scholiast).

THE KNIGHTS, 259-275

And you squeeze a the audit-passers. pinching them like figs, to try Which is ripe, and which is ripening, which is very crude and dry. Find you one of easy temper, mouth agape, and vacant look, Back from Chersonese you bring him, grasp him firmly, b fix your hook,c Twist his shoulder back and, glibly, gulp the victim down at once. And you search amongst the townsmen for some lambkin-witted dunce. Wealthy, void of tricks and malice, shuddering at disputes and fuss. You assail me too, my masters? PAPH. 'tis for you they beat me thus; 'Tis because I thought of moving that 'twere proper here to make Some memorial of your worships for your noble valour's sake. Hear him trying to cajole us! CHOR. O the supple-bending sneak, Playing off his tricks upon us, as on dotards old and weak. Nay, but there my arm shall smite him if to pass you there he seek; If he dodge in this direction, here against my leg he butts.d PAPH. Athens! Demus! see the monsters, see them punch me in the guts. Shouting, are you? you who always CHOR. by your shouts subvert the town. But in this I'll first surpass him; thus I shout the fellow down.

S.S.

xo.	ἀλλ' ἐὰν μέντοι γε νικᾶς τῆ βοῆ, τήνελλος εἶ· ἢν δ' ἀναιδεία παρέλθης, ἡμέτερος ὁ πυραμοῦς.	
ПА.	τουτονί τον ἄνδρ' έγω νδείκνυμι, και φήμ' έξάγειν	
	ταισι Πελοποννησίων τριήρεσι ζωμεύματα.	
AA.	ναὶ μὰ Δία κἄγωγε τοῦτον, ὅτι κενῆ τῆ κοιλία	280
	εἰσδραμών εἰς τὸ πρυτανεῖον, εἶτα πάλιν ἐκθεῖ πλέα.	
ΔH.	νη Δί', έξάγων γε τάπόρρηθ', αμ' άρτον καὶ κρέας	
	καὶ τέμαχος, οὖ Περικλέης οὐκ ήξιώθη πώποτε.	
ΠA.	ἀποθανεῖσθον αὐτίκα μάλα.	
AA.	τριπλάσιον κεκράξομαί σου.	285
ΠA.	καταβοήσομαι βοῶν σε.	
AA.	κατακεκράξομαί σε κράζων.	
ПΑ.	διαβαλώ σ', ἐὰν στρατηγῆς.	
AA.	κυνοκοπήσω σου τὸ νῶτον.	
ПΑ.	περιελώ σ' ἀλαζονείαις.	290
AA.	ύποτεμοῦμαι τοὺς πόδας¹ σου.	
ΠA.	βλέψον είς μ' ἀσκαρδάμυκτος.	
AA.	έν ἀγορᾶ κάγὼ τέθραμμαι.	
ΠA.	διαφορήσω σ', εί τι γρύξεις.	
AA.	κοπροφορήσω σ', εἰ λαλήσεις.	292
ПΑ.	δμολογῶ κλέπτειν· σὺ δ' οὐχί.	
AA.	νη τον Ερμην τον άγοραιον,	
	1 τούς πύδας, Rogers: τὰς ὁδούς MSS.	

a A Greek proverb. A cake was the prize at drinking parties

for the man who kept awake all night.

b A play upon ζωμεύματα, "sauces," and ὑποζώματα, "cables for under-girding a ship." Cf. the account of St. Paul's shipwreck, Acts xxvn. 17.

^o To be a guest at the public dinner in the Prytaneum was a recognized honour. This was awarded to Cleon after his suc-cess at Sphacteria. At that time Cleon had bitterly attacked Nicias and Demosthenes.

THE KNIGHTS, 276-297

If in bawling you defeat him,

CHOR.

S.S.

sing we ho! for Victory's sake. If in shamelessness you beat him, then indeed we take the cake.a I denounce this smuggling fellow; contraband of war he takes For the Peloponnesian galleys, frapping them with-girdle-cakes.b I denounce this juggling fellow; S.S. at the Hall, from day to day, In he runs with empty belly, with a full one hies away.c Fish, and flesh, and bread exporting, CHOR. and a hundred things like these, Contraband of peace, which never were allowed to Pericles. Death awaits you at once, you two. PAPH. Thrice as loud can I squall as you. S.S. Now will I bawl you down by bawling. PAPH. Now will I squall you down by squalling. 8.5. Lead our armies, and I'll backbite you. PAPH. I'll with dog-whips slash you and smite you. S.S. I'll outwit you by fraud and lying. PAPH. I'll your pettitoes chop for frying. S.S. Now unblinking regard me, you. PAPH. I was bred in the agora too. S.S. Say but g-r-r, and to strips I'll tear you. PAPH. Speak one word, and as dung I'll bear you. S.S. I confess that I steal. Do you? PAPH.

Agora Hermes d! yes, I do.

^d An image of Hermes, as patron of commerce and of tricks, stood in the market-place.

κάπιορκώ γε βλεπόντων. άλλότρια τοίνυν σοφίζει. ПА. καί σε φαίνω τοῖς πρυτάνεσιν, άδεκατεύτους των θεών ίεράς έχοντα κοιλίας.

XO.

300

ῶ μιαρέ, καὶ βδελυρέ, καὶ κατακε- [στρ. α κρᾶκτα, τοῦ σοῦ θράσους πασα μέν γη πλέα, πασα δ' ἐκκλησία, καὶ τέλη, καὶ γραφαί, καὶ δικαστήρι', ὧ Βορβοροτάραξι, καὶ την πόλιν ἄπασαν ήμῶν ἀνατετυρβακώς,

310

305

όστις ήμων τὰς 'Αθήνας ἐκκεκώφωκας βοων, κάπὸ τῶν πετρῶν ἄνωθεν τοὺς φόρους θυννοσκοπῶν.

ΠΑ. οἶδ' ἐγὼ τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦθ' ὅθεν πάλαι καττύεται.

ΑΛ. εί δὲ μὴ σύ γ' οἶσθα κάττυμ', οὐδ' ἐγὼ χορδεύματα, 315 όστις ύποτέμνων ἐπώλεις δέρμα μοχθηροῦ βοὸς τοῖς ἀγροίκοισιν πανούργως, ὥστε φαίνεσθαι παχύ, καὶ πρὶν ἡμέραν φορήσαι, μεῖζον ἢν δυοῖν δοχμαῖν. ΝΙ. νη Δία κάμε τοῦτ' ἔδρασε ταὐτόν, ὥστε καὶ γέλων

^a i.e. "you are poaching on my preserves": R.
^b Lit. "I denounce you to the Prytanes," who are sitting

among the spectators; cf. 278.

c koillas, "guts," for ovolas, "estates": Schol. Estates of certain offenders were confiscated, and a tithe paid to Athena. Tithes of their profits were also consecrated by private persons 152

THE KNIGHTS, 298-319

If I'm seen, I'm a perjurer too.

Somebody else's tricks you're vaunting; a

Now to the Prytanes off I'll run, b

Tell them you've got some holy pig-guts,

Tell them you've paid no tithe thereon.

CHOR. O villain, O shameless of heart,
O Bawler and Brawler self-seeking,
The land, the Assembly, the Tolls,
are all with thine impudence reeking,
And the Courts, and the actions at law;
they are full unto loathing and hate!
Thou stirrest the mud to its depths,
perturbing the whole of the State.

Ruffian, who hast deafened Athens

with thine everlasting din,

Watching from the rocks the tribute,

tunny-fashion, shoaling in.a

PAPH. Well I know the very quarter

where they cobbled up the plot.

s.s. You're a knowing hand at cobbling,

else in mincing meat I'm not;

You who cheated all the rustics

with a flabby bullock-hide,

Cutting it aslant to make it

look like leather firm and dried; e

In a day, the shoes you sold them

wobbled half a foot too wide.

NIC. That's the very trick the rascal

played the other day on me,

in gratitude. Instances are recorded of butcher, baker, tanner, potter, fuller, and washerman. (*Greek Votive Offerings*, p. 59.)

d An allusion to the watchers set to look out for shoals of tunny, who announce their advent with stentonian voice.

The slanting cut makes the leather seem thicker than it is.

πάμπολυν τοις δημόταισι και φίλοις παρασχεθείν· 320 πριν γὰρ είναι Περγασησιν, ένεον εν ταις εμβάσιν.

ΧΟ. ἆρα δῆτ' οὐκ ἀπ' ἀρχῆς ἐδήλους ἀναί- [στρ. β δειαν, ἤπερ μόνη προστατεῖ ῥητόρων; 325 ἢ σὺ πιστεύων ἀμέλγεις τῶν ξένων τοὺς καρπίμους, πρῶτος ὤν· ὁ δ' Ἱπποδάμου λείβεται θεώμενος. ἀλλ' ἐφάνη γὰρ ἀνὴρ ἔτερος πολὺ σοῦ μιαρώτερος, ὤστε με χαίρειν, ὅς σε παύσει καὶ πάρεισι, δῆλός ἐστιν, αὐτόθεν, 330 πανουργία τε καὶ θράσει καὶ κοβαλικεύμασιν.

άλλ' ὧ τραφείς ὅθενπέρ εἰσιν ἄνδρες οἵπερ εἰσί, νῦν δεῖξον ὡς οὐδὲν λέγει τὸ σωφρόνως τραφήναι.

ΑΛ. καὶ μὴν ἀκούσαθ' οἶός ἐστιν οὕτοσὶ πολίτης.

335

ΠΑ. οὐκ αὖ μ' ἐάσεις; ΑΛ.

μὰ Δί', ἐπεὶ κάγὼ πονηρός εἰμι.

χο. ἐὰν δὲ μὴ ταύτη γ' ὑπείκη, λέγ' ὅτι κάκ πονηρῶν.

ΠΑ. οὐκ αὖ μ' ἐάσεις;

ΑΛ.

μὰ Δία.

ПА.

ναὶ μὰ Δία.

AA.

μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ,

άλλ' αὐτό περὶ τοῦ πρότερος εἰπεῖν πρῶτα διαμαγοῦμαι.

a An Attic Deme.

^b Archeptolemus, 794 below. He tried to end the war, but was foiled by Cleon. Being involved with the Four Hundred, he was afterwards condemned to death.

THE KNIGHTS, 320-339

laughed with undissembled glee,

that shameless bravado displayed

And foremost of all by its aid

ere I got to Pergasae.a

And my friends and fellow burghers

Which alone is the Orators' Patron.

I was swimming in my slippers

CHOR. So then thou hast e'en from the first

Thou the wealthy strangers milkest, draining off their rich supplies; And the son of Hippodamus b watches thee with streaming eves. Ah, but another has dawned on us now. Viler and fouler and coarser than thou. Viler and fouler and coarser by far. One who'll beat thee and defeat thee (therefore jubilant we are), Beat thee in jackanapes tricks and rascality, Beat thee in impudence, cheek, and brutality. O trained where Men are trained who best deserve that appellation, Now show us of how little worth is liberal education. The sort of citizen he is, I'll first expose to view. S.S. PAPH. Give me precedence. No, by Zeus, for I'm a blackguard too. S.S. And if to that he yield not, add " as all my fathers were." PAPH. Give me precedence. No, by Zeus. S.S. O yes, by Zeus. PAPH. I swear s.s. I'll fight you on that very point; you never shall be first.

πΑ. οἴμοι, διαρραγήσομαι.

ΑΛ. καὶ μὴν ἐγὼ οὐ παρήσω.

340

χο. πάρες πάρες πρός τῶν θεῶν αὐτῷ διαρραγῆναι.

ΠΑ. τῷ καὶ πεποιθώς ἀξιοῖς ἐμοῦ λέγειν ἔναντα;

ΑΛ. ότιὴ λέγειν οδός τε κάγὼ καὶ καρυκοποιεῖν.

ΠΑ. ἰδοὺ λέγειν. καλώς γ' ἂν οὖν σὺ πρᾶγμα προσ-

ώμοσπάρακτον παραλαβών μεταχειρίσαιο χρηστώς. 345 άλλ' οἶσθ' ὅ μοι πεπονθέναι δοκεῖς; ὅπερ τὸ πλήθος. εἴ που δικίδιον εἶπας εὖ κατὰ ξένου μετοίκου, τὴν νύκτα θρυλῶν καὶ λαλῶν ἐν ταῖς ὁδοῖς σεαυτῷ, ὕδωρ τε πίνων, κἀπιδεικνὺς τοὺς φίλους τ' ἀνιῶν, ἄου δυνατὸς εἶναι λέγειν. ὧ μῶρε τῆς ἀνοίας. 350

ΑΛ. τί δαὶ σὰ πίνων τὴν πόλιν πεποίηκας, ὥστε νυνὶ ἡπὸ σοῦ μονωτάτου κατεγλωττισμένην σιωπᾶν;

ΠΑ. ἐμοὶ γὰρ ἀντέθηκας ἀνθρώπων τιν'; ὄστις εὐθὺς
 θύννεια θερμὰ καταφαγών, κἦτ' ἐπιπιὼν ἀκράτου
 οἴνου χόα κασαλβάσω τοὺς ἐν Πύλῳ στρατηγούς. 355

ΑΛ. ἐγὰ δέ γ' ἤνυστρον βοὸς καὶ κοιλίαν δείαν

^a The speaker intends this to repeat the words of 338, but the chorus misunderstand him to refer to "I shall burst."

^b In later days, it was a gibe against the orator Demosthenes that he was a water-drinker; and something of the sort may be meant here.

THE KNIGHTS, 340-356

PAPH.	O, I shall burst.
s.s.	You never shall.a
CHOR.	O let him, let him burst.
PAPH.	How dare you try in speech to vie
	with me? On what rely you?
s.s.	Why I can speak first-rate, and eke
	with piquant sauce supply you.
PAPH.	O speak you can! and you're the man,
	I warrant, who is able
	A mangled mess full well to dress,
	and serve it up to table.
	I know your case, the common case;
	against some alien folk
	You had some petty suit to plead,
	and fairly well you spoke.
	For oft you'd conned the speech by night,
	and in the streets discussed it,
	And, quaffing water, b shown it off,
	and all your friends disgusted.
	Now you're an orator, you think.
	O fool, the senseless thought!
s.s.	Pray what's the draught which you have quaffed
	that Athens you have brought
	Tongue-wheedled by yourself alone
	to sit so mute and still?
PAPH.	Who to compare with ME will dare?
	I'll eat my tunny grill,
	And quaff thereon a stoup of wine
	which water shall not touch,
	And then with scurrilous abuse
	the Pylian generals smutch.
s.s.	I'll eat the paunch of cow and swine,
	and quaff thereon their stew,

καταβροχθίσας, κἆτ' ἐπιπιὼν τὸν ζωμὸν ἀναπόνιπτος λαρυγγιῶ τοὺς ρήτορας καὶ Νικίαν ταράξω. τὰ μὲν ἄλλα μ' ἤρεσας λέγων Εν δ' οὐ προσίεταί με τῶν πραγμάτων, ότιὴ μόνος τὸν ζωμὸν ἐκροφήσεις. 360 ΠΑ. άλλ' οὐ λάβρακας καταφαγών Μιλησίους κλονήσεις. άλλα σχελίδας έδηδοκως ωνήσομαι μέταλλα. ΠΑ. έγω δ' έπεισπηδών γε την βουλην βία κυκήσω. ΑΛ. έγω δε κινήσω γε σου τον πρωκτον αντί φύσκης. έγω δέ γ' έξέλξω σε της πυγης θύραζε κύβδα. 365 νη τον Ποσειδώ κάμε τάρ', ήνπερ γε τοῦτον έλκης. οδόν σε δήσω 'ν τῶ ξύλω. DA. διώξομαί σε δειλίας. AA. ή βύρσα σου θρανεύσεται. ПА. δερώ σε θύλακον κλοπης. AA. 370 διαπατταλευθήσει χαμαί. IIA. περικόμματ' έκ σου σκευάσω. ΑΛ. τας βλεφαρίδας σου παρατιλώ. IIA. τὸν πρηγορεωνά σοὐκτεμω. ΑΛ. καὶ νὴ Δί ἐμβαλόντες αὐ-ΔH. 375 τῶ πάτταλον μαγειρικῶς ές το στόμ', είτα δ' ένδοθεν την γλώτταν έξείραντες αὐτοῦ σκεψόμεσθ' εὖ κάνδρικῶς κεχηνότος 380 τὸν πρωκτόν, εἰ χαλαζα.

[&]quot;'The Milesian basse was a prime favourite with Hellenic epicures": R. Somehow Cleon had got money out of the Milesians, cf. 982.

b The reference is unknown.

^e The terms in the following passage are drawn from the speakers' trades.

THE KNIGHTS, 357-381

	And rising from the board with hands
	which water never knew I'll throttle all the orators, and flutter Nicias too.
CHOR.	With all beside I'm satisfied,
0110101	but one thing likes me not,
	You speak as if you ate alone
	whatever stew you've got.
PAPH.	
	Miletus bring to grief.a
s.s.	But mines I'll purchase b when I've first
	devoured my ribs of beef.
PAPH.	I'll leap the Council-chamber in,
	and put them all to rout.
s.s.	I'll treat you like a sausage-skin,
	and twirl your breech about.
PAPH.	I'll hoist you by your crupper up,
	and thrust you through the gate, sir.
CHOR.	If him you thrust, me too you must;
	you must as sure as fate, sir.
PAPH.	Your feet in the stocks I'll fix full tight.
s.s.	And you for your cowardice I'll indict.
PAPH.	Outstretched on my board your hide I'll pin.
s.s.	"Pickpocket's purse" I'll make your skin.
PAPH.	Your limbs on the tanhouse floor I'll stake.
s.s.	Your flesh into force-meat balls I'll bake.
PAPH.	I'll twitch the lashes off both your eyes.
s.s.	I'll cut your gizzard out, poulterer-wise.
DE.	Prop open his mouth with all your strength;
	Insert the extender from jaw to jaw;
	Pull out his tongue to its utmost length,
	And, butcher-fashion, inspect his maw,
	And whilst his gape is so broad and fine,
	See if he's not The symptoms got
	Which show that he's nought but a measly swine.
	159

ην άρα πυρός γ' έτερα θερμότερα, Γάντ. α XO. καὶ λόγοι τῶν λόγων έν πόλει των άναιδων ἀναιδέστεροι. 385 καὶ τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἡν ἄρ' οὐ φαῦλον ὧδ' [οὐδαμῶς].1 άλλ' ἔπιθι καὶ στρόβει. μηδέν ολίγον ποίει. νθν γάρ έχεται μέσος. ώς έὰν νυνὶ μαλάξης αὐτὸν ἐν τῆ προσβολῆ, δειλον εύρήσεις έγω γαρ τους τρόπους έπίσταμαι. 390 ΑΛ. άλλ' όμως οθτος τοιοθτος ών άπαντα τὸν βίον, κἆτ' ἀνὴρ ἔδοξεν εἶναι, τάλλότριον ἀμῶν θέρος. νῦν δὲ τοὺς στάχυς ἐκείνους, οῧς ἐκεῖθεν ἤγαγεν, έν ξύλω δήσας άφαύει κάποδόσθαι βούλεται.

ΠΑ. οὐ δέδοιχ' ὑμᾶς, ἔως ἂν ζῆ τὸ βουλευτήριον 395 καὶ τὸ τοῦ Δήμου πρόσωπον μακκοῷ καθήμενον.

χο. ὡς δὲ πρὸς πῶν ἀναιδεύεται κοῦ μεθί- [ἀντ. β στησι τοῦ χρώματος τοῦ παρεστηκότος.
 εἴ σε μὴ μισῶ, γενοίμην ἐν Κρατίνου κώδιον, ⁴⁰⁰ καὶ διδασκοίμην προσάδειν Μορσίμου τραγω-δίαν.

1 οὐδαμῶs inserted by Rogers to complete the metre.

b Cratinus was a good bottle-man, and his sheepskin might be expected to fare ill. He was a competitor in this

contest with Aristophanes.

a "Cleon had done what he declared that the generals εl ΑΝΔΡΕΣ είεν would do, viz.: sail to Pylus and bring back the Spartans as captives, Thuc. iv. 27. He had reaped the harvest which Demosthenes had sown": R.

THE KNIGHTS, 382-401

There are things, then, hotter than fire: there are speeches more shameless still Than the shameless speeches of those who rule the City at will. No trifling task is before you; upon him and twist and garotte him. Do nought that is little or mean; for round the waist you have got him. If in this assault you knead him limp and supple to your hand, You will find the man a craven; I his habits understand. S.S. Truly for an arrant coward he has all his life been known; Yet a Man he seemed but lately, reaping where he had not sown.a Now the ears of corn he brought us, he aspires to parch and dry, Shuts them up in wood and fetters, hopes to sell them by and by. PAPH. You and your allies I fear not, while the Council lives, and while Demus moons upon the benches with his own unmeaning smile. O see how he brazens it out! CHOR. The colour remains as before In his shameless impudent face. And O, if I hate you not sore, Let me be a filthy sheepskin,

Or let Morsimus c instruct me

that whereon Cratinus lay,

as the Chorus to his Play.

Morsimus was a worthless tragedian.

ῶ περὶ πάντ' ἐπὶ πᾶσί τε πράγμασι δωροδόκοισιν ἐπ' ἄνθεσιν ἴζων, εἴθε φαύλως, ὥσπερ εὖρες, ἐκβάλοις τὴν ἔνθεσιν. ἄσαιμι γὰρ τότ' ἂν μόνον· τῶνε πῶν ἐπὶ συμφοραῖς·
τὸν Ἰουλίου τ' ἂν οἴομαι, γέροντα πυροπίπην, ἡσθέντ' ἰηπαιωνίσαι καὶ Βακχέβακχον ἆσαι.

πΑ. οὔ τοί μ' ὑπερβαλεῖσθ' ἀναιδεία μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ,
 ἢ μή ποτ' ἀγοραίου Διὸς σπλάγχνοισι παραγενοίμην.

ΑΛ. ἔγωγε νὴ τοὺς κονδύλους, οὖς πολλὰ δὴ 'πὶ πολλοῖς ἢνεσχόμην ἐκ παιδίου, μαχαιρίδων τε πληγάς, ὑπερβαλεῖσθαί σ' οἴομαι τούτοισιν, ἢ μάτην γ' ἂν ἀπομαγδαλιὰς σιτούμενος τοσοῦτος ἐκτραφείην.

πΑ. ἀπομαγδαλιὰς ὥσπερ κύων; ὧ παμπόνηρε, πῶς οὖν 415 κυνὸς βορὰν σιτούμενος μάχει σὰ κυνοκεφάλλω;

ΑΛ. καὶ νὴ Δί' ἄλλα γ' ἐστί μου κόβαλα παιδὸς ὅντος. ἐξηπάτων γὰρ τοὺς μαγείρους ἂν λέγων τοιαυτί σκέψασθε, παίδες οὐχ ὁρᾶθ'; ὥρα νέα, χελιδών. οἱ δ' ἔβλεπον, κὰγὼ 'ν τοσούτῳ τῶν κρεῶν ἔκλεπτον.

420

A statue of Zeus under this title stood in the Agora, and

another in the Pnyx.

e See Baumeister, Denkmaler, fig. 2126, p. 1985.

^a A ditty of Simonides.

 $[^]b$ πυροπίπης, "one who keeps a loving eye on the bread" (cf. the Homeric παρθενοπίπης), was a nickname given by Cratinus to this old pantler at the Prytaneum.

⁴ Pieces of dough used to clean the fingers, and then thrown to the dogs.

THE KNIGHTS, 402-420

PAPH.

s.s.

PAPH.

s.s.

•
Thou in all places, and thou at all hours,
Flitting and sitting in bri-berry flowers,
Sucking and sipping the gold they contain,
Mayest thou lightly, as 'twas swallowed,
cast thy mouthful up again.
Then will I ever the roundelay sing
Drink for the luck which the Destinies bring, a
And old Tuling's con the mouth Desirates oring,
And old Iulius's son, the pantler Prytanean,
For joy will "Bacche-Bacchus" shout,
and chant his Io-Paean.
Think you in shamelessness to win?
No, by Poseidon, no!
Or may I evermore the feasts
of Agora Zeus o forgo.
Now by the knuckles which in youth
would discipline my head,
And those hard-handled butchers' knives
they often used instead,
I think in shamelessness I'll win;
else vainly in the slums
Have I to such a bulk been reared
on finger-cleaning crumbs. ⁴ On finger-pellets like a dog?
And reared on these, you seek
To fight a dog-faced fierce baboon!
I marvel at your cheek.
And lots of other monkey-tricks
I practised as a boy.
O how I used to chouse the cooks
by shrieking out Ahoy!
Look lads, a swallow! spring is here.
Look up, look up, I pray.
So up they looked whilst I purloined
a piece of meat away.

- ΧΟ. ὧ δεξιώτατον κρέας, σοφῶς γε προὐνοήσω·
 ὥσπερ ἀκαλήφας ἐσθίων πρὸ χελιδόνων ἔκλεπτες.
- ΑΛ. καὶ ταῦτα δρῶν ἐλάνθανόν γ'· εἰ δ' οὖν ἴδοι τις αὐτῶν,
 - ἀποκρυπτόμενος εἰς τὰ κοχώνα τοὺς θεοὺς ἀπώμνυν
 - ωστ' είπ' ἀνὴρ των ρητόρων ἰδών με τοῦτο δρώντα 425 οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ παῖς ὄδ' οὐ τὸν δῆμον ἐπιτροπεύσει.
- xo. εὖ γε ξυνέβαλεν αὔτ'· ἀτὰρ δῆλόν γ' ἀφ' οὖ ξυνέγνω·
 - ότιη 'πιώρκεις θ' ήρπακώς καὶ κρέας ό πρωκτός είχεν.
- πΑ. ἐγώ σε παύσω τοῦ θράσους, οἷμαι δὲ μᾶλλον ἄμφω.
 ἔξειμι γάρ σοι λαμπρὸς ἤδη καὶ μέγας καθιείς,
 ὁμοῦ ταράττων τήν τε γῆν καὶ τὴν θάλατταν εἰκῆ.
- ΑΛ. ἐγὼ δὲ συστείλας γε τοὺς ἀλλᾶντας εἶτ' ἀφήσω κατὰ κῦμ' ἐμαυτὸν οὔριον, κλάειν σε μακρὰ κελεύσας.
- ΔΗ. κάγωγ', ἐάν τι παραχαλᾶ, τὴν ἀντλίαν φυλάξω.
- ΠΑ. οὖ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα καταπροίξει τάλαντα πολλὰ 435 κλέψας ³Αθηναίων.
- κο. ἄθρει, καὶ τοῦ ποδὸς παρίει·ώς οὖτος ἤδη Καικίας καὶ Συκοφαντίας πνεῖ.

^a Kauκias, the name of "the north-east wind, one of the most violent winds in the Mediterranean," was proverbially explained as "bringing evils" (ἔλκων κακά), and Aristophanes coins Συκοφαντίαs on its analogy.

THE KNIGHTS, 421-437

CHOR.	Shrewd body, you were provident,
	and stole away your meat
	Before the vernal swallow came,
	as folk their nettles eat.
s.s.	And no one caught me out, or else,
	if any saw me pot it,
	I clapped the meat between my thighs
	and vowed I hadn't got it;
	Whereat an orator observed,
	who watched me at my tricks,
	Some day this boy will make his mark
	as leader in the Pnyx.
CHOR.	His inference was just; but still
	'tis plain from whence he drew it;
	He saw you filch the meat away,
	and swear you didn't do it.
PAPH.	I'll stop your insolence, my man;
	your friend's and yours together.
	I'll swoop upon you like a gale
	of fresh and stormy weather,
	And all the land and all the sea
	in wild confusion throw.
s.s.	But I will furl my sausages,
	and down the tide will go
	With prosperous seas, and favouring breeze,
	at you my fingers snapping.
DE.	And if your bark a leak should spring,
	the water I'll be tapping.
PAPH.	Full many a talent have you filched,
	and dearly shall you pay,
	You public-treasury thief!
CHOR.	Look out, and slack the sheet away,
	I hear a loud Nor'-Easter there
	or Sycophanter a blow.

па.	σε δ' εκ Ποτιδαίας έχουτ' εῦ οἶδα δέκα τάλαντα.	
AA.	τί δήτα: βούλει των ταλάντων έν λαρων σιωπαν;	
xo.	άνηο αν ηδέως λάβοι. τους τερθρίους παρίει.	440
AA.	τὸ πνεῦμ' ἔλαττον γίγνεται.	
ΠA.	[δωροδοκίας] φεύξει γραφάς	
IIA.	έκατονταλάντους τέτταρας.	
	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	
$A\Lambda$.	σὺ δ' ἀστρατείας εἶκοσιν,	
	κλοπης δέ πλείν η χιλίας.	
па.	έκ τών άλιτηρίων σέ φη-	445
	μι γεγονέναι τῶν τῆς θεοῦ.	
АΛ.	τὸν πάππον είναι φημί σου	
	τῶν δορυφόρων—	
	ποίων; φράσον.	
па.	O. Pour d'une est l'Immiou	
AA.	τῶν Βυρσίνης τῆς Ἱππίου.	
ΠA .	κόβαλος εἶ.	
ΑΛ.	πανοῦργος εἶ.	450
xo.	παι ἀνδρικως.	
ΠA.	<i>ἰού ἰού</i> ,	
III.	τύπτουσί μ' οἱ ξυνωμόται.	
	2 -2 -1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	
xo.	παῖ' αὐτὸν ἀνδρικώτατα, καὶ	
	γάστριζε καὶ τοῖς ἐντέροις	
	καὶ τοῖς κόλοις,	455
	χὤπως κολᾳ τὸν ἄνδρα.	
	7	

ῶ γεννικώτατον κρέας ψυχήν τ' ἄριστε πάντων, καὶ τῆ πόλει σωτήρ φανεὶς ήμῖν τε τοῖς πολίταις,

¹ Inserted by Rogers.

^e Potidaea had surrendered on terms some five years before this, Thuc. ii. 70. No doubt Cleon had attacked the generals.

^b The great family of the Alcmaeonidae was put under a curse for the murder of Cylon's friends in sanctuary, about 200 years before. Thuc. i. 126. The charge was revived against Cleisthenes, and later against Pericles, possibly also against Alcıbiades. Here 166

THE KNIGHTS, 438-458

PAPH. From Potidaea you received ten talents, that I know.a Will you take one, and hold your tongue? s.s. He'd take it like a shot. CHOR. Let out the yard-arm ropes a bit. The gale has milder got. s.s. The stormy blast is falling fast. You'll have, for bribery and deceit, PAPH. Four hundred-talent writs to meet. And you, for cowardliness a score. S.S. For theft a thousand writs and more. From that old sacrilegious race b PAPH. I'll say that your descent you trace. Your father's father marched, I'll swear, S.S. As body-guard to-Whom? Declare! PAPH. To Hippias's Byrsine. S.S. You jackanapes! PAPH. You gallows-tree! S.S. Strike like a man! CHOR. O help me! Oh! PAPH. These plotting traitors hurt me so. Strike, strike him, well and manfully, CHOR. And with those entrails beat him, And strings of sausage-meat, and try Meet punishment to mete him. O noblest flesh in all the world, O spirit best and dearest, To City and to citizens a Saviour thou appearest. it is used as a comic threat against the Sausage-seller, the last man to belong to such a family.

 The wife of Hippias the tyrant was Myrsine; for which, to suit the tanner's trade, Aristophanes substitutes Βυρσίνη "a leather strap."

167

ος εὖ τὸν ἄνδρα ποικίλως θ' ὑπῆλθες ἐν λόγοισιν.	
ως αν σ' ἐπαινέσαιμεν οὕτως ὤσπερ ἡδόμεσθα;	460
ταυτὶ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρά μ' οὐκ ἐλάνθανεν	
τεκταινόμενα τὰ πράγματ', ἀλλ' ἠπιστάμην	
γομφούμεν' αὐτὰ πάντα καὶ κολλώμενα.	
ούκουν μ' εν "Αργει γ' οία πράττει λανθάνει.	465
	100
εὖ γ' εὖ γε, χάλκευ' ἀντὶ τῶν κολλωμένων.	470
καὶ ξυγκροτοῦσιν ἄνδρες αὐτ' ἐκεῖθεν αὖ.	1.0
καὶ ταῦτά μ' οὖτ' ἀργύριον οὖτε γρυσίον	
	475
	110
καὶ πάνθ' ἃ Μήδοις καὶ βασιλεῖ ξυνόμνυτε.	
	480
	100
	ταυτὶ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρά μ' οὐκ ἐλάνθανεν τεκταινόμενα τὰ πράγματ', ἀλλ' ἠπιστάμην γομφούμεν' αὐτὰ πάντα καὶ κολλώμενα. οἴμοι, σὺ δ' οὐδὲν ἐξ άμαξουργοῦ λέγεις; οὔκουν μ' ἐν ''Αργει γ' οἶα πράττει λανθάνει. πρόφασιν μὲν 'Αργείους φίλους ἡμῖν ποιεῖ 'ἰδία δ' ἐκεῖ Λακεδαιμονίοις ξυγγίγνεται. καὶ ταῦτ' ἐφ' οἶσίν ἐστι συμφυσώμενα ἐγῷδὸ' ἐπὶ γὰρ τοῖς δεδεμένοις χαλκεύεται.

b The process for treason was impeachment before the

Council, είσαγγελία.

^a A thirty years' truce between Sparta and Argos was running out; both Sparta and Athens were now bidding for the Argive support.

Obermosthenes was intriguing with Boeotian cities to establish democracy there, Thuc. iv. 76. Cheese was an important product of Boeotia.

THE KNIGHTS, 459-483

How well and with what varied skill thou foil'st him in debate! O would that I could praise you so, as our delight is great. PAPH. Now, by Demeter, it escaped me not That these same plots were framing; well I knew How they were pegged, and fixed, and glued together. O, me! CHOR. (To S.S.) Can't you say something from the cartwright's trade? These Argos doings have escaped me not. He goes, he says, to make a friend of Argos,a But 'tis with Sparta he's colloguing there. Ave and I know the anvil whereupon His plan is forged: 'tis welded on the captives. Good! good! return him welding for his glue. CHOR. And men from thence are hammering at it too. And not by bribes of silver or of gold Or sending friends, will you persuade me not To tell the Athenians how you are going on. I'll go this instant to the Council-board, PAPH. And all your vile conspiracies denounce, And all your nightly gatherings in the town, And how you plotted with the Medes and King, And all your cheese-pressed doings in Boeotia.c Pray, how's cheese selling in Boeotia now? I'll stretch you flat, by Heracles I will. [Exit PAPH. Now then, what mean you? what are you CHOR. going to do?

Now shall you show us if in very truth

s.s.

S.S.

S.S.

	εἰς τὰ κοχώνα τὸ κρέας, ὡς αὐτὸς λέγεις. θεύσει γὰρ ἄξας εἰς τὸ βουλευτήριον, ὡς οὖτος εἰσπεσὼν ἐκεῖσε διαβαλεῖ ἡμᾶς ἄπαντας καὶ κραγὸν κεκράξεται.	485
AA.	άλλ' εἷμι· πρῶτον δ', ὡς ἔχω, τὰς κοιλίας καὶ τὰς μαχαίρας ἐνθαδὶ καταθήσομαι.	
ΔH.	έχε νυν, ἄλειψον τὸν τράχηλον τουτωί, ἴν' ἐξολισθάνειν δύνη τὰς διαβολάς.	4 90
AΛ.	άλλ' εδ λέγεις καὶ παιδοτριβικώς ταυταγί.	
	έχε νυν, ἐπέγκαψον λαβών ταδί.	
ΑΛ.	τί δαί;	
ΔH.	ῗν' ἄμεινον, ὧ τᾶν, ἐσκοροδισμένος μάχη. καὶ σπεῦδε ταχέως.	
ΑΛ.	ταῦτα δρῶ.	
ΔH.	μέμνησό νυν	405
	δάκνειν, διαβάλλειν, τοὺς λόφους κατεσθίειν, χώπως τὰ κάλλαι ἀποφαγὼν ηξεις πάλιν.	400
xo.	άλλ' ἴθι χαίρων, καὶ πράξειας κατὰ νοῦν τὸν ἐμόν, καί σε φυλάττοι Ζεὺς ἀγοραῖος· καὶ νικήσας αδθις ἐκεῖθεν πάλιν ὡς ἡμᾶς ἔλθοις στεφάνοις κατάπαστος. ὑμεῖς δ' ἡμῖν πρόσχετε τὸν νοῦν τοῖς τ' ἀναπαίστοις, ὧ παντοίας	500
	ήδη Μούσης πειραθέντες καθ' έαυτούς.	505

^a The Scholast says that he gives him lard; but perhaps it is a draught of wine, 493. The garlic was to prime him like a fighting cock.

THE KNIGHTS, 484-506

You stole the meat and hid it as you said. So to the Council-house you'll run, for he Will burst in thither, and against us all Utter his lies and bawl a mighty bawl.

s.s. Well, I will go; but first I'll lay me down Here, as I am, these guts and butchers'-knives.

DE. Here take this ointment and anoint your neck, a So can you slip more easily through his lies. b

s.s. Well now, that's good and trainer-like advice.

DE. And next, take this and swallow it.

s.s. What for?

DE. Why, if you are garlic-primed, you'll fight much better.

And now begone.

s.s. I'm off.

To peck, to lie, to gobble down his combs,
And bite his wattles off. That done, return.

CHOR. Good-bye and good speed: may your daring succeed.

And Zeus of the Agora help you in need.^c May you conquer in fight, and return to our sight

A Victor triumphant with garlands bedight. But YE to our anapaests listen the while, And give us the heed that is due,

Ye wits, who the Muse of each pattern and style

Yourselves have attempted to woo.

^δ διαβολάς for διαλαβάς. So 496.

 498-99 come from Sophocles, according to the Scholiast.
 Here the Chorus turns directly to the audience, and the Parabasis proper, 507-46, follows.

εὶ μέν τις ἀνὴρ τῶν ἀρχαίων κωμφδοδιδάσκαλος ἡμᾶς
ἠνάγκαζεν λέξοντας ἔπη πρὸς τὸ θέατρον παραβῆναι,
οὐκ ἂν φαύλως ἔτυχεν τούτου·νῦν δ' ἄξιός ἐσθ' ὁ ποιητής,
ὅτι τοὺς αὐτοὺς ἡμῖν μισεῖ, τολμᾳ τε λέγειν τὰ δίκαια, 510
καὶ γενναίως πρὸς τὸν Τυφῶ χωρεῖ καὶ τὴν ἐριώλην.
ἃ δὲ θαυμάζειν ὑμῶν φησιν πολλοὺς αὐτῷ προσιόντας,
καὶ βασανίζειν, ὡς οὐχὶ πάλαι χορὸν αἰτοίη καθ' ἑαυτόν,
ἡμᾶς ὑμῖν ἐκέλευε φράσαι περὶ τούτου. φησὶ γὰρ ἀνὴρ
οὐχ ὑπ' ἀνοίας τοῦτο πεπονθὼς διατρίβειν, ἀλλὰ νομίζων 515
κωμφδοδιδασκαλίαν είναι χαλεπώτατον ἔργον ἀπάντων·
πολλῶν γὰρ δὴ πειρασάντων αὐτὴν ὀλίγοις χαρίσασθαι·
ὑμᾶς τε πάλαι διαγιγνώσκων ἐπετείους τὴν φύσιν ὅντας,
καὶ τοὺς προτέρους τῶν ποιητῶν ἄμα τῷ γήρᾳ προ-
διδόντας·

τοῦτο μὲν εἰδὼς ἄπαθε Μάγνης ἄμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσαις,

520

b Magnes, an early writer of comedy. The lines that follow allude to his plays, Baρβιτισταί, The Inte-players, "Ορνιθες, The Birds, Ανδοί, The Lydians, Ψῆνες, The Gall-flies, Βάτραχοι, The Frogs. The green dye, "frog-green," was smeared by actors upon their faces before the use of masks came in. Schol.

^a A. had hitherto exhibited his plays in the name of Callistratus. The poet had to send in his play to the Archon, and "ask for a chorus"; if it was granted, the Archon chose a Choregus, who had to pay all expenses except the cost of the three actors provided by the state. These three divided the chief parts between them.

THE KNIGHTS, 507-520

If one of the old-fashioned Comedy-bards
had our services sought to impress,
And make us before the spectators appear,
to deliver the public address,
He would not have easily gained us; but now,
with pleasure we grant the request
Of a poet who ventures the truth to declare,
and detests what we also detest,
And against the Tornado and Whirlwind, alone,
with noble devotion advances.
But as for the question that puzzles you most,
so that many inquire how it chances
That he never a Chorus had asked for himself,
or attempted in person to vie, a
On this we're commissioned his views to explain,
and this is the Poet's reply;
That 'twas not from folly he lingered so long,
but discerning by shrewd observation
That Comedy-Chorus-instruction is quite
the most difficult thing in creation.
For out of the many who courted the Muse
she has granted her favours to few,
While e'en as the plants that abide but a year,
so shifting and changeful are you;
And the Poets who flourished before him, he saw,
ye were wont in their age to betray.
Observing the treatment which Magnes b received
when his hair was besprinkled with grey,

δς πλείστα χορών τών ἀντιπάλων νίκης ἔστησε τροπαία·

πάσας δ' ύμιν φωνάς ίεις και ψάλλων και πτερυγίζων και λυδίζων και ψηνίζων και βαπτόμενος βατραχείοις οὐκ ἐξήρκεσεν, ἀλλὰ τελευτών ἐπὶ γήρως, οὐ γὰρ ἐφ' ήβης,

έξεβλήθη πρεσβύτης ὤν, ὅτι τοῦ σκώπτειν ἀπελείφθη· 52 εἶτα Κρατίνου μεμνημένος, δς πολλῷ ῥεύσας ποτ' ἐπαίνῳ διὰ τῶν ἀφελῶν πεδίων ἔρρει, καὶ τῆς στάσεως παρασύρων

έφόρει τὰς δρῦς καὶ τὰς πλατάνους καὶ τοὺς έχθροὺς προθελύμνους:

φσαι δ' οὐκ ἦν ἐν ξυμποσίω πλήν, Δωροῖ συκοπέδιλε, καί, Τέκτονες εὐπαλάμων ὅμνων· οὕτως ἤνθησεν ἐκεῖνος. 530 νυνὶ δ' ὑμεῖς αὐτὸν ὁρῶντες παραληροῦντ' οὐκ ἐλεεῖτε, ἐκπιπτουσῶν τῶν ἤλέκτρων, καὶ τοῦ τόνου οὐκ ἔτ' ἐν- όντος,

των θ' άρμονιων διαχασκουσων άλλά γέρων ων περιέρρει,

ωσπερ Κουνας, στέφανον μεν έχων αδον, δίψη δ' απολωλώς,

b Songs of Cratinus from the Eunidae, a play full of parodies. 174

^a Cratinus, another writer of comedies, now in his old age a toper and despised. He won the second place in this contest with *The Satyrs*. Next year he was again second to A., with the Χειμαζομενοι, *The Storm-tossed*; and the year following he was first with Πυτίνη, *The Flagon*, A. being third with *The Clouds*.

THE KNIGHTS, 521-534

Than whom there was none more trophies had won in the fields of dramatic display

All voices he uttered, all forms he assumed,

the Lydian, the fig-piercing Fly,

The Harp with its strings, the Bird with its wings,

the Frog with its yellow-green dye.

Yet all was too little; he failed in the end,

when the freshness of youth was gone by,

And at last in his age he was hissed from the stage

when lost was his talent for jeering.

Then he thought of Cratinus a who flowed through the plains 'mid a turnult of plaudits and cheering;

And sweeping on all that obstructed his course,

with a swirl from their stations he tore them,

Oaks, rivals, and planes; and away on his flood

uprooted and prostrate he bore them.

And never a song at a banquet was sung

but Doro fig-sandaled and true,b

Or Framers of terse and artistical verse,b

such a popular poet he grew.

Yet now that he drivels and dotes in the streets,

and Time of his ambers has reft him,

And his framework is gaping asunder with age,

and his strings and his music have left him,

No pity ye show; no assistance bestow;

but allow him to wander about

Like Connas, with coronal withered and sere,

and ready to perish with drought;

"St. Bribitt with shoes of blackmail," recalls hymns to some

goddess χρυσοπέδιλος, "with golden sandals."

o The Scholiast says Connas was "a flute-player and drunkard who used to go from feast to feast garlanded, and after winning many victories at Olympia, fell into poverty." The line embodies a proverb, Δελφὸς ἀνήρ, στέφανον μὲν ἔχων, δίψει δ' ἀπολωλώς, used of persons sacrificing while themselves in want.

δν χρῆν διὰ τὰς προτέρας νίκας πίνειν ἐν τῷ Πρυτανείῳ,
καὶ μὴ ληρεῖν, ἀλλὰ θεᾶσθαι λιπαρὸν παρὰ τῷ Διονύσῳ.
οἴας δὲ Κράτης ὀργὰς ὑμῶν ἠνέσχετο καὶ στυφελιγμούς·
δς ἀπὸ σμικρᾶς δαπάνης ὑμᾶς ἀριστίζων ἀπέπεμπεν,
ἀπὸ κραμβοτάτου στόματος μάττων ἀστειοτάτας ἐπινοίας·
χοῦτος μέντοι μόνος ἀντήρκει, τότε μὲν πίπτων, τότε
δ' οὐχί.

ταῦτ' ὀρρωδῶν διέτριβεν ἀεί, καὶ πρὸς τούτοισιν ἔφασκεν

ἐρέτην χρῆναι πρῶτα γενέσθαι, πρὶν πηδαλίοις ἐπιχειρεῖν,

κἦτ' ἐντεῦθεν πρωρατεῦσαι καὶ τοὺς ἀνέμους διαθρῆσαι, κἦτα κυβερνῶν αὐτὸν ἐαυτῷ. τούτων οὖν οὖνεκα πάντων, ὅτι σωφρονικῶς κοὐκ ἀνοήτως ἐσπηδήσας ἐφλυάρει, ὅαἰρεσθ' αὐτῷ πολὺ τὸ ῥόθιον, παραπέμψατ' ἐφ' ἔνδεκα κώπαις

58

A variation on the δειπνεῖν ἐν τῷ Πρυτανείῳ. "to dine in the Prytaneum," the reward for distinguished public service.
 His statue being placed in the theatre during the plays.

Orates, like Magnes, was dead at this time. His subjects foreshadowed the New Comedy of manners.

THE KNIGHTS, 535-550

Who ought for his former achievements to DRINK a in the Hall, nor be laid on the shelf, But to sit in the Theatre shining and bright,

beside Dionysus himself.b

And then he remembered the stormy rebuffs

which Crates c endured in his day,

Who a little repast at a little expense

would provide you, then send you away;

Who the daintiest little devices would cook

from the driest of mouths for you all;

Yet he, and he only held out to the end,

now standing, now getting a fall.

So in fear of these dangers he lingered; besides,

a sailor, he thought, should abide

And tug at the oar for a season, before

he attempted the vessel to guide;

And next should be stationed awhile at the prow,

the winds and the weather to scan;

And then be the Pilot, himself for himself.

So seeing our Poet began

In a mood so discreet, nor with vulgar conceit

rushed headlong before you at first,

Loud surges of praise to his honour upraise;

salute him, all hands, with a burst d

Of hearty triumphant Lenaean applause, That the bardmay depart, all radiant and bright To the top of his forehead with joy and delight, Having gained, by your favour, his cause.

d "With eleven oars a side": a phrase not understood. The explanations given are mere guesses.

ἵππι' ἄναξ Πόσειδον, ῷ ναλκοκρότων ζππων κτύπος καὶ χρεμετισμός άνδάνει, καὶ κυανέμβολοι θοαὶ μισθοφόροι τριήρεις, 555 μειρακίων θ' ἄμιλλα λαμπρυνομένων έν ἄρμασιν καὶ βαρυδαιμονούντων, δεῦρ' ἔλθ' ἐς χορόν, ὧ χρυσοτρίαιν', ὧ δελφίνων μεδέων, Σουνιάρατε, 560 ῶ Γεραίστιε παῖ Κρόνου, Φορμίωνί τε φίλτατ', έκ τῶν ἄλλων τε θεῶν ᾿Αθηναίοις πρός τὸ παρεστός.

εὐλογῆσαι βουλόμεσθα τοὺς πατέρας ἡμῶν, ὅτι 565 ἄνδρες ἦσαν τῆσδε τῆς γῆς ἄξιοι καὶ τοῦ πέπλου, οἴτινες πεζαῖς μάχαισιν ἔν τε ναυφράκτω στρατῷ πανταχοῦ νικῶντες ἀεὶ τήνδ' ἐκόσμησαν πόλιν· οὐ γὰρ οὐδεὶς πώποτ' αὐτῶν τοὺς ἐναντίους ἰδὼν ἠρίθμησεν, ἀλλ' ὁ θυμὸς εὐθὺς ἦν ἀμυνίας· 570

Geraestus, S.W. of Euboea, where was a temple of P.; Sunium, S. of Attica.

^c An embroidered robe, raised like a sail upon the mast

178

^b Phormio, the Athenian naval commander, distinguished for courage, honesty, and patriotism, and a popular hero. See Thuc. ii. 68-69 on a late victory of his. He seems to have been dead at this time.

THE KNIGHTS, 551-570

Dread Poseidon, the Horseman's King, Thou who lovest the brazen clash, Clash and neighing of warlike steeds; Pleased to watch where the trireme speeds Purple-beaked, to the oar's long swing, Winning glory (and pay); but chief Where bright youths in their chariots flash Racing (coming perchance to grief); Cronus's son,

Throned on Geraestus and Sunium a bold, Swaying thy dolphins with trident of gold,

Come, O come, at the call of us; Dearest to Phormio b thou, Yea and dearest to all of us, Dearest to all of us now.

Let us praise our mighty fathers, men who ne'er would quake or quail, Worthy of their native country,

worthy of Athene's veil o;

Men who with our fleets and armies

everywhere the victory won,

And adorned our ancient city

by achievements nobly done.

Never stayed they then to reckon

what the numbers of the foe,

At the instant that they saw him,

all their thought was At him god!

of a ship, which was carried through the city at the great Panathenaea, and dedicated to Athena Polias on the Acropolis. The Knights took part in the procession, and are so represented on the Parthenon frieze. See 1180, B. 827. ^d The word, which happens also to be a proper name, is

used as an epithet according to its verbal meaning.

εὶ δέ που πέσοιεν ἐς τὸν ὧμον ἐν μάχῃ τινί,
τοῦτ' ἀπεψήσαντ' ἄν, εἶτ' ἠρνοῦντο μὴ πεπτωκέναι,
ἀλλὰ διεπάλαιον αὖθις. καὶ στρατηγὸς οὐδ' ἄν εἶς
τῶν πρὸ τοῦ σίτησιν ἤτησ' ἐρόμενος Κλεαίνετον·
νῦν δ' ἐὰν μὴ προεδρίαν φέρωσι καὶ τὰ σιτία,
575
οὐ μαχεῖσθαί φασιν. ἡμεῖς δ' ἀξιοῦμεν τῇ πόλει
προῖκα γενναίως ἀμύνειν καὶ θεοῖς ἐγχωρίοις.
καὶ πρὸς οὐκ αἰτοῦμεν οὐδέν, πλὴν τοσουτονὶ μόνον·
ἤν ποτ' εἰρήνη γένηται καὶ πόνων παυσώμεθα,
μὴ φθονεῖθ' ἡμῖν κομῶσι μηδ' ἀπεστλεγγισμένοις. 580

ῶ πολιοῦχε Παλλάς, ὧ
τῆς ἱερωτάτης ἁπασῶν, πολέμῳ τε καὶ ποιηταῖς δυνάμει θ' ὑπερφερούσης μεδέουσα χώρας,
δεῦρ' ἀφικοῦ λαβοῦσα τὴν
ἐν στρατιαῖς τε καὶ μάχαις
ἡμετέραν ξυνεργὸν
Νίκην, ἣ χορικῶν ἐστιν ἑταίρα,

τοις τ' έχθροισι μεθ' ήμων στασιάζει.

585

590

^a Cleaenetus, father of Cleon. Our fathers did not apply to his father.

^b The Knights wore their hair long: see 1121. To do so was regarded as aristocratic, or as Spartan, and disliked. After gymnastics, a scraper or $\sigma\tau\lambda\epsilon\gamma\gamma$ is was used to scrape off the oil.

THE KNIGHTS, 571-590

If they e'er in desperate struggling on their shoulder chanced to fall, Quick they wiped away the dust-mark,

swore they ne'er were thrown at all.

Closed again in deadly grapple.

None of all our generals brave

Then had stooped a public banquet

from Cleaenetus a to crave.

Now unless ye grant them banquets,

grant precedence as their right,

They will fight no more, they tell you.

Our ambition is to fight

Freely for our Gods and country,

as our fathers fought before,

No reward or pay receiving;

asking this and nothing more,

When returning Peace shall set us

free from all our warlike toil.

Grudge us not our flowing ringlets,b

grudge us not our baths and oil.

Holy Pallas, our guardian Queen,
Ruling over the holiest land,
Land poetic, renowned, and strong,
First in battle and first in song,
Land whose equal never was seen,
Come to prosper our Choral band!
Bring thou with thee the Maiden bright,
Her who greets us in every fight,
Victory o!

She in the choir-competition abides with us, Always against our antagonists sides with us.

^e The statue of Athene by Pheidias bore Victory in her hand.

νῦν οὖν δεῦρο φάνηθι· δεῖ
γὰρ τοῖς ἀνδράσι τοῖσδε πάση τέχνη πορίσαι σε νίκην εἴπερ ποτὲ καὶ νῦν.

ά ξύνισμεν τοίσιν ἵπποις, βουλόμεσθ' ἐπαινέσαι. 59 άξιοι δ' εἴσ' εὐλογεῖσθαι· πολλά γὰρ δὴ πράγματα ξυνδιήνεγκαν μεθ' ἡμῶν, εἰσβολάς τε καὶ μάχας. ἀλλὰ τὰν τῆ γῆ μὲν αὐτῶν οὐκ ἄγαν θαυμάζομεν, ώς ὅτ' εἰς τὰς ἱππαγωγοὺς εἰσεπήδων ἀνδρικῶς, πριάμενοι κώθωνας, οἱ δὲ καὶ σκόροδα καὶ κρόμ-

 $\mu \nu a$.

600

εἶτα τὰς κώπας λαβόντες ἄσπερ ἡμεῖς οἱ βροτοὶ ἐμβαλόντες ἀνεβρύαξαν, ἱππαπαῖ, τίς ἐμβαλεῖ; ληπτέον μᾶλλον. τί δρῶμεν; οὐκ ἐλᾳς, ὧ σαμφόρα; ἐξεπήδων τ' ἐς Κόρινθον· εἶτα δ' οἱ νεώτατοι ταῖς ὁπλαῖς ὤρυττον εὐνὰς καὶ μετῆσαν στρώματα· 605 ἤσθιον δὲ τοὺς παγούρους ἀντὶ ποίας Μηδικῆς, εἴ τις ἐξέρποι θύραζε, κὰκ βυθοῦ θηρώμενοι· ὥστ' ἔφη Θέωρος εἰπεῖν καρκίνον Κορίνθιον·

^a A reference to the campaign of Nicias against Corinth in the year before: Thuc. iv. 42-45.

b iππαπαῖ, for the sailors' ρυππαπαῖ (IV. 909, F. 1073).

Lit. "lucerne."

d Unknown: the Schol. says a poet.

THE KNIGHTS, 591-608

Come, great Goddess, appear to us, Now, if ever, we pray, Bring thou victory dear to us, Crown thine Horsemen to-day.

What we witnessed with our horses

we desire to eulogize.a

Worthy they of praise and honour!

many a deed of high emprize,

Many a raid and battle-onset

they with us have jointly shared.

Yet their feats ashore surprise not,

with their feats afloat compared,

When they bought them cans and garlic,

bought them strings of onions too,

Leapt at once aboard the transports,

all with manful hearts and true,

Took their seats upon the benches,

dipped their oar-blades in the sea,

Pulled like any human beings,

neighing out their Hippapae b !

Pull my hearties, pull your strongest,

don't be shirking, Sigma-brand!

Then they leapt ashore at Corinth,

and the youngest of the band

Hollowed with their hoofs their couches

or for bedding searched about.

And they fed on crabs, for clover,6

if they met one crawling out,

Or detected any lurking

in the Ocean's deepest bed,

Till at length a crab of Corinth,

so Theorus d tells us, said :

δεινά γ', ὧ Πόσειδον, εἰ μήτ' ἐν βυθῷ δυνήσομαι, μήτε γῇ μήτ' ἐν θαλάττῃ, διαφυγεῖν τοὺς ἱππέας. 610

Χο. ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνδρῶν καὶ νεανικώτατε,
 ὅσην ἀπὼν παρέσχες ἡμῖν φροντίδα·
 καὶ νῦν ἐπειδὴ σῶς ἐλήλυθας πάλιν,
 ἄγγειλον ἡμῖν πῶς τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἠγωνίσω.

ΑΛ. τί δ' ἄλλο γ' εἰ μὴ Νικόβουλος ἐγενόμην;

XO. VIN do delov ve madin econ employete.

ΧΟ. νῦν ἄρ' ἄξιόν γε πῶσίν ἐστιν ἐπολολύξαι.
 ὧ καλὰ λέγων, πολὺ δ' ἀ-

615

620

625

630

 $\lceil \sigma \tau \rho$.

μείνον' ἔτι τῶν λόγων ἐργασάμεν', εἴθ' ἐπέλθοις ἄπαντά μοι σαφῶς· ὡς ἐγώ μοι δοκῶ

κᾶν μακρὰν δδὸν διελθεῖν ὥστ' ἀκοῦσαι. πρὸς τάδ', ὧ βέλτιστε, θαρρήσας λέγ', ὧς ἄ-

παντες ήδόμεσθά σοι.

ΑΛ. καὶ μὴν ἀκοῦσαί γ' ἄξιον τῶν πραγμάτων. εὐθὺς γὰρ αὐτοῦ κατόπιν ἐνθένδ' ἱέμην ὁ δ' ἄρ' ἔνδον ἐλασίβροντ' ἀναρρηγνὺς ἔπη τερατευόμενος ἤρειδε κατὰ τῶν ἱππέων, κρημνοὺς ἐρείδων καὶ ξυνωμότας λέγων πιθανώταθ' ἡ βουλὴ δ' ἄπασ' ἀκροωμένη ἐγένεθ' ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ψευδατραφάξυος πλέα,

a i.e. "I am literally Nicobulus," which was an Athenian

b This passage parodies the style of a tragic messenger's speech.

THE KNIGHTS, 609-630

Hard it is, my Lord Poseidon,

if the Knights we cannot flee Even in the depths of Ocean, anywhere by land or sea.

[Enter the SAUSAGE-SELLER

CHOR. Dearest of men, my lustiest, trustiest friend, Good lack! how anxious has your absence made us!

But now that safe and sound you are come again,

Say what has happened, and how went the fight.

s.s. How else but thus? The Council-victor I.a

chor. Now may we, joyous, raise the song of sacred praise.

Fair the words you speak, but fairer Are the deeds you do.

Far I'd go, This I know,

But to hear them through. Now then tell us all the story,

All that, where you went, befell;

Fearless be, Sure that we All delight in all you tell.

s.s. Aye and 'tis worth the hearing. When behind him

I reached the Council-chamber, there was he Crashing and dashing, hurling at the Knights Strange wonder-working thunder-driving words.

Calling them all, with all-persuading force, Conspirators! And all the Council, hearing, Grew full of lying orach of at his talk,

Orach grows at a great pace; the hearers' minds are as quickly filled with Cleon's lies.

κάβλεψε ναπυ, καὶ τὰ μέτωπ' ἀνέσπασεν. κάνων' ότε δη 'γνων ενδεχομένην τους λόγους καὶ τοῖς φενακισμοῖσιν έξαπατωμένην. άνε δη Σκίταλοι και Φένακες, ην δ' ένώ. Βερέσχεθοί τε καὶ Κόβαλοι καὶ Μόθων, 635 άγορά τ', εν ή παις ων επαιδεύθην εγώ, νῦν μοι θράσος καὶ γλῶτταν εὖπορον δότε φωνήν τ' αναιδή. ταθτα φροντίζοντί μοι έκ δεξιας απέπαρδε καταπύγων ανήρ. κάνω προσέκυσα· κάτα τω πρωκτώ θενων 640 την κιγκλίδ' έξήραξα, κάναχανών μέγα ἀνέκραγον · ὧ βουλή, λόγους ἀγαθοὺς φέρων εὐαγγελίσασθαι πρώτον ύμιν βούλομαι. έξ οῦ γὰρ ἡμῖν ὁ πόλεμος κατερράγη. οὐπώποτ' ἀφύας είδον ἀξιωτέρας. 645 οί δ' εὐθέως τὰ πρόσωπα διεναλήνισαν. είτ' ἐστεφάνουν μ' εὐαγγέλια· κάγω 'φρασα αὐτοῖς ἀπόρρητον ποιησάμενος, ταχύ, ίνα τὰς ἀφύας ὢνοῖντο πολλὰς τοὐβολοῦ. τῶν δημιουργῶν συλλαβεῖν τὰ τρύβλια. 650 οί δ' ἀνεκρότησαν καὶ πρὸς ἔμ' ἐκεχήνεσαν. δ δ' ύπονοήσας, δ Παφλαγών, είδώς θ' αμα οίς ήδεθ' ή βουλή μάλιστα ρήμασιν, ννώμην έλεξεν άνδρες, ήδη μοι δοκεί έπὶ συμφοραῖς ἀγαθαῖσιν εἰσηγγελμέναις 655 εὐαγγέλια θύειν έκατὸν βοῦς τῆ θεώ. ἐπένευσεν είς ἐκεῖνον ἡ βουλὴ πάλιν. κάγων' ότε δή 'γνων τοις βολίτοις ήττημένος. 186

THE KNIGHTS, 631-658

Wore mustard looks, and puckered up their brows. So when I saw them taking in his words, Gulled by his knavish tricks. Ye Gods, said I. Ye Gods of knavery, Skitals, and Phenaces.a And ye Beresceths, Cobals, Mothon, and Thou Agora, whence my youthful training came, Now give me boldness and a ready tongue And shameless voice! And as I pondered thus, I heard a loud explosion on my right,b And made my reverence; then I dashed apart The railing-wicket, opened wide my mouth, And cried aloud, O Council, I have got Some levely news which first I bring to you. For never, never, since the War broke out, Have I seen pilchards cheaper than to-day. They calmed their brows and grew serene at once, And crowned me for my news; and I suggested. Bidding them keep it secret, that forthwith, To buy these pilchards, many for a penny. Twere best to seize the cups in all the shops. They clapped their hands, and turned agape to me. But Paphlagon perceived, and well aware What kind of measures please the Council best, Proposed a resolution; Sirs, quoth he, I move that for these happy tidings brought, One hundred beeves be offered to Athene. The Council instantly inclined to him. So, overpowered with cow-dung, in a trice

^b A sneeze on the right was lucky, and was greeted by a

reverence.

^a Goblin names; nothing is known of Σκ. or Βερ., but Φένακες means spirits of treachery, Κόβαλοι, of vulgar impudence, Μόβωνες, of drunkenness and bestiality: of, the English goblins, Flibbertigibbet, Fillpotts, Obidicut, Hobbidulence.

διηκοσίησι βουσίν ύπερηκόντισα. τῆ δ' ᾿Αγροτέρα κατά χιλιῶν παρήνεσα 660 εθχήν ποιήσασθαι χιμάρων είσαύριον, αί τριχίδες εὶ γενοίαθ' έκατὸν τουβολοῦ. έκαραδόκησεν είς έμ' ή βουλή πάλιν. ό δὲ ταῦτ' ἀκούσας ἐκπλαγεὶς ἐφληνάφα. κάθ' είλκον αὐτὸν οἱ πρυτάνεις χοὶ τοξόται. 665 οί δ' έθορύβουν περί τῶν ἀφύων έστηκότες. ό δ' ήντιβόλει γ' αὐτούς όλίγον μεῖναι χρόνον, ίν' απθ' ὁ κῆρυξ ούκ Λακεδαίμονος λέγει πύθησθ' ἀφικται γὰρ περὶ σπονδών, λέγων. οί δ' έξ ένδς στόματος απαντες ανέκραγον. 670 νυνὶ περὶ σπονδών; ἐπειδή γ', ὧ μέλε, ήσθοντο τὰς ἀφύας παρ' ἡμιν ἀξίας; ού δεόμεθα σπονδών δ πόλεμος έρπέτω. έκεκράγεσάν τε τούς πρυτάνεις άφιέναι. είθ' ὑπερεπήδων τοὺς δρυφάκτους πανταχη̂. 675 έγω δὲ τὰ κορίανν' ἐπριάμην ὑποδραμών απαντα τά τε γήτει οσ' ην εν τάγορα. έπειτα ταις αφύαις εδίδουν ήδύσματα άποροθσιν αὐτοῖς προῖκα, κάχαριζόμην. οί δ' ύπερεπήνουν ύπερεπύππαζόν τέ με 680 απαντες ουτως ωστε την βουλήν όλην όβολοῦ κοριάννοις ἀναλαβών ἐλήλυθα.

χο. πάντα τοι πέπραγας οἷα χρὴ τὸν εὐτυχοῦντα· [ἀντ. εὖρε δ' ὁ πανοῦργος ἔτε- ρον πολὺ πανουργίαις μείζοσι κεκασμένον.

^a There was a temple of Athena Huntress on the Ilissus, where 500 goats were sacrificed yearly in memory of Marathon.

THE KNIGHTS, 659-685

I overshot him with two hundred beeves.
And vow, said I, to slay to-morrow morn,
If pilchards sell one hundred for an obol,
A thousand she-goats to our huntress Queen.^a
Back came their heads, expectantly, to me.
He, dazed at this, went babbling idly on;
So then the Prytanes and the Archers ^b seized him.

And they stood up, and raved about the pilchards;

And he kept begging them to wait awhile
And hear the tale the Spartan envoy brings;
He has just arrived about a peace, shricked he.
But all the Council with one voice exclaimed,
What! NOW about a peace? No doubt, my
man.

Now they've heard pilchards are so cheap at Athens!

We want no truces; let the War go on!
With that, Dismiss us, Prytanes! shouted
they;

And overleaped the railings everywhere. And I slipped out, and purchased all the leeks And all the coriander in the market; And as they stood perplexed, I gave them all Of my free bounty garnish for their fish. And they so praised and purred about me, that With just one obol's worth of coriander I've all the Council won, and here I am.

CHOR. What rising men should do

Has all been done by you

He, the rascal, now has met a

the rascal, now has met a Bigger rascal still,

b Scythian archers were the Athenian police.

	καὶ δόλοισι ποικίλοις,	
	ρήμασίν θ' αξμύλοις.	
	ἀλλ' ὅπως ἀγωνιεῖ φρόν-	
	τιζε τἀπίλοιπ' ἄριστα·	
	συμμάχους δ' ήμᾶς ἔχων εὔ-	
	2010 20/00000000000000000000000000000000	200
ΑΛ.	καὶ μὴν ὁ Παφλαγών ούτοσὶ προσέρχεται,	690
1221	άθων κολόκοντα νας προσερχεται,	
	ώθων κολόκυμα καὶ ταράττων καὶ κυκών,	
	ώς δη καταπιόμενός με. μορμώ τοῦ θράσους.	
ΠA.	εί μή σ' ἀπολέσαιμ', εί τι τῶν αὐτῶν ἐμοὶ	
	ψευδών ενείη, διαπέσοιμι πανταχή.	695
AΛ.	ησθην ἀπειλαῖς, ἐγέλασα ψολοκομπίαις,	
	άπεπυδάρισα μόθωνα, περιεκόκκυσα.	
ПΑ.	οὔ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἐὰν μή σ' ἐκφάγω	
	έκ τησδε της γης, οὐδέποτε βιώσομαι.	
AA.	ην μη κφάγης; έγω δέ γ', ην μή σ' έκπίω,	700
	κατ' εκροφήσας αυτός επιδιαρραγώ.	700
IIA.	ἀπολῶ σε νη την προεδρίαν την ἐκ Πύλου.	
ΔΛ	ίδου προεδρίαν οΐον ὄψομαί σ' έγω	
****	έκ σθο σος δοίσο έστο ομομαί ο εγω	
***	έκ της προεδρίας έσχατον θεώμενον.	
IIA.	έν τῷ ξύλω δήσω σε νη τὸν οὐρανόν.	705
AA.	ώς δξύθυμος. φέρε τί σοι δώ καταφαγείν;	
	έπὶ τῷ φάγοις ἥδιστ' ἄν; ἐπὶ βαλλαντίω;	
ПΑ.	έξαρπάσομαί σου τοῖς ὄνυξι τἄντερα.	
AA.	άπονυχιώ σου τάν Πρυτανείω σιτία.	
ΠA.	έλξω σε πρός του δήμου, ίνα δώς μοι δίκην.	710
AA.	κάγω δέ σ' ελέω και διαβαλώ πλείονα.	
ΠA.	άλλ', ώ πόνηρε σοι μέν ουδέν σείθεσαι	

a i.e. "to swallow me up," a sense which καταπίνω commonly bears.
b προεδρία, a front seat in the theatre, was often awarded as an honour for public service.

THE KNIGHTS, 686-712

Full of guile Plot and wile,
Full of knavish skill.
Mind you carry through the conflict
In the same undaunted guise.
Well you know Long ago
We're your faithful true allies.

s.s. See here comes Paphlagon, driving on before

A long ground-swell, all fuss and fury, thinking To drink me up.^a Boh! for your impudent bluster.

PAPH. O if I've any of my old lies left,

And don't destroy you, may I fall to bits!

s.s. I like your threats; I'm wonderfully tickled
To hear you fume; I skip and cuckoo around
you.

PAPH. O by Demeter, if I eat you not Out of the land, I'll never live at all.

s.s. You won't? Nor I, unless I drink you up, And swill you up, and burst myself withal.

PAPH. I'll crush you, by my Pylus-won precedence.^b s.s. Precedence, is it? I'm in hopes to see you In the last tier, instead of here in front.

PAPH. By Heaven, I'll clap you in the public stocks. s.s. How fierce it's growing! what would it like

to eat?

What is its favourite dainty? Money-bags?

PAPH. I'll tear your guts out with my nails, I will. s.s. I'll scratch your Town Hall dinners out, I will.

PAPH. I'll hale you off to Demus; then you'll catch it.

s.s. Nay, I'll hale you, and then out-slander you.

PAPH. Alack, poor chap, he pays no heed to you,

191

[°] The Attic idiom is $\epsilon\sigma\theta\ell\epsilon\nu$ $\delta\psi\sigma\nu$ $\epsilon\pi\ell$ $\sigma\ell\tau\psi$, etc., the last being the main fare

	έγω δ' ἐκείνου καταγελώ γ' ὅσον θέλω.	
АΛ.	ώς σφόδρα σὺ τὸν δημον σεαυτοῦ νενόμικας.	
ΠA.		715
ΑΛ.	κάθο ωσπερ αι τίτθαι γε σιτίζεις κακώς.	
	μασώμενος γάρ τῷ μεν ὀλίγον ἐντίθεις,	
	αὐτὸς δ' ἐκείνου τριπλάσιον κατέσπακας.	
TΤΔ	καὶ νὴ Δί' ὑπό γε δεξιότητος τῆς ἐμῆς	
ıı.	δύναμαι ποιείν τον δημον εὐρύν καὶ στενόν.	790
A A	χώ πρωκτός ούμος τουτογί σοφίζεται.	120
IIA.	τωμεν είς τον δημον.	
	οὐδὲν κωλύει	
AΛ.		
	ίδού, βάδιζε, μηδὲν ήμᾶς ἰσχέτω.	
	$\tilde{\omega} \Delta \hat{\eta} \mu \epsilon, \ \delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho^{2} \ \tilde{\epsilon} \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon.$	
AA.	νη Δί', δ πάτερ,	725
	έξελθε δητ'	
ΠA.		
	έξελθ', ἴν' εἰδης οἶα περιυβρίζομαι.	
Δ HM	o≥. τίνες οἱ βοῶντες; οὐκ ἄπιτ' ἀπὸ τῆς	
	θύρας;	
	τὴν εἰρεσιώνην μου κατεσπαράξατε.	
	τίς, ὧ Παφλαγών, ἀδικεῖ σε;	
ΠA.	διὰ σὲ τύπτομαι	730
	ύπὸ τουτουὶ καὶ τῶν νεανίσκων.	
ΔHM	OΣ. τιή;	
ΠA.	ότιὴ φιλῶ σ', ὧ Δῆμ', ἐραστής τ' εἰμὶ σός.	
ΔHM	οΣ. σὺ δ' εἶ τίς ἐτεόν;	
AA.	άντεραστής τουτουί,	
	έρων πάλαι σου, βουλόμενός τέ σ' εὖ ποιεῖν,	

<sup>As nurses do for their children.
An ohve-branch decked out with wool and various</sup> 192

THE KNIGHTS, 713-734

But I can fool him to my heart's content.

s.s.	How sure you seem that Demus is your own!	
PAPH.	Because I know the titbits he prefers.	
s.s. •	And feed him badly as the nurses do.	
	You chew, and pop a morsel in his mouth, ^a	
	But thrice as much you swallow down yourself.	
PAPH.	And I'm so dexterous-handed, I can make	
	Demus expand, and then contract again.	
s.s.	I can do that with many things, I trow.	
PAPH.	'Twon't be like bearding me in the Council	
	now!	
	No, come along to Demus.	
s.s.	Aye, why not?	
	I'm ready; march; let nothing stop us now.	
PAPH.	O Demus, come out here.	
s.s.	O yes, by Zeus,	
J.5.	Come out, my father.	
PAPH.	Dearest darling Demus,	
	Come out, and hear how they're ill-treating	
	me!	
DEMUS.	What's all this shouting? go away, you	
	fellows.	
	You've smashed my harvest-garland b all to	
	bits!	
	Who wrongs you, Paphlagon?	
PAPH.	He, and these young men,	
	Keep beating me because of you.	
DEMUS.	Why so?	
PAPH.	Because I love you and adore you, Demus.	
DEMUS.	(To S.S.) And who are you?	
s.s.	A rival for your love.	
	Long have I loved, and sought to do you good,	
harvest	fruits, carried in the harvest procession and then	
hung over the house door; W. 399.		
VOL.	I o 193	

	άλλοι τε πολλοὶ καὶ καλοί τε κάγαθοί.	735
	άλλ' οὐχ οἷοί τ' ἐσμὲν διὰ τουτονί. σύ γὰρ	
	ομοιος εξ τοις παιοί τοις έρωμένοις.	
	τούς μέν καλούς τε κάγαθούς οὐ προσδέχει,	
	σαυτόν δε λυχνοπώλαισι και νευρορράφοις	
	καὶ σκυτοτόμοις καὶ βυρσοπώλαισιν δίδως.	740
ΠA.	εὖ γὰρ ποιῶ τὸν δῆμον.	
АΛ.	εἰπέ νυν, τί δρῶν;	
	ο τι; τὸν στρατηγόν ὑποδραμών, τοὺς ἐκ Πύλου,	
****	πλεύσας έκεῖσε, τοὺς Λάκωνας ήγαγον.	
$A\Lambda$.	έγω δε περιπατών γ' ἀπ' έργαστηρίου	m 4 P
	έψοντος έτέρου την χύτραν ύφειλόμην.	745
ΠA.	καὶ μὴν ποιήσας αὐτίκα μάλ' ἐκκλησίαν,	
	ῶ Δημ', ἵν' εἰδῆς ὁπότερος νῶν ἐστί σοι	
	εὐνούστερος, διάκρινον, ίνα τοῦτον φιλῆς.	
ΔΛ	ναὶ ναὶ διάκρινον δητα, πλην μη 'ν τη πυκνί.	
	οΣ. οὐκ ἂν καθιζοίμην ἐν ἄλλφ χωρίφ:	==0
ΔНМ		750
	άλλ' εἰς τὸ πρόσθε χρη παριέν' ἐς την πύκνα.	
$A\Lambda$.	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ώς ἀπόλωλ'. ὁ γὰρ γέρων	
	οἴκοι μὲν ἀνδρῶν ἐστι δεξιώτατος,	
	όταν δ' ἐπὶ ταυτησὶ καθήται τής πέτρας,	
	κέχηνεν ωσπερ εμποδίζων ισχάδας.	755
	nexilities moneh chinocogas coxumus.	-
	0 0/ / 0 0 / 0 26/	[στρ.
xo.	νῦν δή σε πάντα δεῖ κάλων ἐξιέναι σεαυτοῦ,	
	καὶ λημα θούριον φορείν καὶ λόγους ἀφύκτους,	
	όποιαι πόνδι ήπερβαλεί ποικίλος γιαο άνώο	

^a An allusion to Hyperbolus: 1315, C. 1065.

and the orators take their places.

^b πάριτ' ἐs τὸ πρόσθε was the formula of the Crier to summon citizens within the space purified for the sitting.

⁶ The meaning is differently explained, but remains uncertain: stringing figs, playing at bob-fig, or treading figs into cases.

⁶ Domus now takes his seat as the audience in the mimic Pnyx,

THE KNIGHTS, 735-758

With many another honest gentleman, But Paphlagon won't let us. You yourself, Excuse me sir, are like the boys with lovers. The honest gentlemen you won't accept, Yet give yourself to lantern-selling chaps,^a To sinew-stitchers, cobblers, aye and tanners.

PAPH. Because I am good to Demus.

s.s. Tell me how.

PAPH. 'Twas I slipped in before the general there
And sailed to Pylus, and brought back the
Spartans.

s.s. And I walked round, and from the workshop

stole

A mess of pottage, cooked by someone else.

Come, make a full Assembly out of hand,
O Demus, do; then find which loves you best,

And so decide, and give that man your love. s.s. O Demus, do. Not in the Pnyx however.

DEMUS. Aye, in the Pnyx, not elsewhere will I sit. So forward all, move forward to the Pnyx.

s.s. O luckless me, I'm ruined! The old fellow Is, when at home, the brightest man alive; But once he sits upon his rock, he moons With open mouth, as one who gapes for figs.

chor.d Now loosen every hawser,e

now speed your bark along,

And mind your soul is eager,

and mind your words are strong,

No subterfuge admitting;

the man has many a trick

More accurately, loosen the ropes that hold up or reef the sail; a long rope is still used to loop up the corner of the sail in the Levant.

ἄνδρα.

πρότερον σύ

196

κάκ τῶν ἀμηχάνων πόρους εὐμήχανος πορίζειν. πρὸς ταῦθ' ὅπως ἔξει πολὺς καὶ λαμπρὸς ἐς τὸν

άλλα φυλάττου, και πριν έκεινον προσκεισθαί σοι,

τους δελφινας μετεωρίζου και την άκατον παρα-

ΠΑ. τῆ μὲν δεσποίνη ᾿Αθηναίη, τῆ τῆς πόλεως μεδεούση,

	εύχομαι, εί μέν περί τον δήμον τον Αθηναίων	
	γεγένημαι	
	βέλτιστος ἀνὴρ μετὰ Λυσικλέα καὶ Κύνναν καὶ Σαλαβακχώ,	765
	ωσπερ νυνί μηδέν δράσας δειπνείν έν τῷ Πρυτανείω.	
	ώσπερ νυνὶ μηδὲν δράσας δειπνεῖν ἐν τῷ Πρυτανείῳ· εἰ δέ σε μισῶ καὶ μὴ περὶ σοῦ μάχομαι μόνος ἀντιβεβηκώς,	
	άπολοίμην καὶ διαπρισθείην κατατμηθείην τε λέπαδυα.	
AA.	κάγωγ', ὧ Δῆμ', εἰ μή σε φιλῶ καὶ μὴ στέργω, κατατμηθεὶς	
	έψοίμην εν περικομματίοις κεί μη τούτοισι πέποιθας,	770
	έπὶ ταυτησὶ κατακνησθείην ἐν μυττωτῷ μετὰ τυροῦ,	
	καὶ τῆ κρεάγρα τῶν ὀρχιπέδων ἐλκοίμην ἐς Κεραμεικόν.	
ΠA.	καὶ πῶς ἄν ἐμοῦ μᾶλλόν σε φιλῶν, ὧ Δῆμε, γένοιτο πολίτης;	
	ος πρωτα μέν, ήνίκ' ἐβούλευόν σοι, χρήματα πλεῖστ' ἀπέδειξα	
	-	

^a Masses of lead or iron in the shape of fish, hung from the yards and dropped upon the enemy ship: Thuc. vii. 41. 2.
^b See note on 132. Instead of "the best since Pericles and Themistocles," he names a demagogue and two courtesans.

THE KNIGHTS, 759-774

From hopeless things, in hopeless times. a hopeful course to pick. Upon him with a whirlwind's force. impetuous, fresh and quick. But keep on his movements a watch; and be sure that before he can deal you a blow, You hoist to the mast your dolphins.a and cast your vessel alongside the foe. To the Lady who over the city presides, PAPH. to our mistress Athene, I pray If beyond all the rest I am stoutest and best, in the service of Demus to-day, Except Salabaccho, and Cynna the bold, and Lysicles b-then in the Hall May I dine as of late at the cost of the State for doing just nothing at all. But O if I hate you, nor stride to the van to protect you from woes and mishaps Then slay me, and flay me, and saw me to bits, to be cut into martingale straps. And I, if I love you not, Demus, am game s.s. to be slaughtered by chopping and mincing, And boiled in a sausage-meat pie; and if THAT is, you think, not entirely convincing, Let me here, if you please, with a morsel of cheese, upon this to a salad be grated, Or to far Cerameicus be dragged through the streets with my flesh-hook, and there be cremated. O Demus, how can there be ever a man PAPII. who loves you as dearly as I? When on me you relied your finances to guide, your Treasury never was dry, o The breast-bands fastening the yoke.

', 775 '. 'ó	οὐ φροντίζων τῶν ἰδιωτῶν οὐδενός, εἰ σοὶ χαριοίμην ΑΛ. τοῦτο μέν, ὧ Δῆμ', οὐδὲν σεμνόν· κἀγὼ γὰρ τοῦτό
	σε δράσω. άρπάζων γὰρ τοὺς ἄρτους σοι τοὺς ἀλλοτρίους παραθήσω.
	ώς δ' οὐχὶ φιλεῖ σ' οὐδ' ἔστ' εὔνους, τοῦτ' αὐτό σε πρῶτα διδάξω, ἀλλ' ἢ διὰ τοῦτ' αὔθ' ότιή σου τῆς ἀνθρακιῶς ἀπολαύει. σὲ γάρ, δς Μήδοισι διεξιφίσω περὶ τῆς χώρα.
	σὲ γάρ, δς Μήδοισι διεξιφίσω περὶ τῆς χώρα Μαραθῶνι, καὶ νικήσας ἡμῦν μεγάλως ἐγγλωττοτυπεῦν παρ
9-	έπὶ ταῖσι πέτραις οὐ φροντίζει σκληρῶς σε καθ ήμενον οὕτως,
	οὐχ ὧσπερ ἐγὼ ῥαψάμενός σοι τουτὶ φέρω. ἀλλ ἐπαναίρου.
	κἇτα καθίζου μαλακῶς, ΐνα μὴ τρίβης τὴν ἐ Σαλαμῖνι. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄνθρωπε, τίς εἶ; μῶν ἔγγονος εἶ τῶν 'Αρμο δίου τις ἐκείνων;
ai	τοῦτό νέ τοί σου τοῦργον ἀληθώς νενναῖον κο

φιλόδημον. ΠΑ. ὡς ἀπὸ μικρῶν εὖνους αὐτῷ θωπευματίων γεγέ-

785

ΑΛ. καὶ σὺ γὰρ αὐτὸν πολὺ μικροτέροις τούτων δελεάσμασιν είλες.

^a Literally, "to mint phrases about." ^b The Pnyx.
^e This passage satirizes the doles and indulgences by which Cleon courted favour.

THE KNIGHTS, 775-789

I was begging of these, whilst those I would squeeze and rack to extort what was due, And nought did I care how a townsman might fare, so long as I satisfied you. s.s. Why, Demus, there's nothing to boast of in that; to do it I'm perfectly able. I've only to steal from my comrade a meal, and serve it up hot on your table. And as for his loving and wishing you well, it isn't for you that he cares, Excepting indeed for the gain that he gets, and the snug little fire that he shares. Why you, who at Marathon fought with the Medes, for Athens and Hellas contending, And won the great battle, and left us a theme for our songs and our speeches unending,a He cares not a bit that so roughly you sit on the rocks, b nor has dreamed of providing Those seats with the thing I have stitched you and bring. Just lift yourself up and subside in This ease-giving cushion for fear you should gall what at Salamis sat by the oar. DEMUS. Who are you? Iopine you are sprung from the line of Harmodius d famous of yore; So noble and Demus-relieving e an act I never have witnessed before! PAPH. O me, by what paltry attentions and gifts you contrive to attract and delude him! s.s. 'Twas by baits that are smaller and poorer than mine, you rascal, you hooked and subdued him.

⁴ Harmodius and Aristogenton, the traditional founders of Athenian freedom.

[•] ε
ύνους τ $\hat{\varphi}$ δήμ φ is the regular phrase for a loyal citizen, used
in honorific inscriptions.

ΠΑ. καὶ μὴν εἴ πού τις ἀνὴρ ἐφάνη τῷ δήμῳ μᾶλλον ล้นบังลง η μαλλον έμου σε φιλών, έθέλω περί της κεφαλης περιδόσθαι.

ΑΛ. καὶ πῶς σὺ φιλεῖς, ὃς τοῦτον ὁρῶν οἰκοῦντ' ἐν ταῖς πιθάκναισι

καὶ γυπαρίοις καὶ πυργιδίοις ἔτος ὄγδοον οὐκ έλεαίρεις.

άλλα καθείρξας αὐτον βλίττεις 'Αρχεπτολέμου δέ φέροντος

την εἰρήνην έξεσκέδασας, τὰς πρεσβείας τ' ἀπελαύνεις

έκ της πόλεως βαθαπυγίζων, αι τὰς σπονδάς προκαλούνται.

ΠΑ. ΐνα γ' Έλλήνων ἄρξη πάντων. ἔστι γὰρ ἐν τοῖς λονίοισιν

ώς τοῦτον δεῖ ποτ' ἐν ᾿Αρκαδία πεντωβόλου ήλιάσασθαι.

ἢν ἀναμείνη· πάντως δ' αὐτὸν θρέψω 'γὼ καὶ θεραπεύσω,

έξευρίσκων εὖ καὶ μιαρῶς ὁπόθεν τὸ τριώβολον ἔξει. 800

AA. οὐχ ἴνα γ' ἄρχῃ μὰ Δί' 'Αρκαδίας προνοούμενος, ἀλλ' ἴνα μᾶλλον

σὺ μὲν άρπάζης καὶ δωροδοκῆς παρὰ τῶν πόλεων. ό δὲ δημος

b An allusion to the crowding of refugees into Athens in the

Peloponnesian War: Thuc. ii. 52.

a The war began in 431 B.C., according to our historians; but the Athenian ideas as to the date were vague. See A. 266, 890, P. 990.

[•] See 327: Spartan proposals for peace were rejected, when the Spartan troops were first shut up in Sphacteria, Thuc. iv. 21-22. We know nothing of A. in this debate, but his name makes a pun, "Delawarr offers peace."

THE KNIGHTS, 790-802

PAPH. Was there ever a man since the City began who for Demus has done such a lot. Or fought for his welfare so stoutly as I? I will wager my head there is not. s.s. You love him right well who permit him to dwell eight a years in the clefts of the City, In the nests of the vulture, in turrets and casks,^b nor ever assist him or pity, But keep him in durance to rifle his hive: and that is the reason, no doubt. Why the peace which, unsought, Archeptolemus brought. you were quick from the city to scout And as for the embassies coming to treat, you spanked them and chivied them out. PAPH. That over all Hellas our Demus may rule; for do not the oracles sav. He will surely his verdicts in Arcady give, receiving five obols a day.d If he grow not aweary of fighting? Meanwhile, it is I who will nourish and pet him, And always the daily triobol he earns, unjustly or justly I'll get him. s.s. No not that o'er Arcady Demus may rule, but rather that you might essay To harry and plunder the cities at will,

while Demus is looking away,

⁶ Five obols was a common durly wage for labour. Cleon's glorious aim is to add two obols to the three obols of the dicasts' pay, and so make work unnecessary.

ύπο τοῦ πολέμου καὶ τῆς ομίχλης ἃ πανουργεῖς μὴ καθορῷ σου, ἀλλ' ὑπ' ἀνάγκης ἄμα καὶ χρείας καὶ μισθοῦ πρός σε κεχήνῃ. εἰ δέ ποτ' εἰς ἀγρὸν οὖτος ἀπελθὼν εἰρηναῖος διατρίψῃ, καὶ χῖδρα φαγὼν ἀναθαρρήσῃ καὶ στεμφύλῳ εἰς

λόγον έλθη,

γνώσεται οΐων ἀγαθων αὐτὸν τῆ μισθοφορῷ παρεκόπτου,

είθ' ήξει σοι δριμὺς ἄγροικος, κατὰ σοῦ τὴν ψῆφον ἰχνεύων.

α ου γιγνώσκων τόνδ' έξαπατᾶς, καὶ ὀνειροπολεῖς περὶ σαυτοῦ.

ΠΑ. οὔκουν δεινὸν ταυτί σε λέγειν δῆτ' ἔστ' ἐμὲ καὶ διαβάλλειν 810

πρὸς 'Αθηναίους καὶ τὸν δημον, πεποιηκότα πλείονα χρηστὰ

νη την Δήμητρα Θεμιστοκλέους πολλώ περὶ την πόλιν ήδη;

ΑΛ. ὧ πόλις "Αργους, κλύεθ' οἷα λέγει. σὺ Θεμιστοκλεῖ ἀντιφερίζεις;

δς ἐποίησεν τὴν πόλιν ἡμῶν μεστήν, εύρὼν ἐπιχειλῆ, καὶ πρὸς τούτοις ἀριστώση τὸν Πειραιᾶ προσέμαξεν, 815

a This is just what Thucydides says, v. 16.

^b The Greek means "countryman," but R. thinks ἀγρευτής

should be read.

d This phrase is from Euripides' Telephus, and κλύεθ' οία λέγει

from Medea 168.

⁶ Themistocles caused the Peiraeus to be founded, the walls of harbour and city to be built, and the fleet to be made great. No doubt the Long Walls were part of the plan; and T. is given credit for them in 815.

THE KNIGHTS, 803-815

And the war with the haze and the dust that you raise is obscuring your actions from view,a And Demus, constrained by his wants and his pay, is a gaping dependent on you. But if once to the country in peace he returns. away from all fighting and fusses, And strengthens his system with furmety there. and a confect of olive discusses. He will know to your cost what a deal he has lost, while the pay you allowed him he drew, And then, like a hunter, b irate he will come on the trail of a vote against you. You know it; and Demus you swindle with dreams, crammed full of yourself and your praises. PAPH. It is really distressing to hear you presume to arraign with such scurrilous phrases Before the Athenians and Demus a man who more for the city has done Than e'er by Demeter Themistocles c did who glory undying has won. s.s. O city of Argos! a yourself would you match with mighty Themistocles, him Who made of our city a bumper indeed. though he found her scarce filled to the brim,6 Who, while she was lunching, Peiraeus threw in.

"Kneaded it into one with the city": a reference to the

Long Walls. Scholiast.

as a dainty additional dish,

^{*} χείλος, the rim of a vessel, was of some depth; ἐπιχειλής, marks that the liquid touched the lower edges of the rim, ὑπερχειλής, that the cup is quite full (not running over).

	ἀφελών τ' οὐδὲν τῶν ἀρχαίων ἰχθῦς καινοὺς παρ-	
	έθηκε.	
	σύ δ' 'Αθηναίους εζήτησας μικροπολίτας αποφήναι	
	διατειχίζων καὶ χρησμωδών, ὁ Θεμιστοκλεῖ ἀντιφερίζων.	
	κάκείνος μεν φεύγει την γην, ου δ' 'Αχιλλείων	
	ἀπομάττει.	
па.	οὔκουν ταυτὶ δεινὸν ἀκούειν, ὧ Δῆμ', ἐστίν μ' ὑπὸ	
	τούτου,	820
	ότιή σε φιλῶ;	
AHM	0፮. παῦ παῦ', οὖτος, καὶ μὴ σκέρβολλε	
	πονηρά.	
	πολλοῦ δὲ πολύν με χρόνον καὶ νῦν ἐλελήθεις	
	ἐγκρυφιάζων.	
AΛ.	μιαρώτατος, ὧ Δημακίδιον, καὶ πλεῖστα πανοῦργα	
	δεδρακώς,	
	όπόταν χασμᾶ, καὶ τοὺς καυλοὺς	
	των εὐθυνων ἐκκαυλίζων	825
	καταβροχθίζει, κἀμφοῖν χειροῖν	
	μυστιλάται των δημοσίων.	
ΠΑ.	οὐ χαιρήσεις, ἀλλά σε κλέπτονθ'	
	αἷρήσω 'γὼ τρεῖς μυριάδας.	
ΑΛ.	τί θαλαττοκοπεῖς καὶ πλατυγίζεις,	830
	μιαρώτατος ὢν περὶ τὸν δῆμον	
	τὸν 'Αθηναίων; καί σ' ἐπιδείξω	
	νη την Δήμητρ', η μη ζώην,	
	1 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

 $^{^{\}alpha}$ Some unknown building project of Cleon's. See W. 41. 204

THE KNIGHTS, 816-833

Who secured her the old, while providing unveil and novel assortments of fish ;

Whilst you, with your walls of partition forsooth, a and the oracle-chants which you hatch,

Would dwarf and belittle the city again,

who yourself with Themistocles match!

And he was an exile, but you upon crumbs

Achilléan b your fingers are cleaning.

PAPH. Now is it not monstrous that I must endure

accusations so coarse and unmeaning,

And all for the love that I bear you?

DEMUS. Forbear! no more of your wrangle and row!

Toolong have your light-fingered tricks with my bread of my notice escaped until now.

s.s. He's the vilest of miscreants, Demus, and works
more mischief than any, I vow.
While you're gaping about, he is picking from out
Of the juiciest audit the juiciest sprout,
And devours it with zest; while deep in the chest
Of the public exchequer both hands are addressed
To ladling out cash for himself, I protest.

PAPH. All this you'll deplore when it comes to the fore That of drachmas you stole thirty thousand or more.

s.s. Why make such a dash with your oar-blades, and thrash

The waves into foam with your impotent splash? "Tis but fury and sound; and you'll shortly be found

The worst of the toadies who Demus surround. And proof I will give, or I ask not to live,

b Bread made from the finest barley, "the peerless Achilles" of barley, such as was served at the Prytaneium.

· άρτος έγκρυφίας was bread baked in the ashes, perhaps of an

inferior kind.

δωροδοκήσαντ' έκ Μιτυλήνης πλεῖν ἢ μνᾶς τετταράκοντα.

835

- ΧΟ. ὧ πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις φανεὶς μέγιστον ὡφέλημα, [ἀντ. ζηλῶ σε τῆς εὐγλωττίας. εἰ γὰρ ὧδ' ἐποίσεις, μέγιστος 'Ελλήνων ἔσει, καὶ μόνος καθέξεις τἀν τῆ πόλει, τῶν ξυμμάχων τ' ἄρξεις ἔχων τρίαιναν, ἢ πολλὰ χρήματ' ἐργάσει σείων τε καὶ ταράττων. 840 καὶ μὴ μεθῆς τὸν ἄνδρ', ἐπειδή σοι λαβὴν δέδωκεν κατεργάσει γὰρ ῥαδίως, πλευρὰς ἔχων τοιαύτας.
- ΠΑ. οὐκ, ὧγαθοί, ταῦτ' ἐστί πω ταύτη μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ. ἐμοὶ γάρ ἐστ' εἰργασμένον τοιοῦτον ἔργον ὥστε ἀπαξάπαντας τοὺς ἐμοὺς ἐχθροὺς ἐπιστομίζειν, ἕως ἂν ἢ τῶν ἀσπίδων τῶν ἐκ Πύλου τι λοιπόν.
- ΑΛ. ἐπίσχες ἐν ταῖς ἀσπίσιν λαβὴν γὰρ ἐνδέδωκας.
 οὐ γάρ σ' ἐχρῆν, εἴπερ φιλεῖς τὸν δῆμον, ἐκ προνοίας ταύτας ἐᾶν αὐτοῖσι τοῖς πόρπαξιν ἀνατεθῆναι.
 ἀλλ' ἐστὶ τοῦτ', ὧ Δῆμε, μηχάνημ', ἵν', ἢν σὰ βούλη 850 τὸν ἄνδρα κολάσαι τουτονί, σοὶ τοῦτο μὴ 'γγένηται.

^a Allusion unknown. After the M. revolt of 428, Cleon carried a motion to kill all the male population, afterwards partly rescinded: Thuc. ni. 50.

^b A metaphor from wrestling.

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ The shields of the Spartan prisoners from Sphacteria were hung up in the Painted Colonnade.

THE KNIGHTS, 834-851

	That a bribe by the Mitylenaeans was sent,a
	Forty minas and more; to your pockets it went.
CHOR.	O 11 .1
	a blessing and a boon!
	O wondrous flow of language!
	Fight thus, and you'll be soon
	The greatest man in Hellas,
	and all the State command,
	And rule our faithful true allies,
	a trident in your hand,
	Wherewith you'll gather stores of wealth,
	by shaking all the land.
	And if he lend you once a hold,
	then never let him go;
	With ribs like these you ought with ease
	to subjugate the foe.
PAPH.	O matters have not come to that,
	my very worthy friends!
	I've done a deed, a noble deed,
	a deed which so transcends
	All other deeds, that all my foes
	of speech are quite bereft,
	While any shred of any shield,
s.s.	from Pylus brought, is left. Halt at those Pylian shields of yours!
D.G.	a lovely hold you're lending.
	For if you really Demus love,
	what meant you by suspending
	Those shields with all their handles on,
	for action ready strapped?
	O Demus, there's a dark design
	within those handles wrapped,
	And if to punish him you seek,
	those shields will bar the way.

όρᾶς γὰρ αὐτῷ στῖφος οἶόν ἐστι βυρσοπωλῶν νεανιῶν· τούτους δὲ περιοικοῦσι μελιτοπῶλαι καὶ τυροπῶλαι· τοῦτο δ' εἰς ἔν ἐστι συγκεκυφός. ὤστ' εἰ σὺ βριμήσαιο καὶ βλέψειας ὀστρακίνδα, νύκτωρ κατασπάσαντες ἄν τὰς ἀσπίδας θέοντες τὰς εἰσβολὰς τῶν ἀλφίτων ἃν καταλάβοιεν ἡμῶν.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἴμοι τάλας· ἔχουσι γὰρ πόρπακας; ὧ πόνηρε, ὄσον με παρεκόπτου χρόνον τοιαῦτα κρουσιδημών.

- ΠΑ. ὧ δαιμόνιε, μὴ τοῦ λέγοντος ἴσθι, μηδ' οἰηθῆς 860 ἐμοῦ ποθ' εὐρήσειν φίλον βελτίον' ὅστις εἶς ὢν ἔπαυσα τοὺς ξυνωμότας, καί μ' οὐ λέληθεν οὐδὲν ἐν τῆ πόλει ξυνιστάμενον, ἀλλ' εὐθέως κέκραγα.
- ΑΛ. ὅπερ γὰρ οἱ τὰς ἐγχέλεις θηρώμενοι πέπονθας.
 ὅταν μὲν ἡ λίμνη καταστῆ, λαμβάνουσιν οὐδέν· 86!
 ἐὰν δ' ἄνω τε καὶ κάτω τὸν βόρβορον κυκῶσιν,
 αἱροῦσι· καὶ σὺ λαμβάνεις, ἢν τὴν πόλιν ταράττης.
 ἕν δ' εἰπέ μοι τοσουτονί· σκύτη τοσαῦτα πωλῶν,

^a An allusion to the practice of "ostracizing" or banishing a too powerful citizen, in which the voting was carried out by inscribing the name on a potsherd. Aristophanes, however, by way of jest calls it ὀστρακίνδα, a game.

b εἰσβολαί would naturally refer to such "passes" as those between Boeotia and Attica. Here, however, "no very definite locality is indicated, but the general meaning would point to the gates through which the imported barley would enter Athens from the Peiraeus": R.

THE KNIGHTS, 852-868

You see the throng of tanner-lads he always keeps in pay, And round them dwell the folk who sell their honey and their cheeses; And these are all combined in one, to do whate'er he pleases. And if the oyster-shelling game you seem inclined to play, a They'll come by night with all their might and snatch those shields away, And then with ease will run and seize the passes of—your wheat.b. DEMUS. Oh, are the handles really there? You rascal, what deceit Have you so long been practising that Demus you may cheat? Pray don't be every speaker's gull, nor dream you'll ever get A better friend than I, who all conspiracies upset. Alone I crushed them all, and now, if any plots are brewing Within the town, I scent them down, and raise a grand hallooing. O ay, you're like the fisher-folk, S.S. the men who hunt for eels, Who when the mere is still and clear catch nothing for their creels, But when they rout the mud about and stir it up and down, Tis then they do; and so do you, when you perturb the town. But answer me this single thing: you sell a lot of leather, VOL. I P 209

ἔδωκας ἤδη τουτωὶ κάττυμα παρὰ σεαυτοῦ ταις ἐμβάσιν, φάσκων φιλεῖν;

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐ δῆτα μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω. 870

ΑΛ. ἔγνωκας οὖν δῆτ' αὐτὸν οἶός ἐστιν; ἀλλ' ἐγώ σοι ζεῦγος πριάμενος ἐμβάδων τουτὶ φορεῖν δίδωμι.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. κρίνω σ' ὅσων ἐγῷδα περὶ τὸν δῆμον ἄνδρ' ἄριστον εὐνούστατόν τε τῆ πόλει καὶ τοῖσι δακτύλοισιν.

πΑ. οὐ δεινὸν οὖν δῆτ' ἐμβάδας τοσουτονὶ δύνασθαι, 875
 ἐμοῦ δὲ μὴ μνείαν ἔχειν ὅσων πέπονθας; ὅστις ἔπαυσα τοὺς βινουμένους, τὸν Γρύττον ἐξαλείψας.

ΑΛ. οὔκουν σε δῆτα ταῦτα δεινόν ἐστι πρωκτοτηρεῖν, παῦσαίτετοὺς βινουμένους; κοὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ἐκείνους οὐχὶ φθονῶν ἔπαυσας, ἵνα μὴ ῥήτορες γένοιντο. 880 τονδὶ δ' ὁρῶν ἄνευ χιτῶνος ὅντα τηλικοῦτον, οὐπώποτ' ἀμφιμασχάλου τὸν Δῆμον ἠξίωσας, χειμῶνος ὄντος· ἀλλ' ἐγώ σοι τουτονὶ δίδωμι.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. τοιουτονὶ Θεμιστοκλῆς οὐπώποτ' ἐπενόησεν. καίτοι σοφὸν κἀκεῖν' ὁ Πειραιεύς· ἔμοιγε μέντοι 885

^a Unknown, but said by the Scholiast to be notorious for immorality. Conviction under a $\gamma \rho a \phi \dot{\eta}$ εταιρήσεων entailed loss of citizenship, and hence made it unlawful for the man to speak in the assembly.

b He wore the τρίβων or doubled χλαΐνα, like the poorer people.

The Lenaean festival came in winter.

^d The χιτών with one arm-hole (ἐτερομάσχαλος) was used by hand-workers, that with two arm-holes was the mark of a free man (Pollux, vii. 47).

THE KNIGHTS, 869-885

	You say you're passionately fond
	of Demus,—tell me whether
	You've given a clout to patch his shoes.
DEMUS.	
s.s.	You see the sort of man he is!
	but I, I've bought a pair
	Of good stout shoes, and here they are,
	I give them you to wear.
DEMUS.	O worthy, patriotic gift!
	I really don't suppose
	There ever lived a man so kind
	to Demus and his toes.
PAPH.	'Tis shameful that a pair of shoes
	should have the power and might
	To put the favours I've conferred
	entirely out of sight,
	I who struck Gryttus a from the lists,
	and stopped the boy-loves quite.
s.s.	'Tis shameful, I with truth retort,
5.5.	that you should love to pry
	Into such vile degrading crimes
	as that you name. And why? Because you fear 'twill make the boys
	for multiplicate the form
	for public speaking fit.
	But Demus, at his age, you see
	without a tunic sit, ^b
	In winter o too; and nought from you
	his poverty relieves,
	But here's a tunic I have brought,
	well-lined, with double sleeves.d
DEMUS.	O, why Themistocles himself
	ne'er thought of such a vest!
	Peiraeus was a clever thing,
	but yet, I do protest,

οὐ μεῖζον είναι φαίνετ' έξεύρημα τοῦ χιτῶνος.

ΠΑ. οἴμοι τάλας, οἴοις πιθηκισμοῖς με περιελαύνεις.

ΑΛ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ὅπερ πίνων ἀνὴρ πέπονθ', ὅταν χεσείῃ, τοῦσιν τρόποις τοῦς σοῦσιν ὥσπερ βλαυτίοισι χρῶμαι.

ΠΑ. ἀλλ' οὐχ ὑπερβαλεῖ με θωπείαις· ἐγὼ γὰρ αὐτὸν 890 προσαμφιῶ τοδί· σὰ δ' οἴμωζ', ὧ πόνηρ'.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἰαιβοῖ.

οὐκ ἐς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ, βύρσης κάκιστον ὅζων;

ΑΛ. καὶ τοῦτό γ' ἐπίτηδές σε περιήμπισχ', ΐνα σ' ἀποπνίξη·

καὶ πρότερον ἐπεβούλευσέ σοι. τὸν καυλὸν οἶσθ' ἐκεῖνον

τοῦ σιλφίου τὸν ἄξιον γενόμενον;

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οίδα μέντοι.

α μέντοι. 895

ΑΛ. ἐπίτηδες οὖτος αὐτὸν ἔσπευδ' ἄξιον γενέσθαι, ἵν' ἐσθίοιτ' ἀνούμενοι, κἄπειτ' ἐν 'Ηλιαία βδέοντες ἀλλήλους ἀποκτείνειαν οἱ δικασταί.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ καὶ πρὸς ἐμὲ τοῦτ' εἶπ' ἀνὴρ Κόπρειος.

ΑΛ. οὐ γὰρ τόθ' ὑμεῖς βδεόμενοι δήπου 'γένεσθε πυρροί; 900 ΔΗΜΟΣ. καὶ νὴ Δί' ἦν γε τοῦτο Πυρράνδρου τὸ μηχάνημα. ΠΑ. οἴοισί μ', ὧ πανοῦργε, βωμολοχεύμασιν ταράττεις.

^a There was an Attic deme Κύπρος, adj. Κόπρειος. βδέοντες, "breaking wind." $\pi \nu \rho \rho o i$, $sc. \tau ι ν$ $\pi \rho \omega \kappa \tau \delta \nu$. The name Pyrrhander echoes this. Who he was, is unknown; some think Cleon is meant, and that his actor was decked up as a slave with red hair. 212

THE KNIGHTS, 886-902

	That on the whole, between the two,
	I like the tunic best.
PAPH.	(To S.S.) Pah! would you circumvent me thus,
	with such an apish jest?
s.s.	Nay as one guest, at supper-time,
	will take another's shoes,
	When dire occasion calls him out,
	so I your methods use.
PAPH.	Fawn on: you won't outdo me there.
	I'll wrap him round about
	With this of mine. Now go and whine, you rascal.
DEMUS.	Pheugh get out !
(To P.'s	wrapper) Go to the crows, you brute, with that
`	disgusting smell of leather.
s.s.	He did it for the purpose, Sir;
	to choke you altogether.
	He tried to do it once before:
	don't you remember when
	A stalk of silphium sold so cheap?
DEMUS.	Remember? yes: what then?
s.s.	Why that was his contrivance too:
	he managed there should be a
	Supply for all to buy and eat;
	and in the Heliaea
	The dicasts one and all were seized
	with violent diarrhoea.
DEMUS.	O ay, a Coprolitish a man
	described the sad affair.
s.s.	And worse and worse you grew,
	till yellow-tailed you were.
DEMUS.	It must have been Pyrrhander's trick,
	the fool with yellow hair.
PAPH.	(To S.S.) With what tomfooleries, you rogue,
	you harass and torment me.

ΑΛ. ή	γαρ θεός μ' εκέλευσε νικήσαί σ' αλαζονείαις.	
ΠA. α	λλ' οὐχὶ νικήσεις. ἐγὼ γάρ φημί σοι παρέξειν,	
ű	Δημε, μηδέν δρώντι μισθοῦ τρύβλιον ροφησαι.	905
	γω δὲ κυλίχνιόν γέ σοι καὶ φάρμακον δίδωμι	
	αν τοισιν αντικνημίοις έλκύδρια περιαλείφειν.	
	νω δε τας πολιάς γε σουκλέγων νέον ποιήσω.	
	ού, δέχου κέρκον λαγὼ τώφθαλμιδίω περιψην.	
ΠA. ἀ	πομυξάμενος ὧ Δη̂μέ μου πρὸς τὴν κεφαλὴν ἀποψῶ.	010
	ιοῦ μὲν οὖν, ἐμοῦ μὲν οὖν.	910
ПА.	έγώ σε ποιήσω τριηρ-	
	αρχεῖν, ἀναλίσκοντα τῶν	
	σαυτοῦ, παλαιὰν ναῦν ἔχοντ',	
	είς ην αναλών οὐκ ἐφέ-	
	ξεις οὐδὲ ναυπηγούμενος·	915
	διαμηχανήσομαί θ' ὅπως	
	αν ίστίον σαπρον λάβης.	
xo.	άνηρ παφλάζει, παῦε παῦ',	
	ύπερζέων· ύφελκτέον	920
	τῶν δαδίων, ἀπαρυστέον	
	τε των απειλων ταυτηί.	
ΠA.	δώσεις έμοι καλήν δίκην,	
	<i>ὶπούμ∈νος ταῖς εἰσφοραῖς</i> .	
	έγω γάρ είς τους πλουσίους	925
	σπεύσω σ' όπως ἂν ἐγγραφῆς.	

a The "pay-soup" refers to the dicastic triobol (cf. 50) which he is to get for doing nothing.

b The diminutives imply: "Here is a nice little pot of medicine

to cure your poor sores.3

The state provided the hulk, the trierarch had to fit it out

for sea.

d ταυτμί. "with this ladle," holding one out.
The εἰσφορά was a levy on property, the first class being assessed for the levy at twelve times a year's income, the second at ten times, the third at seven times.

THE KNIGHTS, 903-926

Yes, 'tis with humbug I'm to win; s.s. for that the Goddess sent me. You shall not win! O Demus dear, be idle all the day, And I'll provide you free, to swill, a foaming bowl of-pay.a And I'll this gallipot provide, S.S. and healing cream within it; b Whereby the sores upon your shins you'll doctor in a minute. I'll pick these grey hairs neatly out, and make you young and fair. See here; this hare-scut take to wipe S.S. your darling eyes with care. Vouchsafe to blow your nose, and clean your fingers on my hair. No, no; on mine, on mine, on mine! A trierarch's office you shall fill,c PAPH. And by my influence I'll prevail That you shall get, to test your skill, A battered hull with tattered sail. Your outlay and your building too On such a ship will never end; No end of work you'll have to do, No end of cash you'll have to spend. O see how foamy-full he gets. CHOR. Good Heavens, he's boiling over; stay! Some sticks beneath him draw away, Bale out a ladleful of threats.d Rare punishment for this you'll taste; PAPH. I'll make the taxes e weigh you down: Amongst the wealthiest of the town I'll manage that your name is placed.

AA.	έγω δ' ἀπειλήσω μὲν οὐ-	
	δέν, εὔχομαι δέ σοι ταδί·	
	τὸ μὲν τάγηνον τευθίδων	
		930
	γνώμην ἐρεῖν μέλλοντα περὶ	
	Μιλησίων καὶ κερδανεῖν	
	τάλαντον, ἢν κατεργάση,	
	σπεύδειν όπως των τευθίδων	
	έμπλήμενος φθαίης ἔτ' εἰς	935
	<i>ἐκκλησίαν ἐλθών∙ ἔπει-</i>	
	τα πρὶν φαγεῖν, άνὴρ μεθή-	
	κοι, καὶ σὺ τὸ τάλαντον λαβεῖν	
	βουλόμενος έ-	
	σθίων ἐπαποπνιγείης.	940
xo.	εδ γε νη τὸν Δία καὶ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω καὶ την	0.20
	Δήμητρα.	
A UM	οΣ. κάμοὶ δοκεῖ καὶ τἄλλα γ' εἶναι καταφανῶς	
Δnm		
	άγαθὸς πολίτης, οίος οὐδείς πω χρόνου	
	ανήρ γεγένηται τοίσι πολλοίς τουβολού.	945
	ού δ', ὧ Παφλαγών, φάσκων φιλεῖν μ' ἐσκο-	
	ρόδισας.	
	καὶ νῦν ἀπόδος τὸν δακτύλιον, ώς οὐκ ἔτι	
	<i>ἐμοὶ ταμιεύσεις</i> .	
ПΑ.	έχει τοσοῦτον δ' ἴσθ' ὅτι,	
	εὶ μή μ' ἐάσεις ἐπιτροπεύειν, ἔτερος αδ	
	έμοῦ πανουργότερός τις αναφανήσεται.	950
ΔНМ	02. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ δακτύλιός ἐσθ' ούτοσὶ	
	ούμός το γοῦν σημεῖον έτερον φαίνεται,	
	is a si reference events factorial,	

THE KNIGHTS, 927-953

I will not use a single threat;
I only most devoutly wish
That on your brazier may be set
A hissing pan of cuttle-fish;
And you the Assembly must address
About Miletus,—'tis a job
Which, if it meets entire success,
Will put a talent in your fob,—a
And O that ere your feast begin,
The Assembly wasts your friend may cry,
And you, afire the fee to win
And very loth to lose the fry,
May strive in greedy haste to swallow
The cuttles and be CHOKED thereby.

CHOR. Good! Good! by Zeus, Demeter, and Apollo.^b
DEMUS. Aye, and in all respects he seems to me
A worthy citizen. When lived a man
So good to the Many (the Many for a penny)?
You, Paphlagon, pretending that you loved
me.

Primed me with garlic. Give me back my ring;

You shall no more be steward.

And be you sure, if I'm no more your guardian, You'll get, instead, a greater rogue than I.

DEMUS. Bless me, this can't be mine, this signet-ring.
It's not the same device, it seems to me;
Or can't I see?

^e The tribute of Miletus was raised in 424 s.c. from five talents to ten; Cleon may have been bribed to oppose this.

^b This line is in prose; it is the solemn formula used in the heliastic oath (Pollux, viii. 122, so Demosth. Callipp. p. 1238).

217

АΛ. φέρ' ίδω, τί σοι σημείον ήν; ΔΗΜΟΣ. δημοῦ βοείου θρίον έξωπτημένον. ΑΛ. οὐ τοῦτ' ἔνεστιν. οὐ τὸ θρῖον; ἀλλὰ τί: ΔΗΜΟΣ. 955 ΑΛ. λάρος κεχηνώς ἐπὶ πέτρας δημηγορών. **ΔΗΜΟΣ.** αἰβοῖ τάλας. τί ἔστιν: AA. ἀπόφερ' ἐκποδών. ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐ τὸν ἐμὸν είχεν, ἀλλὰ τὸν Κλεωνύμου. παρ' έμοῦ δὲ τουτονὶ λαβών ταμίευέ μοι. ΠΑ. μὴ δῆτά πώ γ', ὧ δέσποτ', ἀντιβολῶ σ' ἐγώ, 960 πρίν ἄν γε των χρησμών ἀκούσης των έμων. ΑΛ. καὶ τῶν ἐμῶν νυν. άλλ' έὰν τούτω πίθη, ΠA. μολγόν γενέσθαι δεί σε. κάν γε τουτωί. АΛ. ψωλον γενέσθαι δεί σε μέχρι του μυρρίνου. ΠΑ. άλλ' οι γ' έμοι λέγουσιν ώς ἄρξαι σε δεί 965 χώρας απάσης έστεφανωμένον ρόδοις. ΑΛ. ούμοι δέ γ' αὖ λέγουσιν ώς άλουργίδα έχων κατάπαστον καὶ στεφάνην έφ' άρματος χρυσοῦ διώξεις Σμικύθην καὶ κύριον. ΠΑ. καὶ μὴν ἔνεγκ' αὐτοὺς ἰών, ἵν' ούτοσὶ 970 αὐτῶν ἀκούση. πάνυ γε. καὶ σύ νυν φέρε.

^b The βήμα or speaker's platform.

AA.

a A play on δημος, "people," and δημός, "fat."

A noted glutton; cf. 1290-9, and see Index. " μολγός, "a black-jack," the slang equivalent of ἀσκός, "a wineskin." An oracle had promised that Athens should always keep above water like a skin bottle (Plutarch. As a banqueter. Theseus, 24)

THE KNIGHTS, 953-971

With open mouth haranguing on a rock.b

What's the matter?

He's got Cleonymus's o ring, not mine. Take this from me, and you be steward now.

DEMUS. A leaf of beef-fat stuffing, roasted well.a

No, that's not here.

S.S.

S.S.

S.S.

S.S.

DEMUS.

DEMUS.

DEMUS. Pheugh!

What's the device on yours?

A cormorant

219

Throw the thing away.

What then?

PAPH. O not yet, master, I beseech, not yet; Wait till you've heard my oracles, I pray. And mine as well. S.S. And if to his you listen, PAPH. You'll be a liquor-skin.d And if to his. 8.8. You'll find yourself severely circumcised. Nav mine foretell that over all the land PAPH. Thyself shalt rule, with roses garlanded. And mine that crowned, in spangled purple S.S. robe. Thou in thy golden chariot shalt pursue And sue the lady Smicythe and her lord. Well, go and fetch them hither, so that he May hear them. Certainly; and you fetch yours. S.S. f A surprise, playing upon the double meaning of διώκω. Demus shall go hunting in oriental state, but his sport, to suit Athenian taste, shall be to "pursue," that is to "prosecute," a certain effeminate citizen (τὸν Σμικύθην κωμφδεί ώς κίναιδον· κύριον δε λέγει τον άνδρα: Schol.).

πΑ. ίδού. ίδου νή τον Δί' ουδέν κωλύει. AA. ήδιστον φάος ήμέρας XO. έσται τοΐσι παροῦσι πάσιν καὶ τοῖς ἀφικνουμένοις, 975 ην Κλέων απόληται. καίτοι πρεσβυτέρων τινῶν ο ίων άργαλεωτάτων έν τῷ Δείγματι τῶν δικῶν ήκουσ' ἀντιλεγόντων, 980 ώς εί μη γένεθ' οθτος έν τῆ πόλει μέγας, οὐκ ἂν ή-

στην σκεύη δύο χρησίμω, δοίδυξ οὐδε τορύνη.

άλλὰ καὶ τόδ' ἔγωγε θαυ- 985
μάζω τῆς ὑομουσίας
αὐτοῦ· φαοὶ γὰρ αὐτὸν οἱ
παῖδες οἱ ξυνεφοίτων
τὴν Δωριστὶ μόνην ἂν ἄρμόττεσθαι θαμὰ τὴν λύραν, 990
ἄλλην δ' οὐκ ἐθέλειν μαθεῖν·
κῷτα τὸν κιθαριστὴν
ὀργισθέντ' ἀπάγειν κελεύειν, ὡς ἀρμονίαν ὁ παῖς
οῦτος οὐ δύναται μαθεῖν 995
ἢν μὴ Δωροδοκιστί.

ΠΑ. ἰδού, θέασαι, κοὐχ ἄπαντας ἐκφέρω. ΑΛ. οἴμ' ὡς χεσείω, κοὐχ ἄπαντας ἐκφέρω.

^a The opening lines are taken from Euripides. 220

THE KNIGHTS, 972-998

PAPH. Here goes.

s.s. Here goes, by Zeus. There's nought to stop us.

CHOR.

O bright and joyous day,
O day most sweet to all
Both near and far away,
The day of Cleon's fall.
Yet in our Action-mart b
I overheard by chance
Some ancient sires and tart
This counter-plea advance,
That but for him the State
Two things had ne'er possessed:
A STIRRER-up of hate,
A PESTLE of unrest.

His swine-bred music we
With wondering hearts admire;
At school, his mates agree,
He always tuned his lyre
In Dorian style to play.
His master wrathful grew;
He sent the boy away,
And this conclusion drew,
This boy from all his friends
Donations seeks to mile,
His art begins and ends
In Dono-do-rian style.

PAPH. Look at them, see! and there are more behind. s.s. O what a weight! and there are more behind.

The Dorian mode was a solemn and manly music; it is chosen here as leading up to the pun in Δωροδοκιστί.

^b The Deigma was the Exchange at the Peiraeus, "Sample Mart." Lawsuits are the staple product of Athens.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ταυτὶ τί ἐστι;

ΠA.

 $\Delta HMO\Sigma$.

λόγια. πάντ'; ἐθαύμασας; ¬πλέα TIA. καὶ νη Δί' ἔτι γέ μούστι κιβωτός πλέα.

1000

ΑΛ. ἐμοὶ δ' ὑπερῶον καὶ ξυνοικία δύο.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. φέρ' ίδω, τίνος γάρ είσιν οι χρησμοί ποτε;

πΑ. ούμοὶ μέν είσι Βάκιδος.

οί δὲ σοὶ τίνος: AHMOZ.

ΑΛ. Γλάνιδος, ἀδελφοῦ τοῦ Βάκιδος γεραιτέρου.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. είσὶν δὲ περὶ τοῦ;

περὶ 'Αθηνών, περὶ Πύλου, 1005 IIA. περί σοῦ, περί ἐμοῦ, περί ἀπάντων πραγμάτων.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οί σοὶ δὲ περὶ τοῦ;

περὶ 'Αθηνών, περὶ φακής, AA. περί Λακεδαιμονίων, περί σκόμβρων νέων, περί των μετρούντων τάλφιτ' έν άγορα κακως, περί σοῦ, περί ἐμοῦ. τὸ πέος ούτοσὶ δάκοι. 1010

ΔΗΜΟΣ. άγε νυν όπως αὐτοὺς ἀναγνώσεσθέ μοι, καὶ τὸν περὶ ἐμου ἐκεῖνον ὧπερ ήδομαι, ώς εν νεφέλαισιν αλετός γενήσομαι.

ΠΑ. ἄκουε δή νυν καὶ πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν ἐμοί. Φράζευ, Ἐρεχθείδη, λογίων όδόν, ην σοι ᾿Απόλλων 1015 ίανεν έξ άδύτοιο διά τριπόδων έριτίμων. σώζεσθαί σ' ἐκέλευσ' ίερον κύνα καργαρόδοντα.

Εύδαιμον πτολίεθρον 'Αθηναίης άγελείης πολλά ίδον, και πολλά παθόν, και πολλά μογήσαν aleros èν νεφέλησι γενήσεαι ήματα πάντα.

An invented person.

b Refers to an oracle that foretells this for Athens. See B. 978.

THE KNIGHTS, 999-1017

DEMUS. What ARE they?

PAPH. Oracles!

DEMUS. All?

PAPH. You seem surprised;

By Zeus, I've got a chestful more at home.

s.s. And I a garret and two cellars full.

DEMUS. Come, let me see. Whose oracles are these?

PAPH. Mine are by Bakis.

DEMUS. (To S.S.) And by whom are yours?

s.s. Mine are by Glanis, Bakis's elder brother.

DEMUS. What do they treat of?

PAPH. Mine? Of Athens, Pylus, Of you, of me, of every blessed thing.

DEMUS. (To S.S.) And you; of what treat yours? s.s. Of Athens, pottage,

Of Lacedaemon, mackerel freshly caught, Of swindling barley-measurers in the mart, Of you, of me. That nincompoop be hanged.

DEMUS. Well read them out; and prithee don't forget
The one I love to hear about myself,
That I'm to soar, an Eagle, in the clouds.

PAPH. Now then give ear, and hearken to my words.

HEED THOU WELL, ERECHTHEIDES,

THE ORACLE'S DRIFT, WHICH APOLLO

OUT OF HIS SECRET SHRINE

THROUGH PRICELESS TRIPODS DELIVERED.

KEEP THOU SAFELY THE DOG,

THY JAG-TOOTHED HOLY PROTECTOR.º

O thou fortunate town

Of Athene, the Bringer of spoil,

Much shalt thou see, and much

Shalt thou suffer, and much shalt thou toil, Then in the clouds thou shalt soar, as an Eagle, for ever and ever.

^o Probably Cleon used to call himself the Watch-dog of the state. See P. 754, W. 1031.

	δς πρό σέθεν χάσκων καὶ ύπὲρ σοῦ δεινὰ κεκραγώς	
	σοὶ μισθὸν ποριεῖ, κἂν μὴ δρῷ ταῦτ', ἀπολεῖται.	
	πολλοί γὰρ μίσει σφε κατακρώζουσι κολοιοί.	1020
ΔHM	03. ταυτὶ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ' ἐγὼ οὐκ οἶδ' ὅ τι λέγει.	
	τί γάρ ἐστ' Ἐρεχθεῖ καὶ κολοιοῖς καὶ κυνί;	
ΠA.	έγω μέν εἰμ' ὁ κύων πρὸ σοῦ γὰρ ἀπύω	
	σοὶ δ' εἶπε σώζεσθαί μ' ὁ Φοῖβος τὸν κύνα.	
AA.	οὐ τοῦτό φησ' ὁ χρησμός, ἀλλ' ὁ κύων όδί,	1025
	ωσπερ θύρας σοῦ, τῶν λογίων παρεσθίει.	1
	έμοι γάρ έστ' όρθως περί τούτου τοῦ κυνός.	
ΔΗΜ	oΣ. λέγε νυν· έγὼ δὲ πρῶτα λήψομαι λίθον,	
	ΐνα μή μ' δ χρησμός δ περί τοῦ κυνός δάκη.	
AA.	Φράζευ, Έρεχθείδη, κύνα Κέρβερον ανδραπο-	
	διστήν,	1030
	δς κέρκω σαίνων σ', δπόταν δειπνης, ἐπιτηρών,	
	έξέδεταί σου τούψον, όταν σύ που άλλοσε χάσκης.	
	έσφοιτών τ' ές τουπτάνιον λήσει σε κυνηδόν	
	νύκτωρ τὰς λοπάδας καὶ τὰς νήσους διαλείχων.	
ΔHM	10Σ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ πολύ γ' ἄμεινον, ὧ Γλάνι.	1035
ΠA.	ῶ τᾶν, ἄκουσον, εἶτα διάκρινον τότε.	
	"Flore worn refer Se Deoud' isonic su 'Adminus	

ος περί του δήμου πολλοίς κώνωψι μαχείται, ώστε περί σκύμνοισι βεβηκώς τον συ φυλάξαι,

the Athenian Empire.

b The words τέξει δὲ λέοντα are from an oracle quoted Herod. v. 92.

a i.e. the islands of the Aegean which practically constituted

THE KNIGHTS, 1018-1039

YAPPING BEFORE THY FEET,

AND TERRIBLY ROARING TO GUARD THEE,

HE THY PAY WILL PROVIDE:

IF HE FAIL TO PROVIDE IT, HE'LL PERISH;

YEA, FOR MANY THE DAWS

THAT ARE HATING AND CAWING AGAINST HIM.

DEMUS. This, by Demeter, beats me altogether.

What does Erechtheus want with daws and dog?

PAPH. I am the dog: I bark aloud for you.

And Phoebus bids you guard the dog; that's me.

s.s. It says not that; but this confounded dog
Has gnawn the oracle, as he gnaws the door.
I've the right reading here about the dog.

DEMUS. Let's hear; but first I'll pick me up a stone Lest this dog-oracle take to gnawing me.

s.s. HEED THOU WELL, ERECHTHEIDES.

THE KIDNAPPING CERBERUS BAN-DOG;

WAGGING HIS TAIL HE STANDS,

AND FAWNING UPON THEE AT DINNER.

WAITING THY SLICE TO DEVOUR

WHEN AUGHT DISTRACT THINE ATTENTION.

Soon as the night comes round

HE STEALS UNSEEN TO THE KITCHEN

Dog-wise; then will his tongue

CLEAN OUT THE PLATES AND THE—ISLANDS. DEMUS. Aye, by Poseidon, Glanis, that's far better.

PAPH. Nay, listen first, my friend, and then decide.

WOMAN SHE IS, BUT A LION

SHE'LL BEAR b US IN ATHENS THE HOLY;

ONE WHO FOR DEMUS WILL FIGHT

WITH AN ARMY OF STINGING MOSQUITOES,

FIGHT, AS IF SHIELDING HIS WHELPS;

WHOM SEE THOU GUARD WITH DEVOTION

τείχος ποιήσας ξύλινον πύργους τε σιδηρούς. 1040 ταθτ' οἶσθ' ὅ τι λέγει; μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿νὰ μὲν οῦ. Δ HMO Σ . ΠΑ. ἔφραζεν ὁ θεός σοι σαφῶς σώζειν ἐμέ. έγω γάρ άντι τοῦ λέοντός είμί σοι. ΔΗΜΟΣ. καὶ πῶς μ' ἐλελήθεις 'Αντιλέων γεγενημένος; ΑΛ. εν οὐκ ἀναδιδάσκει σε τῶν λογίων έκών, δ μόνον σιδήρου τεῖχός έστι καὶ ξύλων, έν ω σε σώζειν τόνδ' εκέλευσ' ο Λοξίας. ΔΗΜΟΣ. πως δήτα τοῦτ' ἔφραζεν ὁ θεός: AA. τουτονί δησαί σ' ἐκέλευσ' ἐν πεντεσυρίγγω ξύλω. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ταυτί τελείσθαι τὰ λόγι' ήδη μοι δοκεί. 1050 ΠΑ. μή πείθου φθονεραί γάρ ἐπικρώζουσι κορώναι. άλλ' ίέρακα φίλει, μεμνημένος έν φρεσίν, ός σοι ήγανε συνδήσας Λακεδαιμονίων κορακίνους. ΑΛ. τοῦτό γέ τοι Παφλαγών παρεκινδύνευσε μεθυσθείς. Κεκροπίδη κακόβουλε, τί τοῦθ' ἡγεῖ μέγα τοὔργον; 1055 καί κε γυνη φέροι άχθος, ἐπεί κεν ἀνηρ ἀναθείη. άλλ' οὐκ ἂν μαχέσαιτο χέσαιτο γάρ, εὶ μαχέσαιτο. ΠΑ. ἀλλὰ τόδε φράσσαι, πρὸ Πύλου Πύλον ήν σοι ἔφραζεν.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. τί τοῦτο λέγει, πρὸ Πύλοιο;

b Unknown.

With holes for arms, legs, and head.

"Εστι Πύλος πρό Πύλοιο.

^d A line from the Little Iliad of Lesches (Schol.). χέσαιτο in the next line is formed to echo μαχέσαιτο, making a complete vulgar burlesque.

^a From the famous oracle given to Athens before the battle of Salamis, Herod. vii. 141.

[•] A well-known line runs ἔστι Πόλοι πρὸ Πόλοιο, Πόλοι γε μέν ἔστι καὶ ἄλλη. One was in N. Elis, one in S. Elis, one opposite Sphacteria. The words lead up to the play upon πύελοι, a tub or trough.

THE KNIGHTS, 1040-1059

BUILDING A WOODEN WALL a

AND AN IRON FORT TO SECURE HIM.

Do you understand?

DEMUS. By Apollo, no, not I.

PAPH. The God, 'tis plain, would have you keep me safely,

For I'm a valiant lion, for your sake.

DEMUS. What, you Antileon b and I never knew it!

s.s. One thing he purposely informs you not,
What that oracular wall of wood and iron,
Where Loxias bids you keep him safely, is.

DEMUS. What means the God?

s.s. He means that you're to clap Paphlagon in the five-holed pillory-stocks.

DEMUS. I shouldn't be surprised if that came true.

PAPH. HEED NOT THE WORDS; FOR JEALOUS

THE CROWS THAT ARE CROAKING AGAINST ME.

CHERISH THE LORDLY FALCON,

NOR EVER FORGET THAT HE BROUGHT THEE, BROUGHT THEE IN FETTERS AND CHAINS

THE YOUNG LACONIAN MINNOWS.

S.S. THIS DID PAPHLAGON DARE

IN A MOMENT OF DRUNKEN BRAVADO.

WHY THINK MUCH OF THE DEED,

CECROPIDES FOOLISH IN COUNSEL?

Weight a Woman will bear, if a Man impose it upon her,a

FIGHT SHE WON'T AND SHE CAN'T:

IN FIGHTING SHE'S ALWAYS A FRIGHT IN.

PAPH. NAY, BUT REMEMBER THE WORD,

how Pylus, he said, before Pylus; & Pylus there is before Pylus.

DEMUS, What mean you by that "before Pylus"?

AA.	τας πυέλους φησίν καταλήψεσθ' έν βαλανείω.	1060
AHM	0Σ. εγω δ' ἄλουτος τήμερον γενήσομαι.	
AA.	ούτος γαρ ήμων τας πυέλους αφήρπασεν.	
	άλλ' ούτοσὶ γάρ ἐστι περὶ τοῦ ναυτικοῦ	
	ό χρησμός, ῷ σε δεῖ προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν πάνυ.	
ΔHM	0Σ. προσέχω ου δ' ἀναγίγνωσκε, τοῖς ναύταισί μου	1085
	όπως δ μισθός πρώτον ἀποδοθήσεται.	1000
AA.	Αίγείδη, φράσσαι κυναλώπεκα, μή σε δολώση,	
•	λαίθαργον, ταχύπουν, δολίαν κερδώ, πολύιδριν.	
	οἷοθ' ο τί ἐστιν τοῦτο;	
ΔHM		
AA.	οὐ τοῦτό φησιν, ἀλλὰ ναῦς ἐκάστοτε	1070
	αίτει ταχείας άργυρολόγους ούτοσί	20.0
	ταύτας άπαυδα μη διδόναι σ' δ Λοξίας.	
ΔНМ	0Σ. πως δη τριήρης έστι κυναλώπηξ;	
AA.	ὅπως;	
	ότι ή τριήρης ἐστὶ χώ κύων ταχύ.	
AHM	0Σ. πως οὖν ἀλώπηξ προσετέθη πρὸς τῷ κυνί;	1075
AA.	άλωπεκίοισι τους στρατιώτας ήκασεν,	
	ότιη βότρυς τρώγουσιν έν τοις χωρίοις.	
ΔΗΜ	οΣ. είεν.	
	τούτοις ὁ μισθὸς τοῖς ἀλωπεκίοισι ποῦ;	
ΑΛ.	έγω ποριώ και τοῦτον ήμερων τριών.	
	άλλ' ἔτι τόνδ' ἐπάκουσον, δν εἶπέ σοι ἐξαλέασθαι,	1000
	χρησμον Λητοίδης, Κυλλήνην, μή σε δολώση.	1000
A TITUE	χρησμού Ττητοιοής, ποιατήνην, μη σε σολωση. ο≥. ποίαν Κυλλήνην;	
AA.	την τούτου χειρ' ἐποίησεν Κυλλήνην ὀρθῶς, ὁτιή φησ', ἔμβαλε κυλλῆ.	
	ιτυλληνην ορσως, οτιη φησ', εμβαλε κυλλή.	

<sup>a Philostratus, a pander, was nicknamed so: L. 957.
b Ships sent to collect the tribute: Thuc. ii. 69, in. 19.
c Cyllene was the port of Elis. It is here used to suggest κυλλη χείρ, "the hollow hand" that welcomes a bride,</sup>

THE KNIGHTS, 1060-1083

s.s. Truly your pile of baths	
will he capture before you can take th	em.
DEMUS. O dear, then bathless must I go to-day	
s.s. Because he has carried off our pile of baths.	
But here's an oracle about the fleet;	
Your best attention is required to this.	
DEMUS. I'll give it too; but prithee, first of all,	
Read how my sailors are to get their pay.	
s.s. O Aegeides, beware	
OF THE HOUND-FOX, LEST HE DECEIVE T	HEE,
Stealthily snapping, the crafty,	
THE SWIFT, THE TRICKY MARAU	DER.
Know you the meaning of this?	
DEMUS. Philostratus, plainly, the hound-f	ox.a
s.s. Not so; but Paphlagon is evermore	
Asking swift triremes to collect the silver,b	
So Loxias bids you not to give him these.	
DEMUS. Why is a trireme called a hound-fox?	
s.s. Wh	y ?
A trireme's fleet; a hound is also fleet.	'
DEMUS. But for what reason adds he "fox" to "houn	d"?
s.s. The troops, he means, resemble little foxes,	
Because they scour the farms and eat the gra	
DEMUS. Good.	•
But where's the cash to pay these little fox	es ?
s.s. That I'll provide: within three days I'll do	it.
LIST THOU FURTHER THE REDE	
BY THE SON OF LETO DELIVER	ED;
KEEP THOU ALOOF, SAID HE,	
FROM THE WILES OF HOLLOW CYLLE	NE.C
DEMUS. Hollow Cyllene! what's that?	
s.s. 'Tis Paphlagon's hand he's describ	ing.
Paphlagon's outstretched hand,	φ.
with his Drop me a coin in the hol	lom.

πΑ. οὐκ ὀρθῶς φράζει· τὴν Κυλλήνην γὰρ ὁ Φοῖβος
 ἐἰς τὴν χεῖρ' ὀρθῶς ἠνίξατο τὴν Διοπείθους. 1085
 ἀλλὰ γάρ ἐστιν ἐμοὶ χρησμὸς περὶ σοῦ πτερυγωτός,
 αἰετὸς ὡς γίγνει καὶ πάσης γης βασιλεύεις.

ΑΛ. καὶ γὰρ ἐμοί, καὶ γῆς καὶ τῆς ἐρυθρᾶς γε θαλάσσης, χὤτι γ' ἐν Ἐκβατάνοις δικάσεις, λείχων ἐπίπαστα.

ΠΑ. ἀλλ' ἐγὼ εἶδον ὄναρ, καί μοὐδόκει ἡ θεὸς αὐτὴ 1090 τοῦ δήμου καταχεῖν ἀρυταίνη πλουθυγίειαν.

ΑΛ. νὴ Δία καὶ γὰρ ἐγώ· καὶ μοὐδόκει ἡ θεὸς αὐτὴ ἐκ πόλεως ἐλθεῖν καὶ γλαῦξ αὐτῷ ἀπικαθῆσθαι· εἶτα κατασπένδειν κατὰ τῆς κεφαλῆς ἀρυβάλλω ἀμβροσίαν κατὰ σοῦ, κατὰ τούτου δὲ σκοροδάλμην. 1095

οὐκ ἦν ắρ' οὐδεὶς τοῦ Γλάνιδος σοφώτερος. καὶ νῦν ἐμαυτὸν ἐπιτρέπω σοι τουτονὶ γερονταγωγεῖν κἀναπαιδεύειν πάλιν.

ΠΑ. μήπω γ', ίκετεύω σ', ἀλλ' ἀνάμεινον, ώς ἐγὼ κριθὰς ποριῶ σοι καὶ βίον καθ' ἡμέραν.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐκ ἀνέχομαι κριθῶν ἀκούων πολλάκις ἐξηπατήθην ὑπό τε σοῦ καὶ Θουφάνους.

πΑ. ἀλλ' ἄλφιτ' ήδη σοι ποριῶ 'σκευασμένα.

ΑΛ. ἐγὼ δὲ μαζίσκας γε διαμεμαγμένας

1105

1100

^b A secretary under Cleon: Schol.

 $[^]a$ A crazy oracle-monger (cf. W. 380, B. 988), apparently with a crippled hand.

THE KNIGHTS, 1084-1105

When he spake of the hollow Cyllene,

at the hand of the maimed Diopeithes.a

PAPH. There this fellow is wrong.

Phoebus was hinting, I ween,

Nay, but I've got me, for you,

a wingèd oracular message, THOU SHALT AN EAGLE BECOME, AND RULE ALL LANDS AS A MONARCH. s.s. Nay, but I've got me the same :-AND THE RED SEA TOO THOU SHALT GOVERN, YEA IN ECBATANA JUDGE. RICH CAKES AS THOU JUDGEST DEVOURING. PAPH. Nay, but I dreamed me a dream, and methought the Goddess Athene Health and wealth was ladling in plentiful streams upon Demus. s.s. Nay, but I dreamed one myself; and methought of the Goddess Athene Down from the Citadel stepped, and an owl sat perched on her shoulder; Then from a bucket she poured ambrosia down upon Demus, Sweetest of scents upon you, upon Paphlagon sourest of pickles. DEMUS. Good! Good ! There never mas a cleverer chap than Glanis. So now, my friend, I yield myself to you; Be you the tutor of my thoughtless-Age. Not yet! pray wait awhile, and I'll provide PAPH. Your barley-grain, and daily sustenance. I can't abide your barley-talk; too often DEMUS. Have I been duped by you and Thuphanes. I'll give you barley-meal, all ready-made. PAPH. I'll give you barley-cakes, all ready-baked, S.S.

καὶ τοῦψον ὀπτόν : μηδὲν ἄλλ' εἰ μὴ 'σθιε. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἀνύσατέ νυν ο τι περ ποιήσεθ'· ώς ἐγώ, ὁπότερος ἃν σφῷν εὖ με μᾶλλον ἂν ποιῆ, τούτω παραδώσω της πυκνός τὰς ἡνίας. ΠΑ. τρέχοιμ' αν είσω πρότερος. οὐ $\delta \hat{\eta} \tau$, $d\lambda \lambda$ $\dot{\epsilon} \gamma \dot{\omega}$, 1110 AΛ. ὧ Δημε, καλήν γ' έχεις XO. άρχήν, ότε πάντες άνθρωποι δεδίασί σ' ώσπερ ἄνδρα τύραννον. άλλ' εὐπαράγωγος εξ, 1115 θωπευόμενός τε χαίρεις κάξαπατώμενος, πρός τόν τε λέγοντ' αξί κέχηνας δ νοθς δέ σου παρών ἀποδημεί. 1120 νοῦς οὐκ ἔνι ταῖς κόμαις ΔΗΜΟΣ. ύμῶν, ὅτε μ' οὐ φρονεῖν νομίζετ' έγω δ' έκων ταῦτ' ἡλιθιάζω. αὐτός τε γὰρ ήδομαι 1125 βρύλλων τὸ καθ' ἡμέραν. κλέπτοντά τε βούλομαι τρέφειν ένα προστάτην. τοῦτον δ', όταν ή πλέως, άρας ἐπάταξα. 1130 χούτω μέν ἂν εὖ ποιοίς, xo. εί σοι πυκνότης ένεστ'

^a The προστάτης τοῦ δήμου was not an official, but the accepted democratic leader.

THE KNIGHTS, 1106-1132

And well-broiled fish. Do nothing else but eat.

DEMUS. Make haste and do it then, remembering this,
Whichever brings me most titbits to-day,
To him alone I'll give the Pnyx's reins.

PAPH. O then I'll run in first.

s.s. Not you, but I.

CHOR.

Proud, O Demus, thy sway.
Thee, as Tyrant and King,
All men fear and obey,
Yet, O yet, 'tis a thing
Easy, to lead thee astray.
Empty fawning and praise
Pleased thou art to receive;
All each orator says
Sure at once to believe;
Wit thou hast, but 'tis roaming;
Ne'er we find it its home in.

DEMUS.

Wit there's none in your hair.
What, you think me a fool!
What, you know not I wear,
Wear my motley by rule!
Well all day do I fare,
Nursed and cockered by all;
Pleased to fatten and train
One prime thief in my stall.a
When full gorged with his gain,
Up that instant I snatch him,b
Strike one blow and dispatch him.

CHOR.

Art thou really so deep?
Is such artfulness thine?

b Hoist him up.

 ἐν τῷ τρόπῳ, ὡς λέγεις, τούτῳ πάνυ πολλή, εἰ τούσδ' ἐπίτηδες ὥσ- περ δημοσίους τρέφεις ἐν τῆ πυκνί, κἦθ' ὅταν μή σοι τύχη ὄψον ὄν, τούτων ὃς ἂν ἡ παχύς, 	1135
θύσας ἐπιδειπνεῖς.	1140
ΔΗΜΟΣ. σκέψασθε δέ μ', εἰ σοφῶς αὐτοὺς περιέρχομαι, τοὺς οἰομένους φρονεῖν κἄμ' ἐξαπατύλλειν. τηρῶ γὰρ ἑκάστοτ' αὐ-τούς, οὐδὲ δοκῶν ὁρᾶν, κλέπτοντας ἔπειτ' ἀναγκάζω πάλιν ἐξεμεῖν ἄττ' ἄν κεκλόφωσί μου, κημὸν καταμηλῶν.	1145 1150
πΑ. ἄπαγ' ἐς μακαρίαν ἐκποδών.	
AA. $\sigma \dot{\nu} \gamma'$, $\ddot{\omega} \phi \theta \dot{\rho} \epsilon$	
πΑ. ὧ Δη̂μ', ενώ μέντοι παρεσκευασμένος	
τρίπαλαι κάθημαι, βουλόμενός σ' εὖεργετεῖν. ΑΛ. ἐγὼ δὲ δεκάπαλαί γε καὶ δωδεκάπαλαι καὶ χιλιόπαλαι καὶ πρόπαλαι πάλαι πάλαι.	1155
ΔΗΜΟΣ. έγω δε προσδοκών γε τρισμυριόπαλαι	1100
βδελύττομαι σφώ, καὶ πρόπαλαι πάλαι πάλαι	١.
ΑΛ. οίσθ' οὖν δ δρᾶσον;	•
ΔΗΜΟΣ. $\epsilon i \delta \hat{\epsilon} \mu \hat{\eta}, \phi \rho \hat{\alpha} \sigma \epsilon i \delta \gamma \epsilon \sigma i$	<i>5</i> .

THE KNIGHTS, 1133-1158

Well for all if thou keep
Firm to this thy design.
Well for all if, as sheep
Marked for victums, thou feed
These thy knaves in the Pnyx,
Then, if dainties thou need,
Haste on a victim to fix;
Slay the fattest and finest;
There's thy meal when thou dinest.

DEMUS.

Ah! they know not that I
Watch them plunder and thieve.
Ah! 'tis easy, they cry,
Him to gull and deceive.
Comes MY turn by and by!
Down their gullet, full quick,
Lo, my verdict-tube coils,
Turns them giddy and sick,
Up they vomit their spoils:
Such, with rogues, is my dealing,
"Tis for MYSELF they are stealing.

PAPH. Go and be blest!

s.s. Be blest yourself, you filth.

PAPH. O Demus, I've been sitting here prepared Three ages past, longing to do you good.

s.s. And I ten ages, aye twelve ages, aye A thousand ages, ages, ages, ages.

DEMUS. And I've been waiting, till I loathe you both,
For thirty thousand ages, ages, ages.

s.s. Do-know you what?

DEMUS. And if I don't, you'll tell me.

 a μήλη was a surgeon's probe, κημόs the neck of the ballotbox: the phrase means pushing this down the throat to make them vomit.

ΑΛ. ἄφες ἀπὸ βαλβίδων ἐμέ τε καὶ τουτονί, ίνα σ' εὖ ποιῶμεν ἐξ ἴσου. δρᾶν ταῦτα χρή. 1160 ZOMHA. απιτον. ΠΑ. καὶ ΑΛ. ἰδού. θέοιτ' ἄν. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ύποθείν οὐκ ἐώ ΑΛ. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἀλλ' ἢ μεγάλως εὐδαιμονήσω τήμερον ύπὸ τῶν ἐραστῶν νὴ Δί' ἢ 'γὼ θρύψομαι. ΠΑ. δρᾶς; ἐγώ σοι πρότερος ἐκφέρω δίφρον. ΑΛ. ἀλλ' οὐ τράπεζαν, ἀλλ' ἐγὼ προτεραίτερος. 1165 ΠΑ. ίδου φέρω σοι τήνδε μαζίσκην έγω έκ τῶν ὀλῶν τῶν ἐκ Πύλου μεμαγμένην. ΑΛ. έγω δε μυστίλας μεμυστιλημένας ύπὸ τῆς θεοῦ τῆ χειρὶ τηλεφαντίνη. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ὡς μέγαν ἄρ' εἶχες, ὧ πότνια, τὸν δάκτυλον. 1170 ΠΑ. ἐγὼ δ' ἔτνος γε πίσινον εὔχρων καὶ καλόν· ἐτόρυνε δ' αὔθ' ἡ Παλλὰς ἡ Πυλαιμάχος.

ΑΛ. ὧ Δῆμ', ἐναργῶς ἡ θεός σ' ἐπισκοπεῖ, καὶ νῦν ὑπερέχει σου χύτραν ζωμοῦ πλέαν. ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἴει γὰρ οἶκεῖσθ' αν ἔτι τήνδε τὴν πόλιν, 1175 εί μη φανερώς ήμων ύπερείχε την χύτραν: ΠΑ. τουτί τέμαχός σούδωκεν ή Φοβεσιστράτη. ΑΛ. ή δ' 'Οβριμοπάτρα γ' έφθον ἐκ ζωμοῦ κρέας καὶ χόλικος ἡνύστρου τε καὶ γαστρός τόμον. ΔΗΜΟΣ. καλώς γ' ἐποίησε τοῦ πέπλου μεμνημένη. 1180 ΠΑ. ή Γοργολόφα σ' ἐκέλευε τουτουὶ φαγεῖν

a In the statue by Pheidias which stood in the Parthenon. the flesh was represented by ivory. μύστιλαι are pieces of bread hollowed out to serve as a sort of spoon.

b Lit. "that fights at the gates." The epithet is invented on the analogy of Πρόμαχος (the epithet of Athena as repre-

236

THE KNIGHTS, 1159-1181

s.s. Do start us from the signal-post, us two, All fair, no favour.

DEMUS. Right you are; move off.

PAPH. and s.s. Ready!

DEMUS. Away!

S.S. No "cutting in" allowed. DEMUS. Zeus! if I don't, with these two lovers, have

A rare good time, 'tis dainty I must be.

PAPH. See, I'm the first to bring you out a chair.

s.s. But not a table; I'm the firstlier there.

PAPH. Look, here's a jolly little cake I bring, Cooked from the barley-grain I brought from Pylus.

s.s. And here I'm bringing splendid scoops of bread,

Scooped by the Goddess with her ivory hand.^a DEMUS. A mighty finger you must have, dread lady!

PAPH. And here's pease-porridge, beautiful and brown.

Pallas Pylaemachus b it was that stirred it.

s.s. O Demus, plain it is the Goddess guards you, Holding above your head this—soup-tureen.

DEMUS. Why, think you Athens had survived, unless She plainly o'er us held her soup-tureen?

PAPH. This slice of fish the Army-frightener sends you.

s.s. This boiled broth-meat the Nobly-fathered gives you,

And this good cut of tripe and guts and paunch.
DEMUS. And well done she, to recollect the peplus.
PAPH. The Terror-crested bids you taste this cake

sented in the bronze statue which stood on the Acropolis), and to Cleon means "who fought for me at Pylos." The lines following contain titles of Athena.

237

έλατήρος, ίνα τὰς ναθς έλαύνωμεν καλώς. ΑΛ. λαβέ καὶ ταδί νυν. καὶ τί τούτοις χρήσομαι ΔΗΜΟΣ. τοῖς ἐντέροις; έπίτηδες αυτ' έπεμψέ σοι AA. είς τὰς τριήρεις ἐντερόνειαν ἡ θεός. 1185 έπισκοπεί γάρ περιφανώς τὸ ναυτικόν. έχε καὶ πιεῖν κεκραμένον τρία καὶ δύο. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ώς ήδύς, ὧ Ζεῦ, καὶ τὰ τρία φέρων καλῶς. ΑΛ. ή Τριτογενής γάρ αὐτὸν ἐνετριτώνισεν. ΠΑ. λαβέ νυν πλακοῦντος πίονος παρ' έμοῦ τόμον. 1190 ΑΛ. παρ' έμοῦ δ' ὅλον γε τὸν πλακοῦντα τουτονί. πΑ. ἀλλ' οὐ λαγω̂' ἔξεις ὁπόθεν δως άλλ' ἐγω. ΑΛ. οιμοι πόθεν λαγωά μοι γενήσεται; ῶ θυμέ, νυνὶ βωμολόχον ἔξευρέ τι. πΑ. όρᾶς τάδ', ὧ κακόδαιμον; όλίγον μοι μέλει. 1195 AΛ. έκεινοιὶ γὰρ ὡς ἔμ' ἔρχονται. τίνες: ΠA. ΑΛ. πρέσβεις έχοντες άργυρίου βαλλάντια. ΠΑ. ποῦ ποῦ: τί δέ σοι τοῦτ'; οὐκ ἐάσεις τοὺς ξένους; AA. ῶ Δημίδιον, δρας τὰ λαγω α σοι φέρω; πΑ. οἴμοι τάλας, ἀδίκως γε τἄμ' ὑφήρπασας. ΑΛ. νή τὸν Ποσειδώ, καὶ σὺ γὰρ τοὺς ἐκ Πύλου. ΔΗΜΟΣ. είπ', ἀντιβολώ, πώς ἐπενόησας άρπάσαι;

ΑΛ. τὸ μὲν νόημα τῆς θεοῦ, τὸ δὲ κλέμμ' ἐμόν.

ΔΗ. έγω δ' ἐκινδύνευσ'.

^a ἐντερa, pig's "belly" to serve as "belly-timber" for the ships.

<sup>Three parts of water to two of wine.
A parody of some tragic line. All through this scene there are indications of parody.</sup>

THE KNIGHTS, 1182-1204

With roe of fish, that we may row the better. And now take these.

DEMUS.

Whatever shall I do

DEM CO.	Wildest Cl Shall I do
	With these insides?
s.s.	The Goddess sends you these
	To serve as planks inside your ships of war.a
	Plainly she looks with favour on our fleet.
	Here, drink this also, mingled three and two.
DEMUS.	Zeus! but it's sweet and bears the three
	parts well.
s.s.	Tritogeneia 'twas that three'd and two'd it.
PAPH.	Accept from me this slice of luscious cake.
s.s.	And this whole luscious cake accept from me.
PAPH.	Ah, you've no hare to give him; that give I.
s.s.	O me, wherever can I get some hare?
	Now for some mountebank device, my soul.
PAPH.	Yah, see you this, poor Witless?
s.s.	What care I?
	For there they are! Yes, there they are coming!
PAPH.	Who?
s.s.	Envoys with bags of silver, all for me.
PAPH.	Where? Where?
S.S.	What's that to you? Let be the strangers.
	My darling Demus, take the hare I bring.
PAPH.	You thief, you've given what wasn't yours to
	give!
S.S.	Poseidon, yes; you did the same at Pylus.
DEMUS.	Ha! Ha! what made you think of filching that?
s.s.	The thought's Athene's, but the theft was
	mine.c
DE.	'Twas I that ran the risk!

πΑ. έγὼ δ' ὤπτησά $\gamma \epsilon$.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄπιθ'. οὐ γὰρ ἀλλὰ τοῦ παραθέντος ἡ χάρις. 120	5
ΠΑ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ὑπεραναιδευθήσομαι.	•
ΑΛ. τί οὐ διακρίνεις, Δημ', δπότερός ἐστι νῶν	
άνηρ άμείνων περί σε και την γαστέρα;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. τῷ δῆτ' ἂν ὑμᾶς χρησάμενος τεκμηρίω	
δόξαιμι κρίνειν τοῖς θεαταῖσιν σοφῶς; 1210	0
ΑΛ. ἐγὼ φράσω σοι. τὴν ἐμὴν κίστην ἰὼν	•
ξύλλαβε σιωπῆ, καὶ βασάνισον ἄττ' ἔνι,	
καὶ τὴν Παφλαγόνος κάμέλει κρινεῖς καλῶς.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. φέρ' ΐδω, τί οὖν ἔνεστιν;	
ΑΛ. οὐχ ὁρᾶς κενὴν	
ὧ παππίδιον; ἄπαντα γάρ σοι παρεφόρουν. 121	5
ΔΗΜΟΣ. αὖτη μὲν ἡ κίστη τὰ τοῦ δήμου φρονεῖ.	
ΑΛ. βάδιζε γοῦν καὶ δεῦρο πρὸς τὴν Παφλαγόνος.	
δρậς τάδ';	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἴμοι τῶν ἀγαθῶν ὄσων πλέα.	
όσον το χρήμα τοῦ πλακοῦντος ἀπέθετο·	
έμοι δ' έδωκεν αποτεμών τυννουτονί. 122	0
ΑΛ. τοιαῦτα μέντοι καὶ πρότερόν σ' εἰργάζετο·	
σοι μεν προσεδίδου μικρόν ὧν ελάμβανεν,	
αὐτὸς δ' έαυτῷ παρετίθει τὰ μείζονα.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ὧ μιαρέ, κλέπτων δή με ταῦτ' ἐξηπάτας;	
έγω δέ τυ ἐστεφάνιξα κάδωρησάμην. 122	5
ΠΑ. ἐγὼ δ' ἔκλεπτον ἐπ' ἀγαθῷ γε τῆ πόλει.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. κατάθου ταχέως τον στέφανον, ἵν' ἐγὼ	
τουτωί	
αὐτὸν περιθῶ.	

^a In the Doric dialect; said to be quoted from some protest of the Helots that their Poseidon had not done his part for them. The Scholiast says that Cleon had been awarded a (golden) crown by the people for his services.

THE KNIGHTS, 1204-1228

PAPH. Twas I that cooked it!
DEMUS. Be off: the credit's his that served it up.

PAPH. Unhappy me! I'm over-impudenced.

s.s. Why not give judgement, Demus, of us two
Which is the better towards your paunch and
you?

DEMUS. Well, what's the test will make the audience think

I give my judgement cleverly and well?

s.s. I'll tell you what; steal softly up, and search
My hamper first, then Paphlagon's, and note
What's in them; then you'll surely judge
aright.

DEMUS. Well, what does yours contain?

s.s. See here, it's empty.

Dear Father mine, I served up all for you.

DEMUS. A Demus-loving hamper, sure enough.

s.s. Now come along, and look at Paphlagon's. Hey! only see!

Why, here's a store of dainties!

Why, here's a splendid cheesecake he put by!

And me he gave the tiniest slice, so big.

s.s. And, Demus, that is what he always does; Gives you the pettiest morsel of his gains, And keeps by far the largest share himself.

DEMUS. O miscreant, did you steal and gull me so,

The while I crowned thy pow and gied thee
gifties.^a

PAPH. And if I stole 'twas for the public good.

DEMUS. Off with your crown this instant, and I'll place it

On him instead.

АΛ.	κατάθου ταχέως, μαστιγία.	
ПΑ.	ου δητ', επεί μοι γρησμός εστι Πυθικός	
	φράζων ύφ' οὖ μ' ἐδέησεν ἡττᾶσθαι μόνου.	1230
ΑΛ.	τουμόν γε φράζων ὄνομα καὶ λίαν σαφως.	
TIA.	καὶ μήν σ' ἐλέγξαι βούλομαι τεκμηρίω,	
	εί τι ξυνοίσεις τοῦ θεοῦ τοῖς θεσφάτοις.	
	καί σου τοσοῦτο πρώτον ἐκπειράσομαι·	
	παις ὢν ἐφοίτας ἐς τίνος διδασκάλου;	1235
ΑΛ.	έν ταισιν εύστραις κονδύλοις ήρμοττόμην.	1200
	πως είπας; ως μου χρησμός απτεται φρενών.	
	είεν.	
	εν παιδοτρίβου δε τίνα πάλην εμάνθανες;	
ΔΛ.	κλέπτων ἐπιορκεῖν καὶ βλέπειν ἐναντίον.	
ΠA.		1940
1111.	τέχνην δε τίνα ποτ' είχες εξανδρούμενος;	1440
ΔΛ	ηλλαντοπώλουν—	
ПΑ.	καὶ τί;	
AA.		
	καὶ βινεσκόμην.	
IIA.	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων οὐκέτ' οὐδέν εἰμ' ἐγώ.	
	λεπτή τις έλπίς έστ' έφ' ης όχούμεθα. καί μοι τοσοῦτον εἰπέ πότερον ἐν ἀγορῷ	7015
	και μοι τοσουτον είπει ποτερον εν αγορα	1245
	ηλλαντοπώλεις έτεὸν η 'πὶ ταῖς πύλαις;	
AA.	έπὶ ταῖς πύλαισιν, οῦ τὸ τάριχος ἄνιον.	
IIA.	οίμοι πέπρακται τοῦ θεοῦ τὸ θέσφατον.	
	κυλίνδετ' εἴσω τόνδε τὸν δυσδαίμονα.	
	ῶ στέφανε, χαίρων ἄπιθι, καί σ' ἄκων ἐγὼ	1250
	λείπω σε δ' άλλος τις λαβών κεκτήσεται,	
	κλέπτης μὲν οὐκ ἃν μᾶλλον, εὐτυχής δ' ἴσως.	

Apollo.

b Eurip. Bellerophon, fr. 302 Nauck; but here κυλίνδετε is substituted for κομίζετε.

c Parodied from the farewell speech of the dying Alcestis

[&]quot; From the Telephus of Euripides. Λύκιος is an epithet of

THE KNIGHTS, 1228-1252

Not so; a Pythian oracle I've got

S.S.

PAPH.

Off with it, filth, this instant.

Describing him who only can defeat me. Describing ME, without the slightest doubt. S.S. Well then I'll test and prove you, to discern PAPH. How far you tally with the God's predictions. And first I ask this question,—when a boy Tell me the teacher to whose school you went. Hard knuckles drilled me in the singeing pits. s.s. How say you? Heavens, the oracle's word PAPH. strikes home! Well! What at the trainer's did you learn to do? Forswear my thefts, and stare the accuser S.S. down Phoebus Apollo! Lycius! what means this? a PAPH. Tell me what trade you practised when a man. S.S. I sold sausages-Well? PAPH. S.S. And sold myself. Unhappy me! I'm done for. There remains PAPH. One slender hope whereon to anchor yet. Where did you sell your sausages? Did you stand Within the Agora, or beside the Gates? Beside the Gates, where the salt-fish is sold. s.s. O me, the oracle has all come true! PAPH. Roll in, roll in, this most unhappy man.b O crown, farewell. Unwillingly I leave thee. Begone, but thee some other will obtain, A luckier man perchance, but not morethievish.c

to her marriage-bed, θνήσκω· σὲ δ' ἄλλη τις γυνή κεκτήσεται, | σώφρων μὲν οὐκ ἄν μᾶλλον, εὐτυχής δ' ἴσως, Eur. Alc. 181.

243

 ΑΛ. 'Ελλάνιε Ζεῦ, σὸν τὸ νικητήριον. ΔΗ. ὧ χαῖρε καλλίνικε, καὶ μέμνησ' ὅτι ἀνὴρ γεγένησαι δι' ἐμέ· καί σ' αἰτῶ βραχύ, 	1255
οπως έσομαί σοι Φανός ύπογραφεύς δικών.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἐμοὶ δέ γ' ὅ τι σοι τοὔνομ' εἴπ'. ΑΔ. 'Αγοράκριτος 'Αγοράκριτο	
ἐν τἀγορῷ γὰρ κρινόμενος ἐβοσκόμην. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ᾿Αγορακρίτῳ τοίνυν ἐμαυτὸν ἐπιτρέπω, καὶ τὸν Παφλαγόνα παραδίδωμι τουτονί.	1260
 ΑΔ. καὶ μὴν ἐγώ σ', ὧ Δῆμε, θεραπεύσω καλῶς, ὥσθ' ὁμολογεῖν σε μηδέν' ἀνθρώπων ἐμοῦ 	1200
ίδεῖν ἀμείνω τῆ Κεχηναίων πόλει.	
xo. τί κάλλιον ἀρχομένοισιν η καταπαυομένοισιν	1265
η θοαν ιππων έλατηρας ἀείδειν	12001
μηδὲν ἐς Λυσίστρατον, μηδὲ Θούμαντιν τὸν ἀνέστιον αὖ λυ- πεῖν ἑκούση καρδίᾳ;	
καὶ γὰρ οδτος, ὧ φίλ' Ἄπολλον, ἀεὶ πεινῆ, θαλεροῖς δακρύοισιν	1270
σᾶς ἄπτόμενος φαρέτρας Πυθῶνι δία μὴ κακῶς πένεσθαι.	
λοιδορήσαι τοὺς πονηροὺς οὐδέν ἐστ' ἐπίφθονον. ἀλλὰ τιμὴ τοῖσι χρηστοῖς, ὅστις εὖ λογίζεται.	1275

• A surprise for 'Αθηναίων.

^a This was an Aeginetan title of Zeus, but it was used as a symbol of Greek unity. Cleon's fall means the triumph of Hellenism.

^b A hanger-on of Cleon's (cf. W. 1220) who helped him in bringing actions.

⁴ A vicious wretch: A. 855-59, W. 787, 1300-17.

THE KNIGHTS, 1253-1275

s.s. Hellanian a Zeus, the victory-prize is thine!

DE. Hail, mighty Victor, nor forget 'twas I

Made you a Man; and grant this small request,

Make me your Phanus, signer of your writs.

DEMUS. Your name, what is it?

s.s. Agoracritus.

An Agora-life I lived, and thrived by wrangling.

DEMUS. To Agoracritus I commit myself,

And to his charge consign this Paphlagon.

s.s. And, Demus, I will always tend you well, And you shall own there never lived a man Kinder than I to the Evergaping city.

CHOR. O what is a nobler thing,

Beginning or ending a song,

For horsemen who joy in driving Their fleet-foot coursers along,

Than-Never to launch a lampoon

at Lysistratus, d scurvy buffoon;

Or at heartless Thumantis e to gird,

poor starveling, in lightness of heart:

Who is weeping hot tears at thy shrine,

Apollo, in Pytho f divine,

And, clutching thy quiver, implores

to be healed of his poverty's smart!

For lampooning worthless wretches,

none should bear the bard a grudge;

'Tis a sound and wholesome practice,

if the case you rightly judge.

[·] Noted for his leanness.

εὶ μὲν οὖν ἄνθρωπος, ὃν δεῖ πόλλ' ἀκοῦσαι καὶ κακά, αὐτὸς ἢν ἔνδηλος, οὐκ ἂν ἀνδρὸς ἐμνήσθην φίλου. νῦν δ' ᾿Αρίγνωτον γὰρ οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐκ ἐπίσταται, ὅστις ἢ τὸ λευκὸν οἶδεν ἢ τὸν ὅρθιον νόμον. ἔστιν οὖν ἀδελφὸς αὐτῷ τοὺς τρόπους οὐ συγγενής, ᾿Αριφράδης πονηρός. ἀλλὰ τοῦτο μὲν καὶ βούλεται ἐστὶ δ' οὐ μόνον πονηρός, οὐ γὰρ οὐδ' ἄν ἢσθόμην, οὐδὲ παμπόνηρος, ἀλλὰ καὶ προσεξεύρηκέ τι. τὴν γὰρ αὐτοῦ γλῶτταν αἰσχραῖς ἡδοναῖς λυμαίνεται, ἐν κασαυρείοισι λείχων τὴν ἀπόπτυστον δρόσον, καὶ μολύνων τὴν ὑπήνην, καὶ κυκῶν τὰς ἐσχάρας, καὶ Πολυμνήστεια ποιῶν, καὶ ξυνὼν Οἰωνίχῳ. ὅστις οὖν τοιοῦτον ἄνδρα μὴ σφόδρα βδελύττεται, οὕ ποτ' ἐκ ταὐτοῦ μεθ' ἡμῶν πίεται ποτηρίου.

12804

1285

η πολλάκις εννυχίαισι φροντίσι συγγεγένημαι, καὶ διεζήτηχ' δπόθεν ποτε φαύλως εσθίει Κλεώνυμος.

1290

A surprise for the ending of the proverb όστις οίδε το λευκον

ή τὸ μέλαν, " who knows white from black."

d See 958 and Index.

^a Arignotus the harper, Ariphrades the vile creature here described, and a third, a famous actor, were sons of Automenes. See W. 1275-83, P. 883.

⁶ Polymnestus and Oeonichus were probably well-known wastrels; but τὰ Πολυμνήστεια usually means the fine songs or tunes of Polymnestus, a musician.

THE KNIGHTS, 1276-1293

Now if he whose evil-doings

I must needs expose to blame

Were himself a noted person,

never had I named the name

Of a man I love and honour.

Is there one who knows not well

Arignotus, prince of harpers?

None, believe me, who can tell

How the whitest colour differs

from the stirring tune he plays.b

Arignotus has a brother

(not a brother in his ways)

Named Ariphrades, a rascal-

nay, but that's the fellow's whim-

Not an ordinary rascal,

or I had not noticed him.

Not a thorough rascal merely;

he's invented something more,

Novel forms of self-pollution,

bestial tricks unknown before.

Yea, to nameless filth and horrors

does the loathsome wretch descend,

Works the work of Polymnestus,c

calls Oeonichus c his friend.

Whose leathes not such a monster

never shall be a friend of mine,

Never from the selfsame goblet

quaff, with us, the rosy wine.

And oft in the watches of night My spirit within me is thrilled, To think of Cleonymus ^a eating

As though he would never be filled.

O whence could the fellow acquire

that appetite deadly and dire?

φασὶ μὲν γὰρ αὐτὸν ἐρεπτόμενον τὰ
τῶν ἐχόντων ἀνέρων

οὖκ ἂν ἐξελθεῖν ἀπὸ τῆς σιπύης,
τοὺς δ' ἀντιβολεῖν ἂν ὁμοίως:
ἴθ', ὧ ἄνα, πρὸς γονάτων, ἔξελθε καὶ σύγγνωθι τῆ τραπέζη.

φασίν άλλήλαις ξυνελθείν τὰς τριήρεις εἰς λόγον. 1300 καὶ μίαν λέξαι τιν' αὐτῶν, ήτις ην γεραιτέρα. οὐδὲ πυνθάνεσθε ταῦτ', ὧ παρθένοι, τὰν τῆ πόλει; φασίν αἰτεῖσθαί τιν' ἡμῶν έκατὸν ἐς Καρχηδόνα άνδρα μοχθηρόν, πολίτην όξίνην, Υπέρβολον. ταις δε δόξαι δεινόν είναι τουτο κούκ άνασχετόν, 1305 καί τιν' είπεῖν, ήτις ἀνδρών ἇσσον οὐκ έληλύθει. ἀποτρόπαι', οὐ δῆτ' ἐμοῦ γ' ἄρξει ποτ', ἀλλ' ἐάν με χρῆ, ύπὸ τερηδόνων σαπεῖσ' ἐνταῦθα καταγηράσομαι. οὐδὲ Ναυφάντης γε τῆς Ναύσωνος, οὐ δῆτ', ὧ θεοί, είπερ εκ πεύκης γε κάγω καὶ ξύλων επηγνύμην. 1310 ην δ' ἀρέσκη ταῦτ' 'Αθηναίοις, καθησθαί μοι δοκεῖ είς τὸ Θησείον πλεούσας ἢ 'πὶ τῶν σεμνῶν θεῶν.

a Don't eat the table too.

From Euripides, Alcmaeon, fr. 66 Nauck.

'Αποτρόπαίος, a title of Apollo, the "Averter," used in appeals.
 Nauphante is the name of the trireme, and probably Nauson was meant for the builder.

^b The names of Athenian ships were feminine: see Corpus Inscr. Att. 11, 789 ff.

^a Hyperbolus is called a $\mu οχ θηρὸς$ ανθρωπος by Thucydides, viii. 73. 3, and he became with Cleon a by-word. We do not know whether an expedition to Carthage was proposed by him.

^{*} To take sanctuary, as runaway slaves did in the Theseium. The $\Sigma \epsilon \mu \nu a i$ were the ' $E \rho \iota \nu \dot{\nu} e s$ or Furies. Both these shrines were in the city.

THE KNIGHTS, 1294-1312

They say when he grazes with those whose table with plenty is stored
That they never can get him away
from the trencher, though humbly they pray
Have mercy, O King, and depart!
O spare, we beseech thee, the board ! a
Recently, 'tis said, our galleys
met their prospects to discuss,
And an old experienced trireme
introduced the subject thus;
" Have ye heard the news, my sisters? b
'tis the talk in every street,°
That Hyperbolus the worthless,
vapid townsman, would a fleet
Of a hundred lovely galleys
lead to Carthage far away." a
Over every prow there mantled
deep resentment and dismay.
Up and spoke a little galley,
yet from man's pollution free,
"Save us! such a scurvy fellow
never shall be lord of me.
Here I'd liefer rot and moulder,
and be eaten up of norms."
"Nor Nauphante, Nauson's daughter,"
shall he board on any terms;
I, like you, can feel the insult;
I'm of pine and timber knit.
Wherefore, if the measure passes,
I propose we sail and sit
Suppliant at the shrine of Theseus,
or the Dread Avencing Pomers 9

οὐ γὰρ ἡμῶν γε στρατηγῶν ἐγχανεῖται τῆ πόλει·	
άλλα πλείτω χωρίς αὐτος ες κόρακας, εί βούλεται	
τὰς σκάφας, ἐν αίς ἐπώλει τοὺς λύχνους, καθελκύσας.]	1318

- ΑΛ. εὐφημεῖν χρὴ καὶ στόμα κλείειν, καὶ μαρτυριῶν ἀπέχεσθαι,
 - καὶ τὰ δικαστήρια συγκλείειν, οἷς ἡ πόλις ἥδε γέγηθεν,
- ἐπὶ καιναῖσιν δ' εὐτυχίαισιν παιωνίζειν τὸ θέατρον.
 Χο. ὧ ταῖς ἱεραῖς φέγγος 'Αθήναις καὶ ταῖς νήσοις ἐπίκουρε.
 - τίν' ἔχων φήμην ἀγαθὴν ἥκεις, ἐφ' ὅτω κνισῶμεν ἀγυιάς;
- ΑΛ. τὸν Δῆμον ἀφεψήσας ὑμῖν καλὸν ἐξ αἰσχροῦ πεποίηκα.
- καὶ ποῦ '' στιν νῦν, ὧ θαυμαστὰς ἐξευρίσκων ἐπινοίας;
- AA. ἐν ταῖσιν ἰοστεφάνοις οἰκεῖ ταῖς ἀρχαίαισιν 'Αθήναις.
- πως ἀν ἴδοιμεν; ποίαν τιν' ἔχει σκευήν; χοῖος γεγένηται;
- ΑΛ. οἶός περ ᾿Αριστείδη πρότερον καὶ Μιλτιάδη ξυνεσίτει.
 ὅψεσθε δέ· καὶ γὰρ ἀνοιγνυμένων ψόφος ἤδη τῶν
 - δψεσθε δε και γαρ ανοιγνυμένων ψόφος ήδη των προπυλαίων.

1325

- άλλ' όλολύξατε φαινομέναισιν ταῖς ἀρχαίαισιν 'Αθήναις
- καὶ θαυμασταῖς καὶ πολυύμνοις, τν' ὁ κλεινὸς Δῆμος ἐνοικεῖ.

^a Suggested by the story of Medea. She boiled an old ram and made him young. Apollodorus, i. 9. 27.

THE KNIGHTS, 1313-1328

	He shall ne'er, as our commander, fool it o'er this land of ours.
	If he wants a little voyage, let him launch his sale-trays, those
	Whereupon he sold his lanterns, steering to the kites and crows."
s.s.	O let not a word of ill omen be heard; away with all proof and citation,
	And close for to-day the Law Courts, though they are the joy and delight of our nation.
	At the news which I bring let the theatre ring with Paeans of loud acclamation.
CHOR.	O Light of the City, O Helper and friend of the islands we guard with our fleets,
	What news have you got? O tell me for what shall the sacrifice blaze in our streets?
s.s.	Old Demus I've stewed till his youth is renewed, and his aspect most charming and nice is. ^a
CHOR.	O where have you left him, and where is he now, you inventor of wondrous devices?
s.s.	He dwells in the City of ancient renown, which the violet chaplet is wearing.
CHOR.	O would I could see him! O what is his garb, and what his demeanour and bearing?
s.s.	As when, for his mess-mates, Miltiades bold and just Aristeides he chose.
	But now ye shall see him, for, listen, the bars of the great Propylaea unclose.
	Shout, shout to behold, as the portals unfold, fair Athens in splendour excelling,
	The wondrous, the ancient, the famous in song, where the noble Demus is dwelling!

χο. ὧ ταὶ λιπαραὶ καὶ ἰοστέφανοι καὶ ἀριζήλωτοι

	Tio Ipac,	
	δείξατε τὸν τῆς Ἑλλάδος ἡμῖν καὶ τῆς γῆς τῆσδε	
	μόναρχον.	1330
AΛ.	οδό εκείνος δραν τεττιγοφορών, αρχαίω σχήματι	
	λαμπρός,	
	οὐ χοιρινῶν ὄζων, ἀλλὰ σπονδῶν, σμύρνη κατά-	
	λειπτος.	
xo.	χαῖρ', ὧ βασιλεῦ τῶν 'Ελλήνων· καί σοι ξυγ-	
	χαίρομεν ήμεῖς.	
	της γὰρ πόλεως ἄξια πράττεις καὶ τοῦ Μαραθῶνι	
	τροπαίου.	
	ιΣ. & φίλτατ' ἀνδρῶν, ἐλθὲ δεῦρ', 'Αγοράκριτε.	1335
	ὄσα με δέδρακας ἀγάθ' ἀφεψήσας.	
ΑΛ.	<i>ἐγώ</i> ;	
	άλλ', & μέλ', οὐκ οἶσθ' οἶος ἦσθ' αὐτὸς πάρος,	
	οὐδ' οξ' ἔδρας εμέ γὰρ νομίζοις ἂν θεόν.	
ΔНΜС	 τί δ' ἔδρων πρὸ τοῦ, κάτειπε, καὶ ποῖός τις ή; 	
	πρώτον μέν, δπότ' εἴποι τις ἐν τὴκκλησία,	1340
	ῶ Δημ', ἐραστής τ' εἰμὶ σὸς φιλῶ τέ σε	
	καὶ κήδομαί σου καὶ προβουλεύω μόνος,	
	τούτοις δπότε χρήσαιτό τις προοιμίοις,	
	ἀνωρτάλιζες κάκερουτίας.	
ΔHMC		
AA.	εἷτ' έξαπατήσας σ' ἀντὶ τούτων ὤχετο.	1345
ΔНМ	o≥. τί φής;	
	ταυτί μ' έδρων, έγω δε τοῦτ' οὐκ ἠσθόμην;	
AA.	τὰ δ' ὧτά γ' ἄν σου νὴ Δί' έξεπετάννυτο	

ωσπερ σκιάδειον καὶ πάλιν ξυνήγετο.

THE KNIGHTS, 1329-1348

The Severeign of Helles himself to our gaze.

O Athens the envied, display a

CHOR. O shining old town of the violet crown,

THE DOVERCIAN OF FICHERS INHESON TO CAN GODE,		
the monarch of all we survey.		
s.s. See, see where he stands, no vote in his hands,		
but the golden cicala b his hair in,		
All splendid and fragrant with peace and with myrrh,		
and the grand old apparel he's wearing!		
CHOR. Hail, Sovereign of Hellas! with thee we rejoice,		
right glad to behold thee again		
Enjoying a fate that is worthy the State		
and the trophy on Marathon's plain.		
DEMUS. O Agoracritus, my dearest friend,		
What good your stewing did me!		
s.s. Say you so?		
Why, if you knew the sort of man you were,		
And what you did, you'd reckon me a god.		
DEMUS. What was I like? What did I do? Inform me.		
774 . 10 3 1 13 A 33 13		
O Demus, I'm your lover, I alone		
Care for you, scheme for you, tend and love you well,		
I say if anyone began like that		
You clapped your wings and tossed your horns.		
DEMUS. What, I?		
s.s. Then in return he cheated you and left.		
DEMUS. O did they treat me so, and I not know it!		
s.s. Because, by Zeus, your ears would open wide		

And close again, like any parasol.

The opening words are quoted from Pindar, who first applied them to Athens in a dithyramb, Frag. 76 (Sandys).

b Worn in old days by Athenians in their hair: Thuc. 1. 6. 3.
c A marble monument near the great barrow on the site of the battle: W. 711.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ουτως ανόητος εγεγενήμην και γέρων;	
ΑΛ. καὶ νὴ Δί' εί γε δύο λεγοίτην ρήτορε,	1350
ό μεν ποιείσθαι ναθς λέγων, ό δ' έτερος αθ	
καταμισθοφορήσαι τοῦθ', ὁ τὸν μισθὸν λέγων	
τὸν τὰς τριήρεις παραδραμών ἂν ὤχετο.	
οῦτος, τί κύπτεις; οὐχὶ κατὰ χώραν μενεῖς;	
	1355
ΑΔ. ἀλλ' οὐ σὺ τούτων αἴτιος, μὴ φροντίσης,	1999
άλλ' οι σε ταθτ' έξηπάτων. νθν δ' αθ φράσον	
έάν τις είπη βωμολόχος ξυνήγορος,	
οὐκ ἔστιν ὑμῖν τοῖς δικασταῖς ἄλφιτα,	
εὶ μὴ καταγνώσεσθε ταύτην τὴν δίκην,	1360
τοῦτον τί δράσεις, εἰπέ, τὸν ξυνήγορον;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄρας μετέωρον ες τὸ βάραθρον εμβαλώ,	
έκ τοῦ λάρυγγος ἐκκρεμάσας Ὑπέρβολον.	
ΑΛ. τουτί μεν ὀρθώς καὶ φρονίμως ήδη λέγεις.	
τὰ δ' ἄλλα, φέρ' ἴδω, πῶς πολιτεύσει φράσον.	1365
ΔΗΜΟΣ. πρώτον μεν δπόσοι ναθς έλαύνουσιν μακράς,	
καταγομένοις τὸν μισθὸν ἀποδώσω ἐντελῆ.	
ΑΛ. πολλοῖς γ' ὑπολίσποις πυγιδίοισιν ἐχαρίσω.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἔπειθ' δπλίτης εντεθείς εν καταλόγω	
οὐδεὶς κατὰ σπουδὰς μετεγγραφήσεται,	1370
	1370
άλλ' ωσπερ ήν το πρωτον έγγεγράψεται.	
ΑΛ. τοῦτ' ἔδακε τὸν πόρπακα τὸν Κλεωνύμου.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐδ' ἀγοράσει γ' ἀγένειος οὐδεὶς ἐν ἀγορᾶ.	
ΑΛ. ποῦ δῆτα Κλεισθένης ἀγοράσει καὶ Στράτων;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ, τὰ μειράκια ταυτὶ λέγω, τὰν τῷ μύρω,	1375

<sup>Lysias, 27. 1, says that similar threats were really made:
εἰ μὴ καταψηφιεῖσθε ὧν κελεύουσιν ἐπιλείψει ὑμᾶς ἡ μισθοφορά.
"Barley" means "daily bread."
Below a precipice of the rock of the Pnyx, in the corner between Town Wall and Long Wall, outside the city.</sup>

THE KNIGHTS, 1349-1375

DEMUS. Had I so old and witless grown as that? And if, by Zeus, two orators proposed, s.s. One to build ships of war, one to increase Official salaries, the salary man Would beat the ships-of-war man in a canter.

Hallo! why hang your head and shift your ground?

S.S.

DEMUS. I am ashamed of all my former faults. You're not to blame; pray don't imagine that. 8.5. 'Twas they who tricked you so. But answer this:

> If any scurvy advocate should sav. Now please remember, justices, ye'll have No barley, if the prisoner gets off free,a How would you treat that scurvy advocate?

DEMUS. I'd tie Hyperbolus about his neck,

And hurl him down into the Deadman's Pit.b Why now you are speaking sensibly and well.

How else, in public business, will you act? DEMUS. First, when the sailors from my ships of war

Come home, I'll pay them all arrears in full. For that, full many a well-worn rump will S.S.

bless you.

DEMUS. Next, when a hoplite's placed in any list. There shall he stay, and not for love or money Shall he be shifted to some other list.

That bit the shield-strap of Cleonymus.d DEMUS. No beardless boy shall haunt the agora now.

That's rough on Straton and on Cleisthenes. DEMUS. I mean those striplings in the perfume-mart,

o i.e. for service on some expedition; but influence might be used to get a name removed, P. 1180.

d Cleonymus had not yet thrown away his shield at Delium, but he must have been known as a coward.

Two effeminates: A. 192.

σοφός γ' ὁ Φαίαξ, δεξιῶς τ' οὐκ ἀπέθανε. συνερκτικός γάρ έστι καὶ περαντικός,

ά στωμυλείται τοιαδί καθήμενα.

και γνωμοτυπικος και σαφης και κρουστικός	
καταληπτικός τ' ἄριστα τοῦ θορυβητικοῦ.	1380
ΑΛ. οὔκουν καταδακτυλικός σὺ τοῦ λαλητικοῦ;	1000
ΔΗΜΟΣ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἀναγκάσω κυνηγετεῖν ἐγὼ	
τούτους ἄπαντας, παυσαμένους ψηφισμάτων.	
ΑΛ. ἔχε νυν ἐπὶ τούτοις τουτονὶ τὸν ὀκλαδίαν,	
καὶ παῖδ' ἐνόρχην, δε περιοίσει τόνδε σοι	1385
κἄν που δοκῆ σοι, τοῦτον ὀκλαδίαν ποίει.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. μακάριος ἐς τάρχαῖα δὴ καθίσταμαι.	
ΑΛ. φήσεις γ', ἐπειδὰν τὰς τριακοντούτιδας	
σπονδάς παραδώ σοι. δεῦρ' ἴθ' αἱ Σπονδαὶ	
ταχύ.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ὧ Ζεῦ πολυτίμηθ', ὡς καλαί· πρὸς τῶν	
$\theta \in \hat{\omega} \nu$,	1390
έξεστιν αὐτῶν κατατριακοντουτίσαι;	
πως έλαβες αὐτὰς ἐτεόν;	
ΑΛ. οὐ γὰρ ὁ Παφλαγών	
ἀπέκρυπτε ταύτας ἔνδον, ἴνα σὺ μὴ λάβοις;	
νῦν οὖν ἐγώ σοι παραδίδωμ' εἰς τοὺς ἀγροὺς	
αὐτὰς ἰέναι λαβόντα.	
	3000
ΔΗΜΟΣ. τον δε Παφλαγόνα,	1395
δς ταθτ' έδρασεν, εἰφ' ὅ τι ποιήσεις κακόν.	
ΑΛ. οὐδὲν μέγ' ἀλλ' ἢ τὴν ἐμὴν ἔξει τέχνην	
έπὶ ταῖς πύλαις ἀλλαντοπωλήσει μόνος,	

τὰ κύνεια μιγνύς τοῖς ὀνείοις πράγμασιν,

a The passage ridicules an affectation of using adjectives in -ikbs. For Phaeax see Thuc. v. 4, and Plut. Nic. 11, Alc. 13. He was of some importance in politics. The Scholiast says he had been tried for his life and acquitted. 256

THE KNIGHTS, 1376-1399

Who sit them down and chatter stuff like this, Sharp fellow, Phaeax; wonderful defence; Coercive speaker; most conclusive speaker; Effective; argumentative; incisive; Superlative against the combative.

s.s. You're quite derisive of these talkatives. DEMUS. I'll make them all give up their politics,

And go a-hunting with their hounds instead.

s.s. Then on these terms accept this folding-stool;

And here's a boy to carry it behind you.

No eunuch he!

DEMUS. O, I shall be once more
A happy Demus as in days gone by.

s.s. I think you'll think so when you get the sweet Thirty-year treaties. Treaties dear, come here.

DEMUS. Worshipful Zeus! how beautiful they are.
Wouldn't I like to solemnize them all.
Whence got you these?

s.s. Why, had not Paphlagon
Bottled them up that you might never see
them?

Now then I freely give you them to take Back to your farms, with you.

Who wrought all this, how will you punish him?

s.s. Not much: this only: he shall ply my trade,
Sole sausage-seller at the City gates.
There let him dogs'-meat mix with asses' flesh,

^b It was the fashion in olden days for rich citizens to have these carried for them by attendants when they went to assemblies or the like.

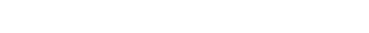
μεθύων τε ταις πόρναισι λοιδορήσεται, 1400 κάκ των βαλανείων πίεται το λούτριον. ΔΗΜΟΣ. εὖ γ' ἐπενόησας οδπέρ ἐστιν ἄξιος, πόρναισι καὶ βαλανεῦσι διακεκραγέναι, καί σ' ἀντὶ τούτων ἐς τὸ πρυτανεῖον καλω ἐς τὴν ἔδραν θ', ἴν' ἐκεῖνος ἦν ὁ φαρμακός. 1405 ἔπου δὲ ταυτηνὶ λαβων τὴν βατραχίδα· κἀκεῖνον ἐκφερέτω τις ὡς ἐπὶ τὴν τέχνην, ἵν' ἴδωσιν αὐτόν, οἶς ἐλωβᾶθ', οἱ ξένοι.

THE KNIGHTS, 1400-1408

There let him, tipsy, with the harlots wrangle, And drink the filthy scouring of the bath.

DEMUS. A happy thought; and very fit he is
To brawl with harlots and with bathmen there.
But you I ask to dinner in the Hall,
To take the place that scullion held before.
Put on this frog-green robe and follow me.
Whilst him they carry out to ply his trade,
That so the strangers, whom he wronged, may see him.^a

^a Strangers were not present at the Lenaean festival.



THE CLOUDS

INTRODUCTION

THE Clouds was produced at the Great Dionysia 423 B.C. The first prize was awarded to Cratinus with the Wine-flagon, the second to Ameipsias with the Connos, and Aristophanes was third and last.

The present is a revised edition published, but not exhibited, some years later, for in the New Parabasis the poet refers to the *Maricas* of Eupolis which was produced 421 B.C. In one of the Greek arguments prefixed to the play, it is stated that this revision $(\delta\iota\delta\rho\theta\omega\sigma\iota s)$ extends generally "through almost every part," but that it is "entire" $(\delta\iota\delta\sigma\chi\epsilon\rho\eta s)$ (1) in the Parabasis, (2) "where the Just Logic speaks to the Unjust," and (3) "where the school of Socrates is set on fire."

As to the Parabasis (518–562) where Aristophanes, speaking in the first person, expresses his indignation at his defeat, there can be no doubt. As regards (2) Mr. Rogers justly holds that this does not refer to the *whole* dispute between the $\Lambda \acute{o} \gamma o \iota$ (for this "is the very core of the play"), but to the magnificent anapaests in which the Just Logic describes "the ancient education," 961 seq. As regards (3) there can be little certainty.

The aim of the Comedy is to attack the Sophistical system of Education, which like "some subtle and insidious disease was sapping the very life of old

262

THE CLOUDS

Athenian character; which for a money payment taught men to argue not for Truth but for Victory; to assail all traditional beliefs; and to pride themselves on their ability to take up a bad cause and

make it triumph over the right." a

In taking Socrates as "the representative and embodiment in a concrete form "of the Sophistic school Aristophanes is notoriously unjust. No one had less regard for speculation about τὰ μετέωρα and τὰ ὑπὸ τῆς γῆς than Socrates; to take money for teaching was in his eyes a crime; and the whole of his dialectic aimed not at "making the worse appear the better reason," but at the discovery of ethical truth. None the less, as Grote remarks, "if an Athenian had been asked 'Who are the principal Sophists in your city?' he would have named Socrates among the first," while he seemed to court caricature as he ambled round the agora and gymnasia, "bald-headed, with the countenance of a satyr and a protuberant belly, habitually barefoot, clad only in a shabby gaberdine (τρίβων) without even the usual undergarment (χιτών)." δ

That the Athenians took the attack on him seriously, or that it had the least effect on his condemnation in 399, is wholly questionable. Plutarch (De educat. puerorum, c. 14, p. 10 c) relates that, when asked if he was not "indignant" at it, he replied, "No, not I; I am chaffed in the theatre as in a wine-party"; and Plato in the Symposium (221 B) not only brings in both Socrates and Aristophanes as guests who meet without offence, but makes Alcibiades quote the poet's own words (l. 362) as an

a Rogers, Introduction, p. xviii.
b Ibid. p. xxi.

admirable description of Socrates. Nor is it probable that, if he had held Aristophanes partly guilty for his master's execution, he would when dying have kept a copy of his comedies in his bed, or published his inimitable epigram:

αὶ Χάριτες, τέμενός τι λαβεῖν ὅπερ οὐχὶ πεσεῖται ζητοῦσαι, ψυχὴν εδρον 'Αριστοφανοῦς."

In fact, when Socrates at the beginning of the Apology is made not only to quote the Clouds but to put phrases from it into an imaginary legal indictment, of which he says he is in more terror than of his actual accusers, it may well be that Plato—"putting into his mouth reflexions upon the Clouds which he, we may be sure, would never have uttered," b—indicates with fine irony that it was a poor charge which was less weighty than the jibe of a comedian. But whether this be so or not, the fact of Plato introducing the quotations as well known and familiar proves—as do similar quotations in the Occonomicus and Symposium of Xenophon—that when he wrote the Clouds had already that established fame which it has ever since maintained.

The Graces sought a heavenly shrine, which ne'er Shall come to nought,
And in thy soul, Immortal Poet, found
The shrine they sought.

ROGERS.

^b Rogers, Introd. p. xxiv.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΣΤΡΕΨΙΑΔΗΣ

ΦΕΙΔΙΠΠΙΔΗΣ

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ ΣΤΡΕΨΙΑΔΟΥ

ΜΑΘΗΤΑΙ ΣΩΚΡΑΤΟΥΣ

ΣΩΚΡΑΤΉΣ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΝΕΦΕΛΩΝ

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ

ΑΔΙΚΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ

ΠΑΣΙΑΣ

AMYNIAS

 $MAPTT\Sigma$

ΧΑΙΡΕΦΩΝ

ΝΕΦΕΛΑΙ

ΣΤΡΕΨΙΑΔΗΣ. [']Ιοὺ ἰού·

& Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ, τὸ χρῆμα τῶν νυκτῶν ὅσον. ἀπέραντον. οὐδέποθ' ἡμέρα γενήσεται; καὶ μὴν πάλαι γ' ἀλεκτρυόνος ἡκουσ' ἐγώ· οἱ δ' οἰκέται ῥέγκουσιν· ἀλλ' οὐκ ἂν πρὸ τοῦ. 5 ἀπόλοιο δῆτ', ὧ πόλεμε, πολλῶν οὕνεκα, ὅτ' οὐδὲ κολάσ' ἔξεστί μοι τοὺς οἰκέτας. ἀλλ' οὐδ' ὁ χρηστὸς οὐτοσὶ νεανίας ἐγείρεται τῆς νυκτός, ἀλλὰ πέρδεται ἐν πέντε σισύραις ἐγκεκορδυλημένος. 10 ἀλλ', εἰ δοκεῖ, ῥέγκωμεν ἐγκεκαλυμμένοι.

άλλ' οὐ δύναμαι δείλαιος εὕδειν δακνόμενος ὑπὸ τῆς δαπάνης καὶ τῆς φάτνης καὶ τῶν χρεῶν, διὰ τουτονὶ τὸν υἱόν. ὁ δὲ κόμην ἔχων ἱππάζεταὶ τε καὶ ξυνωρικεύεται ὀνειροπολεῖ θ' ἔππους· ἐγὼ δ' ἀπόλλυμαι, ὁρῶν ἄγουσαν τὴν σελήνην εἰκάδας· οἱ γὰρ τόκοι χωροῦσιν. ἄπτε, παῖ, λύχνον, κἄκφερε τὸ γραμματεῖον, ἵν' ἀναγνῶ λαβὼν ὁπόσοις ὀφείλω καὶ λογίσωμαι τοὺς τόκους. 20 φέρ' ἴδω, τί ὀφείλω; '' δώδεκα μνᾶς Πασία.''

^a At the back of the stage are two buildings—the house of 266

THE CLOUDS a

STREPSIADES.

O dear! O dear!

O Lord! O Zeus! these nights, how long they are. Will they ne'er pass? will the day never come? Surely I heard the cock crow, hours ago. Yet still my servants snore. These are new customs. O 'ware of war for many various reasons; One fears in war even to flog one's servants. And here's this hopeful son of mine wrapped up Snoring and sweating under five thick blankets. Come, we'll wrap up and snore in opposition.

(Tries to sleep)

But I can't sleep a wink, devoured and bitten By ticks, and bugbears, duns, and race-horses, All through this son of mine. He curls his hair,^b And sports his thoroughbreds, and drives his tandem; Even in dreams he rides: while I—I'm ruined, Now that the Moon has reached her twentieths, And paying-time comes on.^c Boy! light a lamp, And fetch my ledger: now I'll reckon up Who are my creditors, and what I owe them. Come, let me see then. Fifty pounds to Pasias!

Strepsiades and the Phrontisterion. The interior of the first is exposed to view by means of the eccyclema.

b Like the Knights; cf. K. 580.

o Interest was payable on the first day of each new month, and the days after the twentieth mark its near approach.

	τοῦ δώδεκα μνᾶς Πασία; τί έχρησάμην;	
	ότ' ἐπριάμην τὸν κοππατίαν. οἴμοι τάλας,	
	εἴθ' έξεκόπην πρότερον τὸν ὀφθαλμὸν λίθω.	
ÞΕΙΔ	ιππιΔΗΣ. Φίλων, άδικεῖς Ελαυνε τὸν σαυτοῦ δρόμον.	25
≱T.	τοῦτ' ἔστι τουτὶ τὸ κακὸν ὅ μ' ἀπολώλεκεν:	
	ονειροπολει γάρ και καθεύδων ίππικήν.	
ÞEI.	πόσους δρόμους έλα τὰ πολεμιστήρια;	
ΣT.	έμε μεν ού πολλούς τον πατέρ' ελαύνεις δρόμους.	
	ἀτὰρ '' τί χρέος ἔβα '' με μετὰ τὸν Πασίαν;	30
	" τρείς μναί διφρίσκου καὶ τροχοίν 'Αμυνία."	
ΦEI.	άπαγε του ιππου έξαλίσας οικαδε.	
ΣT.	άλλ', ὧ μέλ', ἐξήλικας ἐμέ γ' ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν,	
	ότε καὶ δίκας ὤφληκα χάτεροι τόκου	
	ενεχυράσεσθαί φασιν.	
ÞΕΙ.	<i>ἐτεόν, ὧ πάτε</i> ρ,	35
	τί δυσκολαίνεις καὶ στρέφει τὴν νύχθ' ὅλην;	
ΣT.	δάκνει με δήμαρχός τις έκ τῶν στρωμάτων.	
ΦEI.	έασον, & δαιμόνιε, καταδαρθεῖν τί με.	
≱T.	σὺ δ' οὖν κάθευδε· τὰ δὲ χρέα ταῦτ' ἴσθ' ὅτι	
	ès την κεφαλην ἄπαντα την σην τρέψεται.	4 0
	$\phi \epsilon \hat{v}$.	
	εἴθ' ὤφελ' ή προμνήστρι' ἀπολέσθαι κακῶς,	
	ήτις με γημ' ἐπηρε τὴν σὴν μητέρα·	
	ἐμοὶ γὰρ ἦν ἄγροικος ἥδιστος βίος,	
	εὐρωτιῶν, ἀκόρητος, εἰκῆ κείμενος,	
	βρύων μελίτταις καὶ προβάτοις καὶ στεμφύλοις.	45
	ἔπειτ' ἔγημα Μεγακλέους τοῦ Μεγακλέους	

^a Lit. "the horse branded with a koppa (γ)," the symbol of Corinth, where the breed was supposed to descend from Pegasus. 268

THE CLOUDS, 22-46

Why fifty pounds to Pasias? what were they for?
O, for the hack a from Corinth. O dear! O dear!
I wish my eye had been hacked out before—
PHEIDIPPIDES. (In his sleep) You are cheating, Philon;

keep to your own side.

sr. Ah! there it is! that's what has ruined me! Even in his very sleep he thinks of horses.

PH. (In his sleep) How many heats do the war-chariots run?

st. A pretty many heats you have run your father. Now then, what debt assails me ^b after Pasias? A curricle and wheels. Twelve pounds. Amynias.

PH. (In his sleep) Here, give the horse a roll, and take

him home.

sr. You have rolled me out of house and home, my boy, Cast in some suits already, while some swear They'll seize my goods for payment.

PH. Good, my father, What makes you toss so restless all night long?

sr. There's a bumbailiff o from the mattress bites me.

PH. Come now, I prithee, let me sleep in peace.

sr. Well then, you sleep; only be sure of this, These debts will fall on your own head at last. Alas. alas!

For ever cursed be that same match-maker, Who stirred me up to marry your poor mother. Mine in the country was the pleasantest life, Untidy, easy-going, unrestrained, Brimming with olives, sheepfolds, honey-bees. Ah! then I married—I a rustic—her

^b τί χρέος ἔβα με is from an unknown play of Euripides: Schol.
^c δήμαρχος: a surprise instead of κόρις or ψύλλα. He was the headman of the deme, and also issued executions for unpaid debts.
^d Lit. "mouldy, unswept."

άδελφιδην άγροικος ών έξ ἄστεως, σεμνήν, τρυφωσαν, έγκεκοισυρωμένην. ταύτην ότ' έγάμουν, συγκατεκλινόμην έγώ όζων τρυνός, τρασιάς, ερίων περιουσίας, 50 ή δ' αὖ μύρου, κρόκου, καταγλωττισμάτων, δαπάνης, λαφυγμοῦ, Κωλιάδος, Γενετυλλίδος. ου μην έρω γ' ως άργος ην, άλλ' έσπάθα. έγω δ' αν αντή θοιμάτιον δεικνύς τοδί πρόφασιν έφασκον, '' ω γύναι, λίαν σπαθας.'' 55 ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ. ἔλαιον ἡμιῖν οὐκ ἔνεστ' ἐν τῶ λύχνω. οίμοι τί γάρ μοι τὸν πότην ήπτες λύχνον; δεῦρ' ἔλθ', ἵνα κλάης. διὰ τί δῆτα κλαύσομαι; ØE. ΣΤ. ὅτι τῶν παχειῶν ἐνετίθεις θρυαλλίδων. μετά ταθθ', όπως νών εγένεθ' υίδς ούτοσί, 60 έμοί τε δη καὶ τῆ γυναικὶ τἀγαθῆ, περὶ τοὐνόματος δη 'ντεῦθεν ἐλοιδορούμεθα· ή μεν γάρ ίππον προσετίθει πρός τούνομα, Εάνθιππον η Χάριππον η Καλλιππίδην, έγω δε τοῦ πάππου τιθέμην Φειδωνίδην. 65 τέως μεν οὖν ἐκρινόμεθ' εἶτα τῷ χρόνω κοινή ξυνέβημεν κάθέμεθα Φειδιππίδην. τοῦτον τὸν υίὸν λαμβάνουσ' ἐκορίζετο, όταν σύ μέγας ὢν άρμ' έλαύνης πρός πόλιν, ωσπερ Μεγακλέης, ξυστίδ' έχων. έγω δ' έφην, 70 όταν μεν οὖν τὰς αίγας ἐκ τοῦ φελλέως, ωσπερ ο πατήρ σου, διφθέραν ενημμένος. άλλ' οὐκ ἐπίθετο τοῖς ἐμοῖς οὐδὲν λόγοις,

^a Lit. "of M. the son of M.," the repetition of the name being intended to enhance its importance. Megacles was a common name for the male, as Coesyra for the female, children of the aristocratic Alcmaeonid family.

THE CLOUDS, 47-73

A fine town-lady, niece of Megacles.a A regular, proud, luxurious, Coesyra. This wife I married, and we came together, I rank with wine-lees, fig-boards, greasy woolpacks; She all with scents, and saffron, and tongue-kissings, Feasting, expense, and lordly modes of loving.º She was not idle though, she was too fast.d I used to tell her, holding out my cloak, Threadbare and worn; Wife, you're too fast by half. SERVANT-BOY. Here's no more oil remaining in the lamp. st. O me! what made you light the tippling lamp? Come and be whipp'd. Why, what would you whip me for? SERV. Why did you put one of those thick wicks in? Well, when at last to me and my good woman

This hopeful son was born, our son and heir, Why then we took to wrangle on the name. She was for giving him some knightly name, "Callippides, "Xanthippus," or "Charippus": I wished "Pheidonides," his grandsire's aname. Thus for some time we argued: till at last We compromised it in Pheidippides. This boy she took, and used to spoil him, saying, Oh! when you are driving to the Acropolis, clad Like Megacles, in your purple; whilst I said Oh! when the goats you are driving from the fells, Clad like your father, in your sheepskin coat. Well, he cared nought for my advice, but soon

b On which they were dried in the sun.

Κωλίαs and Γενετυλλίε are names of love-deities.

 d σπαθάω is literally "to ply the shuttle" (σπάθη), then as a slang term " to squander."

Boys were regularly named after a grandfather; cf. B. 283.

Pheidonides = "a son of thrift" (φειδώ).

	άλλ' ἵππερόν μου κατέχεεν τῶν χρημάτων.	
	νθν οθν όλην την νύκτα φροντίζων, όδον	75
	μίαν εθρον, ἀτραπὸν δαιμονίως ὑπερφυᾶ,	
	ην ην άναπείσω τουτονί, σωθήσομαι.	
	άλλ' έξεγειραι πρώτον αὐτὸν βούλομαι.	
	πως δητ' αν ήδιστ' αυτον επεγείραιμι; πως;	
	Φειδιππίδη, Φειδιππίδιον.	
ΦEI.	τί, ὧ πάτερ;	80
ΣT.	κύσον με καὶ τὴν χεῖρα δὸς τὴν δεξιάν.	
	ίδού. τί ἔστιν;	
ΣT.	εἰπέ μοι, φιλεῖς ἐμέ;	
ΦEI.	νη τον Ποσειδώ τουτονί τον ἵππιον.	
	μή μοί γε τοῦτον μηδαμώς τὸν ἵππιον·	
	οὖτος γὰρ ὁ θεὸς αἴτιός μοι τῶν κακῶν.	85
	άλλ' εἴπερ ἐκ τῆς καρδίας μ' ὄντως φιλεῖς,	
	ὦ παῖ, πιθοῦ.	
ΦEI.	τί οὖν πίθωμαι δῆτά σοι;	
∑T.	ἔκοτρεψον ώς τάχιστα τοὺς σαυτοῦ τρόπους,	
	καὶ μάνθαν' ἐλθών ᾶν ἐγὼ παραινέσω.	
ΦEI.	λέγε δή, τί κελεύεις;	
ĭT.	καί τι πείσει;	
ΦEI.	πείσομαι,	90
	νη τον Διόνυσον.	
ĭT.	δεῦρό νυν ἀπόβλεπε.	
	όρᾶς τὸ θύριον τοῦτο καὶ τῷκίδιον;	
	όρω. τί οὖν τοῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐτεόν, ὧ πάτερ;	
∑T.	ψυχῶν σοφῶν τοῦτ' ἐστὶ φροντιστήριον.	
	ένταῦθ' ένοικοῦσ' ἄνδρες οι τὸν οὐρανὸν	95
	λέγοντες ἀναπείθουσιν ώς ἔστιν πνιγεύς	

^a Lit. "he poured a plague of horse-fever upon." ἔππερος is invented in imitation of ἔκτερος "jaundice."
^b τουτονί: pointing to some statuette of Poseidon near his bed. 272

THE CLOUDS, 74-96

A galloping consumption caught a my fortunes. Now cogitating all night long, I've found One way, one marvellous transcendent way, Which if he'll follow, we may yet be saved. So,—but, however, I must rouse him first; But how to rouse him kindliest? that's the rub. Pheidippides, my sweet one.

PH. Well, my father.

sr. Shake hands, Pheidippides, shake hands and kiss me.

рн. There; what's the matter?

ST. Dost thou love me, boy?

PH. Ay! by Poseidon there, the God of horses. ST. No, no, not that: miss out the God of horses,

That God's the origin of all my evils.

But if you love me from your heart and soul,
My son, obey me.

PH. Very well: what in?

sr. Strip with all speed, strip off your present habits, And go and learn what I'll advise you to.

PH. Name your commands.

ST. Will you obey?

PH. I will,

By Dionysus!

Well then, look this way. See you that wicket and the lodge beyond?

PH. I see: and prithee what is that, my father?

sr. That is the thinking-house of sapient souls.

Theredwell themen who teach—aye, who persuade us,
That Heaven is one vast fire-extinguisher a

The word φροντιστήριον, "thinking-establishment," is apparently the invention of Aristophanes.

^a So πνιγεύs is usually rendered. The Ravenna Scholiast gives three explanations, (1) "stove," (2) "the place where coals are crammed" (συμπνίγονται), and (3) "furnace" (φοῦρνος).

ST.

	κάστιν περί ήμας ούτος, ήμεις δ' άνθρακες.	
	οδτοι διδάσκουσ', άργύριον ήν τις διδώ,	
	λέγοντα νικᾶν καὶ δίκαια κάδικα.	
ΦEI.	είσὶν δὲ τίνες;	
ĭT.	οὐκ οἶδ' ἄκριβῶς τοὔνομα•	100
	μεριμνοφροντισταὶ καλοί τε κάγαθοί.	
ΦEI.	αίβοῖ, πονηροί γ', οίδα. τοὺς ἀλαζόνας,	
	τούς ώχριῶντας, τούς άνυποδήτους λέγεις	
	ών δ κακοδαίμων Σωκράτης καὶ Χαιρεφών.	
ΣT.	η ή, σιώπα μηδεν είπης νήπιον.	105
	άλλ' εἴ τι κήδει τῶν πατρώων ἀλφίτων,	
	τούτων γενού μοι, σχασάμενος την ίππικήν.	
ΦEI.	οὐκ ἂν μὰ τὸν Διόνυσον, εἰ δοίης γέ μοι	
	τούς Φασιανούς ούς τρέφει Λεωγόρας.	
ΣT.	ἴθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνθρώπων ἐμοί,	110
	έλθων διδάσκου.	
ΦEI.	καὶ τί σοι μαθήσομαι;	
ĭT.	είναι παρ' αὐτοῖς φασιν ἄμφω τὼ λόγω,	
	τον κρείττον, δστις έστί, καὶ τον ήττονα.	
	τούτοιν τὸν ἔτερον τοῖν λόγοιν, τὸν ήττονα,	
	νικᾶν λέγοντά φασι τάδικώτερα.	115
	ην οὖν μάθης μοι τὸν ἄδικον τοῦτον λόγον,	
	α νθν οφείλω δια σέ, τούτων των χρεών	
	οὐκ ἂν ἀποδοίην οὐδ' ἂν ὀβολὸν οὐδενί.	
ΦEI.	οὐκ ἂν πιθοίμην· οὐ γὰρ ἂν τλαίην ἰδεῖν	
	τοὺς ἱππέας τὸ χρῶμα διακεκναισμένος.	120
ĭT.	οὐκ ἄρα μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα τῶν γ' ἐμῶν ἔδει, οὔτ' αὐτὸς οὔθ' ὁ ζύγιος οὔθ' ὁ σαμφόρας·	
	οὖτ' αὐτὸς οὖθ' ὁ ζύγιος οὖθ' ὁ σαμφόρας	
	άλλ' ἐξελῶ σ' ἐς κόρακας ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας.	

a "Either horses or birds" (i.e. pheasants) says the Scholiast;
 but the former seem clearly indicated.
 δ To teach young men τὸν ἢττω λόγον κρείττω ποιεῖν was the

THE CLOUDS, 97-123

Placed round about us, and that we're the cinders. Aye, and they'll teach (only they'll want some money), How one may speak and conquer, right or wrong.

PH. Come, tell their names.

ST. Well, I can't quite remember, But they're deep thinkers, and true gentlemen.

PH. Out on the rogues! I know them. Those rank pedants, Those palefaced, barefoot vagabonds you mean: That Socrates, poor wretch, and Chaerephon.

sr. Oh! Oh! hush! hush! don't use those foolish words; But if the sorrows of my barley touch you, Enter their Schools and cut the Turf for ever.

PH. I wouldn't go, so help me Dionysus, For all Leogoras's breed of Phasians a!

sr. Go, I beseech you, dearest, dearest son, Go and be taught.

PH. And what would you have me learn?

sr. 'Tis known that in their Schools they keep two Logics,^b The Worse, Zeus save the mark,^c the Worse and Better.

This Second Logic then, I mean the Worse one,
They teach to talk unjustly and—prevail.
Think then, you only learn that Unjust Logic,
And all the debts, which I have incurred through
you,—

I'll never pay, no, not one farthing of them.

PH. I will not go. How could I face the knights
With all my colour worn and torn away!

st. O! then, by Earth, you have eat your last of mine, You, and your coach-horse, and your sigma-brand: Out with you! Go to the crows, for all I care.

famous "promise of Protagoras" (τὸ Π. ἐπάγγελμα, Arist. Rhet. ii. 24, 11), the sophist of Abdera.

δστις ἐστί is " a sort of contemptuous dismissal": R.

ΦEI.	αλλ' οὐ περιόψεταί μ' ὁ θεῖος Μεγακλέης	
	ἄνιππον. ἀλλ' εἴσειμι, σοῦ δ' οὐ φροντιῶ.	125
∑T.	άλλ' οὐδ' ἐγὼ μέντοι πεσών γε κείσομαι	
	άλλ' εὐξάμενος τοῖσιν θεοῖς διδάξομαι	
	αὐτὸς βαδίζων εἰς τὸ φροντιστήριον.	
	πως οὖν γέρων ὢν κἀπιλήσμων καὶ βραδὺς	
	λόγων ἀκριβῶν σκινδαλάμους μαθήσομαι;	130
	ίτητέον. τι ταῦτ' ἔχων στραγγεύομαι,	200
	άλλ' οὐχὶ κόπτω τὴν θύραν; παῖ, παιδίον.	
TAT A COL	mπτ. βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας· τίς ἐσθ' ὁ κόψας τὴν θύραν;	
	Φείδωνος υίδς Στρεψιάδης Κικυννόθεν.	
	άμαθής γε νη Δί', όστις ούτωσὶ σφόδρα	10-
MIA.		135
	απεριμερίμνως την θύραν λελάκτικας	
	καὶ φροντίδ' εξήμβλωκας εξευρημένην.	
	σύγγνωθί μοι τηλοῦ γὰρ οἰκῶ τῶν ἀγρῶν.	
	άλλ' εἰπέ μοι το πραγμα τουξημβλωμένον.	
MA.	άλλ' οὐ θέμις πλην τοῖς μαθηταῖσιν λέγειν.	140
ΣT.	λέγε νυν έμοι θαρρών έγω γαρ ούτοσί	
	ήκω μαθητής εἰς τὸ φροντιστήριον.	
MA.	λέξω. νομίσαι δὲ ταῦτα χρὴ μυστήρια.	
	άνήρετ' άρτι Χαιρεφώντα Σωκράτης	
	ψύλλαν δπόσους αλλοιτο τούς αύτης πόδας	145
	δακοῦσα γὰρ τοῦ Χαιρεφῶντος τὴν ὀφρῦν	
	έπὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὴν Σωκράτους ἀφήλατο.	
≱т.	πως δήτα τουτ' ἐμέτρησε;	
MA.	δεξιώτατα.	
	κηρον διατήξας, είτα την ψύλλαν λαβών	
	ενέβαψεν είς τὸν κηρὸν αὐτης τὼ πόδε,	150
	κάτα ψυγείση περιέφυσαν Περσικαί.	
	ταύτας ύπολύσας ἀνεμέτρει τὸ χωρίον.	

a The name of a deme.

THE CLOUDS, 124-152

- PH. But uncle Megacles won't leave me long Without a horse: I'll go to him: good-bye.
- st. I'm thrown, by Zeus, but I won't long lie prostrate.
 I'll pray the Gods and send myself to school:
 I'll go at once and try their thinking-house.
 Stay: how can I, forgetful, slow, old fool,
 Learn the nice hair-splittings of subtle Logic?
 Well, go I must. 'Twont do to linger here.
 Come on, I'll knock the door. Boy! Ho there, boy!

STUDENT. (Within) O, hangitall! who's knocking at the door?

sr. Me! Pheidon's son: Strepsiades of Cicynna.a sru. Why, what a clown you are! to kick our door,

In such a thoughtless, inconsiderate way!
You've made my cogitation to miscarry.

st. Forgive me: I'm an awkward country fool.
But tell me, what was that I made miscarry?
stu. 'Tis not allowed: Students alone may hear.

sr. O that's all right: you may tell me: I'm come To be a student in your thinking-house.

stu. Come then. But they're high mysteries, remember.

'Twas Socrates was asking Chaerephon,
How many feet of its own a flea could jump.
For one first bit the brow of Chaerephon,
Then bounded off to Socrates's head.

st. How did he measure this?

Most cleverly.

He warmed some wax, and then he caught the flea,
And dipped its feet into the wax he'd melted:
Then let it cool, and there were Persian slippers!
These he took off, and so he found the distance.

"C. had bushy eyebrows and S. was bald": Schol.

 $^{^{}b}$ Cf. Plato, Theast. 149 seq., where Socrates describes himself as practising the art of intellectual midwifery (μαιευτική τέχνη) and bringing thoughts to the birth.

ΣT.	ῶ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ, τῆς λεπτότητος τῶν φρενῶν.	
MA.	τί δητ' ἄν, ἔτερον εἰ πύθοιο Σωκράτους	
	φρόντισμα;	
ĭT.	ποῖον; ἀντιβολῶ, κάτειπέ μοι.	155
MA.	ανήρετ' αὐτὸν Χαιρεφῶν ὁ Σφήττιος	
	δπότερα τὴν γνώμην ἔχοι, τὰς ἐμπίδας	
	κατὰ τὸ στόμ' ἄδειν, ἢ κατὰ τοὐρροπύγιον.	
¥T.	τί δητ' ἐκεῖνος εἶπε περὶ της ἐμπίδος;	
MA.	ἔφασκεν είναι τοὔντερον τῆς ἐμπίδος	160
	στενόν διὰ λεπτοῦ δ' όντος αὐτοῦ τὴν πνοὴν	
	βία βαδίζειν εὐθὺ τοὐρροπυγίου	
	ἔπειτα κοίλον πρός στενῷ προσκείμενον	
	τον πρωκτον ήχειν ύπο βίας του πνεύματος.	
ΣT.	σάλπιγξ ο πρωκτός ἐστιν ἄρα τῶν ἐμπίδων.	165
	ῶ τρισμακάριος τοῦ διεντερεύματος.	
	ή ραδίως φεύγων αν αποφύγοι δίκην	
	οστις δίοιδε τοὔντερον τῆς ἐμπίδος.	
MA.	πρώην δέ γε γνώμην μεγάλην ἀφηρέθη	
	ύπ' ἀσκαλαβώτου.	
ĭT.	τίνα τρόπον; κάτειπέ μοι.	170
MA.	ζητοῦντος αὐτοῦ τῆς σελήνης τὰς όδοὺς	
	καὶ τὰς περιφοράς, εἶτ' ἄνω κεχηνότος	
	από της οροφης νύκτωρ γαλεώτης κατέχεσεν.	
	ήσθην γαλεώτη καταχέσαντι Σωκράτους.	
	έχθες δε γ' ήμων δεωπνον οὐκ ἢν έσπέρας.	175
	εἷεν τί οὖν πρὸς τἄλφιτ' ἐπαλαμήσατο;	
MA.	κατά της τραπέζης καταπάσας λεπτην τέφραν,	
	κάμψας ὀβελίσκον, εἶτα διαβήτην λαβών,	
	έκ της παλαίστρας θοιμάτιον ύφείλετο.	
278	•	

THE CLOUDS, 153-179

sr. O Zeus and king, what subtle intellects! sru. What would you say then if you heard another, Our Master's own?

ST. O come, do tell me that.

stu. Why, Chaerephon was asking him in turn,
Which theory did he sanction; that the gnats
Hummed through their mouth, or backwards, through
the tail?

sr. Aye, and what said your Master of the gnat?
sru. He answered thus: the entrail of the gnat
Is small: and through this narrow pipe the wind
Rushes with violence straight towards the tail;
There, close against the pipe, the hollow rump
Receives the wind, and whistles to the blast.

sr. So then the rump is trumpet to the gnats! O happy, happy in your entrail-learning! Full surely need he fear nor debts nor duns, Who knows about the entrails of the gnats.

sru. And yet last night a mighty thought we lost Through a green lizard.

sr. Tell me, how was that? sru. Why, as Himself, with eyes and mouth wide open, Mused on the moon, her paths and revolutions, A lizard from the roof squirted full on him.

sr. He, he, he, he. I like the lizard's spattering Socrates.

STU. Then yesterday, poor we, we'd got no dinner.

sr. Hah! what did he devise to do for barley?

sru. He sprinkled on the table—some fine ash— a
He bent a spit—he grasped it compass-wise—
And—filched a mantle from the Wrestling School.

^a As though he were going to solve some geometrical problem. Instead he uses the bent spit to hook away a cloak. The palaestra, like the market-place, was one of the usual haunts of Socrates.

ΣT.	τί δητ' ἐκεῖνον τὸν Θαλην θαυμάζομεν;	180
	άνοιγ' άνοιγ' άνύσας το φροντιστήριον,	
	καὶ δεῖξον ώς τάχιστά μοι τὸν Σωκράτην.	
	μαθητιῶ γάρ· ἀλλ' ἄνοιγε τὴν θύραν.	
	ὧ 'Ηράκλεις, ταυτὶ ποδαπὰ τὰ θηρία;	
MA.	4 30 4	185
ΣT.	τοις ἐκ Πύλου ληφθείσι, τοις Λακωνικοις.	
	ἀτὰρ τί ποτ' ès την γην βλέπουσιν ούτοιί;	
MA.	ζητοῦσιν οὖτοι τὰ κατὰ γῆς.	
ET.	βολβοὺς ἄρα	
	ζητοῦσι. μή νυν τουτογί φροντίζετε.	
	έγω γάρ οίδ' ἴν' εἰσὶ μεγάλοι καὶ καλοί.	190
	τί γὰρ οίδε δρωσιν οἱ σφόδρ' ἐγκεκυφότες;	
MA.	οδτοι δ' ἐρεβοδιφῶσιν ύπὸ τὸν Τάρταρον.	
	τί δηθ' ὁ πρωκτὸς ἐς τὸν οὐρανὸν βλέπει;	
	αὐτὸς καθ' αύτὸν ἀστρονομεῖν διδάσκεται.	
	άλλ' εἴσιθ', ἵνα μὴ 'κεῖνος ἡμῖν ἐπιτύχη.	195
ΣT.	μήπω γε μήπω γ', άλλ' ἐπιμεινάντων, ἵνα	
	αὐτοῖσι κοινώσω τι πραγμάτιον ἐμόν.	
MA.	άλλ' ούχ οξόν τ' αὐτοῖσι πρὸς τὸν ἀέρα	
	έξω διατρίβειν πολύν άγαν έστιν χρόνον.	
ĭT.	πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, τί γὰρ τάδ' ἐστίν; εἰπέ μοι.	200
	ἀστρονομία μèν αύτηί.	
ΣT.	τουτί δὲ τί;	
MA.	γεωμετρία.	
ĭT.	τοῦτ' οὖν τί ἐστι χρήσιμον;	
MA.	γῆν ἀναμετρεῖσθαι.	

^a Of Miletus, one of the seven wise men, constantly spoken of as the embodiment of wisdom; of. B. 1009; Plaut. Capt. ii. 2. 24.

THE CLOUDS, 180-203

ST. Good heavens! Why Thales a was a fool to this!
O open, open, wide the study door,
And show me, show me, show me Socrates.
I die to be a student. Open, open! b
O Heracles, what kind of beasts are these!

STU. Why, what's the matter? what do you think they're like?

sr. Like? why those Spartans whom we brought from Pylus?:

What makes them fix their eyes so on the ground? stu. They seek things underground.

ST. O! to be sure, Truffles! You there, don't trouble about that!

I'll tell you where the best and finest grow.

Look! why do those stoop down so very much?

sru. They're diving deep into the deepest secrets.d

sr. Then why's their rump turned up towards the sky? sru. It's taking private lessons on the stars.

(To the other Students)

Come, come: get in: HE'll catch us presently.

sr. Not yet! not yet! just let them stop one moment, While I impart a little matter to them.

sru. No, no: they must go in: 'twould never do
To expose themselves too long to the open air.

sr. O! by the Gods, now, what are these f do tell me. sru. This is Astronomy.

sr. And what is this?

stu. Geometry.
st. Well, what's the use of that?
stu. To mete out lands.

b "The entire front of the house is wheeled round . . . exposing the inner court of the Phrontisterion": R.

^o Captured by Cleon in Sphacteria and imprisoned at Athens;

cf. K. 392.

d Lit. " Are searching into the darkness below Tartarus."

ΣT.	πότερα την κληρουχικήν;	
MA.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ τὴν σύμπασαν.	
ΣT.	άστεῖον λένεις.	
	τὸ γὰρ σόφισμα δημοτικὸν καὶ χρήσιμον.	205
MA.	9 0/ - /0 / -	
ĭ.	τί σὺ λέγεις; οὐ πείθομαι,	
	έπεὶ δικαστάς οὐχ ὁρῶ καθημένους.	
MA.	έπεὶ δικαστὰς οὐχ ὁρῶ καθημένους. ὡς τοῦτ' ἀληθῶς 'Αττικὸν τὸ χωρίον.	
ΣT.	\ 0 TZ \ 0 3\ (\ \ 0 \ /	210
	ένταθθ' ένεισιν. ή δέ γ' Εύβοι', ώς όρας,	
	ήδὶ παρατέταται μακρά πόρρω πάνυ.	
ĭT.		
	ἀλλ' ή Λακεδαίμων ποῦ 'στιν;	
MA.	΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄ ΄	
ĭT.	ώς έγγυς ήμων. τουτο πάνυ φροντίζετε,	215
	ταύτην ἀφ' ήμων ἀπαγαγεῖν πόρρω πάνυ.	
MA.	άλλ' οὐχ οἶόν τε νη Δί'.	
ΣT.	οὶμώξεσθ' ἄρα.	
	φέρε τίς γάρ οδτος ούπὶ τῆς κρεμάθρας ἀνήρ;	
MA.	αὐτός.	
ĭT.	τίς αὐτός;	
MA.	τις αυτος; Σωκράτης. ὧ Σώκρατες.	
ĭT.	ῶ Σώκρατες.	
	ίθ' οὖτος, ἀναβόησον αὐτόν μοι μέγα.	220
MA.	αὐτὸς μὲν οὖν σὺ κάλεσον οὐ γάρ μοι σχολή.	
≱T.	ῶ Σώκρατες,	
	ῶ Σωκρατίδιον.	
a	γη κληρουρχική is land taken from a conquered enemy and	
divid	led by lot among Athenian citizens.	

divided by lot among Atheman clusens.

• ἀστεῖον here is not merely="choice," "elegant," but also almost=δημοτικός; of. Plato, 227 n ἀστεῖοι και δημωφελεῖς λόγοι. It is both urbanum and urbi utile.

THE CLOUDS, 203-223

What, for allotment grounds a? ST. STU. No, but all lands. A choice idea, truly. Then every man may take his choice, you mean.

stu. Look: here's a chart of the whole world. Do you see ?

This city's Athens.

Athens? I like that. ST.

I see no dicasts sitting. That's not Athens.

STU. In very truth, this is the Attic ground.

st. And where then are my townsmen of Cicynna?

stu. Why, thereabouts; and here, you see, Euboea: Here, reaching out a long way by the shore.

Yes, overreached by us and Pericles.

But now, where's Sparta?

STU. Let me see : O. here.

st. Heavens! how near us. O do please manage this, To shove her off from us, a long way further.

STU. We can't do that, by Zeus.

The worse for you. ST.

Hallo! who's that? that fellow in the basket? STU. That's HE.

Who's HE? ST.

STU. Socrates.

ST. Socrates !

You sir, call out to him as loud as you can. STU. Call him yourself: I have not leisure now.

Socrates! Socrates!

Sweet Socrates!

Ipse dixit.

ST.

[°] Or "stretched on the rack"; there is a play on the secondary meaning of $\pi a \rho a \tau \epsilon l \nu \omega =$ "exhaust," "do for." Euboea was reduced by Pericles 445 B.c.; of Thuc. i. 114.

d aὐτόs="the Master," as in the Pythagorean αὐτός ἔφη,

ΣΩΚΙ	ΡΑΤΗΣ. τί με καλεῖς, ὧφήμερε;	
ĭT.	πρώτον μέν ο τι δράς, αντιβολώ, κάτειπέ μοι.	
ΣΩ.	άεροβατῶ καὶ περιφρονῶ τὸν ἥλιον.	225
ΣT.	έπειτ' ἀπὸ ταρροῦ τοὺς θεοὺς ὑπερφρονεῖς,	
	άλλ' οὐκ ἀπὸ τῆς γῆς, εἴπερ.	
ΣΩ.	οὐ γὰρ ἄν ποτε	
	έξεθρον ὀρθως τὰ μετέωρα πράγματα,	
	εί μη κρεμάσας το νόημα και την φροντίδα	
	λεπτήν καταμίξας είς τον δμοιον άέρα.	230
	εὶ δ' ὢν χαμαὶ τἄνω κάτωθεν ἐσκόπουν,	
	οὐκ ἄν ποθ' εθρον οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἡ γῆ βία	
	έλκει πρός αύτην την ἰκμάδα της φροντίδος.	
	πάσχει δὲ ταὐτὸ τοῦτο καὶ τὰ κάρδαμα.	
ΣT.	$\tau i \phi \acute{\eta} s;$	235
	ή φροντίς έλκει την ικμάδ' είς τὰ κάρδαμα;	
	ίθι νυν, κατάβηθ', & Σωκρατίδιον, ώς έμέ,	
	ίνα με διδάξης ώνπερ ενεκ' ελήλυθα.	
ΣΩ.	010.01	
ΣT.	βουλόμενος μαθεῖν λέγειν.	
	ύπὸ γὰρ τόκων χρήστων τε δυσκολωτάτων	240
	άγομαι, φέρομαι, τὰ χρήματ' ἐνεχυράζομαι.	220
ΣΩ.	10 03 6 /	
ĭT.		
	άλλά με δίδαξον τον έτερον τοῦν σοῦν λόγοιν,	
	τὸν μηδὲν ἀποδιδόντα. μισθὸν δ' ὅντιν' ἂν	245
	πράττη μ' όμοθμαί σοι καταθήσειν τους θεούς.	410
ΣΩ.		
	ήμιν νόμισμ' οὐκ ἔστι.	
≱T.	τῷ γὰρ ὅμνυτ'; ἡ	
	σιδαρέοισιν, ώσπερ εν Βυζαντίω;	

^a $\epsilon l \pi \epsilon \rho$: lit. "if so be" (that you do despise them).

THE CLOUDS, 223-249

SOCRATES. Mortal! why call'st thou me? ST. O, first of all, please tell me what you are doing.

so. I walk on air, and contem-plate the Sun.

st. O then from a basket you contemn the Gods, And not from the earth, at any rate ^a?

I could not have searched out celestial matters
Without suspending judgement, and infusing
My subtle spirit with the kindred air.
If from the ground I were to seek these things,
I could not find: so surely doth the earth
Draw to herself the essence of our thought.
The same too is the case with water-cress.

sr. Hillo! what's that?

Thought draws the essence into water-cress?

Come down, sweet Socrates, more near my level,

And teach the lessons which I come to learn.

so. And wherefore art thou come?

For owing to my horrid debts and duns,
My goods are seized, I'm robbed, and mobbed, and
plundered.

so. How did you get involved with your eyes open?

sr. A galloping consumption seized my money.

Come now: do let me learn the unjust Logic
That can shirk debts: now do just let me learn it.

Name your own price, by all the Gods I'll pay it.

so. The Gods! why you must know the Gods with us Don't pass for current coin.

sr. Eh? what do you use then? Have you got iron, as the Byzantines have?

⁵ An allusion to the homely imagery which Socrates constantly used.

The Scholiast quotes Plato Comicus: χαλεπῶς ἄν οἰκήσαιμεν ἐν Βυζαντίοις, | ὅπου σιδαρέοισι τοῖς νομίσμασι | χρῶνται.

285

ΣΩ.	βούλει τὰ θεῖα πράγματ' εἰδέναι σαφῶς ἄττ' ἐστὶν ὀρθῶς;	25 0
ĭT.	νη Δί, εἴπερ ἔστι γε.	
ΣΩ.	καὶ ξυγγενέσθαι ταῖς Νεφέλαισιν ἐς λόγους, ταῖς ἡμετέραισι δαίμοσιν;	
ΣT.	μάλιστά γε.	
ΣQ.	κάθιζε τοίνυν ἐπὶ τὸν ἱερον σκίμποδα.	
ĭT.	ίδου κάθημαι.	
ΣΩ.	" τουτονὶ τοίνυν λαβὲ	255
	τὸν στέφανον.	
ĭT.	ἐπὶ τί στέφανον; οἴμοι, Σώκρατες, ὥσπερ με τὸν ᾿Αθάμανθ᾽ ὅπως μὴ θύσετε.	
≥Ω.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ ταῦτα πάντα τοὺς τελουμένους ἡμεῖς ποιοῦμεν.	
ĭT.	εἶτα δὴ τί κερδανῶ;	
ΣΩ.	λέγειν γενήσει τριμμα, κρόταλον, παιπάλη. άλλ' έχ' ατρέμας.	260
ĭT.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ ψεύσει γε με·	
	καταπαττόμενος γὰρ παιπάλη γενήσομαι.	
.ΩΣ	εὐφημεῖν χρὴ τὸν πρεσβύτην καὶ τῆς εὐχῆς ἐπακούειν.	
	ῶ δέσποτ' ἄναξ, ἀμέτρητ' 'Αήρ, δς ἔχεις τὴν γῆν μετέωρον,	
	λαμπρός τ' Αἰθήρ, σεμναί τε θεαὶ Νεφέλαι βροντησικέραυνοι,	265
	ἄρθητε, φάνητ', ὧ δέσποιναι, τῷ φροντιστῆ μετέωροι.	200
≱T.	μήπω μήπω γε, πρὶν ἂν τουτὶ πτύξωμαι, μὴ καταβρεχθῶ.	

 $^{^{\}boldsymbol{\alpha}}$ He mistakes the chaplet which belongs to the ceremony of 286

THE CLOUDS, 250-267

so. Come, would you like to learn celestial matters, How their truth stands?

ST. Yes, if there's any truth.

- so. And to hold intercourse with yon bright Clouds, Our virgin Goddesses?
- ST. Yes, that I should.
- so. Then sit you down upon that sacred bed.

sr. Well, I am sitting.

- so. Here then, take this chaplet.
 - st. Chaplet? why? why? now, never, Socrates: Don't sacrifice poor me, like Athamas.^a
- so. Fear not: our entrance-services require
 All to do this.
- ST. But what am I to gain?
- so. You'll be the flower b of talkers, prattlers, gossips:
 Only keep quiet.
- Zeus! your words come true!

 I shall be flour indeed with all this peppering.
- so. Old man sit you still, and attend to my will, and hearken in peace to my prayer,

O Master and King, holding earth in your swing,

O measureless infinite Air; And thou glowing Ether, and Clouds who enwreatheher with thunder, and lightning, and storms,

Arise ye and shine, bright Ladies Divine,

to your student in bodily forms.

st. No, but stay, no, but stay, just one moment I pray, while my cloak round my temples I wrap.

initiation for that used in sacrifice, and recalls how Athamas, who had married a Nephele (cf. the ambiguous ξυγ. ταῖε Νεφέλαισν, 252), was introduced by Sophocles in a play crowned for sacrifice.

^b παιπάλη, lit. "fine flour," stands for "subtlety" or "slimness." But in 261 Strepsiades refers to the actual flour or grain

that is ceremonially sprinkled on him.

τὸ δὲ μηδὲ κυνῆν οἴκοθεν ἐλθεῖν ἐμὲ τὸν κ δαίμον' ἔχοντα.	сако-
 ἔλθετε δῆτ', ὧ πολυτίμητοι Νεφέλαι, τῷδ ἐπίδειξιν· 	i eis
	·
εἴτ' ἐπ' 'Ολύμπου κορυφαῖς ἵεραῖς χιονοβλή κάθησθε,	770101 270
εἴτ' 'Ωκεανοῦ πατρὸς ἐν κήποις ἱερὸν	νοοὸν
ϊστατε Νύμφαις,	χορον
εἴτ' ἄρα Νείλου προχοαῖς ὕδάτων χρυ	νσέαις
ἀρύεσθε προχοῖσιν,	
ἢ Μαιῶτιν λίμνην ἔχετ' ἢ σκόπελον νιφ Μίμαντος:	όεντα
	•
ύπακούσατε δεξάμεναι θυσίαν καὶ τοῖς ἰ	εροίσι
χαρεῖσαι.	
χορόΣ. ἀέναοι Νεφέλαι,	[στρ.
άρθῶμεν φανεραὶ δροσερὰν φύσιν εὐάγητον,	275
πατρός ἀπ' 'Ωκεανοῦ βαρυαχέος	2.0
ύψηλων ορέων κορυφάς ἐπὶ	
δενδροκόμους, ΐνα	200
τηλεφανεῖς σκοπιὰς ἀφορώμεθα,	280
καρπούς τ' ἀρδομέναν ίερὰν χθόνα,	
καὶ ποταμών ζαθέων κελαδήματα,	
καὶ πόντον κελάδοντα βαρύβρομον·	
όμμα γὰρ Αἰθέρος ἀκάματον σελαγεῖ	ται 28ξ
μαρμαρέαισιν ἐν αὐγαῖς.	
άλλ' ἀποσεισάμεναι νέφος ὄμβριον	
άθανάτας ἰδέας ἐπιδώμεθα	
τηλεσκόπφ ὄμματι γαῖαν.	290

THE CLOUDS, 268-290

To think that I've come, stupid fool, from my home, with never a waterproof cap!

so. Come forth, come forth, dread Clouds, and to earth your glorious majesty show;

Whether lightly ye rest on the time-honoured crest of Olympus environed in snow,

Or tread the soft dance 'mid the stately expanse of Ocean, the nymphs to beguile,

Or stoop to enfold with your pitchers of gold, the mystical waves of the Nile, a Or around the white foam of Maeotis ye roam, or Mimas all wintry and bare,

O hear while we pray, and turn not away from the rites which your servants prepare

CHORUS.b

Rise we aloft with our garments of dew.

Come from old Ocean's unchangeable bed,

Come, till the mountain's green summits we tread,

Come to the peaks with their landscapes untold,

Gaze on the Earth with her harvests of gold,

Gaze on the rivers in majesty streaming,

Gaze on the lordly, invincible Sea,

Come, for the Eye of the Ether is beaming,

Come, for all Nature is flashing and free.

Let us shake off this close-clinging dew

From our members eternally new,

And sail upwards the wide world to view.

Come away! Come away!

Clouds of all hue,

^a Lit. "or at the outflow of the Nile are drawing up its waters with your golden pitchers."

^b The Clouds are still far away and out of sight; they do not enter until lines 323-8 and then in silence.

c καρπούς ἀρδομέναν, lit. " that has her crops watered."

ARISTOPHANES Σω. ὧ μέγα σεμναὶ Νεφέλαι, φανερῶς ἠκούσατέ μου

	καλέσαντος.	
	ήσθου φωνής άμα καὶ βροντής μυκησαμένης θεοσέπτου;	
∑T.	καὶ σέβομαί γ', ὧ πολυτίμητοι, καὶ βούλομαι ἀνταποπαρδεῖν	
	πρός τὰς βροντάς· οὕτως αὐτὰς τετρεμαίνω καὶ πεφόβημαι·	
	κεί θέμις ἐστίν, νυνί γ' ήδη, κεί μη θέμις ἐστί,	20.11
≅Ω.	χεσείω. οὐ μὴ σκώψης μηδὲ ποιήσης ἄπερ οἱ τρυγο-	295
	δαίμονες οὖτοι, ἀλλ' εὐφήμει· μέγα γάρ τι θεῶν κινεῖται σμῆνος ἀοιδαῖς.	
xo.	παρθένοι ὀμβροφόροι, [ἀντ.	
	ἔλθωμεν λιπαρὰν χθόνα Παλλάδος, εὔανδρον γᾶν Κέκροπος ὀψόμεναι πολυήρατον	300
	οδ σέβας άρρήτων ίερων, ΐνα	
	μυστοδόκος δόμος ἐν τελεταῖς άγίαις ἀναδείκνυται,	
	οὐρανίοις τε θεοῖς δωρήματα,	305
	ναοί θ' ύψερεφεῖς καὶ ἀγάλματα, καὶ πρόσοδοι μακάρων ἱερώταται,	
	εὐστέφανοί τε θεῶν θυσίαι θαλίαι τε,	
	παντοδαπαΐσιν έν ὥραις,	310
	ήρί τ' ἐπερχομένῳ Βρομία χάρις, εὐκελάδων τε χορῶν ἐρεθίσματα,	
	καὶ Μοῦσα βαρύβρομος αὐλῶν.	

Στ. πρὸς τοῦ Διὸς ἀντιβολῶ σε, φράσον, τίνες εἴσ', ὧ

Σώκρατες, αδται

THE CLOUDS, 291-314

so. O Goddesses mine, great Clouds and divine,
ye have heeded and answered my prayer.
Heard ye their sound, and the thunder around,
as it thrilled through the tremulous air?

sr. Yes, by Zeus, and I shake, and I'm all of a quake, and I fear I must sound a reply, Their thunders have made my soul so afraid, and those terrible voices so nigh: So if lawful or not, I must run to a pot,

by Zeus, if I stop I shall die.

Come then with me.

so. Don't act in our schools like those Comedy-fools with their scurrilous scandalous ways.

Deep silence be thine: while this Cluster divine their soul-stirring melody raise.

CH.

Daughters of Mist, to the land of the free.

Come to the people whom Pallas hath blest,
Come to the soil where the Mysteries rest;
Come, where the glorified Temple invites
The pure to partake of its mystical rites:
Holy the gifts that are brought to the Gods,
Shrines with festoons and with garlands are crowned,
Pilgrims resort to the sacred abodes,
Gorgeous the festivals all the year round.
And the Bromian rejoicings in Spring,
When the flutes with their deep music ring,
And the sweetly-toned Choruses sing.
Come away! Come away!

sr. O Socrates pray, by all the Gods, say,
for I earnestly long to be told,

	αί φθεγξάμεναι τοῦτο τὸ σεμνόν; μῶν ἡρῷναί
	τινές εἰσιν;
ΣΩ.	ηκιστ', ἀλλ' οὐράνιαι Νεφέλαι, μεγάλαι θεαὶ ἀνδράσιν ἀργοῖς·
	αΐπερ γνώμην καὶ διάλεξιν καὶ νοῦν ἡμῖν παρέχουσι
	wal seeses of the seed of the
	καὶ τερατείαν καὶ περίλεξιν καὶ κροῦσιν καὶ κατάληψιν.
∑T.	ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἀκούσασ' αὐτῶν τὸ φθέγμ' ἡ ψυχή μου πεπότηται,
	καὶ λεπτολογεῖν ήδη ζητεῖ καὶ περὶ καπνοῦ
	0.1500/160 8610 900
	καὶ γνωμιδίω γνώμην νύξασ' έτέρω λόγω ἀντι- λογήσαι·
	• •
	ωστ', εἴ πως ἔστιν, ἰδεῖν αὐτὰς ἤδη φανερῶς ἐπιθυμῶ.
≱Ω.	βλέπε νυν δευρὶ πρὸς τὴν Πάρνηθ' ἤδη γὰρ ὁρῶ
	κατιουσας
	ήσυχη αὐτάς.
ΣT.	φέρε, ποῦ; δεῖξον.
ΣΩ.	χωροῦσ' αὖται πάνυ πολλαί,
	διὰ τῶν κοίλων καὶ τῶν δασέων, αὖται πλάγιαι.
ΣT.	τί τὸ χρῆμα; 325
	ώς οὐ καθορῶ.
ΣΩ.	
	παρὰ τὴν εἴσοδον.
≱T.	ήδη νυνὶ μόλις οὔτως.
ΣΩ.	νθν γέ τοι ήδη καθορậs αὐτάς, εἰ μὴ λημậς
	κολοκύνταις.

^a S. here runs through the attributes for which the sophists are indebted to the Clouds; γνώμην, "judgement"; διάλεξιν, 292

THE CLOUDS, 315-327

	Who are these that recite with such grandeur and might?
	are they glorified mortals of old?
so.	No mortals are there, but Clouds of the air,
	great Gods who the indolent fill:
	These grant us discourse, and logical force,
	and the art of persuasion instil,
	And periphrasis strange, and a power to arrange,
	and a marvellous judgement and skill. ^a
ST.	
	my spirit felt all of a flutter,
	And it yearns to begin subtle cobwebs to spin
	and about metaphysics to stutter,
	And together to glue an idea or two,
	and battle away in replies:
	So if it's not wrong, I earnestly long
	to behold them myself with my eyes.
so.	Look up in the air, towards Parnes out there,
	for I see they will pitch before long
	These regions about.
ST.	Where? point me them out.
so.	They are drifting, an infinite throng,
	And their long shadows quake over valley and brake.
ST.	Why, whatever's the matter to-day?
	I can't see, I declare.
so.	By the Entrance b; look there!
ST.	Ah, I just got a glimpse, by the way.
so.	There, now you must see how resplendent they be,
	or your eyes must be pumpkins, I vow.
" di	alectical powers," skill in debate; νοῦν, "intelligence";

περατείαν, "fanfaronade," the employment of grandiose thoughts and words; περιλεξω, "periphrasis," circumlocution, the art of talking round a subject; κρούσω, "crushing force"; and κατάληψω, "quickness of apprehension."

b By which the Chorus came into the orchestra.

ĭT.	νη Δι' έγωγ', & πολυτίμητοι, πάντα γὰρ ήδη	
ΣΩ.	κατέχουσι. ταύτας μέντοι σὺ θεὰς οὔσας οὖκ ἤδεις οὐδ'	
≱T.	 ἐνόμιζες; μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὁμίχλην καὶ δρόσον αὐτὰς ἡγούμην καὶ καπνὸν εἶναι. 	330
ΣΩ.	οὐ γὰρ μὰ Δί' οἶσθ' ότιὴ πλείστους αὖται βόσκουσι σοφιστάς,	990
	Θουριομάντεις, ἰατροτέχνας, σφραγιδονυχαργοκομήτας, κυκλίων τε χορῶν ἄσματοκάμπτας, ἄνδρας μετεωρο-	
	φένακας, οὐδὲν δρώντας βόσκουσ' ἀργούς, ὅτι ταύτας μουσο- ποιοῦσιν.	
ΣT.	ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἐποίουν " ὑγρᾶν Νεφελᾶν στρεπταιγλᾶν δάϊον δρμάν,"	335
	"πλοκάμους θ' έκατογκεφάλα Τυφῶ," "πρη- μαινούσας τε θυέλλας,"	
	εἶτ' '' ἀερίας, διεράς,'' '' γαμψοὺς οἰωνούς, ἀερο- νηχεῖς,''	
	" όμβρους θ' ύδάτων δροσεραν Νεφελαν·" εἶτ' ἀντ' αὐτῶν κατέπινον	
	κεστραν τεμάχη μεγαλαν άγαθαν, κρέα τ' ὀρνίθεια κιχηλαν.	
ΣΩ. ΣΤ.		340
	εἴπερ Νεφέλαι γ' εἰσὶν ἀληθῶς, θνηταῖς εἴξασι γυναιξίν;	
	οὐ γὰρ ἐκεῖναί γ' εἰσὶ τοιαῦται.	

294

 $^{^{\}circ}$ Said by the Scholast to refer to Lampon, one of the leaders of the colony which founded Thurii in 443; of. B. 521. $^{\circ}$ Along with the "tragic" and "comic" choruses at the

THE CLOUDS, 328-342 St. Ah! I see them proceed; I should think so indeed:

great powers! they fill everything now. So then till this day that celestials were they, you never imagined or knew? ST. Why, no, on my word, for I always had heard they were nothing but vapour and dew. O. then I declare, you can't be aware that 'tis these who the sophists protect, Prophets sent beyond sea, quacks of every degree, fops signet-and-jewel-bedecked, Astrological knaves, and fools who their staves of dithyrambs b proudly rehearse-'Tis the Clouds who all these support at their ease. because they exalt them in verse. 'Tis for this then they write of "the on-rushin' might o' the light-stappin' rain-drappin' Cloud," And the "thousand black curls whilk the Tempestlord whirls," and the "thunder-blast stormy an' loud," And "birds o' the sky floatin' upwards on high," and "air-water leddies" which "droon Wi' their saft falling dew the gran' Ether sae blue," of and then in return they gulp doon Huge gobbets o' fishes a an' bountifu' dishes o' mavises prime in their season. so. And is it not right such praise to requite? Ah, but tell me then what is the reason ST. That if, as you say, they are Clouds, they to-day

For the ones in the air are not women, I swear. Dionysia, was one for dithyrambic contests, which is here called κύκλιος χόρος.

as women appear to our view?

6 "These are probably genuine quotations from the effusions

of dithyrambic poets ": R.

a κέστρα is the muraena, esteemed a great delicacy.

οὐκ οίδα σαφώς εἴξασιν γοῦν ἐρίοισιν πεπταμέ-

κοὐχὶ γυναιξίν, μὰ Δί', οὐδ' ότιοῦν αὖται δὲ ρίνας

ΣΩ.

ΣT.

νοισι,

έχουσιν.

φέρε, ποῖαι γάρ τινές εἰσιν;

ZΩ.	ἀπόκριναί νυν ἄττ' ἂν ἔρωμαι.
ΣT.	λέγε νυν ταχέως ὅ τι βούλει. 345
ΣΩ.	ήδη ποτ' ἀναβλέψας είδες νεφέλην Κενταύρω όμοίαν
	η παρδάλει η λύκω η ταύρω;
≱T.	νη Δί' έγωγ'. είτα τί τοῦτο;
ΣΩ.	γίγνονται πάνθ' ὅ τι βούλονται· κἆτ' ἢν μὲν ἴδωσι
	κομήτην,
	άγριόν τινα των λασίων τούτων, οδόνπερ τον
	Ξενοφάντου,
	σκώπτουσαι τὴν μανίαν αὐτοῦ Κενταύροις ἤκασαν
	αύτάς. 350
≱T.	τί γάρ, ἢν ἄρπαγα τῶν δημοσίων κατίδωσι Σίμωνα,
	τί, δοώσιν:
ΣΩ.	ἀποφαίνουσαι την φύσιν αὐτοῦ λύκοι ἐξαίφνης ἐνένουτο
	<i>ἐγένοντο</i> .
ΣT.	ταθτ' ἄρα, ταθτα Κλεώνυμον αθται τον ρίψασπιν
	χθές ίδοῦσαι,
	ότι δειλότατον τοῦτον ξώρων, ἔλαφοι διὰ τοῦτ'
	eyevovio.
ΣΩ.	καὶ νῦν γ' ὅτι Κλεισθένη εἶδον, ὁρᾳς, διὰ τοῦτ' ἐνένοντο νυναῖκες.
	έγένοντο γυναῖκες.
ĭT.	χαίρετε τοίνυν, & δέσποιναι· καὶ νῦν, εἴπερ τινὶ
	κἄλλω,
	ουρανομήκη ρήξατε κάμοι φωνήν, ὧ παμβασίλειαι.
296	

THE CLOUDS, 342-357

so.	Why, what do they seem then to you?
ST.	I can't say very well, but they straggle and swell like fleeces spread out in the air;
	Not like women they flit, no, by Zeus, not a bit,
	but these have got noses to wear.
~~	Well, now then, attend to this question, my friend.
so.	Look sharp, and propound it to me.
ST.	Didst thou never espy a Cloud in the sky,
50.	which a centaur or leopard might be.
	Or a wolf, or a cow?
ST.	Very often, I vow:
51.	and show me the cause, I entreat.
so.	www. w. 22 .7 .7 7 7 1 . 7 7 7
30.	and whenever they happen to meet
	One shaggy and wild, like the tangle-haired child a
	of old Xenophantes, their rule
	Is at once to appear like Centaurs, to jeer
	the ridiculous look of the fool.
ST.	What then do they do if Simon b they view,
	that fraudulent harpy to shame?
so.	Why, his nature to show to us mortals below,
	a wolfish appearance they frame
ST.	O, they then I ween having yesterday seen
	Cleonymus quaking with fear,
	(Him who threw off his shield as he fled from the field),
	metamorphosed themselves into deer
so.	Yes, and now they espy soft Cleisthenes nigh,
	and therefore as women appear
ST.	O then without fail, All hail! and All hail!
	my welcome receive; and reply
	With your voices so fine, so grand and divine,
	majestical Queens of the Sky
	History of 1 900 h Othorwice unknown

²⁹⁷

xo.	χαίρ', ὧ πρεσβῦτα παλαιογενές, θηρατὰ λόγων φιλομούσων	
	σύ τε, λεπτοτάτων λήρων ίερεῦ, φράζε πρὸς ήμᾶς	
	ο τι χρήζεις. οὐ γὰρ ἂν ἄλλω γ' ὑπακούσαιμεν τῶν νῦν μετεωρο- σοφιστῶν	•
	πλην ή Προδίκω, τῷ μὲν σοφίας καὶ γνώμης	360
	ότι βρενθύει τ' εν ταΐσιν όδοῖς καὶ τώφθαλμώ παραβάλλεις,	
	κάνυπόδητος κακά πόλλ' ἀνέχει κάφ' ήμιν σεμνο-	
	npoowness.	
ĭT.	ῶ Γἡ τοῦ φθέγματος, ώς ίερον καὶ σεμνὸν καὶ τερατώδες.	
	· cpa. accst	
ΣΩ.	αδται γάρ τοι μόναι εἰσὶ θεαί· τἄλλα δὲ πάντ' ἐστὶ φλύαρος.	365
ĭT.	δ Ζεὺς δ' ἡμῖν, φέρε, πρὸς τῆς Γῆς, ουλύμπιος	
	ου υξος ξοτιν;	
ΣΩ.	ποίος Ζεύς; οὐ μὴ ληρήσεις οὐδ' ἔστι Ζεύς. τί λέγεις σύ; ἀλλὰ τίς ὕει; τουτὶ γὰρ ἔμοιγ' ἀπόφηναι πρῶτον ἀπάντων.	
ĭT.	• τί λέγεις σύ;	
	άλλὰ τίς ὕει; τουτὶ γὰρ ἔμοιγ' ἀπόφηναι πρῶτον	
	άπάντων.	
ΣΩ.	αθται δή που· μεγάλοις δέ σ' έγω σημείοις αὐτὸ διδάξω.	
	φέρε, ποῦ γὰρ πώποτ' ἄνευ Νεφελῶν ὕοντ' ἤδη τεθέασαι;	970
	καίτοι χρην αἰθρίας ὕειν αὐτόν, ταύτας δ' ἀπο-	310
	Officer.	
∑T.	νὴ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω, τοῦτό γέ τοι δὴ τῷ νῦν λόγῳ εὖ προσέφυσας·	

THE CLOUDS, 358-372

CH. Our welcome to thee, old man, who wouldst see the marvels that science can show: And thou, the high-priest of this subtlety feast, say what would you have us bestow? Since there is not a sage for whom we'd engage our wonders more freely to do. Except, it may be, for Prodicus a; he for his knowledge may claim them, but you. For that sideways you throw your eyes as you go, and are all affectation and fuss: No shoes will you wear, but assume the grand air on the strength of your dealings with us. ST. O Earth! what a sound, how august and profound! it fills me with wonder and awe. so. These, these then alone, for true Deities own, the rest are all Godships of straw. Let Zeus be left out: He's a God beyond doubt: come, that you can scarcely deny. Zeus, indeed! there's no Zeus: don't you be so obtuse. No Zeus up aloft in the sky! ST. Then, you first must explain, who it is sends the rain; or I really must think you are wrong. so. Well then, be it known, these send it alone: I can prove it by arguments strong. Was there ever a shower seen to fall in an hour when the sky was all cloudless and blue? Yet on a fine day, when the Clouds are away, he might send one, according to you. sr. Well, it must be confessed, that chimes in with the rest: your words I am forced to believe.

^a Of Ceos; "the most respectable of all the Sophists" (Muller) and author of *The Choice of Hercules*.

καίτοι πρότερον τὸν Δί' ἀληθῶς ὤμην διὰ κοσκίνου οὐρεῖν.

άλλ' ὄστις ὁ βροντῶν ἐστι φράσον· τοῦτό με ποιεῖ τετρεμαίνειν.

αὖται βροντῶσι κυλινδόμεναι.

ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ, ὧ πάντα σὺ τολμῶν; 375

ΣΩ. ὅταν ἐμπλησθῶσ' ὕδατος πολλοῦ κἀναγκασθῶσι φέρεσθαι,

κατακρημνάμεναι πλήρεις ὅμβρου δι᾽ ἀνάγκην, εἶτα βαρεῖαι

els αλλήλας εμπίπτουσαι ρήγνυνται καὶ παταγοῦσιν.

 δ δ' ἀναγκάζων ἐστὶ τίς αὐτάς, οὐχ ὁ Ζεύς, ὥστε φέρεσθαι;

ήκιστ', ἀλλ' αἰθέριος δινος.

ΣΤ. Δινος; τουτί μ' ἐλελήθει, 380

δ Ζεύς οὐκ ὤν, ἀλλ' ἀντ' αὐτοῦ Δῖνος νυνὶ βασιλεύων.

ἀτὰρ οὐδέν πω περὶ τοῦ πατάγου καὶ τῆς βροντῆς μ' ἐδίδαξας.

ἐμπιπτούσας εἰς ἀλλήλας παταγεῖν διὰ τὴν πυκνότητα;

ΣΤ. φέρε τουτί τῷ χρὴ πιστεύειν;

20. ἀπὸ σαυτοῦ ᾿γώ σε διδάξω. 385 ἤδη ζωμοῦ Παναθηναίοις ἐμπλησθεὶς εἶτ᾽ ἐταράχθης.

^a Cf. Plato, Phasdo 99 B ὁ μέν τις δίνην περιτιθείς τῆ γῆ ὑπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ μένειν δὴ ποιεῖ τὴν γῆν, where the commentators refer 300

THE CLOUDS, 373-386

Yetbefore, I had dreamed that the rain-water streamed
from Zeus and his chamber-pot sieve.
But whence then, my friend, does the thunder descend?
that does make me quake with affright!
so. Why 'tis they, I declare, as they roll through the air.
What the Clouds? did I hear you aright?
so. Ay: for when to the brim filled with water they swim,
by Necessity carried along,
They are hung up on high in the vault of the sky,
and so by Necessity strong
In the midst of their course, they clash with great force,
and thunder away without end.
sr. But is it not He who compels this to be?
does not Zeus this Necessity send?
so. No Zeus have we there, but a Vortex a of air.
ST. What! Vortex? that's something, I own.
I knew not before, that Zeus was no more,
but Vortex was placed on his throne!
But I have not yet heard to what cause you referred
the thunder's majestical roar.
so. Yes, 'tis they, when on high full of water they fly,
and then, as I told you before,
By Compression impelled, as they clash, are compelled
a terrible clatter to make.
st. Come, how can that be? I really don't see.
so. Yourself as my proof I will take.
Have you never then eat the broth-puddings you get
when the Panathenaea b comes round,
to Empedocles. But the Scholiast here says, "This is from
Anaxagoras." b "At this feast all the colonial cities founded by Athens each
b "At this feast all the colonial cities founded by Athens each
sent an ox to sacrifice. There was thus no fear of meat failing and some were tempted to eat more than was good for
them": Schol.

	την γαστέρα, καὶ κλόνος ἐξαίφνης αὐτην διε-	
	κορκορύγησεν;	
ΣT.		
	TETUDUKTUL	
	χώσπερ βροντή το ζωμίδιον παταγεῖ καὶ δεινὰ	
	readport of	
	άτρέμας πρώτον παππάξ παππάξ, κἄπειτ' ἐπάγει παπαπαππάξ, ξάπαν χέζω, κομιδη βροντά παπαπαππάξ, ὧσπερ ἐκείναι.	890
	χώταν χέζω, κομιδή βροντά παπαπαππάξ, ώσπερ	000
	έκείναι.	
ΣΩ.	σκέψαι τοίνυν ἀπὸ γαστριδίου τυννουτουὶ οία	
	τὸν δ' ἀέρα τόνδ' ὄντ' ἀπέραντον, πῶς οὐκ εἰκὸς μέγα βροντᾶν;	
	2 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 ×	
	ταῦτ' ἄρα καὶ τἀνόματ' ἀλλήλοιν, βροντή καὶ πορδή, ὁμοίω. ἀλλ' ὁ κεραυνὸς πόθεν αδ φέρεται λάμπων πυρί, τοῦτο δίδαξον, καὶ καταφρύγει βάλλων ἡμᾶς, τοὺς δὲ ζῶντας περιφλύει.	
ΣT.	άλλ' δ κεραυνός πόθεν αξ φέρεται λάμπων πυρί.	
	τοῦτο δίδαξον,	395
	καὶ καταφρύγει βάλλων ήμᾶς, τοὺς δὲ ζῶντας	
	περιφλύει.	
	τοῦτον γὰρ δὴ φανερως ὁ Ζεὺς ἵησ' ἐπὶ τοὺς ἐπιόρκους.	
ΣΩ.	καὶ πως, ὧ μωρε σὺ καὶ Κρονίων ὅζων καὶ βεκκε-	
	είπερ βάλλει τοὺς ἐπιόρκους, πῶς οὐχὶ Σίμων'	
	ουοε κλεωνυμον ουοε Θεωρον; καιτοι σφοορα γ	400
	άλλά του αντού με νεών βάλλει και "Σούνιου	400
	οὐδὲ Κλεώνυμον οὐδὲ Θέωρον; καίτοι σφόδρα γ' εἴσ' ἐπίορκοι ἀλλὰ τὸν αύτοῦ γε νεών βάλλει καὶ "Σούνιον ἄκρον 'Αθηνέων"	
	καὶ τὰς δρῦς τὰς μεγάλας τί μαθών; οὐ γὰρ δὴ	
	δρῦς γ' ἐπιορκεῖ.	
	opes / choopies.	

THE CLOUDS, 387-402

And felt with what might your bowels all night in turbulent tumult resound? st. By Apollo, 'tis true, there's a mighty to-do. and my belly keeps rumbling about ; And the puddings begin to clatter within and kick up a wonderful rout : Quite gently at first, papapax, papapax, but soon pappapappax away, Till at last, I'll be bound, I can thunder as loud. papapappappapapax, as They. so. Shalt thou then a sound so loud and profound from thy belly diminutive send, And shall not the high and the infinite Sky go thundering on without end? For both, you will find, on an impulse of wind and similar causes depend. Well, but tell me from Whom comes the bolt through the gloom, with its awful and terrible flashes: And wherever it turns, some it singes and burns, and some it reduces to ashes! For this 'tis quite plain, let who will send the rain. that Zeus against perjurers dashes. so. And how, you old fool of a dark-ages school. and an antediluvian wit. If the perjured they strike, and not all men alike, have they never Cleonymus hit? Then of Simon again, and Theorus explain: known perjurers, yet they escape. But he smites his own shrine with his arrows divine, and "Sunium, Attica's cape," a And the ancient gnarled oaks: now what prompted those strokes? They never forswore I should say.

ĭT.	οὐκ οἶδ'· ἀτὰρ εὖ σὰ λέγειν φαίνει. τί γάρ ἐστιν
	οηυ ο κεραυνος;
ΣΩ.	όταν είς ταύτας ἄνεμος ξηρός μετεωρισθείς κατα-
	κλεισθη,
	ένδοθεν αὐτὰς ὤσπερ κύστιν φυσᾶ, κᾶπειθ΄ ὑπ΄
	ἔνδοθεν αὐτὰς ὤσπερ κύστιν φυσᾳ, κἄπειθ' ὑπ' ἀνάγκης 405 ρήξας αὐτὰς ἔξω φέρεται σοβαρὸς διὰ τὴν πυκνό-
	ύπὸ τοῦ ροίβδου καὶ τῆς ρύμης αὐτὸς έαυτὸν
	κατακαιων.
ΣT.	νη Δί', ενώ γοῦν ἀτεχνῶς ἔπαθον τουτί ποτε Διασίοισιν.
	× / ^ / 3 > ×
	ὤπτων γαστέρα τοῖς συγγενέσιν, κἦτ' οὐκ ἔσχων ἀμελήσας
	\$ 8' do ' dancêr' ele ' de dama di adamara modo
	αὐτὼ 410
	ή δ' ἄρ' ἐφυσᾶτ', εἶτ' ἐξαίφνης διαλακήσασα πρὸς αὐτὼ 410 τὢφθαλμώ μου προσετίλησεν καὶ κατέκαυσεν τὸ
	πρόσωπον.
xo.	παρ' ἡμῶν.
	ως εὐδαίμων ἐν ᾿Αθηναίοις καὶ τοῖς Ἕλλησι
	γενησει,
	εὶ μνήμων εῖ καὶ φροντιστὴς καὶ τὸ ταλαίπωρον ἔνεστιν
	έν τῆ ψυχῆ, καὶ μὴ κάμνεις μήθ' έστὼς μήτε βαδίζων, 415 μήτε ριγῶν ἄχθει λίαν, μήτ' ἀριστῶν ἐπιθυμεῖς, οἴνου τ' ἀπέχει καὶ γυμνασίων καὶ τῶν ἄλλων
	/ 5 0 × 0 × 1/2
	μητε ριγων αχθει κιαν, μητ αριστάν επισυμείς,
	ανοητών,
	καὶ βέλτιστον τοῦτο νομίζεις, ὅπερ εἰκὸς δεξιὸν ἄνδρα,
	aropa,

THE CLOUDS, 403-418

ST.	Can't say that they do: your words appear trude whence comes then the thunderbolt, pray
so.	When a wind that is dry, being lifted on high,
	is suddenly pent into these,
	It swells up their skin, like a bladder, within,
	by Necessity's changeless decrees:
	Till, compressed very tight, it bursts them outright,
	and away with an impulse so strong,
	That at last by the force and the swing of its course,
am.	it takes fire as it whizzes along.
ST.	That's exactly the thing that I suffered one Spring, at the great feast of Zeus, I admit:
	I'd a paunch in the pot, but I wholly forgot
	about making the safety-valve slit.
	So it spluttered and swelled, while the saucepan I held,
	till at last with a vengeance it flew:
	Took me quite by surprise, dung-bespattered my eyes.
	and scalded my face black and blue!
CH.	O thou who wouldst fain great wisdom attain,
	and comest to us in thy need,
	All Hellas around shall thy glory resound,
	such a prosperous life thou shalt lead:
	So thou art but endued with a memory good,
	and accustomed profoundly to think,
	And thy soul wilt inure all wants to endure,
	and from no undertaking to shrink, And art hardy and bold, to bear up against cold,
	and with patience a supper thou losest:
	Nor too much dost incline to gymnastics and wine,
	but all lusts of the body refusest:
	And esteemest it best, what is always the test
	of a truly intelligent brain.
а	A smoot facet in honour of Fall Market of Files : 100 a

a A great feast in honour of Zeds Μειλίχιος, cf. Thuc. i. 126. 6.

ΣΤ. ἀλλ' ἔνεκέν γε ψυχῆς στερρᾶς δυσκολοκοίτου τε

πολέμίζων.

μερίμνης,

, βρεπιδείπνου,

νικάν πράττων καὶ βουλεύων καὶ τῆ γλώττη

μεριμνης, καὶ φειδωλοῦ καὶ τρυσιβίου γαστρὸς καὶ θυμ-

	αμελεί θαρρων, ουνεκα τουτων επιχαλκευείν παρ- έχοιμ' ἄν.	
ΣΩ.	άλλο τι δητ' οὖν νομιεῖς ήδη θεὸν οὐδένα πλην ἄπερ	
	MILEIC	
	τὸ Χάος τουτὶ καὶ τὰς Νεφέλας καὶ τὴν γλῶτταν, τρία ταυτί;	
ĭT.	οὐδ' ἂν διαλεχθείην γ' ἀτεχνῶς τοῖς ἄλλοις, οὐδ'	
	ὰν ἀπαντῶν·	425
	ούδ' αν θύσαιμ', ούδ' αν σπείσαιμ', ούδ' ἐπιθείην	
VΛ	λιβανωτόν. λέγε νυν ήμιν ὅ τι σοι δρῶμεν θαρρῶν, ὡς οὐκ	
ло.	άτυχήσεις,	
	ήμας τιμών καὶ θαυμάζων καὶ ζητών δεξιὸς είναι.	
ĭT.	ῶ δέσποιναι, δέομαι τοίνυν ύμων τουτὶ πάνυ μικρόν,	
	τῶν Ἑλλήνων εἶναί με λέγειν έκατὸν σταδίοισιν	-
	άριστον.	430
xo.	άλλ' ἔσται σοι τοῦτο παρ' ἡμῶν· ὥστε τὸ λοιπόν γ' ἀπὸ τουδὶ	
	εν τῷ δήμῳ γνώμας οὐδεὶς νικήσει πλείονας η σύ.	
∑T.	 ἐν τῷ δήμῳ γνώμας οὐδεὶς νικήσει πλείονας ἢ σύ, μή μοί γε λέγειν γνώμας μεγάλας οὐ γὰρ τούτων ἐπιθυμῶ, 	
	άλλ' ὄσ' ἐμαυτῷ στρεψοδικῆσαι καὶ τοὺς χρήστας	
V O	διολισθείν.	
xo.	τεύξει τοίνυν ὧν ἱμείρεις· οὐ γὰρ μεγάλων ἐπι- θυμεῖς.	40.5
	opes.	435

THE CLOUDS, 419-435

	To prevail and succeed whensoever you plead,
	and hosts of tongue-conquests to gain.
ST.	But as far as a sturdy soul is concerned
	and a horrible restless care,
	And a belly that pines and wears away
	on the wretchedest, frugalest fare,
	You may hammer and strike as long as you like;
	I am quite invincible there.
00	
so.	Now then you agree in rejecting with me
	the Gods you believed in when young,
	And my creed you'll embrace "I believe in mide space,
	in the Clouds, in the eloquent Tongue."
ST.	If I happened to meet other Gods in the street,
	I'd show the cold shoulder, I vow.
	No libation I'll pour : not one victim more
	on their altars I'll sacrifice now
CH.	Now be honest and true, and say what we shall do:
	since you never shall fail of our aid,
	If you hold us most dear in devotion and fear,
	and will ply the philosopher's trade.
ST.	O Ladies Divine, small ambition is mine:
	I only most modestly seek,
	Out and out for the rest of my life to be best
	of the children of Hellas to speak.
CH.	Say no more of your care, we have granted your prayer:
	and know from this moment, that none
	More acts shall pass through in the People than you:
	such favour from us you have won.
ST.	Not acts, if you please: I want nothing of these:
	this gift you may quickly withdraw;
	But I wish to succeed, just enough for my need,
	and to slip through the clutches of law.
CH.	This then you shall do, for your wishes are few:
	not many nor great your demands,
	Jacob Jour domands

άλλὰ σεαυτὸν θαρρῶν παράδος τοῖς ἡμετέροις προπόλοισι.

Στ. δράσω ταῦθ' ὑμῖν πιστεύσας · ἡ γὰρ ἀνάγκη με πιέζει διὰ τοὺς ἵππους τοὺς κοππατίας καὶ τὸν γάμον, ὅς μ' ἐπέτριψεν.

νῦν οὖν χρήσθων ὅ τι βούλονται. τουτὶ τό γ' ἐμὸν σῶμ' αὐτοῖσιν 440 παρέχω τύπτειν, πεινην, διψην, αὐχμεῖν, ρίγοῦν, ἀσκὸν δείρειν, είπερ τὰ χρέα διαφευξουμαι, τοῖς τ' ἀνθρώποις εἶναι δόξω θρασύς, εύγλωττος, τολμηρός, ίτης, 445 βδελυρός, ψευδών συγκολλητής, εύρησιεπής, περίτριμμα δικών, κύρβις, κρόταλον, κίναδος, τρύμη, μάσθλης, είρων, γλοιός, άλαζών, κέντρων, μιαρός, στρόφις, άργαλέος, 450 ματτυολοιχός. ταθτ' εί με καλοθο' άπαντωντες, δρώντων ἀτεχνῶς ὅ τι χρήζουσιν. κεί βούλονται νη την Δήμητρ' έκ μου χορδην 455 τοις φροντισταις παραθέντων.

46d

xo. λῆμα μὲν πάρεστι τῷδέ γ' οὐκ ἄτολμον, ἀλλ' ἔτοιμον. ἴσθι δ' ὡς ταῦτα μαθὼν παρ' ἐμοῦ κλέος οὐρανόμηκες ἐν βροτοῖσιν ἔξεις.

^a 445-50 $l\tau\eta s$, "a go-ahead fellow"; περίτριμμα, a superlative τρίμμα (cf. 260); κύρβιs, "a tablet of Law" τρύμη, "a carpenter's drill"; γλοιόs, "well-oiled," "slippery"; κέντρων "quick to use the goad" (cf. 1300); στρόφις, "a weather-cock"; 308

THE CLOUDS, 436-460

So away with all care from henceforth, and prepare to be placed in our votaries' hands.

sr. This then will I do, confiding in you,

for Necessity presses me sore,
. And so sad is my life, 'twixt my cobs and my wife,
that I cannot put up with it more.

So now, at your word, I give and afford My body to these, to treat as they please, To have and to hold, in squalor, in cold, In hunger and thirst, yea by Zeus, at the worst, To be flaved out of shape from my heels to my nape So along with my hide from my duns I escape, And to men may appear without conscience or fear. Bold, hasty, and wise, a concocter of lies, A rattler to speak, a dodger, a sneak, A regular claw of the tables of law. A shuffler complete, well worn in deceit, A supple, unprincipled, troublesome cheat; A hang-dog accurst, a bore with the worst, In the tricks of the jury-courts thoroughly versed. If all that I meet this praise shall repeat, Work away as you choose, I will nothing refuse, Without any reserve, from my head to my shoes. You shan't see me wince though my gutlets you mince. And these entrails of mine for a sausage combine, Served up for the gentlemen students to dine.

CH. Here's a spirit bold and high Ready-armed for any strife.
(To Strepsiades)
If you learn what I can teach

Of the mysteries of speech, Your glory soon shall reach To the summit of the sky. ματτυολοιχός (Bentley's emendation for ματιολοιχός) "a licker-up of hashed meat."

ĭT.	τί πείσομαι;	
xo.	τὸν πάντα χρόνον μετ' ἐμοῦ	
	ζηλωτότατον βίον ἀνθρώπων διάξεις.	465
ΣT.	ἄρά γε τοῦτ' ἄρ' ἐγώ ποτ' ὄψομαι;	
xo.	ώστε νε σοῦ πολλοὺς ἐπὶ ταῖσι θύραις ἀεὶ καθῶςΑς.	
	βουλομένους άνακοινοθοθαί τε καὶ ἐς λόγον ἐλθεῖν.	470
	πράγματα κάντιγραφάς πολλών ταλάντων	710
	άξια ση φρενί συμβουλευσομένους μετά σου	475
	άλλ' έγχείρει τὸν πρεσβύτην ὅ τι περ μέλλεις προ-	4/0
	διδάσκειν,	
	καὶ διακίνει τὸν νοῦν αὐτοῦ, καὶ τῆς γνώμης ἀπο-	
	$πειρ\hat{\omega}.$	
ZΩ.	άγε δή, κάτειπέ μοι σύ τὸν σαυτοῦ τρόπον,	
	ίν' αὐτὸν είδως ὄστις έστι μηχανάς	
	ήδη 'πὶ τούτοις πρὸς σὲ καινὰς προσφέρω.	
ĭT.	τί δέ; τειχομαχείν μοι διανοεί, προς τῶν θεῶν;	480
ΣΩ.	ούκ, άλλα βραχέα σου πυθέσθαι βούλομαι,	
	εί μνημονικός εί.	
ΣT.	δύο τρόπω νὴ τὸν Δία·	
	ην μεν γαρ οφείληται τι μοι, μνήμων πάνυ,	
	έὰν δ' ὀφείλω, σχέτλιος, ἐπιλήσμων πάνυ.	
ΣΩ.	ένεστι δητά σοι λέγειν εν τη φύσει;	485
ΣT.	λέγειν μέν οὐκ ἔνεστ', ἀποστερεῖν δ' ἔνι.	•
ZO.	πως οδυ δυνήσει μανθάνειν;	
ĭT.	αμέλει, καλῶς.	
ΣΩ.	άγε νυν όπως, όταν τι προβάλω σοι σοφόν	
	περὶ τῶν μετεώρων, εὐθέως ὑφαρπάσει.	
ΣT.	τί δαί; κυνηδόν την σοφίαν σιτήσομαι;	490
ΣΩ.	ανθρωπος αμαθής ούτοσὶ καὶ βάρβαρος,	,
	δέδοικά σ', ὧ πρεσβῦτα, μὴ πληγῶν δέη.	

THE CLOUDS, 461-493

sr. And what am I to gain?

CH. With the Clouds you will obtain The most happy, the most enviable life.

sr. Is it possible for me Such felicity to see?

CH. Yes, and men shall come and wait

In their thousands at your gate,

Desiring consultations and advice

On an action or a pleading

From the man of light and leading, And you'll pocket many talents in a trice.

(To Socrates)

Here, take the old man, and do all that you can, your new-fashioned thoughts to instil,

And stir up his mind with your notions refined, and test him with judgement and skill.

so. Come now, you tell me something of your habits:
For if I don't know them, I can't determine
What engines I must bring to bear upon you.

sr. Eh! what? Not going to storm me, by the Gods?

so. No, no: I want to ask you a few questions. First: is your memory good?

ST. Two ways, by Zeus:

If I'm owed anything, I'm mindful, very:

But if I owe, (Oh, dear!) forgetful, very.

so. Well then: have you the gift of speaking in you?

ST. The gift of speaking, no : of cheating, yes.

so. No? how then can you learn?

ST. Oh, well enough.

so. Then when I throw you out some clever notion.

About the laws of nature, you must catch it.

st. What! must I snap up sapience, in dog-fashion?

so. Oh! why the man's an ignorant old savage:
I fear, my friend, that you'll require the whip.

	φέρ' ἴδω, τί δρᾶς, ἤν τίς σε τύπτη;	
Σ Τ.	τύ πτ ομαι,	
	ἔπειτ' ἐπισχών ὀλίγον ἐπιμαρτύρομαι,	495
	εἶτ' αὖθις ἀκαρῆ διαλιπών δικάζομαι.	
ΣΩ.	ίθι νυν, κατάθου θοιμάτιον.	
ΣT.	ηδίκηκά τι;	
ΣΩ.	οὖκ, ἀλλὰ γυμνοὺς εἰσιέναι νομίζεται.	
ΣT.	άλλ' οὐχὶ φωράσων ἔγωγ' εἰσέρχομαι.	
	κατάθου. τί ληρεῖς;	
ET.	είπε δή νύν μοι τοδί:	500
	ην ἐπιμελης ὧ καὶ προθύμως μανθάνω,	
	τῷ τῶν μαθητῶν ἐμφερὴς γενήσομαι;	
30	ούδεν διοίσεις Χαιρεφώντος την φύσιν.	
	οΐμοι κακοδαίμων, ήμιθνής γενήσομαι.	
50	ου μη λαλήσεις, άλλ' ἀκολουθήσεις έμοι	505
444.	ανύσας τι δευρί θαττον;	909
win	ές τω χειρέ νυν	
ΣT.	δός μοι μελιτοῦτταν πρότερον ώς δέδοικ' έγὼ	
	είσω καταβαίνων ωσπερ είς Τροφωνίου.	
ΣΩ.	χώρει· τί κυπτάζεις έχων περὶ τὴν θύραν;	
xo.	ảλλ' ἴθι χαίρων τῆς ἀνδρείας	510
	εΐνεκα ταύτης.	
	εὐτυχία γένοιτο τάν-	
	θρώπω, ὅτι προήκων	
	ές βαθύ της ήλικίας	
	νεωτέροις την φύσιν αύ-	515
	τοῦ πράγμασιν χρωτίζεται	- 20
	καὶ σοφίαν ἐπασκεῖ.	
	33733	

^a Socrates wishes to appropriate it (cf. 179, 856), but Strepsiades thinks he is to be flogged.

THE CLOUDS, 494-517

Come, if one strikes you, what do you do?

st.

I'm struck:
Then in a little while I call my witness:
Then in another little while I summon him.

so. Put off your cloak.a

ST. Why, what have I done wrong?

so. O, nothing, nothing: all go in here naked.

st. Well, but I have not come with a search-warrant.b

so. Fool! throw it off.

sr. Well, tell me this one thing;
If I'm extremely careful and attentive,
Which of your students shall I most resemble?
so. Why, Chaerephon. You'll be his very image.

ST. What! I shall be half-dead! O luckless me!

so. Don't chatter there, but come and follow me; Make haste now, quicker, here.

Oh, but do first
Give me a honied cake: Zeus! how I tremble,
To go down there, as if to see Trophonius.

So. Go on! why keep you pottering round the door?

сн. Yes! go, and farewell; as your courage is great, So bright be your fate.

May all good fortune his steps pursue,
Who now, in his life's dim twilight haze,
Is game such venturesome things to do,
To steep his mind in discoveries new,
To walk, a novice, in wisdom's ways.

^b The officer had to enter a house γυμνὸς ἢ χιτωνίσκον ἔχων (Plato, Leg. 954 A) so that he might not secretly carry in the thing asserted to be stolen.

The oracle of Trophonius was in a cave at Lebadea: the cakes were taken to appease "the serpent which haunted it":

Schol.

ῶ θεώμενοι, κατερῶ πρὸς ὑμᾶς ἐλευθέρως τάληθη, νη τὸν Διόνυσον τὸν ἐκθρέψαντά με. ούτω νικήσαιμί τ' έγω και νομιζοίμην σοφός, 520 ώς ύμας ήγούμενος είναι θεατάς δεξιούς καὶ ταύτην σοφώτατ' έχειν τῶν ἐμῶν κωμωδιῶν, πρώτους ήξίωσ' αναγεῦσ' ύμας, ή παρέσχε μοι έργον πλείστον είτ' ἀνεχώρουν ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν φορτικῶν ήττηθείς, οὐκ ἄξιος ὤν ταῦτ' οὖν ὑμῖν μέμφομαι 525 τοις σοφοις, ών ούνεκ' έγω ταθτ' έπραγματευόμην. άλλ' οὐδ' ὧς ύμῶν ποθ' έκὼν προδώσω τοὺς δεξιούς. έξ ότου γὰρ ἐνθάδ' ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν, οίς ἡδὺ καὶ λέγειν, δ σώφρων τε χώ καταπύγων ἄριστ' ήκουσάτην, κάγώ, παρθένος γὰρ ἔτ' ἦν, κοὐκ ἐξῆν πώ μοι τεκεῖν, 530 έξέθηκα, παις δ' έτέρα τις λαβοῦσ' ἀνείλετο, ύμεις δ' έξεθρέψατε γενναίως κάπαιδεύσατε. έκ τούτου μοι πιστά παρ' ύμιν γνώμης ἔσθ' ὅρκια. νῦν οὖν 'Ηλέκτραν κατ' ἐκείνην ήδ' ἡ κωμωδία

Two characters in his play the Banqueters.
The Banqueters was exhibited in the name of Callistratus.

^a 518-62 constitute the Parabasis of the revised Comedy.

a The Chosphoros of Aeschylus, where E. recognizes her brother's "lock of hair" on Agamemnon's tomb.

THE CLOUDS, 518-534

O Spectators, a I will utter honest truths with accents free. Yea! by mighty Dionysus, Him who bred and nurtured me. So may I be deemed a poet, and this day obtain the prize. As till that unhappy blunder I had always held you wise, And of all my plays esteeming this the wisest and the best, Served it up for your enjoyment, which had, more than all the rest, Cost me thought, and time, and labour: then most scandalously treated. I retired in mighty dudgeon, by unworthy foes defeated. This is why I blame your critics. for whose sake I framed the play: Yet the clever ones amongst you even now I won't betrav. No! for ever since from judges unto whom 'tis joy to speak, Brothers Profligate and Modest b gained the praise we fondly seek, When, for I was yet a Virgin, and it was not right to bear, I exposed it, and Another did the foundling nurse with care. But 'twas ve who nobly nurtured, ye who brought it up with skill ;-From that hour I proudly cherish pledges of your sure good will. Now then comes its sister hither, like Electra in the Play,d

ζητοῦσ' ἦλθ', ἤν που 'πιτύχη θεαταῖς οὖτω σοφοῖς. 535 γνώσεται γάρ, ήνπερ ίδη, τάδελφοῦ τὸν βόστρυχον. ώς δε σώφρων εστί φύσει σκέψασθ . ήτις πρώτα μεν οὐδεν ήλθε ραψαμένη σκύτινον καθειμένον. έρυθρον έξ ἄκρου, παχύ, τοῖς παιδίοις ἵν' ή γέλως. οὐδ' ἔσκωψε τοὺς φαλακρούς, οὐδὲ κόρδαχ' εἴλκυσεν, 540 οὐδὲ πρεσβύτης ὁ λέγων τἄπη τῆ βακτηρία τύπτει τὸν παρόντ', ἀφανίζων πονηρὰ σκώμματα, οὐδ' εἰσῆξε δάδας έχουσ', οὐδ' ἰοὺ ἰοὺ βοά, άλλ' αύτη και τοις έπεσιν πιστεύουσ' ελήλυθεν. κάγω μέν τοιοῦτος ἀνήρ ὢν ποιητής οὐ κομῶ, 545 οὐδ' ὑμᾶς ζητῶ 'ξαπατᾶν δὶς καὶ τρὶς ταὔτ' εἰσάγων, άλλ' ἀεὶ καινὰς ιδέας εἰσφέρων σοφίζομαι, οὐδὲν ἀλλήλαισιν όμοίας καὶ πάσας δεξιάς. δς μέγιστον όντα Κλέων' ἔπαισ' εἰς τὴν γαστέρα, κοὐκ ἐτόλμησ' αὖθις ἐπεμπηδῆσ' αὐτῷ κειμένῳ. 550 οδτοι δ', ώς ἄπαξ παρέδωκεν λαβήν Υπέρβολος, τοῦτον δείλαιον κολετρώσ' ἀεὶ καὶ τὴν μητέρα.

 $[^]a$ εἰσήεσαν γὰρ οἱ κωμικοὶ διεζωσμένοι δερμάτινα αἰδοῖα, γελοίου χάριν : Schol.

THE CLOUDS, 535-552

Comes in earnest expectation

kindred minds to meet to-day:

She will recognize full surely,

if she find, her brother's tress.

And observe how pure her morals:

who, to notice her first dress.

Enters not with filthy symbols

on her modest garments hung.a

Jeering bald-heads, dancing ballets,

for the laughter of the young.

In this play no wretched greybeard

with a staff his fellow pokes. So obscuring from the audience

all the poorness of his jokes.

No one rushes in with torches.

no one groans, "Oh, dear! Oh. dear!"

Trusting in its genuine merits

comes this play before you here.

Yet, though such a hero-poet,

I, the bald-head, do not grow

Curling ringlets: neither do I

twice or thrice my pieces show.

Always fresh ideas sparkle,

always novel jests delight.

Nothing like each other, save that

all are most exceeding bright.

I am he who floored the giant,

Cleon, in his hour of pride,

Yet when down I scorned to strike him.

and I left him when he died!

But the others, when a handle

once Hyperbolus did lend,

Trample down the wretched caitiff,

and his mother, without end.

Εὔπολις μὲν τὸν Μαρικᾶν πρώτιστον παρείλκυσεν ἐκστρέψας τοὺς ἡμετέρους Ἱππέας κακὸς κακῶς, προσθεὶς αὐτῷ γραῦν μεθύσην τοῦ κόρδακος οὔνεχ', ἣν 555 Φρύνιχος πάλαι πεποίηχ', ἢν τὸ κῆτος ἤσθιεν. εἶθ' Ἔρμιππος αὖθις ἐποίησεν εἰς Ὑπέρβολον, ἄλλοι τ' ἤδη πάντες ἐρείδουσιν εἰς Ὑπέρβολον, τὰς εἰκοὺς τῶν ἐγχέλεων τὰς ἐμὰς μιμούμενοι. ὅστις οὖν τούτοισι γελῷ, τοῖς ἐμοῖς μὴ χαιρέτω. 560 ἢν δ' ἐμοὶ καὶ τοῖσιν ἐμοῖς εὐφραίνησθ' εὐρήμασιν, ἐς τὰς ὥρας τὰς ἑτέρας εὖ φρονεῖν δοκήσετε.

ύψιμέδοντα μὲν θεῶν
Ζῆνα τύραννον ἐς χορὸν
πρῶτα μέγαν κικήσκω٬ 565
τόν τε μεγασθενῆ τριαίνης ταμίαν,
γῆς τε καὶ ἀλμυρᾶς θαλάσσης ἄγριον μοχλευτήν·
καὶ μεγαλώνυμον ἡμέτερον πατέρ',
Αἰθέρα σεμνότατον, βιοθρέμμονα πάντων· 570
τόν θ' ἱππονώμαν, ὂς ὑπερλάμπροις ἀκτῖσιν κατέχει
γῆς πέδον, μέγας ἐν θεοῖς
ἐν θνητοῖσί τε δαίμων.

a Clearly the "mother of Hyperbolus."

b He seems to have travestied the story of Andromeda, bringing on a tipsy old woman to be devoured by the sea-monster.

See K. 864-7.

THE CLOUDS, 553-574

In his Maricas the Drunkard, Eupolis the charge began, Shamefully my "Knights" distorting,

as he is a shameful man,

Tacking on the tipsy beldame,a

just the ballet-dance to keep,

Phrynichus's ^b prime invention,

eat by monsters of the deep.

Then Hermippus on the caitiff

opened all his little skill,

And the rest upon the caitiff

are their wit exhausting still;

And my simile to pilfer

" of the Eels " c they all combine.

Whose laughs at their productions,

let him not delight in mine.

But for you who praise my genius,

you who think my writings clever,

Ye shall gain a name for wisdom,

yea! for ever and for ever.

O mighty God, O heavenly King, First unto Thee my prayer I bring,

O come, Lord Zeus, to my choral song;— And Thou, dread Power, whose resistless hand Heaves up the sea and the trembling land,

Lord of the trident, stern and strong;—
And Thou who sustainest the life of us all
Come, Ether, our parent, O come to my call;—
And Thou who floodest the world with light,
Guiding thy steeds through the glittering sky,
To men below and to Gods on high

A Potentate heavenly-bright!

ῶ σοφώτατοι θεαταί, δεῦρο τὸν νοῦν πρόσχετε. 575 ήδικημέναι γάρ ύμιν μεμφόμεσθ' έναντίον. πλείστα γὰρ θεῶν ἀπάντων ὠφελούσαις τὴν πόλιν, δαιμόνων ήμιν μόναις οὐ θύετ' οὐδὲ σπένδετε, αίτινες τηροθμεν ύμας. ην γάρ ή τις έξοδος μηδενὶ ξὺν νῷ, τότ' ἢ βροντῶμεν ἢ ψακάζομεν. 580 εἶτα τὸν θεοῖσιν ἐχθρὸν βυρσοδέψην Παφλαγόνα ήνιχ' ήρεισθε στρατηγόν, τὰς ὀφρῦς συνήγομεν κάποιοθμεν δεινά: "βροντή δ' έρράγη δι' ἀστραπής:" ή σελήνη δ' εξέλειπε τὰς όδούς ό δ' ήλιος την θρυαλλίδ' είς έαυτον εὐθέως ξυνελκύσας 585 οὐ φανείν ἔφασκεν ὑμίν, εἰ στρατηγήσει Κλέων. άλλ' όμως είλεσθε τοῦτον. φασί γὰρ δυσβουλίαν τήδε τή πόλει προσείναι, ταθτα μέντοι τούς θεούς αττ' αν ύμεις έξαμάρτητ' ἐπὶ τὸ βέλτιον τρέπειν. ώς δε καὶ τοῦτο ξυνοίσει ραδίως διδάξομεν. 590 ην Κλέωνα τὸν λάρον δώρων έλόντες καὶ κλοπης,

From the *Teucer* of Sophocles: Schol.
 Nothing is known of this election.

THE CLOUDS, 575-591

O most sapient wise spectators,

hither turn attention due,

We complain of sad ill-treatment,

we've a bone to pick with you:

We have ever helped your city,

helped with all our might and main;

Yet you pay us no devotion,

that is why we now complain.

We who always watch around you.

For if any project seems

Ill-concocted, then we thunder,

then the rain comes down in streams.

And, remember, very lately,

how we knit our brows together,

"Thunders crashing, lightnings flashing," a

never was such awful weather;

And the Moon in haste eclipsed her,

and the Sun in anger swore

He would curl his wick within him

and give light to you no more,

Should you choose that mischief-worker,

Cleon, whom the Gods abhor.

Tanner, Slave, and Paphlagonian,

to lead out your hosts to war.b

Yet you chose him! yet you chose him!

For they say that Folly grows

Best and finest in this city,

but the gracious Gods dispose

Always all things for the better,

causing errors to succeed:

And how this sad job may profit,

surely he who runs may read.

Let the Cormorant be convicted,

in command, of bribes and theft.

εἶτα φιμώσητε τούτου τῷ ξύλῳ τὸν αὐχένα, αὖθις ἐς τἀρχαῖον ὑμῖν, εἴ τι κάξημάρτετε, ἐπὶ τὸ βέλτιον τὸ πρᾶγμα τῇ πόλει συνοίσεται.

> " ἀμφί μοι αὖτε," Φοῖβ' ἄναξ Δήλιε, Κυνθίαν έγων 595 ύψικέρατα πέτραν: ή τ' Έφέσου μάκαιρα πάγχρυσον έχεις οίκον εν ώ κόραι σε Λυδών μεγάλως σέβουσιν. η τ' επιχώριος ήμετέρα θεός, 600 αίγίδος ήνίοχος, πολιούχος 'Αθάνα. Παρνασσίαν θ' δς κατέχων πέτραν σύν πεύκαις σελανεῖ Βάκχαις Δελφίσιν ἐμπρέπων, κωμαστής Διόνυσος. 605

ήνίχ' ήμεῖς δεῦρ' ἀφορμᾶσθαι παρεσκευάσμεθα, ἡ Σελήνη συντυχοῦσ' ήμῖν ἐπέστειλεν φράσαι, πρῶτα μὲν χαίρειν 'Αθηναίοισι καὶ τοῖς ξυμμάχοις· εἶτα θυμαίνειν ἔφασκε· δεινὰ γὰρ πεπονθέναι, ἀφελοῦσ' ὑμᾶς ἄπαντας, οὐ λόγοις, ἀλλ' ἐμφανῶς. πρῶτα μὲν τοῦ μηνὸς εἰς δῷδ' οὐκ ἔλαττον ἢ δραχμήν, ἄστε καὶ λέγειν ἄπαντας ἐξιόντας ἐσπέρας,

a ἀμφί μοι αὖτε was a common commencement of dithyrambic odes.

THE CLOUDS, 592-613

Let us have him gagged and muzzled,
in the pillory chained and left,
Then again, in ancient fashion,
all that ye have erred of late,
Will turn out your own advantage,
and a blessing to the State.

"Phoebus, my king, come to me still." a
Thou who holdest the Cynthian hill,
The lofty peak of the Delian isle;—
And Thou, his sister, to whom each day
Lydian maidens devoutly pray
In Thy stately gilded Ephesian pile;—
And Athene, our Lady, the queen of us all,
With the Aegis of God, O come to my call;—
And Thou whose dancing torches of pine
Flicker, Parnassian glades along,
Dionysus, Star of Thy Maenad throng,
Come, Reveller most divine!

We, when we had finished packing,
and prepared our journey down,
Met the Lady Moon, who charged us
with a message for your town.
First, All hail to noble Athens,
and her faithful true Allies;
Then, she said, your shameful conduct
made her angry passions rise,
Treating her so ill who always
aids you, not in words, but clearly;
Saves you, first of all, in torchlight
every month a drachma nearly,
So that each one says, if business
calls him out from home by night,

μη πρίη, παῖ, δậδ', ἐπειδη φῶς Σεληναίης καλόν. ἄλλα τ' εὖ δρᾶν φησιν, ὑμᾶς δ' οὐκ ἄγειν τὰς

ήμέρας
οὐδὲν ὀρθῶς, ἀλλ' ἄνω τε καὶ κάτω κυδοιδοπᾶν·
ὥστ' ἀπειλεῖν φησιν αὐτἢ τοὺς θεοὺς ἐκάστοτε
ἡνίκ' ἂν ψευσθῶσι δείπνου, κἀπίωσιν οἴκαδε,
τῆς ἑορτῆς μὴ τυχόντες κατὰ λόγον τῶν ἡμερῶν.
κἄθ' ὅταν θύειν δέῃ, στρεβλοῦτε καὶ δικάζετε· 620
πολλάκις δ' ἡμῶν ἀγόντων τῶν θεῶν ἀπαστίαν,
ἡνίκ' ἂν πενθῶμεν ἢ τὸν Μέμνον' ἢ Σαρπηδόνα,
σπένδεθ' ὑμεῖς καὶ γελᾶτ'· ἀνθ' ὧν λαχὼν 'Υπέρβολος

τῆτες ίερομνημονεῖν, κἄπειθ' ὑφ' ἡμῶν τῶν θεῶν τὸν στέφανον ἀφηρέθη· μᾶλλον γὰρ οὕτως εἴσεται 625 κατὰ σελήνην ὡς ἄγειν χρὴ τοῦ βίου τὰς ἡμέρας.

ΣΩ. μὰ τὴν 'Αναπνοήν, μὰ τὸ Χάος, μὰ τὸν 'Αέρα, οὐκ εἶδον οὕτως ἄνδρ' ἄγροικον οὐδένα οὐδ' ἄπορον οὐδὲ σκαιὸν οὐδ' ἐπιλήσμονα· ὅστις σκαλαθυρμάτι' ἄττα μικρὰ μανθάνων, ταῦτ' ἐπιλέλησται πρὶν μαθεῖν· ὅμως γε μὴν αὐτὸν καλῶ θύραζε δευρὶ πρὸς τὸ φῶς. ποῦ Στρεψιάδης; ἔξει τὸν ἀσκάντην λαβών.

630

^b Son of Eos (Aurora), slain by Achilles; for Sarpedon son of Zeus whom Patroclus slew see *Il*. xvi. 419 seq.

An official sent with the three Pylagorae to the Amphictyonic Council. Nothing is known of the circumstance.

^d Socrates here comes out of the Phrontisterion where he has been endeavouring to teach Strepsiades.

^a The allusion is to alterations in the calendar introduced by the astronomer Meton about 482 B.C.

THE CLOUDS, 614-633

"Buy no link, my boy, this evening,

for the Moon will lend her light."

Other blessings too she sends you,

yet you will not mark your days

As she bids you, but confuse them,

jumbling them all sorts of ways,a

And, she says, the Gods in chorus

shower reproaches on her head,

When in bitter disappointment

they go supperless to bed,

Not obtaining festal banquets

duly on the festal day;

Ye are badgering in the law-courts

when ye should arise and slay!

And full oft when we celestials

some strict fast are duly keeping,

For the fate of mighty Memnon,^b

or divine Sarpedon weeping,

Then you feast and pour libations:

and Hyperbolus of late

Lost the crown he wore so proudly

as Recorder of the Gate.

Through the wrath of us immortals:

so perchance he'll rather know

Always all his days in future

by the Lady Moon to go.

so.^a Never by Chaos, Air, and Respiration,
Never, no never have I seen a clown
So helpless, and forgetful, and absurd!
Why if he learns a quirk or two he clean
Forgets them ere he has learnt them: all the same,
I'll call him out of doors here to the light.
Take up your bed, Strepsiades, and come!

ĭT.	άλλ' οὐκ ἐῶσί μ' ἐξενεγκεῖν οἱ κόρεις.	
ΣΩ.	ἀνύσας τι κατάθου, καὶ πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν.	
ΣT.	ίδού.	635
ΣΩ.	άγε δή, τί βούλει πρώτα νυνὶ μανθάνειν	
	ων ουκ εδιδάχθης πώποτ' ουδέν; είπε μοι.	
	πότερον περί μέτρων η περί ἐπῶν η ρυθμῶν;	
ΣT.	περί τῶν μέτρων ἔγωγ' ἔναγχος γάρ ποτε	
	ύπ' ἀλφιταμοιβοῦ παρεκόπην διχοινίκω.	640
ΣΩ.	οὐ τοῦτ' ἐρωτῶ σ', ἀλλ' ὅ τι κάλλιστον μέτρον	040
	ήγει πότερον το τρίμετρον η το τετράμετρον;	
XT.	έγω μεν ουδεν πρότερον ήμιεκτέου.	645
	οὐδεν λέγεις, ὢνθρωπε.	
ΣT.	περίδου νυν ἐμοί,	
	εί μη τετράμετρόν έστιν ήμιεκτέον.	
ΣΩ.	ές κόρακας, ώς ἄγροικος εἶ καὶ δυσμαθής.	
	τάχα δ' αν δύναιο μανθάνειν περί ρυθμών.	
ĭT.	τί δέ μ' ἀφελήσουσ' οἱ ρυθμοὶ πρὸς τἄλφιτα;	
ΣΩ.	πρώτον μεν είναι κομψον εν συνουσία.	
	έπατονθ' όποιός έστι των ρυθμών	650
	κατ' ἐνόπλιον, χώποῖος αδ κατά δάκτυλον.	000
ΣT.	κατὰ δάκτυλον; νὴ τὸν Δί', ἀλλ' οίδ'.	
ΣΩ.	εἰπὲ δή.	
ĭT.	τίς ἄλλος ἀντὶ τουτουὶ τοῦ δακτύλου;	
	πρό τοῦ μέν, ἔτ' ἐμοῦ παιδὸς ὅντος, ούτοσί.	
ΣΩ.	άγρειος εί και σκαιός.	
ΣT.	οὐ γάρ, ὠζυρέ,	655
	τούτων ἐπιθυμῶ μανθάνειν οὐδέν.	
ΣΩ.	τί δαί;	
ĭT.	έκεῖν' ἐκεῖνο, τὸν ἀδικώτατον λόγον.	
	άλλ' έτερα δεί σε πρότερα τούτων μανθάνειν,	

^a The μέδιμνος = 48 χοίνικες, the ἐκτεύς = 8, and so the ἡμιεκτέον=4, being therefore τ ετράμετρον. The joke, however, in 326

THE CLOUDS, 634-658

ST.

By Zeus, I can't: the bugs make such resistance.

Make haste. There, throw it down, and listen. so. Well! ST. Attend to me: what shall I teach you first so. That you've not learnt before? Which will you have. Measures or rhythms or the right use of words? sr. Oh! measures to be sure: for very lately A grocer swindled me of full three pints. I don't mean that: but which do you like the best Of all the measures; six feet, or eight feet? Well, I like nothing better than the yard. Fool! don't talk nonsense. SO. What will you bet me now ST. That two yards don't exactly make six feet? a Consume you! what an ignorant clown you are! SO. Still, perhaps you can learn tunes more easily. But will tunes help me to repair my fortunes? ST. They'll help you to behave in company: SO. If you can tell which kind of tune is best For the sword-dance, and which for finger music.b For fingers! ave, but I know that. ST. Say on, then. SO. What is it but this finger? though before, ST. Ere this was grown, I used to play with that. Insufferable dolt! SO. Well but, you goose, ST. I don't want to learn this. What do you want then? so. Teach me the Logic! teach me the unjust Logic! ST. But you must learn some other matters first: the Greek consists largely in all the measures being measures of capacity (a μέδιμνος being about 12 gallons).

b Strepsiades knows nothing about "dactyl" but takes δάκτυλος in its literal sense, and makes indecent gestures with the

327

middle finger (infamis digitus).

 ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φέρε. ΣΩ. πῶς; ἀλεκτρυὼν κἀλεκτρυών. ΣΤ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ. νῦν δὲ πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; 665 ΣΩ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον ἀλέκτορα. ΣΤ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν; εὖ γε νὴ τὸν 'Αέρα· ἄστ' ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλῳ τὴν κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΣΩ. μάλιστά γε, ὥσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ, ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. 	ΣT. ΣΩ.	κριός, τράγος, ταθρος, κύων, ἀλεκτρυών. δρᾶς δ πάσχεις; τήν τε θήλειαν καλείς ἀλεκτρυόνα κατὰ ταὐτὸ καὶ τὸν ἄρρενα.	660
 ΣΤ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ. νῦν δὲ πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον ἀλέκτορα. ΣΤ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν; εὖ γε νὴ τὸν 'Αέρα· ὥστ' ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλῳ τὴν κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΣΩ. μάλιστά γε, ὥσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ, ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλῃ γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 	ĭT.	$\pi\hat{\omega}s$ $\delta\hat{\eta}$; $\phi\hat{\epsilon}\rho\epsilon$.	
 ΣΤ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ. νῦν δὲ πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον ἀλέκτορα. ΣΤ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν; εὖ γε νὴ τὸν 'Αέρα· ὥστ' ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλῳ τὴν κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΣΩ. μάλιστά γε, ὥσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ, ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλῃ γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 	ΣΩ.	πως; ἀλεκτρυων κάλεκτρυων.	
 ΣΩ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον ἀλέκτορα. ΣΤ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν; εὖ γε νὴ τὸν 'Αέρα· ἄστ' ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλῳ τὴν κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΣΩ. μάλιστά γε, ωσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμῳ, ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλῃ γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 		νη τον Ποσειδώ. νθν δέ πως με χρη καλείν:	665
ΣΤ. ἀλεκτρύαιναν; εὖ γε νὴ τὸν ᾿Αέρα· ἄστ᾽ ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλω τὴν κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ᾽ αὖθις τοῦθ᾽ ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον 670 ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπω ἄρρενα καλῶ ᾽γὼ κάρδοπον; μάλιστά γε, ὥσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ᾽, ὧγάθ᾽, οὐδ᾽ ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, ἀλλ᾽ ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ᾽ ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ᾽ ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ᾽ ἄρρεν᾽ ἐστίν, ἄττα δ᾽ αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ᾽ οἶδ᾽ ἔγωγ᾽ ἃ θήλε᾽ ἐστίν.	ΣΩ.	άλεκτρύαιναν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον άλέκτορα.	
ἄστ' ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλω τὴν κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον 670 ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΣΩ. μάλιστά γε, ὤσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὤσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 ττὶ δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.			
διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλω την κάρδοπον. ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. την κάρδοπον ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπω ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; μάλιστά γε, μάλιστά γε, ωσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.			
 ΣΩ. ἰδοὺ μάλ' αὖθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον. τὴν κάρδοπον ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΣΩ. μάλιστά γε, ωσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 		διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλω την κάρδοπον.	
ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν. ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; ΔΩ. μάλιστά γε, ὤσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΤ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, ἀλλ' ἐν θυείᾳ στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὤσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.	ΣQ.	ίδου μάλ' αῦθις τοῦθ' ἔτερον, τὴν κάρδοπον	670
ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην, ωσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; Στ. τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 τὰ δεῖ, ἀττ δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.			
ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον; μάλιστά γε, ἄσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. Στ. πῶς δή; φράσον. Στ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. Στ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; Στ. τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. Στ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. Στ. ἐτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.	ΣT.		
μάλιστά γε, ἄσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 ΣΤ. ἐπι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.		άρρενα καλώ 'νώ κάρδοπον:	
ῶσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον. ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.	ΣΩ.	μάλιστά νε.	
 ΣΤ. πῶς δή; φράσον. ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 		ώσπερ νε καὶ Κλεώνυμον.	
 ΣΩ. ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, 675 ἀλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 	∑T.		
 Στ. ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω, αλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. Στ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 			
ἀλλ' ἐν θυείᾳ στρογγύλῃ γ' ἀνεμάττετο. ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.			875
ἀτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν; ΣΩ. ὅπως; τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΔΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.			010
 ΣΩ. ὅπως; πὴν καρδόπην, ὤσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. ΣΤ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οιδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 		άπαρ το λοιπόν πώς με νού καλείν:	
τὴν καρδόπην, ὤσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην. Στ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. δα. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.	×0.		
 Στ. τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν; ΣΩ. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 		την καρδόπην ώσπερ καλείς την Σωστράσην	
 ≥Ω. ὀρθῶς γὰρ λέγεις. ≥Τ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. 680 ≥Ω. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. ≥Τ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 	×π.		
 Στ. ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη. ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν. 		ορθώς για λένεις	
 ΣΩ. ἔτι δή γε περὶ τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθεῖν σε δεῖ, ἄττ᾽ ἄρρεν᾽ ἐστίν, ἄττα δ᾽ αὐτῶν θήλεα. ΣΤ. ἀλλ᾽ οἶδ᾽ ἔγωγ᾽ ἃ θήλε᾽ ἐστίν. 		έκείνο δ' δυ άν καρδόπο Κλεωνίνο	
ἄττ' ἄρρεν' ἐστίν, ἄττα δ' αὐτῶν θήλεα. Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.			680
Στ. ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.	444.	are dosel serin dere & alrein Aches	
	⊀ T	άλλ οίδ ένων ά θήλε έστων σηκεά.	
∠at. €U//€ ()7).			
328		eme on.	

THE CLOUDS, 659-683

As, what are males among the quadrupeds.

ST.	I should be mad indeed not to know that.
	The Ram, the Bull, the Goat, the Dog, the Fowl.
so.	Ah! there you are! there's a mistake at once!
	You call the male and female fowl the same.
ST.	How! tell me how.
so.	Why fowl and fowl of course.
ST.	That's true though! what then shall I say in future?
so.	Call one a fowless and the other a fowl.
ST.	A fowless? Good! Bravo! Bravo! by Air.
	Now for that one bright piece of information
	I'll give you a barley bumper in your trough.
so.	Look there, a fresh mistake; you called it trough,
SU.	Masculine, when it's feminine.
com.	
ST.	How, pray?
	How did I make it masculine?
so.	Why "trough,"
	Just like "Cleonymus."
ST.	I don't quite catch it.
so.	Why "trough," "Cleonymus," both masculine.
ST.	Ah, but Cleonymus has got no trough,
	His bread is kneaded in a rounded mortar: a
	Still, what must I say in future?
so.	What! why call it
	A "troughess," female, just as one says "an actress."
ST.	A "troughess," female?
so.	That's the way to call it.
ST.	O "troughess" then and Miss Cleonymus.
so.	Still you must learn some more about these names;
	Which are the names of men and which of women.
ST.	Oh, I know which are women.
so.	Well, repeat some.
	As being "a poor man" who had nothing better to use:
Scho	l. But there seems a reference "to the charge of effeminacy
whic	h runs through these lines ": R.

329

ΣT.	Λύσιλλα, Φίλιννα, Κλειταγόρα, Δημητρία.	
ΣΩ.	ἄρρενα δὲ ποῖα τῶν ὀνομάτων;	
ΣT.	μυρία.	685
	Φιλόξενος, Μελησίας, 'Αμυνίας.	
ΣΩ.	άλλ', ὧ πόνηρε, ταῦτά γ' ἔστ' οὐκ ἄρρενα.	
ΣT.	οὐκ ἄρρεν' ἡμιν ἐστιν;	
ΣΩ.	οὐδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ	
	πως αν καλέσειας εντυχών 'Αμυνία;	
ĭT.	" " " (O) O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	690
ΣΩ.	δρậς; γυναῖκα τὴν 'Αμυνίαν καλεῖς.	000
ΣT.	οὔκουν δικαίως ήτις οὐ στρατεύεται;	
41.	ἀτὰρ τί ταῦθ' ἃ πάντες ἴσμεν μανθάνω;	
ΣΩ.	οὐδεν μὰ Δί', ἀλλὰ κατακλινεὶς δευρί,	
ΣT.	$\tau \ell \delta \rho \hat{\omega}$;	
		695
ĭT.	μη δηθ', ίκετεύω σ', ενθάδ' άλλ' είπερ γε χρή,	
	χαμαί μ' ἔασον αὐτὰ ταῦτ' ἐκφροντίσαι.	
ΣΩ.	οὖκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα.	
ĭT.	κακοδαίμων ἐγώ,	
	οΐαν δίκην τοῖς κόρεσι δώσω τήμερον.	
ΣΩ.	φρόντιζε δή καὶ διάθρει, πάντα τρόπον τε σαυτὸν	700
	στρόβει πυκνώσας.	
	ταχύς δ', όταν είς άπορον πέσης,	
	έπ' ἄλλο πήδα	
	νόημα φρενός ύπνος δ' ἀπέστω γλυκύθυμος	
	δμμάτων.	705
ĭT.	lατταταῖ lατταταῖ.	
xo.	τί πάσχεις; τί κάμνεις;	
ΣT.	ἀπόλλυμαι δείλαιος· ἐκ τοῦ σκίμποδος	
4	and the property of the second	

330

THE CLOUDS, 684-709

Demetria, Cleitagora, Philinna. ST. Now tell me some men's names. so. O yes, ten thousand. ST. Philon, Melesias, Amynias. Hold! I said men's names: these are women's names. so. No, no, they're men's. ST. They are not men's, for how SO. Would you address Amynias if you met him? How? somehow thus: "Here, here, Amynia a!" ST. Amvnia! a woman's name, you see. 90. And rightly too; a sneak who shirks all service! ST. But all know this: let's pass to something else. Well, then, you get into the bed. so. And then ? ST. Excogitate about your own affairs. so. Not there: I do beseech, not there: at least ST. Let me excogitate on the bare ground.

so. There is no way but this.

St. O luckless me!

How I shall suffer from the bugs to-day.

so. Now then survey in every way,

with airy judgement sharp and quick:
Wrapping thoughts around you thick:
And if so be in one you stick,
Never stop to toil and bother,
Lightly, lightly, lightly leap,
To another, to another;
Far away be balmy sleep.
Ugh! Ugh! Ugh! Ugh!

ST. Ugh! Ugh! Ugh! Ugh! Ugh!

CH. What's the matter? where's the pain?

ST. Friends! I'm dying. From the bed

^a Cf. W. 466, 1267. The Greek vocative of "Amynias" becomes feminine in form.

XO. ≊T.	δάκνουσί μ' έξέρποντες οι Κορίνθιοι, και τὰς πλευρὰς δαρδάπτουσιν και τὴν ψυχὴν ἐκπίνουσιν, και τοὺς ὅρχεις ἐξέλκουσιν, και τὸν πρωκτὸν διορύττουσιν, και μ' ἀπολοῦσιν. μή νυν βαρέως ἄλγει λίαν. και πῶς; ὅτε μου φροῦδα τὰ χρήματα, φρούδη χροιά, φρούδη ψυχή, φρούδη δ' ἐμβάς· και πρὸς τούτοις ἔτι τοῖσι κακοῖς φρουρᾶς ἄδων ὀλίγου φροῦδος γεγένημαι.	710 715 720
ΣΩ.	ούτος, τί ποιείς; οὐχὶ φροντίζεις;	
ΣT.	έγώ;	
	νή τὸν Ποσειδω.	
ΣΩ.	καὶ τί δητ' ἐφρόντισας;	
ĭT.	ύπο των κόρεων εί μού τι περιλειφθήσεται.	725
	ἀπολεῖ κάκιστ'.	
ĭT.	άλλ', ὧγάθ', ἀπόλωλ' ἀρτίως.	
ΣΩ.	οὐ μαλθακιστέ', ἀλλὰ περικαλυπτέα.	
	έξευρετέος γάρ νοῦς ἀποστερητικός	
	κάπαιόλημ'.	
ΣT.	οἴμοι, τίς ἂν δῆτ' ἐπιβάλοι	
	έξ ἀρνακίδων γνώμην ἀποστερητρίδα;	730
ΣΩ.	φέρε νυν, ἀθρήσω πρῶτον, ὅ τι δρᾳ, τουτονί.	
	οὖτος, καθεύδεις;	
∑T.	μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ.	
ΣΩ.	έχεις τι;	
332		

THE CLOUDS, 710-732

Out creep bugbears a scantly fed, And my ribs they bite in twain, And my life-blood out they suck, And my manhood off they pluck, And my loins they dig and drain, And I'm dying, once again.

CH. O take not the smart so deeply to heart.

Why, what can I do?
Vanished my skin so ruddy of hue,
Vanished my life-blood, vanished my shoe,
Vanished my purse, and what is still worse
As I hummed an old tune till my watch should
be past,

I had very near vanished myself at the last.

so. Hallo there, are you pondering?

sr. Eh! what? I?

Yes to be sure.

ST.

so. And what have your ponderings come to?

sr. Whether these bugs will leave a bit of me.

so. Consume you, wretch!

st. Faith, I'm consumed already.

so. Come, come, don't flinch: pull up the clothes again: Search out and catch some very subtle dodge To fleece your creditors.

ST. O me, how can I

Fleece any one with all these fleeces on me?

(Puts his head under the clothes.)

so. Come, let me peep a moment what he's doing. Hey! he's asleep!

ST. No, no! no fear of that!

so. Caught anything?

a ol Κορlνθιοι (at this time the bitterest enemies of Athens)=οι κόρεις, "the bugs."

ĭT.	μ ὰ Δ ί $^{\circ}$ οὐ δ $\hat{\eta}$ $ au$ $^{\circ}$ ἔγω γ $^{\circ}$.	
ΣΩ.	οὐδέν πάνυ;	
ΣT.	οὐδέν γε πλην η τὸ πέος ἐν τῆ δεξιᾶ.	
ΣΩ.	οὐκ ἐγκαλυψάμενος ταχέως τι φροντιεῖς;	-0-
ĭT.	περί τοῦ; σὺ γάρ μοι τοῦτο φράσον, ὧ Σώκρατες.	735
ΣΩ.	αὐτὸς ὅ τι βούλει πρῶτος ἐξευρὼν λέγε.	
≱T.	ἀκήκοας μυριάκις άγὼ βούλομαι, περὶ τῶν τόκων, ὅπως ἂν ἀποδῶ μηδενί.	
ΣΩ.	ἴθι νυν, καλύπτου καὶ σχάσας τὴν φροντίδα	740
	λεπτήν κατά μικρόν περιφρόνει τὰ πράγματα,	110
	όρθως διαιρών καὶ σκοπών.	
ΣT.	οἴμοι τάλας.	
ΣΩ.	έχ' ἀτρέμα· κἂν ἀπορῆς τι τῶν νοημάτων,	
	ἀφεὶς ἄπελθε· κἆτα τὴν γνώμην πάλιν	
	κίνησον αθθις, αθτό καὶ ζυγώθρισον.	745
ΣT.	& Σωκρατίδιον φίλτατον.	
ZQ.	τί, ὧ γέρον;	
ĭT.	έχω τόκου γνώμην ἀποστερητικήν.	
ZΩ.	ἐπίδειξον αὐτήν.	
ĭT.	είπε δή νύν μοι,	
ΣΩ.	τὸ τί;	
IT.	γυναῖκα φαρμακίδ' εἰ πριάμενος Θετταλήν,	
	καθέλοιμι νύκτωρ την σελήνην, εἶτα δὲ	750
	αὐτὴν καθείρξαιμ' ἐς λοφεῖον στρογγύλον,	
	ωσπερ κάτοπτρον, κἇτα τηροίην ἔχων,	
ΣΩ.	τί δήτα τοῦτ' ἄν ἀφελήσειέν σ';	
ĭT.	ο τι;	
	εὶ μηκέτ' ἀνατέλλοι σελήνη μηδαμοῦ,	
	ούκ ἃν ἀποδοίην τοὺς τόκους.	
ΣΩ.	ότιὴ τί δή;	755
ĭT.	ότιη κατά μηνα τάργύριον δανείζεται.	
ZΩ.	εὖ γ'· ἀλλ' ἔτερον αὖ σοι προβαλῶ τι δεξιόν.	
334	,	

THE CLOUDS, 733-757

No, nothing. ST. Surely, something. SO. Well, I had something in my hand, I'll own. ST. Pull up the clothes again, and go on pondering. so. On what? now do please tell me, Socrates. ST. What is it that you want? first tell me that. so. You have heard a million times what 'tis I want: ST. My debts! my debts! I want to shirk my debts. Come, come, pull up the clothes: refine your thoughts so. With subtle wit: look at the case on all sides: Mind you divide a correctly. Ugh! O me. ST. Hush: if you meet with any difficulty so. Leave it a moment: then return again To the same thought: then lift and weigh it well. Oh, here, dear Socrates! ST. Well, my old friend. SO. I've found a notion how to shirk my debts. ST. Well then, propound it. SO. What do you think of this? ST. Suppose I hire some grand Thessalian witch To conjure down the Moon, and then I take it And clap it into some round helmet-box, And keep it fast there, like a looking-glass,-But what's the use of that? The use, quotha: ST. Why if the Moon should never rise again, I'd never pay one farthing. No! why not? SO. Why, don't we pay our interest by the month? ST. Good! now I'll proffer you another problem. so.

 $^{^{\}alpha}$ $\delta\iota alpe\sigma\iota s$ "division of genus into species" is a technical term in Logic.

 Στ. ὅπως; ὅπως; οὐκ οἶδ' ἀτὰρ ζητητέον. Σα. μή νυν περὶ σαυτὸν εἶλλε τὴν γνώμην ἀεί, ἀλλ' ἀποχάλα τὴν φροντίδ' εἰς τὸν ἀέρα, λινόδετον ὥσπερ μηλολόνθην τοῦ ποδός. Στ. εὕρηκ' ἀφάνισιν τῆς δίκης σοφωτάτην, ὥστ' αὐτὸν ὁμολογεῖν σ' ἐμοί. Σα. ποίαν τινά; 765 Στ. ἤδη παρὰ τοῖσι φαρμακοπώλαις τὴν λίθον ταύτην ἐόρακας, τὴν καλήν, τὴν διαφανῆ, ἀφ' ἦς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι; Σα. τὴν ὕαλον λέγεις; Στ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἰ ταύτην λαβών, ὁπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἤλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; Σα. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. Στ. οἴμ' ὡς ἤδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. Σα. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Σα. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ῥῷστ'. Σπ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 		εἴ σοι γράφοιτο πεντετάλαντός τις δίκη, ὅπως ἂν αὐτὴν ἀφανίσειας εἰπέ μοι.	
 ΣΩ. μή νυν περὶ σαυτὸν εἶλλε τὴν γνώμην ἀεί, ἀλλ' ἀποχάλα τὴν φροντίδ' εἰς τὸν ἀέρα, λινόδετον ὤσπερ μηλολόνθην τοῦ ποδός. ΣΤ. εὕρηκ' ἀφάνισιν τῆς δίκης σοφωτάτην, ὤστ' αὐτὸν ὁμολογεῖν σ' ἐμοί. ΣΩ. ποίαν τινά; 765 ΣΤ. ἤδη παρὰ τοῖσι φαρμακοπώλαις τὴν λίθον ταὐτην ἑόρακας, τὴν καλήν, τὴν διαφανῆ, ἀφ' ἦς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι; ΣΩ. τὴν ὕαλον λέγεις; ΣΤ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἰ ταύτην λαβών, ὁπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἤλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; ΣΩ. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἤδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ῥῷστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 		όπως; όπως; οὐκ οἶδ' ἀτὰρ ζητητέον.	760
 Στ. εὔρηκ' ἀφάνισιν τῆς δίκης σοφωτάτην, ὥστ' αὐτὸν ὁμολογεῖν σ' ἐμοί. Στ. ἤδη παρὰ τοῖσι φαρμακοπώλαις τὴν λίθον ταύτην ἑόρακας, τὴν καλήν, τὴν διαφανῆ, ἀφ' ἦς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι; Στ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἰ ταύτην λαβών, ὁπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἤλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; Στ. οῦμ' ὡς ἤδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Στ. τὸ τίς τός τὸς ἐναρτασον. Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Στ. τὸ τίς τός τὸς ἐναρτασον. Στ. τὸ τίς τός τὸς ἐναρτασον. Στ. τὸ τίς τός τὸς ἐναρτασον. Στ. καὶ δή λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	ΣΩ.	μή νυν περὶ σαυτὸν εἶλλε τὴν γνώμην ἀεί, ἀλλ' ἀποχάλα τὴν φροντίδ' εἰς τὸν ἀέρα,	
 ΣΩ. ποίαν τινά; 765 ΣΤ. ἤδη παρὰ τοῖσι φαρμακοπώλαις τὴν λίθον ταύτην ἐόρακας, τὴν καλήν, τὴν διαφανῆ, ἀφ' ἦς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι; ΣΩ. τὴν ὕαλον λέγεις; ΣΤ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἰ ταύτην λαβών, ὁπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἤλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; ΣΩ. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἤδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ῥῷστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	∑T.	εύρηκ' ἀφάνισιν τῆς δίκης σοφωτάτην,	
ταύτην έόρακας, τὴν καλήν, τὴν διαφανῆ, ἀφ' ἡς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι; ΣΩ. τὴν ὕαλον λέγεις; ΣΤ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἰ ταύτην λαβών, ὁπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; ΣΩ. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἥδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρῷστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις.	ΣΩ.		765
 ΣΩ. Τὴν ὕαλον λέγεις; ΣΤ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἰ ταύτην λαβών, οπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ὁ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; ΣΩ. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἥδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ῥῷστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	∑T.	ταύτην έόρακας, την καλήν, την διαφανή,	
 Στ. ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἶ ταύτην λαβών, δπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην δ γραμματεύς, 770 ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; Σα. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. Στ. οἴμ' ὡς ἥδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. Σα. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Σα. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ῥῷστ'. Σα. εἰπὲ δή. Στ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	ΣΩ.		
τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης; ΣΩ. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἥδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρᾶστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις.	∑T.	ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δητ' ἄν, εἶ ταύτην λαβών, δπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην δ γραμματεύς,	770
 ΣΩ. σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας. ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἥδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ῥῷστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 		τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης;	
 ΣΤ. οἴμ' ὡς ἥδομαι ὅτι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. ΣΩ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. ΣΤ. τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. ΣΤ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρᾶστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	ΣΩ.	σοφως νε νη τὰς Χάριτας.	
ότι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη. Σ. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Σ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρ̄ᾳστ΄. Σ. εἰπὲ δή. Στ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ΄, ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σ. οὐδὲν λέγεις.	∑T.		
 Σα. ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον. Στ. τὸ τί; 775 Σα. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρᾶστ'. Σα. εἰπὲ δή. Στ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 			
 Τὸ τί; 775 ΣΩ. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρᾶστ'. ΣΩ. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	ΣΩ.		
 Σα. ὅπως ἀποστρέψαις ἃν ἀντιδίκων δίκην, μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρᾶστ². Σα. εἰπὲ δή. Στ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ², ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 			775
μέλλων ὀφλήσειν, μὴ παρόντων μαρτύρων. Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ρᾶστ'. Σα. εἰπὲ δή. Στ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις.			
 Στ. φαυλότατα καὶ ράστ'. Σα. εἰπὲ δή. Στ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 			
 Σα. εἰπὲ δή. ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις. 	ът	φαιλότατα καὶ δάστ	
ΣΤ. καὶ δὴ λέγω. εἰ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. 780 ΣΩ. οὐδὲν λέγεις.		είπε δή	
εὶ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης, πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ⁷⁸⁰ Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις.			
πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων. ⁷⁸⁰ Σα. οὐδὲν λέγεις.	٠		
ΣΩ. οὐδεν λέγεις.		ποίν την είνην καλείαθ, άπανξαίμην πρέγων	780
	ΣΩ.	ούδεν λένεις.	. 50
	ĭT.	νη τους θεους έγως, επεί	

THE CLOUDS, 758-781

Suppose an action: damages, five talents: Now tell me how you can evade that same. How! how! can't sav at all: but I'll go seek. ST Don't wrap your mind for ever round yourself, SO. But let your thoughts range freely through the air. Like chafers with a thread about their feet.a I've found a bright evasion of the action: Confess yourself, 'tis glorious. But what is it? 80. I say, haven't you seen in druggists' shops ST. That stone, that splendidly transparent stone, By which they kindle fire? The burning-glass? SO. That's it: well then, I'd get me one of these, ST. And as the clerk was entering down my case, I'd stand, like this, some distance towards the sun. And burn out every line. By the Three Graces, SO. A clever dodge! O me, how pleased I am ST. To have a debt like that clean blotted out. Come, then, make haste and snap up this. SO. ST. Well, what? How to prevent an adversary's suit so. Supposing you were sure to lose it; tell me. O, nothing easier. How, pray? SO. ST. Why thus, While there was yet one trial intervening, Ere mine was cited, I'd go hang myself. Absurd! No. by the Gods, it isn't though: ET. a To tie a thread round the leg of a cockchafer and then see

it try to fly was apparently a common amusement of boys.

337

VOL. I

	οὐδεὶς κατ' ἐμοῦ τεθνεῶτος εἰσάξει δίκην.	
Σ Ω.		
	ότιη τί; ναὶ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ὧ Σώκρατες.	
	άλλ' εὐθὺς ἐπιλήθει σύ γ' ἄττ' ἂν καὶ μάθης.	* 0=
	έπεὶ τί νυνὶ πρώτον ἐδιδάχθης; λέγε.	785
ΣT.	φέρ' ἴδω, τί μέντοι πρώτον ήν; τί πρώτον ήν;	
	τίς ἡν ἐν ἡ ματτόμεθα μέντοι τάλφιτα;	
	οἴμοι, τίς ἡν;	
ΣΩ.	οὐκ ἐς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ,	
	έπιλησμότατον καὶ σκαιότατον γερόντιον;	790
ZT.	οἴμοι, τί οὖν δηθ' ὁ κακοδαίμων πείσομαι;	100
	άπο γάρ ολουμαι μή μαθών γλωττοστροφείν.	
	άλλ', & Νεφέλαι, χρηστόν τι συμβουλεύσατε.	
xo.	ήμεις μέν, ὧ πρεσβῦτα, συμβουλεύομεν,	
	εί σοί τις υίός έστιν έκτεθραμμένος,	70 ×
	πέμπειν έκείνον άντὶ σαυτοῦ μανθάνειν.	795
ĭT.	άλλ' ἔστ' ἔμοιγ' υίος καλός τε κάγαθός.	
	άλλ' οὐκ ἐθέλει γὰρ μανθάνειν, τί ἐγὼ πάθω;	
xo.	σύ δ' ἐπιτρέπεις;	
≱T.		
	κάστ' ἐκ γυναικῶν εὐπτέρων τῶν Κοισύρας.	000
	άτὰρ μέτειμί γ' αὐτόν ἢν δὲ μὴ θέλη,	800
	οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ ἐξελῶ κ τῆς οἰκίας.	
	άλλ' επανάμεινόν μ' όλίγον είσελθών χρόνον.	
	ωσι επαναμείνου με ολίγου είσελοων χρούου.	
xo.	άρ' αἰσθάνει πλεῖστα δι' ήμᾶς ἀγάθ' αὐτίχ' ἔξων [ἀντ.	
	μόνας θεών; ώς	
	έτοιμος ὄδ' ἐστὶν ἄπαντα δρᾶν	
	οσ' αν κελεύης.	
	σὺ δ' ἀνδρὸς ἐκπεπληγμένου καὶ φανερῶς ἐπηρμένου	010
338	γ	910

THE CLOUDS, 782-810

They could not prosecute me were I dead.

so. Nonsense! Be off: I'll try no more to teach you.

sr. Why not? do, please: now, please do, Socrates.

so. Why you forget all that you learn, directly.

Come, say what you learnt first: there's a chance for
you.

ST. Ah! what was first?—Dear me: whatever was it?—
Whatever's that we knead the barley in?—

Bless us, what was it?

so. Be off, and feed the crows, You most forgetful, most absurd old dolt!

st. O me! what will become of me, poor wretch! I'm clean undone: I haven't learnt to speak.— O gracious Clouds, now do advise me something.

CH. Our counsel, ancient friend, is simply this, To send your son, if you have one at home, And let him learn this wisdom in your stead.

sr. Yes! I've a son, quite a fine gentleman: But he won't learn, so what am I to do?

CH. What! is he master?

Well: he's strong and vigorous,
And he's got some of the Coesyra blood a within him:
Still I'll go for him, and if he won't come
By all the Gods I'll turn him out of doors.
Go in one moment, I'll be back directly.

CH. Dost thou not see how bounteous we our favours free
Will shower on you,

Since whatsoe'er your will prepare This dupe will do.

But now that you have dazzled and

elated so your man,

^a γυναικών εὐπτέρων, lit. "high-flying women," "full of soaring notions."

γνοὺς ἀπολάψεις, ὅ τι πλεῖστον δύνασαι, ταχέως φιλεῖ γάρ πως τὰ τοιαῦθ᾽ ἐτέρᾳ τρέπεσθαι.

ΣT.	οὖτοι μὰ τὴν 'Ομίχλην ἔτ' ἐνταυθοῖ μενεῖς·	
	άλλ' ἔσθι' ἐλθών τοὺς Μεγακλέους κίονας.	815
ΦEI.	ῶ δαιμόνιε, τί χρημα πάσχεις, ὧ πάτερ;	
	οὐκ εὖ φρονεῖς μὰ τὸν Δία τὸν 'Ολύμπιον.	
ΣT.	ίδού γ' ίδου Δί' 'Ολύμπιον της μωρίας	
	τὸν Δία νομίζειν, ὄντα τηλικουτονί.	
ΦEI.	τί δὲ τοῦτ' ἐγέλασας ἐτεόν;	
ΣT.	ἐ νθυμούμενος	820
	ότι παιδάριον εί καὶ φρονεῖς ἀρχαιικά.	
	όμως γε μὴν πρόσελθ', ἵν' εἰδῆς πλείονα,	
	καί σοι φράσω πραγμ' δ σθ μαθών άνηρ έσει.	
	οπως δε τοῦτο μη διδάξεις μηδένα.	
ΦEI.	ίδού· τί ἔστιν;	
ĭT.	ὤμοσας νυνὶ Δία.	825
ФЕI.	$\check{\epsilon}\gamma\omega\gamma$.	
ΣT.	όρậς οὖν ώς ἀγαθὸν τὸ μανθάνειν;	
	οὐκ ἔστιν, ὧ Φειδιππίδη, Ζεύς.	
ΦEI.	άλλὰ τίς;	
∑T.	Δινος βασιλεύει, τον Δι' έξεληλακώς.	
ΦEI.	αίβοῖ, τί ληρεῖς;	
ĭT.	ἵαθι τοῦθ' οὕτως ἔχον.	
ΦEI.	τίς φησι ταῦτα;	200
ΣT.	Σωκράτης ὁ Μήλιος	830
	καὶ Χαιρεφών, δε οίδε τὰ ψυλλών ίχνη.	
ΦEI.	σὺ δ' εἰς τοσοῦτον τῶν μανιῶν ἐλήλυθας	
	ωστ' ἀνδράσιν πείθει χολωσιν;	
∑T.	εὐστόμει,	
	καὶ μηδὲν εἴπης φλαῦρον ἄνδρας δεξιοὺς	

THE CLOUDS, 811-834

Make haste and seize whate'er you please as quickly as you can, For cases such as these, my friend, are very prone to change and bend. sr. Get out! you shan't stop here: so help me Mist! Be off, and eat up Megacles's columns. PH. How now, my father? what's i' the wind to-day? You're wandering; by Olympian Zeus, you are. ST. Look there! Olympian Zeus! you blockhead you, Come to your age, and yet believe in Zeus! PH. Why prithee, what's the joke? Tis so preposterous ST. When babes like you hold antiquated notions. But come and I'll impart a thing or two, A wrinkle, making you a man indeed. But, mind: don't whisper this to any one. PH. Well, what's the matter? Didn't you swear by Zeus? рн. I did.

ST.

ST.

ST.

See now, how good a thing is learning. There is no Zeus, Pheidippides. PH.

Who then?

Why Vortex reigns, and he has turned out Zeus.

PH. Oh me, what stuff.

Be sure that this is so.

PH. Who says so, pray?

The Melian a—Socrates, ST. And Chaerephon, who knows about the flea-tracks.

PH. And are you come to such a pitch of madness As to put faith in brain-struck men?

ST. O hush! And don't blaspheme such very dexterous men

^a The reference is to Diagoras the Melian, a notorious sceptic (θεομάχος, Schol.); cf. B. 1073.

	καὶ νοῦν ἔχοντας ὧν ὑπὸ τῆς φειδωλίας	835
	ἀπεκείρατ' οὐδεὶς πώποτ' οὐδ' ἠλείψατο	
	οὐδ' εἰς βαλανεῖον ἦλθε λουσόμενος σύ δὲ	
	ωσπερ τεθνεωτός μου καταλούει τὸν βίον.	
	άλλ' ώς τάχιστ' έλθων ύπερ εμοῦ μάνθανε.	
ΦEI.	τί δ' αν παρ' ἐκείνων καὶ μάθοι χρηστόν τις αν;	840
ΣT.	άληθες; οσαπερ έστ' εν άνθρώποις σοφά.	0.10
	γνώσει δε σαυτόν ώς άμαθής εί και παχύς.	
	άλλ' ἐπανάμεινόν μ' ὀλίγον ἐνταυθοῖ χρόνον.	
ΦEI.	οίμοι, τί δράσω παραφρονοῦντος τοῦ πατρός;	
	πότερα παρανοίας αὐτὸν εἰσαγαγών ἔλω,	845
	η τοις σοροπηγοις την μανίαν αὐτοῦ φράσω;	0,10
ΣT.	φέρ' ίδω, σὺ τουτονὶ τί νομίζεις; εἰπέ μοι.	
	άλεκτρυόνα.	
ΣT.	. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
	άλεκτρυόν.	
ĭ.	ἄμφω ταὐτό; καταγέλαστος εἶ.	
	μή νυν τὸ λοιπόν, ἀλλὰ τήνδε μὲν καλεῖν	850
	άλεκτρύαιναν, τουτονὶ δ' άλέκτορα.	
ΦEI.	άλεκτρύαιναν; ταθτ' έμαθες τὰ δεξιὰ	
	είσω παρελθών άρτι παρά τούς γηγενείς;	
ĭT.	χάτερά γε πόλλ' άλλ' ὅ τι μάθοιμ' ἐκάστοτε,	
	έπελανθανόμην αν εὐθὺς ὑπὸ πλήθους ἐτῶν.	855
ΦEI.	διὰ ταῦτα δή καὶ θοἰμάτιον ἀπώλεσας;	000
	άλλ' οὐκ ἀπολώλεκ', άλλὰ καταπεφρόντικα.	
	τὰς δ' ἐμβάδας ποι τέτροφας, ὧνόητε σύ;	
	ωσπερ Περικλέης εἰς τὸ δέον ἀπώλεσα.	
4	άλλ' ίθι, βάδιζ', ἴωμεν· είτα τῷ πατρὶ	860
	πιθόμενος έξάμαρτε κάγώ τοί ποτε	550
	mooperos egupapie kayo 100 1101e	

^a A son might bring an action to declare his father incapable of managing his affairs; cf. Plato, Laws 928 p, and the case of Iophon, son of Sophocles.

THE CLOUDS, 835-861

And sapient too: men of such frugal habits They never shave, nor use your precious ointment, Nor go to baths to clean themselves: but you Have taken me for a corpse and cleaned me out. Come, come, make haste, do go and learn for me.

PH. What can one learn from them that is worth knowing?

sr. Learn! why, whatever's elever in the world:
And you shall learn how gross and dense you are.
But stop one moment: I'll be back directly.

PH. O me! what must I do with my mad father? Shall I indict him for his lunacy,^a Or tell the undertakers of his symptoms?

sr. Now then! you see this, don't you? what do you call it?

PH. That? why a fowl.

sr. Good! now then, what is this?

рн. That's a fowl too.

ST. What both! Ridiculous!

Never say that again, but mind you always
Call this a fowless and the other a fowl.

PH. A fowless! These then are the mighty secrets You have picked up amongst those earth-born fellows.

sr. And lots besides: but everything I learn I straight forget: I am so old and stupid.

PH. And this is what you have lost your mantle for?

sr. It's very absent sometimes b: 'tisn't lost.

PH. And what have you done with your shoes, you dotard you?

sr. Like Pericles, all for the best, I've lost them. Come, come; go with me: humour me in this, And then do what you like. Ah! I remember

δ καταπεφρόντικα, lit. " I have cogitated it away."
ς εls τὸ δέον, " on the needful," a phrase used by Pericles when called to account for money spent " on secret service."

	οἶδ' έξέτει σοι τραυλίσαντι πιθόμενος, ὅν πρῶτον ὀβολὸν ἔλαβον Ἡλιαστικόν,	
	τούτου 'πριάμην σοι Διασίοις άμαξίδα.	
ΦEI.	η μην συ τούτοις τῷ χρόνῳ ποτ' ἀχθέσει.	865
	εὖ γ' ὅτι ἐπείσθης. δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ Σώκρατες,	000
	έξελθ' άγω γάρ σοι τὸν υίὸν τουτονί,	
	ἄκοντ' ἀναπείσας.	
ΣΩ.	νηπύτιος γάρ ἐστ' ἔτι,	
	καὶ τῶν κρεμαθρῶν οὐ τρίβων τῶν ἐνθάδε.	
ФЕІ.	αὐτὸς τρίβων είης ἄν, εἰ κρέμαιό γε.	870
	οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; καταρᾶ σὺ τῷ διδασκάλῳ;	
ΣΩ.	ίδου κρέμαι, ώς ηλίθιον έφθέγξατο	
	καὶ τοῖσι χείλεσιν διερρυηκόσιν.	
	πως αν μάθοι ποθ' οθτος απόφυξιν δίκης	
	η κλησιν η χαύνωσιν άναπειστηρίαν;	875
	καίτοι ταλάντου τοῦτ' ἔμαθεν Υπέρβολος.	
ĭT.	ἀμέλει, δίδασκε· θυμόσοφός ἐστιν φύσει·	
	εὐθύς γέ τοι παιδάριον ὂν τυννουτονὶ	
	ἔπλαττεν ἔνδον οἰκίας, ναῦς τ' ἔγλυφεν,	
	άμαξίδας τε σκυτίνας εἰργάζετο,	880
	κάκ τῶν σιδίων βατράχους ἐποίει πῶς δοκεῖς.	
	όπως δ' ἐκείνω τὼ λόγω μαθήσεται,	
	τὸν κρείττου', ὄστις ἐστί, καὶ τὸν ἥττονα,	
	δς τάδικα λέγων ἀνατρέπει τὸν κρείττονα·	
	έὰν δὲ μή, τὸν γοῦν ἄδικον πάση τέχνη.	885
ΣΩ.	αὐτὸς μαθήσεται παρ' αὐτοῖν τοῖν λόγοιν,	
	έγὼ δ' ἀπέσομαι.	
ĭT.	τοῦτό νυν μέμνησ', ὅπως	
	πρὸς πάντα τὰ δίκαι' ἀντιλέγειν δυνήσεται.	
244	•	

THE CLOUDS, 862-888

How I to humour you, a coaxing baby, With the first obol which my judgeship fetched me Bought you a go-cart at the great Diasia.^a

PH. The time will come when you'll repent of this.

sr. Good boy to obey me. Hallo! Socrates.
Come here; come here; I've brought this son of mine.
Trouble enough, I'll warrant you.

so. Poor infant,
Not yet aware of my suspension-wonders.

PH. You'd make a wondrous piece of ware, suspended.

sr. Hey! Hang the lad! Do you abuse the Master? so. And look, "suthspended!" In what foolish fashion

so. And look, "suthspended!" In what foolish fashior He mouthed the word with pouting lips agape. How can he learn evasion of a suit, Timely citation, damaging replies? Hyperbolus, though, learnt them for a talent.

sr. O never fear! he's very sharp, by nature.

For when he was a little chap, so high,
He used to build small baby-houses, boats,
Go-carts of leather, darling little frogs
Carved from pomegranates, you can't think how
nicely!

So now, I prithee, teach him both your Logics, The Better, as you call it, and the Worse Which with the worse cause can defeat the Better; Or if not both, at all events the Worse.

so. Aye, with his own ears he shall hear them argue. I shan't be there.

But please remember this,
Give him the knack of reasoning down all Justice.

^a Cf. 408 n.
^b Lit. "not versed in (the mysteries of) our baskets"; but 870 $\tau \rho i \beta \omega \nu$ is "a worn-out cloak" which Socrates would look like if hung upon a peg. For his wearing a $\tau \rho i \beta \omega \nu$ cf. Plato, Symp.

219 в.

ΔΙΚ	ΑΙΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ. χώρει δευρί, δεῖξον σαυτόν	
	τοίσι θεαταίς, καίπερ θρασύς ὤν.	890
ΑΔΙΚ	ος Λ. '΄ ἴθ' ὅποι χρήζεις.'' πολύ γὰρ μᾶλλόν σ'	
	έν τοῖς πολλοῖσι λέγων ἀπολῶ.	
ΔI.	ἀπολεῖς σύ; τίς ὤν;	
AΔ.	λόγος.	
ΔI.	ήττων γ' ὤν.	
AΔ.	άλλά σε νικῶ, τὸν ἐμοῦ κρείττω	
	φάσκοντ' εΐναι.	
ΔI.	τί σοφὸν ποιῶν;	895
	γνώμας καινάς έξευρίσκων.	
ΔI.	ταθτα γὰρ ἀνθεῖ διὰ τουτουσὶ	
	τούς ἀνοήτους.	
AΔ.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ σοφούς.	
ΔI.	ἀπολῶ σε κακῶς.	
AΔ.	εἰπέ, τί ποιῶν;	
$\Delta I.$	τὰ δίκαια λέγων.	
AΔ.	άλλ' ἀνατρέψω γ' αὖτ' ἀντιλέγων	900
	οὐδὲ γὰρ εἶναι πάνυ φημὶ δίκην.	
ΔI.	οὐκ εἶναι φής;	
$A\Delta$.	φέρε γάρ, ποῦ 'στιν;	
ΔI.	παρὰ τοῖσι θεοῖς.	
AΔ.	πως δήτα δίκης ούσης δ Ζεύς	
	οὐκ ἀπόλωλεν τὸν πατέρ' αύτοῦ	905
	δήσαs;	
ΔI.	αἰβοῖ, τουτὶ καὶ δὴ	
	χωρεῖ τὸ κακόν δότε μοι λεκάνην.	
AΔ.		
ΔI.	καταπύγων εί καναίσχυντος.	
	ρόδα μ' εἴρηκας.	

 $[^]a$ From the Telephus of Euripides, $i\theta^{\prime}$ ömol conjects \cdot oùk àm- 346

THE CLOUDS, 889-910

RIGHT LOGIC. Come show yourself now

with your confident brow.

-To the stage, if you dare!

WRONG LOGIC. "Lead on where you please:" a

I shall smash you with ease,

If an audience be there.

R.L. You'll smash me, you say! And who are you, pray? W.L. A Logic, like you.

R.L. But the Worst of the two.

w.L. Yet you I can drub whom my Better they dub.

R.L. By what artifice taught?

w.L. By original thought.

R.L. Aye, truly your trade so successful is made. By means of these noodles of ours, I'm afraid.

w.L. Not noodles, but wise.

R.L. I'll smash you and your lies!

w.L. By what method, forsooth?

By speaking the Truth.

w.L. Your words I will meet, and entirely defeat:

There never was Justice or Truth, I repeat.

R.L. No Justice! you say?

R.L.

W.L. Well, where does it stay?

R.L. With the Gods in the air.

w.L. If Justice be there,

How comes it that Zeus could his father reduce, Yet live with their Godships unpunished and loose?

R.L. Ugh! Ugh! These evils come thick,

I feel awfully sick,

A bason, quick, quick!

W.L. You're a useless old drone with one foot in the grave!

R.L. You're a shameless, unprincipled, dissolute knave! W.L. Hey! a rosy festoon.

ολοῦμαι | τῆς σῆς Ἑλένης οὕνεκα, where Agamemnon is quarrelling with Menelaus.

347

ΔI.	καὶ βωμολόχος.	910
AΔ.	κρίνεσι στεφανοῖς.	010
ΔI.	καὶ πατραλοίας.	
AΔ.	χρυσῷ πάττων μ' οὐ γιγνώσκεις.	
ΔI.	οὐ δῆτα πρὸ τοῦ γ', ἀλλὰ μολύβδω.	
AΔ.		
ΔI.	θρασύς εἶ πολλοῦ.	
AA.	σὺ δέ γ' ἀρχαῖος.	915
ΔI.	διὰ σὲ δὲ φοιτᾶν	
	οὐδεὶς ἐθέλει τῶν μειρακίων·	
	καὶ γνωσθήσει ποτ' 'Αθηναίοις	
	οΐα διδάσκεις τοὺς ἀνοήτους.	
AΔ.	αὐχμεῖς αἰσχρῶς.	
ΔI.	σὺ δέ γ' εὖ πράττεις.	920
	καίτοι πρότερόν γ' ἐπτώχευες,	
	Τήλεφος είναι Μυσός φάσκων,	
	έκ πηριδίου	
	γνώμας τρώγων Πανδελετείους.	
	ώμοι σοφίας ής ἐμνήσθης.	925
ΔI.	ώμοι μανίας της σης, πόλεώς θ',	
	ήτις σε τρέφει	
	λυμαινόμενον τοις μειρακίοις.	
	ουχί διδάξεις τοῦτον Κρόνος ὤν.	
ΔI.	είπερ γ' αὐτὸν σωθῆναι χρὴ	930
	καὶ μὴ λαλιὰν μόνον ἀσκῆσαι.	
	δεῦρ' ἴθι, τοῦτον δ' ἔα μαίνεσθαι.	
	κλαύσει, τὴν χεῖρ' ἢν ἐπιβάλλης.	
xo.	παύσασθε μάχης καὶ λοιδορίας.	
	άλλ' ἐπίδειξαι	
	σύ τε τοὺς προτέρους ἄττ' ἐδίδασκες,	935
-		

THE CLOUDS, 910-935

R.L. And a vulgar buffoon!

w.L. What! Lilies from you?

R.L. And a parricide too!

w.L. 'Tis with gold (you don't know it) you sprinkle my head.

R.L. O gold is it now? but it used to be lead!

w.L. But now it's a grace and a glory instead.

R.L. You're a little too bold.

W.L. You're a good deal too old.

R.L. 'Tis through you I well know not a stripling will go To attend to the rules which are taught in the Schools; But Athens one day shall be up to the fools.

w.L. How squalid your dress!

R.L. Yours is fine, I confess.

Yet of old, I declare, but a pauper you were; And passed yourself off, our compassion to draw As a Telephus, (Euripidéan)

Well pleased from a beggarly wallet to gnaw At inanities Pandeletéan.

w.r. O me! for the wisdom you've mentioned in jest!

R.L. O me! for the folly of you, and the rest
Who you to destroy their children employ!

w.L. Him you never shall teach: you are quite out of date.

R.L. If not, he'll be lost, as he'll find to his cost:

Taught nothing by you but to chatter and prate.

W.L. He raves, as you see: let him be, let him be.

R.L. Touch him if you dare! I bid you beware.

ch. Forbear, forbear to wrangle and scold!
Each of you show

You what you taught their fathers of old,

349

^a Telephus in Euripides was introduced as a beggar and so carries a wallet, but here instead of scraps of food he is supposed to have in it sayings which Euripides stole from the scoundrel Pandeletus (συκοφάντης ἣν καὶ φιλόδικος Schol.).

	σύ τε τὴν καινὴν	
	παίδευσιν, ὅπως ἂν ἀκούσας σφῷν	
	ἀντιλεγόντοιν κρίνας φοιτᾶ.	
ΔI.	δρᾶν ταῦτ' ἐθέλω.	
АΔ.	κἄγωγ' ἐθέλω.	
xo.	φέρε δη πότερος λέξει πρότερος;	940
АΔ.	τούτω δώσω:	010
	κατ' έκ τούτων ων αν λέξη	
	ρηματίοισιν καινοῖς αὐτὸν	
	καὶ διανοίαις κατατοξεύσω.	
	τὸ τελευταῖον δ', ἢν ἀναγρύζη,	
	τὸ πρόσωπον ἄπαν καὶ τῶφθαλμὼ	945
	κεντούμενος ὤσπερ ὑπ' ἀνθρηνῶν	0.10
	ύπο των γνωμων απολείται.	
xo.	νῦν δείξετον τὰ πισύνω τοῖς περιδεξίοισι [στρ.	
	λόγοισι καὶ φροντίσι καὶ γνωμοτύποις μερίμναις,	
	λέγων αμείνων πότερος φανήσεται. νῦν γὰρ απας	
	ενθάδε κίνδυνος ανειται σοφίας,	955
	ής πέρι τοις έμοις φίλοις έστιν άγων μέγιστος.	000
	άλλ' ὧ πολλοῖς τοὺς πρεσβυτέρους ήθεσι χρηστοῖς	
	στεφανώσας,	
	ρηξον φωνην ήτινι χαίρεις, καὶ την σαυτοῦ φύσιν	
	$\epsilon i\pi \epsilon$.	960
ΔI.	λέξω τοίνυν την άρχαίαν παιδείαν, ώς διέκειτο,	-
	οτ' έγω τὰ δίκαια λέγων ήνθουν καὶ σωφροσύνη	
	νενόμιστο.	
	πρώτον μεν έδει παιδός φωνήν γρύξαντος μηδέν'	
	ἀκοθσαι·	
	εἶτα βαδίζειν ἐν ταῖσιν όδοῖς εὐτάκτως εἰς κιθα-	
	ρίστοῦ	
	τούς κωμήτας γυμνούς άθρόους, κεί κριμνώδη	
	κατανίφοι.	965
	•	

THE CLOUDS, 936-965

You let us know
Your system untried, that hearing each side
From the lips of the Rivals the youth may decide
To which of your schools he will go.
R.L. This then will I do.
w.L. And so will I too.
ch. And who will put in his claim to begin?
W.L. If he wishes, he may: I kindly give way:
And out of his argument quickly will I
Draw facts and devices to fledge the reply
Wherewith I will shoot him and smite and refute him
And at last if a word from his mouth shall be heard
My sayings like fierce savage hornets shall pierce
His forehead and eyes,
Till in fear and distraction he yields and he—dies!
cH. With thoughts and words and maxims pondered well
Now then in confidence let both begin:
Try which his rival can in speech excel:
Try which this perilous wordy war can win,
Which all my votaries' hopes are fondly centred in
O Thou who wert born our sires to adorn
with characters blameless and fair,
Say on what you please, say on and to these
your glorious Nature declare.
R.L. To hear then prepare of the Discipline rare
which flourished in Athens of yore
When Honour and Truth were in fashion with youth
and Sobriety bloomed on our shore;
First of all the old rule was preserved in our school
that "boys should be seen and not heard:"
And then to the home of the Harpist would come
decorous in action and word
All the lads of one town, though the snow peppered down,
in spite of all wind and all weather:
in space of all wind and all weather.

εἶτ' αὖ προμαθεῖν ἆσμ' ἐδίδασκεν, τὼ μηρὼ μὴ ξυνέχοντας. η " Παλλάδα περσέπολιν δεινάν," η " Τηλέπορόν τι βόαμα," έντειναμένους την άρμονίαν, ην οί πατέρες παρέδωκαν. εί δέ τις αὐτῶν βωμολοχεύσαιτ' ἢ κάμψειέν τινα καμπήν, οίας οί νῦν τὰς κατὰ Φρῦνιν ταύτας τὰς δυσκολοκάμπτους. 971 ἐπετρίβετο τυπτόμενος πολλας ώς τας Μούσας αφανίζων. έν παιδοτρίβου δὲ καθίζοντας τὸν μηρὸν ἔδει προβαλέσθαι τούς παίδας, όπως τοίς έξωθεν μηδέν δείξειαν άπηνές. εἶτ' αὖ πάλιν αὖθις ἀνιστάμενον συμψησαι, καὶ προνοεῖσθαι 975 είδωλον τοίσιν έρασταίσιν της ήβης μη καταλείπειν. ηλείψατο δ' αν τουμφαλού ουδείς παις υπένερθεν τότ' άν, ώστε τοις αιδοίοισι δρόσος και χνους ώσπερ μήλοισιν έπήνθει. οὐδ' ἂν μαλακὴν φυρασάμενος τὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τὸν έραστην αὐτὸς έαυτὸν προαγωγεύων τοῖς ὀφθαλμοῖς ἐβάδιζεν, 980 οὐδ' ἂν έλέσθαι δειπνοῦντ' ἐξῆν κεφάλαιον τῆς ῥαφανῖδος, οὐδ' ἄννηθον τῶν πρεσβυτέρων άρπάζειν οὐδὲ σέλινον, οὐδ' ὀψοφαγεῖν, οὐδὲ κιχλίζειν, οὐδ' ἴσχειν τὼ πόδ'

ἐναλλάξ.

^a ἐντειναμένους τ. ά., "strenuously raising the air or tune." The phrase "involves the idea of stretching out so as to keep the 352

THE CLOUDS, 966-983

And they sang an o		
not sh	ambling with thig	hs glued together:
" O the dread shout o	f War how it peals	from afar,"
	or " Pallas	the Stormer adore,"
To some manly old a	air all simple and	bare a
		ad chanted before.
And should anyone		
•		ate twistings to fill,
Such as Phrynis is fa		
J		to quaver and trill,
Many stripes would	he feel in return f	or his zeal.
,		nuine Music a foe.
And every one's thig		
,		oe drilled in a row,
So that nothing the		
6		nger might meet;
And then with their ha	and they would sm	ooth down the sand
		se from their seat,
To leave not a trace	of themselves in t	he place
		lant lover to view.
They never would so		
•		artificial and true.
Nor tempered their t		
		lovers addressed:
Nor laid themselves o	ut, as they strutte	ed about.
		esires of the rest :
Nor would anyone da	re such stimulant	fare
,		he radish to wish:
Nor to make over bol	d with the food of	the old.
	the anise, and	parsley, and fish:
Nor dainties to quaff,	nor giggle and la	igh,
•	nor foot wit	hin foot to enfold.
ine straight and tight;		
he next line": R.	1015 1010100 01	water too water its III
VOL. I	2 A	353

ΑΔ. ἀρχαῖά γε καὶ Διπολιώδη καὶ τεττίγων ἀνάμεστα, καὶ Κηκείδου καὶ Βουφονίων.
 ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὖν ταῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐκεῖνα, 985 ἐξ ὧν ἄνδρας Μαραθωνομάχους ἡμὴ παίδευσις

εξ ων ανορας Μαρασωνομαχους ημη παίδευσις ἔθρεψεν. σὺ δὲ τοὺς νῦν εὐθὺς ἐν ἱματίοισι διδάσκεις

έντετυλίχθαι.

ώστε μ' ἀπάγχεσθ', ὅταν ὀρχεῖσθαι Παναθηναίοις δέον αὐτοὺς

τὴν ἀσπίδα τῆς κωλῆς προέχων ἀμελῆ τῆς Τριτογενείας.

πρὸς ταῦτ⁵, ὧ μειράκιον, θαρρῶν ἐμὲ τὸν κρείττω λόγον αἷροῦ·

πογον αιρου κάπιστήσει μισεῖν ἀγορὰν καὶ βαλανείων ἀπέχεσθαι καὶ τοῖς αἰσχροῖς αἰσχύνεσθαι, κἂν σκώπτη τίς σε,

φλέγεσθαι· καὶ τῶν θάκων τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις ὑπανίστασθαι

προσιοῦσιν,

καὶ μὴ περὶ τοὺς σαυτοῦ γονέας σκαιουργεῖν, ἄλλο τε μηδὲν

αἰσχρὸν ποιείν, ὅτι τῆς Αἰδοῦς μέλλεις τἄγαλμ' ἀναπλάττειν:

μηδ' εἰς ὀρχηστρίδος εἰσάττειν, ἵνα μὴ πρὸς ταῦτα κεχηνώς,

μήλω βληθείς ὑπὸ πορνιδίου, τῆς εὐκλείας ἀποθραυσθῆς·

υραυσυης· μηδ' ἀντειπεῖν τῷ πατρὶ μηδέν, μηδ' Ἰαπετὸν

καλέσαντα

^a The Διπόλεια was a festival of great antiquity, at which the

THE CLOUDS, 984-998

w.L. Faugh! this smells very strong of some musty old song, a and Chirrupers mounted in gold; And Slaughter of beasts, and old-fashioned feasts. Yet these are the precepts which taught R.L. The heroes of old to be hardy and bold, and the Men who at Marathon fought! But now must the lad from his boyhood be clad in a Man's all-enveloping cloak: So that, oft as the Panathenaea returns, I feel myself ready to choke When the dancers go by with their shields to their not caring for Pallas a jot. thigh, You therefore, young man, choose me while you can; cast in with my Method your lot; And then you shall learn the forum to spurn, and from dissolute baths to abstain. And fashions impure and shameful abjure, and scorners repel with disdain: And rise from your chair if an elder be there. and respectfully give him your place, And with love and with fear your parents revere, and shrink from the brand of Disgrace, And deep in your breast be the Image impressed of Modesty, simple and true, Nor resort any more to a dancing-girl's door, nor glance at the harlotry crew, Lest at length by the blow of the Apple they throw o from the hopes of your Manhood you fall. Nor dare to reply when your Father is nigh, nor "musty old Japhet" to call

A regular form of love-challenge; cf. Virg. Ecl. iii. 64.

b i.e. he is not hardy enough to go without it; the reverse of $\gamma \nu \mu \nu \sigma \dot{\nu} \sigma \dot{\nu}$

	1/0
ΑΔ.	μνησικακήσαι τὴν ἡλικίαν, ἐξ ἦs ἐνεοττοτροφήθης. εἰ ταῦτ', ὧ μειράκιον, πείσει τούτῳ, νὴ τὸν
	Διόνυσον
	τοις Ίπποκράτους υιέσιν είξεις, καί σε καλούσι
	βλιτομάμμαν.
ΔI.	άλλ' οὖν λιπαρός γε καὶ εὐανθὴς ἐν γυμνασίοις
	διατρίψεις,
	οὐ στωμύλλων κατὰ τὴν ἀγορὰν τριβολεκτράπελ', οἶάπερ οἱ νῦν,
	οὐδ' έλκόμενος περὶ πραγματίου γλισχραντιλογεξ- επιτρίπτου
	άλλ' είς 'Ακαδήμειαν κατιών ύπο ταις μορίαις
	άποθρέξει
	στεφανωσάμενος καλάμω λευκώ μετὰ σώφρονος
	ήλικιώτου,
	μίλακος όζων καὶ ἀπραγμοσύνης καὶ λεύκης
	φυλλοβολούσης,
	ήρος εν ωρα χαίρων, οπόταν πλάτανος πτελέα
	ψιθυρίζη.
	ην ταθτα ποιης άγω φράζω,
	καὶ πρὸς τούτοις προσέχης τὸν νοῦν, 1010
	έξεις ἀεὶ στηθος λιπαρόν,
	χροιάν λαμπράν, ὤμους μεγάλους,
	γλωτταν βαιάν, πυγήν μεγάλην,
	πόσθην μικράν.
	ην δ' ἄπερ οι νῦν ἐπιτηδεύης, 1015
	πρῶτα μὲν έξεις χροιὰν ἀχράν,
	ώμους μικρούς, στηθος λεπτόν,
	γλώτταν μεγάλην, πυγήν μικράν,
	your as preyoning, notify purpus,

^a Lit. "sons" but υἰέσιν is to be read as ὑσίν, and the Scholiast says they were ὑώδεις τινὲς καὶ ἀπαίδευτοι. Hippocrates 356

THE CLOUDS, 999-1018

In your malice and rage that Sacred Old Age

which lovingly cherished your youth. w.L. Yes, yes, my young friend, if to him you attend, by Bacchus I swear of a truth You will scarce with the sty a of Hippocrates vie, as a mammy-suck known even there! R.L. But then you'll excel in the games you love well, all blooming, athletic and fair: Not learning to prate as your idlers debate with marvellous prickly dispute, Nor dragged into Court day by day to make sport in some small disagreeable suit: But you will below to the Academe b go, and under the olives contend With your chaplet of reed, in a contest of speed with some excellent rival and friend: All fragrant with woodbine and peaceful content, and the leaf which the lime blossoms fling, When the plane whispers love to the elm in the grove in the beautiful season of Spring. If then you'll obey and do what I say, And follow with me the more excellent way, Your chest shall be white, your skin shall be bright, Your arms shall be tight, your tongue shall be slight, And everything else shall be proper and right. But if you pursue what men nowadays do, You will have, to begin, a cold pallid skin, Arms small and chest weak, tongue practised to

is generally identified with an Athenian general who was slain in the battle of Delium.

speak,

^b Three-quarters of a mile N.W. of Athens; identified later with the school of Plato.

κωλῆν μεγάλην, ψήφισμα μακρόν, καί σ' ἀναπείσει τὸ μὲν αἰσχρὸν ἄπαν καλὸν ἡγεῖσθαι, 1020 τὸ καλὸν δ' αἰσχρόν· καὶ πρὸς τούτοις τῆς 'Αντιμάχου καταπυγοσύνης σ' ἀναπλήσει.

Χο. ὧ καλλίπυργον σοφίαν κλεινοτάτην ἐπασκῶν, [ἀντ. ὡς ἡδύ σου τοῖσι λόγοις σῶφρον ἔπεστιν ἄνθος. εὐδαίμονες δ' ἦσαν ἄρ' οἱ ζῶντες ὅτ' ἦς τῶν προτέρων.
 πρὸς οὖν τάδ', ὧ κομψοπρεπῆ μοῦσαν ἔχων, 10% δεῖ σε λέγειν τι καινόν, ὡς εὐδοκίμηκεν ἀνήρ.

δεί σε λέγειν τι καινόν, ως ευδοκιμηκεν άνήρ. δεινών δέ σοι βουλευμάτων ἔοικε δεΐν πρὸς αὐτόν, εἴπερ τὸν ἄνδρ' ὑπερβαλεῖ καὶ μὴ γέλωτ' ὀφλήσεις. 1035

ΑΔ. καὶ μὴν ἔγωγ' ἐπνιγόμην τὰ σπλάγχνα, κἀπεθύμουν ἄπαντα ταῦτ' ἐναντίαις γνώμαισι συνταράξαι. ἐγὰ γὰρ ἤττων μὲν λόγος δι' αὐτὸ τοῦτ' ἐκλήθην ἐν τοῦσι φροντισταῦσιν, ὅτι πρώτιστος ἐπενόησο τοῦσιν νόμοις καὶ ταῦς δίκαις τἀναντί' ἀντιλέξαι. 1040 καὶ τοῦτο πλεῦν ἢ μυρίων ἔστ' ἄξιον στατήρων, αἱρούμενον τοὺς ἦττονας λόγους ἔπειτα νικᾶν.

a Some unknown effeminate.

THE CLOUDS, 1019-1042

Special laws very long, and the symptoms all strong

Which show that your life is licentious and wrong. And your mind he'll prepare so that foul to be fair And fair to be foul you shall always declare; And you'll find yourself soon, if you listen to him,

And you'll find yourself soon, if you listen to him, With the filth of Antimachus a filled to the brim!

CH. O glorious Sage! with loveliest Wisdom teeming!
Sweet on thy words does ancient Virtue rest!
Thrice happy they who watched thy Youth's bright beaming!

Thou of the vaunted genius, do thy best;

This man has gained applause: His Wisdom stands confessed.

And you with clever words and thoughts must needs your case adorn

Else he will surely win the day, and you retreat with scorn.

w.L. Aye, say you so? why I have been

half-burst; I do so long

To overthrow his arguments

with arguments more strong.

I am the Lesser Logic? True:

these Schoolmen call me so,

Simply because I was the first

of all mankind to show

How old established rules and laws

might contradicted be:

And this, as you may guess, is worth

a thousand pounds to me,

To take the feebler cause, and yet

to win the disputation.

σκέψαι δὲ τὴν παίδευσιν ἢ πέποιθεν ὡς ἐλέγξω· ὅστις σε θερμῷ φησι λοῦσθαι πρῶτον οὐκ ἐάσειν. καίτοι τίνα γνώμην ἔχων ψέγεις τὰ θερμὰ λουτρά; 1045

ΔΙ. ότιὴ κάκιστόν ἐστι καὶ δειλὸν ποιεῖ τὸν ἄνδρα.

ΑΔ. ἐπίσχες· εὐθὺς γάρ σε μέσον ἔχω λαβὼν ἄφυκτον.
 καί μοι φράσον, τῶν τοῦ Διὸς παίδων "τίν' ἄνδρ'
 ἄριστον "

ψυχὴν νομίζεις, εἰπέ, καὶ πλείστους πόνους πονῆσαι;

ΔΙ. έγω μεν οὐδέν 'Ηρακλέους βελτίον' ἄνδρα κρίνω. 1050

ΑΔ. ποῦ ψυχρὰ δῆτα πώποτ' εἶδες 'Ηράκλεια λουτρά;
 καίτοι τίς ἀνδρειότερος ἦν;

ΔΙ. ταῦτ' ἐστὶ ταῦτ' ἐκεῖνα,
ἃ τῶν νεανίσκων ἀεὶ δι' ἡμέρας λαλούντων
πλῆρες τὸ βαλανεῖον ποιεῖ, κενὰς δὲ τὰς παλαίστρας.

ΑΔ. εἶτ' ἐν ἀγορῷ τὴν διατριβὴν ψέγεις, ἐγὼ δ' ἐπαινῶ. 1055
 εἰ γὰρ πονηρὸν ἢν, "Ομηρος οὐδέποτ' ἂν ἐποίει
 τὸν Νέστορ' ἀγορητὴν ἂν οὐδὲ τοὺς σοφοὺς
 ἄπαντας.

ανειμι δητ' έντεῦθεν είς την γλωτταν, ην όδι μέν ου φησι χρηναι τοὺς νέους ἀσκεῖν, ἐγὼ δὲ φημί.

a "Athena made warm baths spring at Thermopylae for Heracles when very weary": Schol.
 b He is λιγὸς Πυλίων ἀγορητής, Il. i. 248, iv. 293.

THE CLOUDS, 1043-1059

	And mark me now, how I'll confute
	his boasted Education!
	You said that always from warm baths
	the stripling must abstain:
	Why must he? on what grounds do you
	of these warm baths complain?
R.L.	Why, it's the worst thing possible,
	it quite unstrings a man.
w.L.	Hold there: I've got you round the waist:
	escape me if you can.
	And first: of all the sons of Zeus
	which think you was the best?
	Which was the manliest? which endured
	more toils than all the rest?
R.T.	Well, I suppose that Heracles
2-12-1	was bravest and most bold.
w.t.	And are the baths of Heracles
.,	so wonderfully cold? a
	Aha! you blame warm baths, I think.
R.L.	This, this is what they say:
10121	This is the stuff our precious youths
	are chattering all the day!
	This is what makes them haunt the baths,
	and shun the manlier Games!
307 Y.	Well then, we'll take the Forum next:
W .L.	I praise it, and he blames.
	But if it was so bad, do you think
	old Homer would have made
	Nestor b and all his worthies ply
	a real forensic trade?
	Well: then he says a stripling's tongue
	should always idle be:
	I say it should be used of course:
	so there we disagree.

καὶ σωφρονεῖν αὖ φησὶ χρῆναι· δύο κακὼ μεγίστω. 1060 ἐπεὶ σὺ διὰ τὸ σωφρονεῖν τῷ πώποτ' εἶδες ἤδη ἀγαθόν τι γενόμενον, φράσον, καί μ' ἐξέλεγξον εἰπών.

- ΔΙ. πολλοῖς. ὁ γοῦν Πηλεὺς ἔλαβε διὰ τοῦτο τὴν μάχαιραν.
- ΑΔ. μάχαιραν; ἀστεῖόν γε κέρδος ἔλαβεν ὁ κακοδαίμων.
 Ὑπέρβολος δ' ούκ τῶν λύχνων πλεῖν ἢ τάλαντα
 πολλὰ

εἴληφε διὰ πονηρίαν, ἀλλ' οὐ μὰ Δί' οὐ μάχαιραν.

- ΔΙ. καὶ τὴν Θέτιν γ' ἔγημε διὰ τὸ σωφρονεῖν ὁ Πηλεύς.
- ΑΔ. κἆτ' ἀπολιποῦσά γ' αὐτὸν ὤχετ' · οὐ γὰρ ἢν ὑβριστὴς οὐδ' ἡδὺς ἐν τοῖς στρώμασιν τὴν νύκτα παννυχίζειν · γυνὴ δὲ σιναμωρουμένη χαίρει · σὺ δ' εἶ κρόνιππος. 1070 σκέψαι γάρ, ὧ μειράκιον, ἐν τῷ σωφρονεῖν ἄπαντα ἄνεστιν, ἡδονῶν θ' ὄσων μέλλεις ἀποστερεῖσθαι, παίδων, γυναικῶν, κοττάβων, ὄψων, πότων, κιχλισμῶν.

καίτοι τί σοι ζῆν ἄξιον, τούτων ἐὰν στερηθῆς; εἶεν. πάρειμ' ἐντεῦθεν ἐς τὰς τῆς φύσεως ἀνάγκας. 1075 ἤμαρτες, ἠράσθης, ἐμοίχευσάς τι, κἦτ' ἐλήφθης· ἀπόλωλας· ἀδύνατος γὰρ εἶ λέγειν. ἐμοὶ δ' ὁμιλῶν,

^a Given to him by the gods when made an outcast because of his rejecting the advances of the wife of Acastus; cf. Hor. Od. iii. 7. 17.

THE CLOUDS, 1060-1077

And next he says you must be chaste. A most preposterous plan! Come, tell me did you ever know one single blessed man Gain the least good by chastity? come, prove I'm wrong: make haste. R.L. Yes, many, many! Peleus gained a sword a by being chaste. w.L. A sword indeed! a wondrous meed the unlucky fool obtained. Hyperbolus the Lamp-maker hath many a talent gained By knavish tricks which I have taught: but not a sword, no, no! R.L. Then Peleus did to his chaste life the bed of Thetis owe. w.L. And then she cut and ran away! for nothing so engages A woman's heart as forward warmth. old shred of those dark Ages! For take this chastity, young man: sift it inside and out: Count all the pleasures, all the joys, it bids you live without: No kind of dames, no kind of games, no laughing, feasting, drinking,-Why, life itself is little worth without these joys, I'm thinking. Well, I must notice now the wants by Nature's self implanted; You love, seduce, you can't help that, you're caught, convicted. Granted. You're done for; you can't say one word: while if you follow me

	χρῶ τῆ φύσει, σκίρτα, γέλα, νόμιζε μηδὲν αἰσχρόν.	
	μοιχός γάρ ἢν τύχης άλούς, τάδ' ἀντερεῖς πρὸς	
	αὐτόν,	
	ώς οὐδὲν ἠδίκηκας εἶτ' εἰς τὸν Δί' ἐπανενεγκεῖν,	1080,
	κάκεινος ως ήττων έρωτός έστι και γυναικών.	
	καίτοι σὺ θνητὸς ὢν θεοῦ πῶς μεῖζον ἂν δύναιο;	
ΔI.	τί δ' ἢν ῥαφανιδωθῆ πιθόμενός σοι τέφρα τε τιλθῆ;	
	έξει τινά γνώμην λέγειν, το μη ευρύπρωκτος είναι;	1
АΔ.	ην δ' εὐρύπρωκτος ή, τί πείσεται κακόν;	1085
ΔI.	τί μεν οὖν αν έτι μεῖζον πάθοι τούτου ποτέ;	'
АΔ.	τί δητ' ἐρεῖς, ην τοῦτο νικηθης ἐμοῦ;	
ΔI.	σιγήσομαι. τί δ' ἄλλο;	
AΔ.	φέρε δή μοι φράσον	
	συνηγοροῦσιν ἐκ τίνων;	
ΔI.	έξ εὐρυπρώκτων.	
AΔ.	πείθομαι.	1090
	τί δαί; τραγωδοῦσ' ἐκ τίνων;	
ΔI.	έξ εὐρυπρώκτων.	
AΔ.	εὖ λέγεις.	
	δημηγοροῦσι δ' ἐκ τίνων;	
Δ1.	έξ εὐρυπρώκτων.	
AΔ.	άρα δητ'	
	έγνωκας ώς οὐδèν λέγεις;	1095
	καὶ τῶν θεατῶν ὁπότεροι	
	πλείους σκόπει.	
ΔΙ.	καὶ δή σκοπῶ.	
AΔ.	$ au$ ί δ $\hat{\eta}$ θ $^{\circ}$ δρ \hat{q}_S ;	

^a Punishments of those taken in adultery: ραφανίδας λαμβάνοντες καθίεσαν είς τους πρωκτούς αὐτῶν, και παρατίλλοντες αὐτούς τέφραν θερμὴν ἐπέπασσον: Schol.

THE CLOUDS, 1078-1098

Indulge your genius, laugh and quaff, hold nothing base to be. Why if you're in adultery caught, your pleas will still be ample: You've done no wrong, you'll say, and then bring Zeus as your example. He fell before the wondrous powers by Love and Beauty wielded: And how can you, the Mortal, stand, where He, the Immortal, yielded? Aye, but suppose in spite of all, he must be wedged and sanded.a Won't he be probed, or else can you prevent it? now be candid. And what's the damage if it should be so? w.t. What greater damage can the young man know? R.L. What will you do, if this dispute I win? W.L. I'll be for ever silent. R.L. Good, begin. W.L. The Counsellor: from whence comes he? From probed adulterers. R.L. I agree. W.L. The Tragic Poets: whence are they? From probed adulterers. R.L. So I say. W.L. The Orators: what class of men? All probed adulterers. R.L. Right again. W.L. You feel your error, I'll engage, But look once more around the stage, Survey the audience, which they be, Probed or not Probed. I see, I see. R.L. Well, give your verdict. W.L.

πολύ πλείονας, νή τούς θεούς, ΔΙ. τούς εὐρυπρώκτους τουτονί νοῦν οἶδ' ἐνώ κάκεινονὶ καὶ τὸν κομήτην τουτονί. τί δητ' έρεις;

1100

АΔ. ۸ĭ.

ήττήμεθ', ὧ κινούμενοι, ποὸς τῶν θεῶν δέξασθέ μου θοιμάτιον, ώς έξαυτομολώ πρός ύμας.

ΣΩ. τί δήτα; πότερα τοῦτον ἀπάγεσθαι λαβών Βούλει τὸν υίόν, ἢ διδάσκω σοι λέγειν;

1105

Στ. δίδασκε καὶ κόλαζε, καὶ μέμνησ' ὅπως εθ μοι στομώσεις αὐτόν, ἐπὶ μὲν θἄτερα οΐαν δικιδίοις, την δ' έτέραν αὐτοῦ γνάθον στόμωσον οΐαν ές τὰ μείζω πράγματα.

1110

ΣΩ αμέλει, κομιεί τοῦτον σοφιστήν δεξιόν. ΣΤ. ώχρον μεν οθν έγωγε και κακοδαίμονα.

ΧΟ. χωρεῖτέ νυν. οἶμαι δέ σοι ταῦτα μεταμελήσειν. τούς κριτάς ἃ κερδανοῦσιν, ήν τι τόνδε τὸν χορὸν 1115 ωφελώσ' εκ των δικαίων, βουλόμεσθ' ήμεις φράσαι. πρώτα μέν γάρ, ην νεᾶν βούλησθ' έν ώρα τούς άγρούς.

ύσομεν πρώτοισιν ύμιν, τοίσι δ' άλλοις υστερον. είτα τὸν καρπόν τε καὶ τὰς ἀμπέλους φυλάξομεν, ώστε μήτ' αὐχμὸν πιέζειν μήτ' ἄγαν ἐπομβρίαν. 11201 ην δ' ατιμάση τις ήμας θνητός ών ούσας θεάς.

a The two Logics go out, and enter Socrates from the Phrontisterium and Strepsiades from his own house to see how his son's education has been progressing. During the interval of the Chorus (1114-1130) that education is supposed to be completing. 366

THE CLOUDS, 1098-1121

It must go R.L. For probed adulterers: him I know, And him, and him: the Probed are most. How stand we then? W.L. I own, I've lost. R.L. O Cinaeds, Cinaeds, take my robe! Your words have won, to you I run To live and die with glorious Probe ! a so. Well, what do you want? to take away your son At once, or shall I teach him how to speak? sr. Teach him, and flog him, and be sure you well Sharpen his mother wit, grind the one edge Fit for my little law-suits, and the other, Why, make that serve for more important matters. so. Oh, never fear! He'll make a splendid sophist. st. Well, well, I hope he'll be a poor pale rascal.

CH. Go: but in us the thought is strong,
you will repent of this ere long.
Now we wish to tell the Judges
all the blessings they shall gain
If, as Justice plainly warrants,
we the worthy prize obtain.
First, whenever in the Season
ye would fain your fields renew,
All the world shall wait expectant

till we've poured our rain on you:

Then of all your crops and vineyards

we will take the utmost care

So that neither drought oppress them,

nor the heavy rain impair.

But if anyone amongst you

dare to treat our claims with scorn,

προσεχέτω τὸν νοθν, πρὸς ἡμῶν οἶα πείσεται κακά, λαμβάνων οὖτ' οἶνον οὖτ' ἄλλ' οὐδὲν ἐκ τοῦ χωρίου. ήνίκ' αν γάρ αι τ' έλααι βλαστάνωσ' αι τ' άμπελοι. αποκεκόψονται· τοιαύταις σφενδόναις παιήσομεν. 1195 ην δε πλινθεύοντ' ίδωμεν, υσομεν καὶ τοῦ τέγους τον κέραμον αὐτοῦ χαλάζαις στρογγύλαις συντρίψομεν.

καν γαμή ποτ' αὐτὸς η των ξυγγενών η των φίλων, ύσομεν την νύκτα πάσαν ωστ' ίσως βουλήσεται καν έν Αἰγύπτω τυχείν ων μαλλον η κρίναι κακως. 1130

1135

ΣΤ. πέμπτη, τετράς, τρίτη, μετὰ ταύτην δευτέρα, είθ' ην εγώ μάλιστα πασών ήμερών δέδοικα καὶ πέφρικα καὶ βδελύττομαι, εὐθὺς μετὰ ταύτην ἔσθ' ἔνη τε καὶ νέα. πᾶς γάρ τις όμνυσ', οἷς ὀφείλων τυγχάνω, θείς μοι πρυτανεί' ἀπολεῖν μέ φησι κάξολεῖν, έμοῦ μέτρι' ἄττα καὶ δίκαι' αἰτουμένου. " ὧ δαιμόνιε, τὸ μέν τι νυνὶ μὴ λάβης, τὸ δ' ἀναβαλοῦ μοι, τὸ δ' ἄφες,' οῦ φασίν ποτε οῦτως ἀπολήψεσθ', ἀλλὰ λοιδοροῦσί με 1140 ώς ἄδικός είμι, καὶ δικάσεσθαί φασί μοι. νῦν οὖν δικαζέσθων ολίγον γάρ μοι μέλει, είπερ μεμάθηκεν εδ λέγειν Φειδιππίδης.

a i.e. from the end of the month, when interest became due. b "When the Greek year was lunar, the months were alternately thirty and twenty-nine days each, so that the new Moon (the moon's orbit being 291 days) always fell on the last day of the month. Hence that day was called the Old-and-New, because at the beginning of the day the moon was still on the wane, but before the close had begun to wax again ": R. <u> </u>ያ68

THE CLOUDS, 1122-1143

Mortal he, the Clouds immortal,

better had he ne'er been born!

He from his estates shall gather

neither corn, nor oil, nor wine,

For whenever blossoms sparkle

on the olive or the vine

They shall all at once be blighted:

we will ply our slings so true.

And if ever we behold him

building up his mansions new,

With our tight and nipping hailstones

we will all his tiles destroy.

But if he, his friends or kinsfolk,

would a marriage-feast enjoy,

All night long we'll pour in torrents:

so perchance he'll rather pray

To endure the drought of Egypt,

than decide amiss to-day!

The fifth, at the fourth, the third, and then the second, And then that day which more than all the rest I loathe and shrink from and abominate, Then comes at once that hateful Old-and-New day. And every single blessed dun has sworn He'll stake his gage, and ruin and destroy me. And when I make a modest small request, "O my good friend, part don't exact at present, And part defer, and part remit," they swear So they shall never touch it, and abuse me As a rank swindler, threatening me with actions. Now let them bring their actions! Who's afraid?

Not I: if these have taught my son to speak.

[•] The sum deposited with the $\pi \rho \nu r d \nu \epsilon \iota s$ before commencing an action.

τάχα δ' είσομαι κόψας τὸ φροντιστήριον. παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ παῖ. Στρεψιάδην ἀσπάζομαι. ΣΩ. 1145 Στ. κάγωγέ σ'. άλλά τουτονί πρώτον λαβέ. χρη γάρ ἐπιθαυμάζειν τι τὸν διδάσκαλον. καί μοι τον υίον, εί μεμάθηκε τον λόγον έκεινον, είφ', ον άρτίως εισήγαγες. μεμάθηκεν. εὖ γ', ὧ παμβασίλει' 'Απαιόλη. ΣT. 1150 ωστ' ἀποφύγοις αν ήντιν' αν βούλη δίκην. ΣΩ. ΣΤ. κεί μάρτυρες παρήσαν, ὅτ' ἐδανειζόμην; πολλώ γε μαλλον, κάν παρώσι χίλιοι. $\Sigma\Omega$ " βοάσομαί τάρα τὰν ὑπέρτονον ΣT. βοάν." ἰώ, κλάετ' ὧβολοστάται, 1155 αὐτοί τε καὶ τάρχαῖα καὶ τόκοι τόκων. οὐδεν γὰρ ἄν με φλαῦρον ἐργάσαισθ' ἔτι. οίος ἐμοὶ τρέφεται τοῖσδ' ἐνὶ δώμασι παῖς, αμφήκει γλώττη λάμπων, 1160 . πρόβολος ἐμός, σωτήρ δόμοις, ἐχθροῖς βλάβη, λυσανίας πατρώων μεγάλων κακῶν• ου κάλεσον τρέχων ένδοθεν ώς έμέ. " ὧ τέκνον, ὧ παῖ, ἔξελθ' οἴκων, ἄϊε'' σοῦ πατρός. 1165 ΣΩ. δδ' ἐκεῖνος ἀνήρ. Στ. ὧ φίλος, ὧ φίλος. άπιθι λαβών τὸν υἱόν. ΣΤ. ἰὼ ἰὼ τέκνον. ιω ιοῦ ιοῦ. 1170 ώς ηδομαί σου πρώτα την χροιάν ίδών.

From the Satyrs of Phrynichus: Schol.

THE CLOUDS, 1144-1171

But here's the door: I'll knock and soon find out. Boy! Ho there, boy!

so. I clasp Strepsiades.

sr. And I clasp you: but take this meal-bag first.
'Tis meet and right to glorify one's Tutors.
But tell me, tell me, has my son yet learnt
That Second Logic which he saw just now?

so. He hath.

sr. Hurrah! great Sovereign Knavery!

so. You may escape whatever suit you please.

st. What, if I borrowed before witnesses?

so. Before a thousand, and the more the merrier.

st. "Then shall my song be loud and deep." Weep, obol-weighers, weep, weep, weep,

Ye, and your principals, and compound interests,

For ye shall never pester me again.

Such a son have I bred, (He is within this door),

Born to inspire my foemen with dread, Born his old father's house to restore:

Keen and polished of tongue is he,

He my Champion and Guard shall be,

He will set his old father free,

Run you, and call him forth to me.

"O my child! O my sweet! come out, I entreat; "Tis the voice" of your sire.

so. Here's the man you require.

sr. Joy, joy of my heart!

so. Take your son and depart.

sr. O come, O come, my son, my son,

O dear! O dear!

O joy, to see your beautiful complexion!

 $^{^{}b}$ A parody of Eur. *Hec.* 172, where Hecuba calls Polyxena from her tent.

	νθν μέν γ' ίδειν εί πρώτον έξαρνητικός	
	κάντιλογικός, καὶ τοῦτο τοὐπιχώριον	
	ἀτεχνῶς ἐπανθεῖ, τὸ τί λέγεις σύ; καὶ δοκεῖν	
	άδικοῦντ' άδικεῖσθαι καὶ κακουργοῦντ' οἶδ' ὅτι.	1175
	έπὶ τοῦ προσώπου τ' ἐστὶν ᾿Αττικὸν βλέπος.	1110
	νῦν οὖν ὅπως σώσεις μ', ἐπεὶ κἀπώλεσας.	
4 TO T		
	φοβεῖ δὲ δὴ τί; τὴν ἕνην τε καὶ νέαν.	
∑T.		
ΦEI.	ένη γάρ έστι καὶ νέα τις ήμέρα;	
∑T.	είς ήν γε θήσειν τὰ πρυτανεῖά φασί μοι.	1180
ФEI.	ἀπολοῦσ' ἄρ' αὐθ' οἱ θέντες οὐ γὰρ ἔσθ' ὅπως	
	μί' ήμέρα γένοιτ' ἂν ήμέραι δύο.	
ĭT.	ουκ αν γένοιτο;	
ФEI.	πως γάρ; εἰ μή πέρ γ' ἄμα	
	αύτη γένοιτ' αν γραθς τε και νέα γυνή.	
ΣT.	καὶ μὴν νενόμισταί γ'.	
ΦEI.	οὐ γάρ, οἶμαι, τὸν νόμον	1185
	ἴσασιν ὀρθῶς ὄ τι νοεῖ.	
ΣT.	νοεῖ δὲ τί;	
ΦEI.	δ Σόλων δ παλαιδς ήν φιλόδημος την φύσιν.	
ΣT.	τουτί μεν οὐδέν πω προς ένην τε καὶ νέαν.	
ΦEI.	έκεινος οθν την κλησιν είς δυ ήμέρας	
	ἔθηκεν, εἴς γε τὴν ἔνην τε καὶ νέαν,	1190
	ιν' αί θέσεις γίγνοιντο τῆ νουμηνία.	
ΣT.	ΐνα δη τί την ένην προσέθηκεν;	
ФEI.	ιν', ὧ μέλε,	
	παρόντες οι φεύγοντες ήμέρα μια	
	πρότερον ἀπαλλάττοινθ' έκόντες, εἰ δὲ μή,	

1195

εωθεν ύπανιῶντο τῆ νουμηνία. Στ. πῶς οὐ δέχονται δῆτα τῆ νουμηνία ἀρχαὶ τὰ πρυτανεί, ἀλλ, ἔνη τε καὶ νέα;

THE CLOUDS, 1172-1198

Ave now you have an aspect Negative And Disputative, and our native query Shines forth there "What d'ye say?" You've the true face

Which rogues put on, of injured innocence. You have the regular Attic look about you. So now, you save me, for 'twas you undid me.

PH. What is it ails you?

Why the Old-and-New day. ST.

PH. And is there such a day as Old-and-New?

ST. Yes: that's the day they mean to stake their gages.

PH. They'll lose them if they stake them. What! do you think

That one day can be two days, both together?

ST. Why, can't it be so?

Surely not; or else PH. A woman might at once be old and young.

Still, the law says so.

True: but I believe PH. They don't quite understand it. ST.

You explain it.

PH. Old Solon had a democratic turn.

sr. Well, but that's nothing to the Old-and-New.

рн. Hence then he fixed that summonses be issued For these two days, the old one and the new one, So that the gage be staked on the New-month.

ST. What made him add "the old" then?

PH. I will tell you. He wished the litigants to meet on that day

And compromise their quarrels: if they could not, Then let them fight it out on the New-month.

st. Why then do Magistrates receive the stakes On the Old-and-New instead of the New-month?

ΦEI.	όπερ οι προτένθαι γάρ δοκοῦσί μοι ποιεῖν·	
	ϊν' ώς τάχιστα τὰ πρυτανεῖ' ὑφελοίατο,	
	διὰ τοῦτο προὐτένθευσαν ἡμέρα μιᾶ.	1200
∑T.	6 3 6 6 / / /0 -0 30/)	
	ημέτερα κέρδη τῶν σοφῶν, ὄντες λίθοι,	
	άριθμός, πρόβατ', άλλως άμφορης νενησμένοι;	
	ωστ' είς έμαυτον καὶ τον υίον τουτονὶ	
	έπ' εὐτυχίαισιν ἀστέον μοὐγκώμιον.	1205
	μάκαρ & Στρεψίαδες,	1200
	αὐτός τ' ἔφυς ώς σοφός,	
	χοίον τον υίον τρέφεις,	- 1
	φήσουσι δή μ' οἱ φίλοι	3
	χοί δημόται	1010
	ζηλοῦντες ἡνίκ' αν σὰ νικᾶς λέγων τὰς δίκας.	1210
	άλλ' εἰσάγων σε βούλομαι πρῶτον έστιᾶσαι.	
TT A 35T	αλλί είσαγαν σε ροσκοριών πρώτον το πιώσαι. ΑΣ. εἶτ' ἄνδρα τῶν αὐτοῦ τι χρὴ προϊέναι;	1
IIA.ZI	οὐδέποτέ γ', ἀλλὰ κρεῖττον ῆν εὐθὺς τότε	'
	απερυθριασαι μαλλον η σχείν πράγματα,	107-
	ότε τῶν ἐμαυτοῦ γ' ἔνεκα νυνὶ χρημάτων	$1215_{ }$
	οτε των εμαστού γ ενέκα νονι χρηματών	
	έλκω σε κλητεύσοντα, καὶ γενήσομαι	
	έχθρος έτι προς τούτοισιν ανδρί δημότη.	
	άτὰρ οὐδέποτέ γε την πατρίδα καταισχυνῶ	1220
	ζων, ἀλλὰ καλοῦμαι Στρεψιάδην.	1220
ĭT.	τίς ούτοσί;	
	ές την ένην τε καὶ νέαν.	
ΣT.	μαρτύρομαι,	
	ότι ες δύ εἶπεν ήμερας. τοῦ χρήματος;	
па.	των δώδεκα μνων, ας έλαβες ωνούμενος	
	τὸν ψαρὸν ἵππον.	
ĭT.	ίππον; οὐκ ἀκούετε,	
	ον πάντες ύμεις ιστε μισουνθ' ίππικήν.	1225
- 4	Apparently persons appointed to taste the yighds to be	

^a Apparently persons appointed to taste the viands to be 374

THE CLOUDS, 1199-1226

PH. Well, I believe they act like the Foretasters.^a
They wish to bag the gage as soon as possible,
And thus they gain a whole day's foretaste of it.

st. Aha! poor dupes, why sit ye mooning there, Game for us Artful Dodgers, you dull stones, You ciphers, lambkins, butts piled up together! Oh! my success inspires me, and I'll sing Glad eulogies on me and thee, my son.

"Man, most blessed, most divine,
What a wondrous wit is thine,
What a son to grace thy line,"
Friends and neighbours day by day
Thus will say,

When with envious eyes my suits they see you win: But first I'll feast you, so come in, my son, come in.

PASIAS.^b What! must a man lose his own property!
No: never, never. Better have refused
With a bold face, than be so plagued as this.
See! to get paid my own just debts, I'm forced
To drag you to bear witness, and what's worse
I needs must quarrel with my townsman here.
Well, I won't shame my country, while I live,
I'll go to law, I'll summon him.

Hallo!

PA. To the next Old-and-New.

ST.

Bear witness, all!
He named two days. You'll summon me; what for?

PA. The fifty pounds I lent you when you bought
That iron-grey.

ST. Just listen to the fellow!

The whole world knows that I detest all horses.

served at a public banquet, to see that everything was well cooked and wholesome.

b Enter Pasias, the creditor mentioned l. 21.

па.	καὶ νὴ Δί' ἀποδώσειν γ' ἐπώμνυς τοὺς θεούς.	
ĭT.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ γάρ πω τότ' έξηπίστατο	
	Φειδιππίδης μοι τον ακατάβλητον λόγον.	
ΠA.	νῦν δὲ διὰ τοῦτ' ἔξαρνος είναι διανοεί;	1230
ĭ.	τί γὰρ ἄλλ' ἂν ἀπολαύσαιμι τοῦ μαθήματος;	
ΠA.	καὶ ταῦτ' ἐθελήσεις ἀπομόσαι μοι τοὺς θεούς;	
ΣT.	ποίους θεούς;	
ПА.	τὸν Δία, τὸν Ἑρμῆν, τὸν Ποσειδῶ.	
∑T.	$\nu \dot{n} \Delta i a$.	
~	καν προσκαταθείην γ', ώστ' ομόσαι, τριώβολον.	1235
па.	απόλοιο τοίνυν ένεκ' αναιδείας έτι.	
ĭT.	άλσὶν διασμηχθεὶς ὄναιτ' ἂν ούτοσί.	
IIA.	οἴμ' ώς καταγελậς.	
ĭIA.	εξ χόας χωρήσεται.	
ПА.	οὔ τοι μὰ τὸν Δία τὸν μέγαν καὶ τοὺς θεοὺς	
IIA.	έμοῦ καταπροίξει.	
wiers	θαυμασίως ήσθην θεοίς,	1240
ĭT.	καὶ Ζεὺς γέλοιος ομνύμενος τοις εἰδόσιν.	********
	η μην συ τούτων τω χρόνω δώσεις δίκην.	
ΠA.	η μην συ τουτών τω χρονώ οωσεις σικήν.	
	άλλ' εἴτ' ἀποδώσεις μοι τὰ χρήματ' εἴτε μή,	
	ἀπόπεμψον ἀποκρινάμενος.	
ĭT.	έχε νυν ήσυχος.	
	έγω γάρ αὐτίκ' ἀποκρινοῦμαί σοι σαφως.	1245
ΠA.	τί σοι δοκεῖ δράσειν;	
MAP		
ĭT.	ποῦ 'σθ' οὖτος άπαιτῶν με τἀργύριον; λέγε,	
	τουτὶ τί ἔστι;	
ΠA.	τοῦθ' ὅ τι ἐστί; κάρδοπος.	
ĭT.	ἔπειτ' ἀπαιτεῖς τἀργύριον τοιοῦτος ὤν;	
	ουκ αν αποδοίην ουδ' αν όβολον ουδενί,	1250
	όστις καλέσειε κάρδοπον την καρδόπην.	

THE CLOUDS, 1227-1251

- PA. I swear you swore by all the Gods to pay me.
- sr. Well, now I swear I won't: Pheidippides
 Has learnt since then the unanswerable Logic.

PA. And will you therefore shirk my just demand?

- st. Of course I will: else why should he have learnt it?
- PA. And will you dare forswear it by the Gods?

sr. The Gods indeed! What Gods?

PA. Poseidon, Hermes, Zeus.

sr. By Zeus I would,
Though I gave twopence halfpenny for the privilege.

PA. O then confound you for a shameless rogue!

- sr. Hallo! this butt should be rubbed down with salt.a
- PA. Zounds! you deride me!
 ST. Why 'twill hold four gallons.
- PA. You 'scape me not, by Mighty Zeus, and all The Gods!
- sr. I wonderfully like the Gods;
 An oath by Zeus is sport to knowing ones.
- PA. Sooner or later you'll repent of this.

 Come do you mean to pay your debts or don't you?

 Tell me, and I'll be off.
- sr. Now do have patience;
 I'll give you a clear answer in one moment.

PA. What do you think he'll do?

WITNESS. I think he'll pay you.

- sr. Where is that horrid dun? O here: now tell me What you call this.
- PA. What I call that? a trough.
- st. Heavens! what a fool: and do you want your money? I'd never pay one penny to a fellow
 Who calls my troughess, trough. So there's your answer.

^a Pasias is apparently "a tun of a man" and wine-skins $(\dot{a}\sigma\kappaol)$ were thus treated.

ПΑ.	οὐκ ἄρ' ἀποδώσεις;	
ĭT.	ούχ, όσον γέ μ' εἰδέναι.	
	οὖκουν ἀνύσας τι θᾶττον ἀπολιταργιεῖς	
	ἀπὸ τῆς θύρας;	
ΠA.	ἄπειμι, καὶ τοῦτ' ἴσθ', ὅτι	
	θήσω πρυτανεί, η μηκέτι ζώην έγώ.	1255
ĭT.	προσαποβαλεῖς ἄρ' αὐτὰ πρὸς ταῖς δώδεκα.	
	καίτοι σε τοῦτό γ' οὐχὶ βούλομαι παθεῖν,	
	ότιὴ 'κάλεσας εὐηθικῶς τὴν κάρδοπον.	
AMY	ΝΙΑΣ. ἰώ μοί μοι.	
XT.	ἔα. τίς ούτοσί ποτ' ἔσθ' ὁ θρηνῶν; οὔ τί που	1260
	τῶν Καρκίνου τις δαιμόνων ἐφθέγξατο;	
AM.	1 00 01 01 01 00 10 1	
mu.	άνηρ κακοδαίμων.	
ΣT.	κατά σεαυτόν νυν τρέπου.	
AM.	" ὧ σκληρὲ δαῖμον, ὧ τύχαι θραυσάντυγες	
WINT.	ίππων έμῶν· " " & Παλλάς, ως μ' ἀπώλεσας."	1005
seinn.	τί δαί σε Τληπόλεμός ποτ' εἴργασται κακόν;	1200
AM.	τὸν υίὸν ἀποδοῦναι κέλευσον ἄλαβεν,	
	άλλως τε μέντοι καὶ κακῶς πεπραγότι.	
ĭT.	τὰ ποῖα ταῦτα χρήμαθ';	
AM.	άδανείσατο.	1270
ΣT.	κακως ἄρ' ὄντως είχες, ως γ' εμοί δοκείς.	
	ίππους ελαύνων εξέπεσον νη τούς θεούς.	
	τί δήτα ληρείς ώσπερ ἀπ' ὄνου καταπεσών;	
AM.	ληρῶ, τὰ χρήματ' ἀπολαβεῖν εἰ βούλομαι;	
ĭT.	οὖκ ἔσθ' ὅπως σύ γ' αὐτὸς ὑγιαίνεις.	

a Enter Amynias, the creditor mentioned l. 31.

THE CLOUDS, 1252-1275

PA. Then you won't pay me?

ST. No, not if I know it.

Come put your best foot forward, and be off:

March off, I say, this instant!

May I die

If I don't go at once and stake my gage!

st. No don't: the fifty pounds are loss enough: And really on my word I would not wish you To lose this too just for one silly blunder.

AMYNIAS. Ah me! Oh! Oh! Oh!

ST. Hallo! who's that making that horrible noise? Not one of Carcinus's snivelling Gods?

Am. Who cares to know what I am? what imports it?

An ill-starred man.

ST. Then keep it to yourself.

AM. "O heavy fate!" "O Fortune, thou hast broken
My chariot wheels!" "Thou hast undone me,
Pallas!" b

sr. How! has Tlepolemus been at you, man?

AM. Jeer me not, friend, but tell your worthy son To pay me back the money which I lent him: I'm in a bad way and the times are pressing.

sr. What money do you mean?

AM. Why what he borrowed.

sr. You are in a bad way, I really think.

AM. Driving my four-wheel out I fell, by Zeus.

sr. You rave as if you'd fall'n times out-of-mind.c

AM. I rave? how so? I only claim my own.

sr. You can't be quite right, surely.

 5 "These lines are from the Licymnius of Xenocles" (Schol.), a son of Carcinus (cf. W. 1511). In the play Tlepolemus accidentally kılls Licymnius.

* ἀπ' ὄνου "from a donkey" can also be read ἀπὸ νοῦ "out of

your mind."

AM.	τί δαί;	1275
ΣT.	τὸν ἐγκέφαλον ὥσπερ σεσεῖσθαί μοι δοκεῖς.	
AM.		,
	εὶ μὴ ἀποδώσεις τάργύριον.	
ĭT.	κάτειπέ νυν,	
	πότερα νομίζεις καινὸν ἀεὶ τὸν Δία	
	ὖειν ὕδωρ έκάστοτ', ἢ τὸν ἥλιον	1280
	έλκειν κάτωθεν ταὐτὸ τοῦθ' ὕδωρ πάλιν;	1200
AM.	οὐκ οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ὁπότερον, οὐδέ μοι μέλει.	
ΣT.	πως οὖν ἀπολαβεῖν τἀργύριον δίκαιος εἶ,	
44.	εί μηδέν οδοθα των μετεώρων πραγμάτων;	
AM.	άλλ' εἰ σπανίζεις τάργυρίου μοι τὸν τόκον	100=
wir.	$d\pi \delta \delta \cos \gamma \epsilon$.	1285
1000	τοῦτο δ' ἔσθ' ὁ τόκος τί θηρίον;	
∑T. AM.	τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἢ κατὰ μῆνα καὶ καθ' ἡμέραν	
AM.	πλέον πλέον τάργύριον ἀεὶ γίγνεται,	
-	ύπορρέοντος τοῦ χρόνου;	
ĭT.	καλῶς λέγεις.	7000
	τί δήτα; την θάλατταν ἔσθ' ὅτι πλείονα	1290
	νυνὶ νομίζεις ἢ πρὸ τοῦ;	
AM.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἴσην.	
	οὐ γὰρ δίκαιον πλείον' εἶναι.	
ĭT.	κἆτα πως	
	αύτη μέν, ὧ κακόδαιμον, οὐδὲν γίγνεται	
	επιρρεόντων των ποταμών πλείων, συ δε	700-
	ζητεις ποιήσαι τάργύριον πλειον το σόν;	1295
	οὐκ ἀποδιώξεις σαυτὸν ἀπὸ τῆς οἰκίας;	
	φέρε μοι τὸ κέντρον.	
AM.	ταθτ' έγω μαρτύρομαι.	
∑T.	υπαγε, τι μέλλεις; ουκ έλας, ω σαμφόρα;	
AM.	ταῦτ' οὐχ ὕβρις δῆτ' ἐστίν;	
ĭT.	ἄξεις; ἐπιαλῶ	
380		

THE CLOUDS, 1275-1299

AM. Why, what mean you?

sr. I shrewdly guess your brain's received a shake.

AM. I shrewdly guess that you'll receive a summons

If you don't pay my money.

Well then, tell me,
Which theory do you side with, that the rain
Falls fresh each time, or that the Sun draws back
The same old rain, and sends it down again?

AM. I'm very sure I neither know nor care.

sr. Not care! good heavens! And do you claim your money,

So unenlightened in the Laws of Nature?

Am. If you're hard up then, pay me back the Interest At least.

sr. Int-er-est? what kind of a beast is that?

AM. What else than day by day and month by month Larger and larger still the silver grows As time sweeps by?

Finely and nobly said.
What then! think you the Sea is larger now
Than 'twas last year?

AM. No surely, 'tis no larger:

It is not right it should be.

And do you then,
Insatiable grasper! when the Sea,
Receiving all these Rivers, grows no larger,
Do you desire your silver to grow larger?
Come now, you prosecute your journey off!
Here, fetch the whip.

AM. Bear witness, I appeal.

st. Be off! what, won't you? Gee up, sigma-brand!

AM. I say! a clear assault!

sr. You won't be off?

	κεντων ύπο τον πρωκτόν σε τον σειραφόρον. φεύγεις; ἔμελλον ἄρα σε κινήσειν ἐγὼ αὐτοις τροχοις τοις σοισι καὶ ξυνωρίσιν.	1300
xo.	οΐον τὸ πραγμάτων ἐρᾶν φλαύρων · ὁ γὰρ [στρ. γέρων ὅδ᾽ ἐρασθεὶς ἀποστερῆσαι βούλεται τὰ χρήμαθ᾽ άδανείσατο · κοὐκ ἔσθ᾽ ὅπως οὐ τήμερον λήψεταί τι πρᾶγμ᾽, ὁ τοῦ-τον ποιήσει τὸν σοφισ-τὴν [γέροντ᾽] ἀνθ᾽ ὧν πανουργεῖν ἤρξατ᾽, ἐξαίφνης κακὸν λαβεῖντι.	1305 1310
	οίμαι γὰρ αὐτόν αὐτίχ' εὐρήσειν ὅπερ [ἀντ. πάλαι ποτ' ἐπήτει, είναι τὸν υἱὸν δεινόν οἱ γνώμας ἐναντίας λέγειν τοῖσιν δικαίοις, ὤστε νι- κᾶν ἄπαντας οἶσπερ ἂν ξυγγένηται, κἂν λέγη παμπόνηρ'.	1315
	ΐσως δ' ΐσως βουλήσεται κἄφωνον αὐτὸν εἶναι.	1320
≊T.	ιού ιού. ὧ γείτονες καὶ ξυγγενεῖς καὶ δημόται, ἀμυνάθετέ μοι τυπτομένω πάση τέχνη. οίμοι κακοδαίμων τῆς κεφαλῆς καὶ τῆς γνάθου. ὧ μιαρέ, τύπτεις τὸν πατέρα;	
ФЕІ. ≱Т. ФЕІ.	φήμ', ὧ πάτερ. δρᾶθ' δμολογοῦνθ' ὅτι με τύπτει. καὶ μάλα.	1325
∑T. 382	ὧ μιαρὲ καὶ πατραλοῖα καὶ τοιχωρύχε.	

THE CLOUDS, 1300-1327

I'll stimulate you; Zeus! I'll goad your haunches. Aha! you run: I thought I'd stir you up You and your phaetons, and wheels, and all!

CH. What a thing it is to long for matters which are wrong!

For you see how this old man

Is seeking, if he can

His creditors trepan:

And I confidently say

That he will this very day

Such a blow

Amid his prosperous cheats receive, that he will deeply deeply grieve.

For I think that he has won what he wanted for his son,
And the lad has learned the way
All justice to gainsay,
Be it what or where it may:
That he'll trump up any tale,
Right or wrong, and so prevail.
This I know.

Yea! and perchance the time will come when he shall wish his son were dumb.

ST. Oh! Oh!

Help! Murder! Help! O neighbours, kinsfolk, townsmen,

Help, one and all, against this base assault, Ah! Ah! my cheek! my head! O luckless me! Wretch! do you strike your father?

PH. Yes, Papa.

sr. See! See! he owns he struck me.

PH. To be sure.

st. Scoundrel! and parricide! and house-breaker!

ΦEI.	αδθίς με ταὐτὰ ταῦτα καὶ πλείω λέγε.	
	άρ' οἶσθ' ὅτι χαίρω πόλλ' ἀκούων καὶ κακά;	
ΣT.	ὧ λακκόπρωκτε.	
ΦEI.	πάττε πολλοῖς τοῖς ῥόδοις.	1330
ΣT.	τὸν πατέρα τύπτεις;	
ΦEI.	κἀποφανῶ γε νὴ Δία	
	ώς εν δίκη σ' έτυπτον.	
ΣT.	ω μιαρώτατε,	
•	καὶ πῶς γένοιτ' ἂν πατέρα τύπτειν ἐν δίκη;	
ΦEI.	έγωγ' ἀποδείξω, καί σε νικήσω λέγων.	
	τουτὶ σὺ νικήσεις;	
ΦEI.	πολύ γε καὶ ραδίως.	1335
. ~	έλοῦ δ' ὁπότερον τοῖν λόγοιν βούλει λέγειν.	
ΣT.	ποίοιν λόγοιν;	
ΦEI.		
	έδιδαξάμην μέντοι σε νη Δί', ὧ μέλε,	
41.	τοῖσιν δικαίοις ἀντιλέγειν, εἰ ταῦτά γε	
	μέλλεις ἀναπείσειν, ώς δίκαιον καὶ καλόν	1340
	τὸν πατέρα τύπτεσθ' ἐστὶν ὑπὸ τῶν υἱέων.	
* FT	άλλ' οιομαι μέντοι σ' άναπείσειν, ώστε γε	
ΦĽI.	ούδ' αὐτὸς ἀκροασάμενος οὐδὲν ἀντερεῖς.	
*******	καὶ μὴν ὅ τι καὶ λέξεις ἀκοῦσαι βούλομαι.	
2T.	και μην ο τι και πεζεις ακουσαι ρουπομαι.	1345
ΨO	σον ἔργον, ὧ πρεσβῦτα, φροντίζειν ὅπη [στρ.	
AU.	τον ἄνδρα κρατήσεις,	
	ώς οὖτος, εἰ μή τω πεποίθειν, οὐκ ἂν ἦν	
	ουτως ακόλαστος.	
		1350
	άλλ' ἔσθ' ὅτω θρασύνεται δῆλόν γε τάν-	1990
	θρώπου 'στὶ τὸ λῆμα.	

άλλ' ἐξ ὅτου τὸ πρῶτον ἤρξαθ' ἡ μάχη γενέσθαι ἤδη λέγειν χρὴ πρὸς χορόν. πάντως δὲ τοῦτο δράσεις.

THE CLOUDS, 1328-1352

PH. Thank you: go on, go on: do please go on.

I am quite delighted to be called such names!

sт. O probed Adulterer.

PH.

Roses from your lips.a

st. Strike you your father?

PH. O dear yes: what's more, I'll prove I struck you justly.

Struck me justly!

Villain! how can you strike a father justly?

PH. Yes, and I'll demonstrate it, if you please.

sr. Demonstrate this?

PH. O yes, quite easily.

Come, take your choice, which Logic do you choose?

sr. Which what?

PH. Logic: the Better or the Worse?

st. Ah, then, in very truth I've had you taught
To reason down all Justice, if you think
You can prove this, that it is just and right
That fathers should be beaten by their sons!
PH. Well, well, I think I'll prove it, if you'll listen,

So that even you won't have one word to answer.

st. Come, I should like to hear what you've to say.

CH. 'Tis yours, old man, some method to contrive
This fight to win:

He would not without arms wherewith to strive So bold have been.

He knows, be sure, whereon to trust. His eager bearing proves he must.

So come and tell us from what cause this sad dispute began; Come, tell us how it first arose:

do tell us if you can.

a Cf. l. 910.

VOL. I 2 C 385

Στ. καὶ μὴν ὅθεν γε πρῶτον ἠρξάμεσθα λοιδορεῖσθαι ἐγὰ φράσω· ἀπειδὴ γὰρ εἰστιώμεθ, ιωσπερ ἴστε, πρῶτον μὲν αὐτὸν τὴν λύραν λαβόντ' ἐγὰ κέλευσα 1355 ᾳσαι Σιμωνίδου μέλος, τὸν Κριόν, ὡς ἐπέχθη. ὁ δ' εὐθέως ἀρχαῖον εἶν' ἔφασκε τὸ κιθαρίζειν ἄδειν τε πίνονθ', ώσπερεὶ κάχρυς γυναῖκ' ἀλοῦσαν.

ΦΕΙ. οὐ γὰρ τότ' εὐθὺς χρῆν σε τύπτεσθαί τε καὶ πατεῖσθαι,

άδειν κελεύονθ', ώσπερεὶ τέττιγας έστιωντα;

Στ. τοιαῦτα μέντοι καὶ τότ' ἔλεγεν ἔνδον, οἶάπερ νῦν, καὶ τὸν Σιμωνίδην ἔφασκ' εἶναι κακὸν ποιητήν. κἀγὼ μόλις μέν, ἀλλ' ὅμως ἠνεσχόμην τὸ πρῶτον. ἔπειτα δ' ἐκέλευσ' αὐτὸν ἀλλὰ μυρρίνην λαβόντα τῶν Αἰσχύλου λέξαι τί μοι·κᾳθ' οὖτος εὐθὺς εἶπεν, 1365

1360

" ἐγὼ γὰρ Αἰσχύλον νομίζω πρῶτον ἐν ποιηταῖς ψόφου πλέων, ἀξύστατον, στόμφακα, κρημνοποιόν;"

κάνταῦθα πῶς οἴεσθέ μου τὴν καρδίαν ὀρεχθεῖν; ὄμως δὲ τὸν θυμὸν δακὼν ἔφην, '' σὰ δ' ἀλλὰ τούτων

Supposed to need no food but to live on dew.

^a Crius was an Aeginetan wrestler on whose defeat at Olympia Simonides wrote an ode beginning "'Επέξαθ' ὁ Κριὸς οὐκ ἀεικέως," with a pun on κριὸς "a ram."

THE CLOUDS, 1353-1369

ST.	Well from the very first I will
	the whole contention show:
	Twas when I went into the house
	to feast him, as you know,
	I bade him bring his lyre and sing,
	the supper to adorn,
	Some lay of old Simonides,
	as, how the Ram was shorn:
	But he replied, to sing at meals
	was coarse and obsolete;
	Like some old beldame humming airs
	the while she grinds her wheat.
DIT	And should you not be thrashed who told
rn.	
	your son, from food abstaining
	To sing! as though you were, forsooth
	cicalas b entertaining.
ST.	You hear him! so he said just now
	or e'er high words began:
	And next he called Simonides
	a very sorry man.
	And when I heard him, I could scarce
	my rising wrath command;
	Yet so I did, and him I bid
	take myrtle in his hand
	And chant some lines from Aeschylus,
	but he replied with ire,
	"Believe me, I'm not one of those
	who Aeschylus admire,
	That rough, unpolished, turgid bard,
	that mouther of bombast!"
	When he said this, my heart began
	to heave extremely fast;
	Yet still I kept my passion down,
	and said, "Then prithee you,
	paramo you,

λέξον τι τῶν νεωτέρων, ἄττ' ἐστὶ τὰ σοφὰ ταῦτα.'' 1370 δ δ' εὐθὺς ἦσ' Εὐριπίδου ῥῆσίν τιν', ὡς ἐκίνει ἀδελφός, ὧλεξίκακε, τὴν ὁμομητρίαν ἀδελφήν. κὰγὼ οὐκέτ' ἐξηνεσχόμην, ἀλλ' εὐθὺς ἐξαράττω πολλοῖς κακοῖς καἰσχροῖσι κἦτ' ἐντεῦθεν, οἱον εἰκός,

έπος πρὸς ἔπος ἢρειδόμεσθ' εἶθ' οὖτος ἐπαναπηδῷ, 1375 κἄπειτ' ἔφλα με κἀσπόδει κἄπνιγε κἀπέθλιβεν.

φει. οὔκουν δικαίως, ὄστις οὐκ Εὐριπίδην ἐπαινεῖς, σοφώτατον;

ΣΤ. σοφώτατόν γ' ἐκεῖνον, ὧ τί σ' εἴπω;
ἀλλ' αὖθις αὖ τυπτήσομαι.

ΦΕΙ. $v\dot{\eta}$ τον Δi , $\dot{\epsilon}v$ $\delta i κ \eta$ γ $\dot{a}v$.

ΣΤ. καὶ πῶς δικαίως; ὅστις ὧναίσχυντέ σ' ἐξέθρεψα, 1380 αἰσθανόμενός σου πάντα τραυλίζοντος, ὅ τι νοοίης. εἰ μέν γε βρῦν εἴποις, ἐγὼ γνοὺς ἂν πιεῖν ἐπέσχον. μαμμᾶν δ' ἂν αἰτήσαντος ἦκόν σοι φέρων ἂν ἄρτον· κακκᾶν δ' ἂν οὐκ ἔφθης φράσαι, κἀγὼ λαβὼν θύραζε ἐξέφερον ἂν καὶ προὐσχόμην σε· σὺ δ' ἐμὲ νῦν ἀπάγχων

1385

^a The reference is to the marriage of Macareus and Canace, the children of Aeolus.

THE CLOUDS, 1370-1385

Sing one of those new-fangled songs which modern striplings do." And he began the shameful tale Euripides has told How a brother and a sister lived incestuous lives of old.a Then, then I could no more restrain, but first I must confess With strong abuse I loaded him, and so, as you may guess, We stormed and bandied threat for threat: till out at last he flew, And smashed and thrashed and thumped and bumped and bruised me black and blue. PH. And rightly too, who coolly dared Euripides to blame, Most sapient bard. ST. Most sapient bard! you, what's your fitting name? Ah! but he'll pummel me again. He will: and justly too. PH. What! justly, heartless villain! when ST. 'twas I who nurtured you. I knew your little lisping ways, how soon, you'd hardly think, If you cried "bree!" b I guessed your wants, and used to give you drink: If you said "mamm!" I fetched you bread with fond discernment true, And you could hardly say "Cacca!" when through the door I flew And held you out a full arm's length your little needs to do:

βρῦν represents a child's cry for drink.

βοῶντα καὶ κεκραγόθ' ὅτι χεζητιώην, οὐκ ἔτλης ἔξω 'ξενεγκεῖν, ὧ μιαρέ, θύραζέ μ', ἀλλὰ πνιγόμενος αὐτοῦ 'ποίησα κακκᾶν.

1390

 οἶμαί γε τῶν νεωτέρων τὰς καρδίας πηδᾶν, ὅ τι λέξει.

 $[\dot{a}
u au$.

εὶ γὰρ τοιαθτά γ' οθτος ἐξειργασμένος λαλῶν ἀναπείσει,

1395

τὸ δέρμα τῶν γεραιτέρων λάβοιμεν ἂν ἀλλ' οὐδ' ἐρεβίνθου.

σον ἔργον, ὧ καινῶν ἐπῶν κινητὰ καὶ μοχλευτά, πειθώ τινα ζητεῖν, ὅπως δόξεις λέγειν δίκαια.

ΦΕΙ. ὡς ἡδὺ καινοῖς πράγμασιν καὶ δεξιοῖς όμιλεῖν, καὶ τῶν καθεστώτων νόμων ὑπερφρονεῖν δύνασθαι. 1400 εἰγὰ γὰρ ὅτε μεν ἱππικτῆ τὸν νοῦν μόνη προσεῖχον, οὐδ᾽ ἄν τρί᾽ εἰπεῖν ῥήμαθ᾽ οἶός τ᾽ ἢ πρὶν εξαμαρτεῖν νυνὶ δ᾽ ἐπειδή μ᾽ οὑτοσὶ τούτων ἔπαυσεν αὐτός, γνώμαις δὲ λεπταῖς καὶ λόγοις ξύνειμι καὶ μερίμναις.

οίμαι διδάξειν ώς δίκαιον τὸν πατέρα κολάζειν. 1405 ΣΤ. ἴππευε τοίνυν νὴ Δί², ώς ἔμοιγε κρεῖττόν ἐστιν ἵππων τρέφειν τέθριππον ἢ τυπτόμενον ἐπιτριβῆναι.

THE CLOUDS, 1386-1407

But now when I was crying
That I with pain was dying,
You brute! you would not tarry
Me out of doors to carry,
But choking with despair
I've been and done it there.

 Sure all young hearts are palpitating now To hear him plead,

Since if those lips with artful words avow The daring deed,

And once a favouring verdict win, A fig for every old man's skin.

O thou! who rakest up new thoughts

with daring hands profane.

Try all you can, ingenious man,

that verdict to obtain.

PH. How sweet it is these novel arts,

these clever words to know,

And have the power established rules

and laws to overthrow.

Why in old times when horses were

my sole delight, 'twas wonder

If I could say a dozen words

without some awful blunder!

But now that he has made me quit

that reckless mode of living,

And I have been to subtle thoughts

my whole attention giving,

I hope to prove by logic strict

'tis right to beat my father.

sr. O! buy your horses back, by Zeus,

since I would ten times rather

Have to support a four-in-hand,

so I be struck no more.

ΦΕΙ. ἐκεῖσε δ' ὅθεν ἀπέσχισάς με τοῦ λόγου μέτειμι. καὶ πρῶτ' ἐρήσομαί σε τουτί· παιδά μ' ὄντ' ἔτυπτες:

Στ. ἔγωγέ σ', εὐνοῶν τε καὶ κηδόμενος.

ΦEI. $\epsilon i\pi \hat{\epsilon} \delta \hat{n}$ μοι. 1410 οὐ κάμέ σοι δίκαιόν ἐστιν εὐνοεῖν όμοίως.

τύπτειν τ'. ἐπειδήπερ γε τοῦτ' ἔστ' εὐνοεῖν, τὸ τύπτειν:

πως γάρ τὸ μὲν σὸν σωμα χρή πληγων ἀθώον είναι. τουμον δε μή; και μην έφυν ελεύθερός γε κάγώ. " κλάουσι παΐδες, πατέρα δ' οὐ κλάειν δοκεῖς; " 1415 φήσεις νομίζεσθαι σὰ παιδὸς τοῦτο τοὔργον εἶναι; ένω δέ ν' ἀντείποιμ' ἃν ώς δὶς παίδες οἱ γέροντες, εἰκός τε μᾶλλον τοὺς γέροντας ἢ νέους τι κλάειν, όσωπερ έξαμαρτάνειν ήττον δίκαιον αὐτούς.

Στ. άλλ' οὐδαμοῦ νομίζεται τὸν πατέρα τοῦτο πάσχειν. 1420

ΦΕΙ. οὔκουν ἀνὴρ ὁ τὸν νόμον θεὶς τοῦτον ἦν τὸ πρῶτον, ώσπερ σύ κάγώ, καὶ λέγων ἔπειθε τοὺς παλαιούς; ηττόν τι δητ' έξεστι κάμοι καινόν αὖ τὸ λοιπὸν θείναι νόμον τοίς υίέσιν, τούς πατέρας άντιτύπτειν;

A parody of the famous line Eur. Alcestis, 691 χαίρεις ὁρῶν φως πατέρα δ' οὐ χαίρειν δοκείς; where Pheres addresses his son Admetus who had asked him to die in his stead.

THE CLOUDS, 1408-1424

PH. Peace. I will now resume the thread where I broke off before. And first I ask: when I was young, did you not strike me then? st. Yea: for I loved and cherished you. Well, solve me this again, PH. Is it not just that I your son should cherish you alike, And strike you, since, as you observe, to cherish means to strike? What! must my body needs be scourged and pounded black and blue And yours be scathless? was not I as much freeborn as you? "Children are whipped, and shall not sires be whipped?"a Perhaps you'll urge that children's minds alone are taught by blows :-Well: Age is Second Childhood then: that everybody knows. And as by old experience Age should guide its steps more clearly, So when they err, they surely should be punished more severely. sr. But Law goes everywhere for me: deny it, if you can. PH. Well was not he who made the law. a man, a mortal man, As you or I, who in old times talked over all the crowd? And think you that to you or me the same is not allowed. To change it, so that sons by blows should keep their fathers steady?

όσας δὲ πληγὰς εἴχομεν πρὶν τὸν νόμον τεθῆναι, 1425 ἀφίεμεν, καὶ δίδομεν αὐτοῖς προῖκα συγκεκόφθαι. σκέψαι δὲ τοὺς ἀλεκτρυόνας καὶ τἄλλα τὰ βοτὰ ταυτί,

ώς τους πατέρας ἀμύνεται· καίτοι τι διαφέρουσιν ήμων ἐκεῖνοι, πλην ὅτι ψηφίσματ' οὐ γράφουσιν;

- ΣΤ. τί δητ', ἐπειδη τοὺς ἀλεκτρυόνας ἄπαντα μιμεῖ, 1430 οὐκ ἐσθίεις καὶ την κόπρον κἀπὶ ξύλου καθεύδεις;
- ΦΕΙ. οὐ ταυτόν, ὧ τᾶν, ἐστιν, οὐδ' ἂν Σωκράτει δοκοίη.
- Στ. πρὸς ταῦτα μὴ τύπτ'· εἰ δὲ μή, σαυτόν ποτ' αἰτιάσει.
- ΦΕΙ. καὶ πῶς;
- ΣΤ. ἐπεὶ σὲ μὲν δίκαιός εἰμ' ἐγὼ κολάζειν,
 σὺ δ', ἢν γένηταί σοι, τὸν υἱόν.
- ΦΕΙ. ἢν δὲ μὴ γένηται, 1435 μάτην ἐμοὶ κεκλαύσεται, σὺ δ' ἐγχανὼν τεθνήξει.
- Στ. ἐμοὶ μέν, ὧνδρες ἥλικες, δοκεῖ λέγειν δίκαια· κἄμοιγε συγχωρεῖν δοκεῖ τούτοισι τἀπιεικῆ. κλάειν γὰρ ἡμᾶς εἰκός ἐστ', ἢν μὴ δίκαια δρῶμεν.
- ΦΕΙ. σκέψαι δὲ χἀτέραν ἔτι γνώμην.
- Στ. ἀπὸ γὰρ ὀλοῦμαι. 1440
- ΦΕΙ. καὶ μὴν ἴσως γ' οὐκ ἀχθέσει παθών ἃ νῦν πέπονθας.

THE CLOUDS, 1425-1441

	Still, we il be liberal, and blows
	which we've received already
	We will forget, we'll have no ex-
	post-facto legislation.
	—Look at the game-cocks, look at all
	the animal creation,
	Do not they beat their parents? Aye:
	I say then, that in fact
	They are as we, except that they
	no special laws enact.
ST.	Why don't you then, if always where
	the game-cock leads you follow,
	Ascend your perch to roost at night,
	and dirt and ordure swallow?
PH.	The case is different there, old man,
	as Socrates would see.
ST.	Well then you'll blame yourself at last,
	if you keep striking me.
PH.	How so?
ST.	Why, if it's right for me to punish you my son,
	You can, if you have got one, yours.
PH.	Aye, but suppose I've none.
	Then having gulled me you will die,
	while I've been flogged in vain.
ST.	Good friends! I really think he has
	some reason to complain.
	I must concede he has put the case
	in quite a novel light:
	I really think we should be flogged
	unless we act aright!
PH.	Look to a fresh idea then.
ST.	He'll be my death I vow.
PH.	Yet then perhaps you will not grudge
	ev'n what you suffer now.
	905

ΣT.	πως δή; δίδαξον γὰρ τί μ' ἐκ τούτων ἐπωφελήσεις.	
ΦEI.	την μητέρ' ώσπερ καὶ σὲ τυπτήσω.	
ĭT.	τί φής; τί φής σύ;	
	τοῦθ' ἔτερον αὖ μεῖζον κακόν.	
ΦEI.	τί δ', ἢν ἔχων τὸν ἤττω	1445
	λόγον σε νικήσω λέγων την μητέρ' ώς τύπτειν	- 110
	χρεών;	
ΣT.	τί δ' ἄλλο γ'; ἢν ταυτὶ ποιῆς,	
	οὐδέν σε κωλύσει σεαυ-	
	τον ἐμβαλεῖν ἐς τὸ βάραθρον	1450
	μετὰ Σωκράτους	
	καὶ τὸν λόγον τὸν ήττω.	
	ταυτί δι' ύμας, ὧ Νεφέλαι, πέπονθ' ἐγώ,	
	ύμιν άναθεις άπαντα τάμὰ πράγματα.	
xo.	αὐτὸς μὲν οὖν σαυτῷ σὺ τούτων αἴτιος,	
	στρέψας σεαυτον ές πονηρά πράγματα.	1455
ΣT.	τί δητα ταθτ' οὐ μοι τότ' ήγορεύετε,	
	άλλ' ἄνδρ' ἄγροικον καὶ γέροντ' ἐπήρετε:	
xo.	ήμεις ποιοθμεν ταθθ' έκάστοθ' όταν τινά	
	γνωμεν πονηρών όντ' έραστην πραγμάτων,	
	έως αν αυτον εμβάλωμεν είς κακόν,	1460
	όπως αν είδη τους θεους δεδοικέναι.	
ĭT.	οίμοι, πονηρά γ', & Νεφέλαι, δίκαια δέ.	
	οὐ γάρ μ' έχρῆν τὰ χρήμαθ' άδανεισάμην	
	άποστερείν. νθν οθν όπως, ω φίλτατε,	
	τον Χαιρεφωντα τον μιαρον και Σωκράτην	1465
	άπολείς, μετ' έμοῦ 'λθών, οι σε καμ' εξηπάτων.	
ΦEΙ.	άλλ' οὐκ ἂν ἀδικήσαιμι τοὺς διδασκάλους.	
ΣT.	ναὶ ναί, καταιδέσθητι πατρώον Δία.	
ÞΕΙ.	ίδού γε Δία πατρώον ώς άρχαῖος εἶ.	
	Ζεύς γάρ τις έστιν;	

THE CLOUDS, 1442-1470

st. How! will you make me like the blows
which I've received to-day?

PH. Yes, for I'll beat my mother too.

why, this is worse than all.

PH. But what, if as I proved the other, By the same Logic I can prove

'tis right to beat my mother?

ST. Aye! what indeed! if this you plead,
If this you think to win,
Why then, for all I care, you may
To the Accursed Pit convey
Yourself with all your learning new,
Your master, and your Logic too,
And tumble headlong in.

O Clouds! O Clouds! I owe all this to you! Why did I let you manage my affairs!

CH. Nay, nay, old man, you owe it to yourself.
Why didst thou turn to wicked practices?

sr. Ah, but ye should have asked me that before, And not have spurred a poor old fool to evil.

CH. Such is our plan. We find a man
On evil thoughts intent,
Guide him along to shame and wrong,

Then leave him to repent.

sr. Hard words, alas! yet not more hard than just. It was not right unfairly to keep back
The money that I borrowed. Come, my darling,
Come and destroy that filthy Chaerephon
And Socrates; for they've deceived us both!

PH. No. I will lift no hand against my Tutors.

sr. Yes do, come, reverence Paternal Zeus.

PH. Look there! Paternal Zeus! what an old fool.

Is there a Zeus?

ĭT.	ἔστιν.	
ΦEI.	οὐκ ἔστ' οῢκ ἐπεὶ	1470
∑T.		
	διὰ τουτονὶ τὸν Δῖνον. οἴμοι δείλαιος, ὅτε καὶ σὲ χυτρεοῦν ὅντα θεὸν ἡγησάμην. ἐνταῦθα σαυτῷ παραφρόνει καὶ φληνάφα.	1475
≊T.	ότ' ἐξέβαλλον τοὺς θεοὺς διὰ Σωκράτην. ἀλλ', ὧ φίλ' 'Ερμῆ, μηδαμῶς θύμαινέ μοι, μηδέ μ' ἐπιτρίψης, ἀλλὰ συγγνώμην ἔχε	
	έμοῦ παρανοήσαντος ἀδολεσχία. καί μοι γενοῦ ξύμβουλος, εἴτ' αὐτοὺς γραφὴν διωκάθω γραψάμενος, εἴθ' ὅ τι σοι δοκεῖ. ὀρθῶς παραινεῖς οὐκ ἐῶν δικορραφεῖν, ἀλλ' ὡς τάχιστ' ἐμπιπράναι τὴν οἰκίαν	1480
	των άδολεσχων. δεύρο δεύρ', ω Ξανθία, κλίμακα λαβων έξελθε καὶ σμινύην φέρων, κάπειτ' ἐπαναβὰς ἐπὶ τὸ φροντιστήριον τὸ τέγος κατάσκαπτ', εἰ φιλεῖς τὸν δεσπότην, ἔως ᾶν αὐτοῖς ἐμβάλης τὴν οἰκίαν	1485
	ἐμοὶ δὲ δῷδ' ἐνεγκάτω τις ἡμμένην, κἀγώ τιν' αὐτῶν τήμερον δοῦναι δίκην ἐμοὶ ποιήσω, κεἰ σφόδρ' εἴσ' ἀλαζόνες.	1490
ĭT.	HTHΣ A. ἰοὺ ἰού. σὸν ἔργον, ὧ δάς, ἱέναι πολλὴν φλόγα.	
M. A ∑T.	. ἄνθρωπε, τί ποιεῖς; ὄ τι ποιῶ; τί δ' ἄλλο γ'	7 140°
21.	διαλεπτολογοῦμαι ταῖς δοκοῖς τῆς οἰκίας.	η 1495

^a For δίνος (spelt δείνος in Athenaeus) cf. W. 618. It is a "large bowl," but why it is on the stage or what the reference to it means is uncertain.

THE CLOUDS, 1470-1496

There is.

ST.

PH. There is no Zeus.
Young Vortex reigns, and he has turned out Zeus.

ST. No Vortex reigns: that was my foolish thought
All through this vortex a here. Fool that I was,
To think a piece of earthenware a God.

PH. Well, rave away, talk nonsense to yourself.

ST. Oh! fool, fool, fool, how mad I must have been To cast away the Gods, for Socrates.

Yet Hermes, gracious Hermes, be not angry Nor crush me utterly, but look with mercy On faults to which his idle talk hath led me.

And lend thy counsel; tell me, had I better Plague them with lawsuits, or how else annoy them.

(Affects to listen.)

Good: your advice is good: I'll have no lawsuits,
I'll go at once and set their house on fire,
The prating rascals. Here, here, Xanthias,
Quick, quick here, bring your ladder and your pitchfork.

Climb to the roof of their vile thinking-house, Dig at their tiles, dig stoutly, an' thou lovest me, Tumble the very house about their ears. And someone fetch me here a lighted torch, And I'll soon see if, boasters as they are,

They won't repent of what they've done to me.

sr. Now, now, my torch, send out a lusty flame.

s. 1. Man! what are you at there?

st. What am I at? I'll tell you. I'm splitting straws with your house-rafters here.

 $^{^{}b}$ A statue of Hermes Στροφαίου placed at the door of the house έπl ἀποτροπ $\hat{\eta}$ τῶν ἄλλων κλεπτῶν (Schol. on Pl. 1153).

 Μ. Β. οἴμοι, τίς ἡμῶν πυρπολεῖ τὴν οἰκίαν; ΣΤ. ἐκεῖνος οὖπερ θοἰμάτιον εἰλήφατε. Μ. Γ. ἀπολεῖς ἀπολεῖς. τοῦτ' αὐτὸ γὰρ καὶ βούλομαι, ΣT. ην ή σμινύη μοι μη προδώ τὰς ἐλπίδας, η γω πρότερόν πως ἐκτραχηλισθῶ πεσών. 1500 ΣΩ. οθτος, τί ποιείς ἐτεόν, οθπὶ τοῦ τέγους; ΣΤ. ἀεροβατῶ, καὶ περιφρονῶ τὸν ἤλιον. ΣΩ. οἴμοι τάλας, δείλαιος ἀποπνιγήσομαι. ΧΑΙΡΕΦΩΝ. ἐγὼ δὲ κακοδαίμων γε κατακαυθήσομαι. 1505 τί γὰρ μαθόντες τοὺς θεοὺς ὑβρίζετε, καὶ τῆς Σελήνης ἐσκοπεῖσθε τὴν ἔδραν; δίωκε, βάλλε, παῖε, πολλῶν οὕνεκα, μάλιστα δ' είδως τους θεους ως ηδίκουν. χο. ήγεῖσθ' ἔξω· κεχόρευται γὰρ μετρίως τό γε

1510

τήμερον ήμιν.

THE CLOUDS, 1497-1510

s. 2. Oh me! who's been and set our house on fire?

sr. Who was it, think you, that you stole the cloak from?

s. 3. O Murder! Murder!

ST. That's the very thing,
Unless this pick prove traitor to my hopes,
Or I fall down, and break my blessed neck.

so. Hallo! what are you at, up on our roof?

ST. I walk on air, and contemplate the Sun.

so. O! I shall suffocate. O dear! O dear!

CHAEREPHON. And I, poor devil, shall be burnt to death.

ST. For with what aim did ye insult the Gods,
And pry around the dwellings of the Moon?
Strike, smite them, spare them not, for many reasons,
BUT MOST BECAUSE THEY HAVE BLASPHEMED THE GODS!

CH. Lead out of the way: for I think we may say We have acted our part very fairly to-day.



THE WASPS

INTRODUCTION

THE Wasps was produced at the Lenaean festival 422 B.C., gaining either the first or the second prize, and it is commonly regarded as "a criticism on the Athenian dicasteries," or, as Grote puts it, "The poet's purpose was to make the dicasts appear monsters of caprice and injustice."

Yet though "Aristophanes does not exempt them from his strokes of wit and satire (for once thoroughly in his comic vein, he spares neither friend nor foe)." a these old dicasts are none the less "representatives of his own favourite Μαραθωνομάχαι," and in the Epirrhema (1071-90) "he describes, in the noblest and most glowing eulogy that ever flowed from the lips of a Comedian, who and what these dicasts were,"b his real object being to detach them from the demagogues, of whom they "were the main support and stay in the popular assembly." These poor old men who "have to grope their way through the mud in the dark," whose "talk is of pot-herbs," and who are "struck with consternation (309-12) at the audacity of a child who dares to ask for anything so far beyond the means of a dicast as a homely treat of common figs," c are yet under the delusion (592-600), carefully fostered by Cleon and his like, that they are masters of the State, and, while there is "no discussion

^a Rogers, Introduction, p. xvii. ^b *Ibid.* p. xvi.
^c *Ibid.* p. xviii.

THE WASPS

on the excellences or defects of the dicastic system "in the great Arbitration scene (521 seq.), "the stage of Philocleon's harangue is an elaborate argument ... that the dicastic office is an $d\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$ $\mu\epsilon\gamma d\lambda\eta$, whilst Bdelycleon, on the contrary, exerts himself to prove that it is nothing more nor less than a $\mu\epsilon\gamma d\lambda\eta$ $\delta\sigma\nu\lambda\epsilon\dot{\iota}a$." σ

As regards the Athenian jury-system, it may be noted that as the political affairs were in the hands of the $\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma$ ia, so judicial affairs were committed to an assembly called $\dot{\eta}\lambda\iota a ia$. The numbers of this were limited to 6000, who must be over thirty years of age, and "in the full possession of their rights and privileges as Athenian citizens." b They were elected by lot, an equal number from each of the ten tribes, had to take the Heliastic oath, which included a declaration that "they would give a fair and impartial hearing to both sides" (cf. 725, 920), and from the time of Pericles received three obols a day as their fee.

After their election they were "distributed and marshalled," by ballot, into ten sections or committees, which "sat each in a separate Hall or Court-house," distinguished by a particular colour, and every dicast received "a metallic or boxwood plate ($\pi\iota\nu\alpha\kappa\iota\nu\nu$) inscribed with his name, etc.," together with a staff of office ($\beta\alpha\kappa\tau\eta\rho\dot{\iota}\alpha$ or $\sigma\kappa\dot{\iota}\pi\omega\nu$, 727). The average number of a sectional assembly was 500, and "each member, as he entered the Courthouse, was presented with a $\sigma\dot{\iota}\mu\betao\lambda o\nu$ or ticket of attendance," which on the rising of the Court he handed to the Treasurer ($\kappa\omega\lambda\alpha\kappa\rho\dot{\epsilon}\tau\eta$ s), who thereupon paid him three obols." d

<sup>Ibid. p. xix.
Ibid. p. xxvii.</sup>

Ibid. p. xxi.
 Ibid. p. xxxiv.

"An action at law was commenced by a summons (πρόσκλησις) served on the defendant by, or in the presence of a sompnour (κλητήρ)." a Both plaintiff and defendant made oath as to the truth of their case (these preliminary affidavits were called ἀντωμοσίαι), and evidence was produced by each. the pleadings and documentary evidence (at γραφαί) were complete, they were sealed up in an official vessel (exîros), to be opened on the day of trial, and the cause was set down in the cause-lists (ai σάνιδες). After considering the evidence, both documentary and oral, and hearing the speeches, the dicasts recorded their verdict by placing their votes in one or other of two urns (καδίσκοι, cf. 987), but when the verdict was "Guilty," and in cases where no particular penalty was annexed by law (δίκαι ατίμητοι), "it devolved upon the Court to determine its amount or nature," and " the prisoner was allowed to suggest a milder punishment than that demanded by the prosecution," in which event (as in the case of Socrates) a second vote had to be taken, and for this purpose "the dicasts had πινάκια τιμητικά (damagecessing tablets), over the waxen surface of which they drew either a long line to mark the heavier, or a short line to mark the lighter penalty." b

"In addition to actions before a Court of Law the practice of referring a dispute to the decision of arbitrators ($\delta\iota a\iota\tau\eta\tau a\iota$) was as well known in Athens as it is in England," and the proceedings in 521 seq. are "a complete specimen" of such an arbitration.

^a Ibid. p. xxxv. ^b Ibid. p. xxxvi. ^c Ibid. p. xliii.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΣΩΣΙΑΣ ΞΑΝΘΙΑΣ) οἰκέται

ΒΔΕΛΥΚΛΕΩΝ

ΦΙΛΟΚΛΈΩΝ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΓΕΡΟΝΤΩΝ ΣΦΗΚΩΝ

TATE

 $KT\Omega N$

ΣΥΜΠΟΤΗΣ

ΑΡΤΟΠΩΛΙΣ

ΚΑΤΗΓΟΡΟΣ

ΣΦΗΚΕΣ

	AΣ. Οὖτος, τί πάσχεις, ὧ κακόδαιμον Ξανθία; ΒΑΣ. φυλακὴν καταλύειν νυκτερινὴν διδάσκομαι.	
	κακὸν ἄρα ταῖς πλευραῖς τι προὐφείλεις μέγα. ἆρ' οἷοθά γ' οἷον κνώδαλον φυλάπτομεν;	
ΞA.	οίδ' άλλ' ἐπιθυμῶ σμικρὸν ἀπομερμηρίσαι.	5
	σὺ δ' οὖν παρακινδύνευ', ἐπεὶ καὐτοῦ γ' ἐμοῦ	
	κατά ταῖν κόραιν ὕπνου τι καταχεῖται γλυκύ.	
EA.	άλλ' ή παραφρονείς ἐτεὸν ἡ κορυβαντιậς;	
ZQ.	ούκ, άλλ' ύπνος μ' έχει τις έκ Σαβαζίου.	
ΞA.	τον αὐτον ἄρ' ἐμοὶ βουκολεῖς Σαβάζιον.	10
	κάμοι γαρ άρτίως έπεστρατεύσατο	
	Μήδός τις ἐπὶ τὰ βλέφαρα νυστακτής ὕπνος.	
	καὶ δῆτ' ὄναρ θαυμαστὸν είδον ἀρτίως.	
ΣΩ.	κάγωγ' άληθως οξον οὐδεπώποτε.	
	ἀτὰρ σὺ λέξον πρότερος.	
EA.	έδόκουν αἰετὸν	15
	καταπτάμενον είς την ἀγορὰν μέγαν πάνυ	
	αναρπάσαντα τοις ονυξιν ασπίδα	
	φέρειν ἐπίχαλκον ἀνεκὰς εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν,	

[•] The play opens with a dialogue between two drowsy slaves who have been keeping guard all night before an Athenian house. It is still dark, but the day is at hand.

THE WASPS a

SOSIAS. You ill-starred Xanthias, what's the matter now?

so. Why then, your ribs will have a score against you. Do you forget what sort of beast we're guarding?

xA. No, but I'd fain just drowse dull care away.

so. Well, try your luck: for I too feel a sort Of drowsy sweetness settling o'er my eyes.

xa. Sure you're a maniac or a Corybant.

so. (Producing a wine flask) Nay 'tis a sleep from great Sabazius holds me.

xa. (Producing another) Aha! and I'm your fellow-votary there.

My lids too felt just now the fierce assault Of a strong Median d nod-compelling sleep.

And then I dreamed a dream; such a strange dream!

so. And so did I: the strangest e'er I heard of. But tell yours first.

Methought a monstrous eagle Came flying towards the market-place, and there Seized in its claws a wriggling brassy shield, And bore it up in triumph to the sky,

b i.e. by going to sleep.

i.e. as overwhelming as the host of Xerxes.

[•] X. denies that he is "a Corybant" but allows that he is almost one, being a devotee of Sabazius, the Phrygian Bacchus, and son of Cybele, of whom the Corybants were priests,

	κἄπειτα ταύτην ἀποβαλεῖν Κλεώνυμον.	
ΣΩ.	101 2 // 0 // 77) /	20
EA.		
ΣΩ.	προσερεί τις τοίσι συμπόταις λέγων,	
	τί ταὐτὸν ἐν γῆ τ' ἀπέβαλεν κάν οὐρανῷ	
	κάν τῆ θαλάττη θηρίον τὴν ἀσπίδα;	
ZA.	y / 00 / /	
	ίδόντι τοιοθτον ενύπνιον;	
ΣΩ.	μη φροντίσης.	25
	οὐδὲν γὰρ ἔσται δεινὸν οὐ μὰ τοὺς θεούς.	
ZA.	δεινόν γέ πού 'στ' ἄνθρωπος ἀποβαλών ὅπλα.	
	ἀτὰρ σὺ τὸ σὸν αδ λέξον.	
ΣΩ.	άλλ' ἐστὶν μέγα.	
	περὶ τῆς πόλεως γάρ ἐστι τοῦ σκάφους ὅλου.	
ZA.		30
ZΩ.	έδοξέ μοι περί πρώτον υπνον έν τῆ πυκνί	
	εκκλησιάζειν πρόβατα συγκαθήμενα,	
	βακτηρίας έχοντα καὶ τριβώνια.	
	κάπειτα τούτοις τοῖσι προβάτοις μοὐδόκει	
	δημηγορεῖν φάλαινα πανδοκεύτρια,	35
	έχουσα φωνήν έμπεπρημένης δός.	
ZA.	αἰβοῖ.	
ΣΩ.	τί ἔστι;	
ΞA.	παῦε παῦε, μὴ λέγε·	
	όζει κάκιστον τοὐνύπνιον βύρσης σαπρᾶς.	
ΣΩ.	εἶθ' ή μιαρὰ φάλαιν' ἔχουσα τρυτάνην	
	ίστη βόειον δημόν.	

(2) a snake.

δ The reference is to a well-known riddle (Athen. x. 78)
τί ταὐτὸν ἐν οὐρανῷ, καὶ ἐπὶ γῆς, καὶ ἐν τῷ θαλάσσῃ; the answer

^a The big eagle changes into bulky Cleonymus (cf. A. 88) the $\dot{\rho}l\psi a\sigma\pi\iota s$. There seems to be a play on $\dot{\alpha}\sigma\pi\iota s=(1)$ a shield, (2) a snake.

THE WASPS, 19-40

And then—Cleonymus fled off and dropped it.^a so. Why then, Cleonymus is quite a riddle.

XA. How so?

so. A man will ask his boon companions,

What is that brute which throws away its shield

Alike in air, in ocean, in the field ? b

xa. O what mishap awaits me, that have seen So strange a vision?

Take it not to heart, 'Twill be no harm, I swear it by the Gods.

xa. No harm to see a man throw off his shield! But now tell yours.

so. Ah, mine's a big one, mine is;
About the whole great vessel of the state.

xA. Tell us at once the keel of the affair.

so. 'Twas in my earliest sleep methought I saw
A flock of sheep assembled in the Pnyx,
Sitting close-packed, with little cloaks and staves;
Then to these sheep I heard, or seemed to hear
An all-receptive grampus c holding forth
In tone and accents like a scalded pig.

xa. Pheugh!

so. Eh?

XA. Stop, stop, don't tell us any more. Your dream smells horribly of putrid hides.

so. Then the vile grampus, scales in hand, weighed out Bits of fat beef, cut up.⁶

being "a serpent" of which there are land and marine specimens, and which is also a constellation.

c Cleon; for his greed of. C. 591, and for his voice K. 137.
For the play on δημός "fat" and δημος "the people" of. K. 954.

ΞA.	οἴμοι δείλαιος.	40
	τὸν Δῆμον ἡμῶν βούλεται διιστάναι.	
ΣΩ.	έδόκει δέ μοι Θέωρος αὐτῆς πλησίον	
	χαμαὶ καθησθαι, τὴν κεφαλὴν κόρακος έχων.	
	εἶτ' 'Αλκιβιάδης εἶπε πρός με τραυλίσας.	
	όλậς; Θέωλος την κεφαλην κόλακος έχει.	45
ΞA.	1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 10 1 1	
ΣΩ.	οὔκουν ἐκεῖν' ἀλλόκοτον, ὁ Θέωρος κόραξ	
	γιγνόμενος;	
EA.	ηκιστ', άλλ' ἄριστον.	
ΣQ.	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$;	
EA.	$\delta\pi\omega_{ m S}$;	
	ανθρωπος ὢν είτ' εγένετ' εξαίφνης κόραξ.	
	οὔκουν ἐναργὲς τοῦτο συμβάλλειν, ὅτι	50
	ἀρθεὶς ἀφ' ἡμῶν ἐς κόρακας οἰχήσεται;	
ΣΩ.	εἶτ' οὐκ ἐγὼ δοὺς δύ ὀβολὼ μισθώσομαι	
	ούτως ύποκρινόμενον σοφῶς ὀνείρατα;	
ΞA.	φέρε νυν κατείπω τοῖς θεαταῖς τὸν λόγον,	
	όλίγ' ἄτθ' ὑπειπών πρώτον αὐτοῖσιν ταδί,	55
	μηδεν παρ' ήμων προσδοκαν λίαν μέγα,	
	μηδ' αὖ γέλωτα Μεγαρόθεν κεκλεμμένον.	
	ήμιν γαρ οὐκ ἔστ' οὐδὲ κάρυ' ἐκ φορμίδος	
	δούλω διαρριπτοῦντε τοῖς θεωμένοις,	
	οὖθ' 'Ηρακλῆς τὸ δεῖπνον ἐξαπατώμενος,	60
	οὐδ' αὖθις ἀνασελγαινόμενος Εὐριπίδης.	
	οὐδ' εἰ Κλέων γ' ἔλαμψε τῆς τύχης χάριν,	
	αθθις τὸν αὐτὸν ἄνδρα μυττωτεύσομεν	
	άλλ' ἔστιν ήμεν λογίδιον γνώμην ἔχον,	
	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

^a For the play on κόραξ and κόλαξ cf. Diogenes (cited by Athenaeus v1. 65), πολύ κρεῖττον ἐς κόρακας ἀπελθεῖν ἢ ἐς κόλακας. Theorus, who is here called a "flatterer," is jeered at as a 412

THE WASPS, 40-64

Woe worth the day!
He means to cut our city up in bits.

So. Methought beside him, on the ground, I saw
Theorus seated, with a raven's head.
Then Alcibiades lisped out to me,
Commark! Theorus has a conven's a head.

XA. Well lisped! and rightly, Alcibiades!

So. But is this not ill-omened, that a man

so. But is this not ill-omened, that a man Turn to a crow?

XA. Nay, excellent.

so. How?

XA. How!

Being a man he straight becomes a crow: Is it not obvious to conjecture that He's going to leave us, going to the crows?

so. Shall I not pay two obols then, and hire One who so cleverly interprets dreams?

xa. Come, let me tell the story to the audience
With just these few remarks, by way of preface.
Expect not from us something mighty grand,
Nor yet some mirth purloined from Megara.^b
We have no brace of servants here, to scatter
Nuts from their basket out among the audience,
No Heracles defrauded of his supper,
Nor yet Euripides besmirched again;
No, nor though Cleon shine, by fortune's favour,^c
Will we to mincemeat chop the man again.
Ours is a little tale, with meaning in it,

"perjurer," C. 400. "To go to the crows" is the same as our "go to the dogs."

⁶ He was in this year appointed commander-in-chief to

oppose Brasidas in Thrace.

413

b Susarion of Megara is said to have invented comedy, but "Megaric comedy" is often referred to as rude and vulgar; cf. A. 738.

	ύμῶν μὲν αὐτῶν οὐχὶ δεξιώτερον,	65
	κωμωδίας δε φορτικής σοφώτερον.	
	έστιν γὰρ ἡμιν δεσπότης ἐκεινοσὶ	
	ανω καθεύδων, ο μέγας, ούπὶ τοῦ τέγους.	
	ούτος φυλάττειν τὸν πατέρ' ἐπέταξε νῷν,	
	ενδον καθείρξας, ΐνα θύραζε μη 'ξίη.	70
	νόσον γὰρ ὁ πατήρ ἀλλόκοτον αὐτοῦ νοσεῖ,	10
	ην οὐδ' αν είς γνοίη ποτ' οὐδ' αν ξυμβάλοι,	
	εὶ μὴ πύθοιθ' ἡμῶν ἐπεὶ τοπάζετε.	
	'Αμυνίας μεν δ Προνάπους φήσ' ούτοσί	
	είναι φιλόκυβον αὐτόν· ἀλλ' οὐδὲν λέγει.	
5 0.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἀφ' αύτοῦ τὴν νόσον τεκμαίρεται.	75
EA.		
an.	δδί δέ φησι Σωσίας πρός Δερκύλον	
	είναι φιλοπότην αὐτόν.	
.Ω3		
411 .	οὐδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ	
H A	αύτη γε χρηστών ἐστὶν ἀνδρών ἡ νόσος.	80
EA.	Νικόστρατος δ' αὐ φησιν ό Σκαμβωνίδης	
	είναι φιλοθύτην αὐτὸν ἢ φιλόξενον.	
₹Ω.	μα τον κύν', ὧ Νικόστρατ', οὐ φιλόξενος,	
	έπει καταπύγων έστιν ο γε Φιλόξενος.	
ΞA.		85
	εί δη 'πιθυμεῖτ' είδέναι, σιγᾶτε νῦν.	
	φράσω γὰρ ήδη τὴν νόσον τοῦ δεσπότου.	
	φιληλιαστής έστιν ώς οὐδεὶς ἀνήρ,	
	έρα τε τούτου του δικάζειν, και στένει,	
	ην μη τοῦ πρώτου καθίζηται ξύλου.	90
	υπνου δ' όρα της νυκτός οὐδε πασπάλην.	
	ην δ' οὖν καταμύση καν άχνην, ὅμως ἐκεῖ	
	ο νους πέτεται την νύκτα περί την κλεψύδραν.	
	ύπο του δε την ψηφόν γ' έχειν είωθέναι	

THE WASPS, 65-94

Not too refined and exquisite for you, Yet wittier far than vulgar comedy. You see that great big man, the man asleep Up on the roof, aloft: well, that's our master. He keeps his father here, shut up within, And bids us guard him that he stir not out. For he, the father, has a strange disease, Which none of you will know, or yet conjecture, Unless we tell: else, if you think so, guess. Amynias a there, the son of Pronapes, Says he's a dice-lover: but he's quite out.

so. Ah, he conjectures from his own disease.

xa. Nay, but the word does really end with -lover. Then Sosias here observes to Dercylus, That 'tis a DRINK-lover.

so. Confound it, no:
That's the disease of honest gentlemen.

xA. Then next, Nicostratus of Scambon says, It is a sacrifice-^b or stranger-lover.

so. What, like Philoxenus? No, by the dog, Not quite so lewd, Nicostratus, as that.

XA. Come, you waste words: you'll never find it out, So all keep silence if you want to know.

I'll tell you the disease old master has.

He is a LAWCOURT-lover, no man like him.

Judging is what he dotes on, and he weeps
Unless he sit on the front bench of all.

At night he gets no sleep, no, not one grain,
Or if he doze the tiniest speck, his soul
Flutters in dreams around the water-clock.

So used he is to holding votes, he wakes

b The Scholiast explains φιλοθύτης = δεισιδαίμων, "superstitious."

· By which the speeches of the advocates were timed.

^a Here and below Aristophanes makes certain spectators credit Philocleon with their own special weakness.

τούς τρεῖς ξυνέχων τῶν δακτύλων ἀνίσταται,	95
ώσπερ λιβανωτόν <i>ἐπιτιθεὶς νουμηνί</i> α.	00
καὶ νὴ Δί' ἢν ΐδη γέ που γεγραμμένον	
υίὸν Πυριλάμπους ἐν θύρα Δῆμον καλόν,	
ιων παρένραψε πλησίον "κημός καλός."	
τον άλεκτρυόνα δ', δε ήδ' άφ' έσπέρας, έφη	100
οψ' έξεγείρειν αὐτὸν ἀναπεπεισμένον,	-00
παρὰ τῶν ὑπευθύνων ἔχοντα χρήματα.	
εὐθὺς δ' ἀπὸ δορπηστοῦ κέκραγεν ἐμβάδας,	
κάπειτ' ἐκεῖσ' ἐλθών προκαθεύδει πρώ πάνυ,	
ωσπερ λεπάς προσεχόμενος τῷ κίονι.	105
ύπὸ δυσκολίας δ' ἄπασι τιμῶν τὴν μακρὰν	100
ωσπερ μέλιττ' η βομβυλιός είσέρχεται,	
ύπο τοις όνυξι κηρον αναπεπλασμένος.	
ψήφων δε δείσας μη δεηθείη ποτέ,	
ιν' έχοι δικάζειν, αίγιαλον ένδον τρέφει.	110
τοιαθτ' άλύει νουθετούμενος δ' άεὶ	
μαλλον δικάζει. τοῦτον οὖν φυλάττομεν	
μοχλοισιν ἐνδήσαντες, ώς ἂν μὴ 'ξίη.	
ό γὰρ υίὸς αὐτοῦ τὴν νόσον βαρέως φέρει.	
καὶ πρώτα μὲν λόγοισι παραμυθούμενος	115
ανέπειθεν αὐτὸν μή φορεῖν τριβώνιον	-10
μηδ' εξιέναι θύραζ' ό δ' οὐκ επείθετο.	
έξτ' αὐτὸν ἀπέλου κἀκάθαιρ', ὁ δ' οὐ μάλα.	
εἷτ' αὐτὸν ἀπέλου κἀκάθαιρ', ὁ δ' οὐ μάλα. μετὰ τοῦτ' ἐκορυβάντιζ' ὁ δ' αὐτῷ τυμπάνῳ	
άξας εδίκαζεν είς το Καινον εμπεσών.	120
ότε δη δε ταύταις ταις τελεταις οὐκ ώφέλει,	_40
διέπλευσεν είς Αϊνιναν: είτα ξυλλαβών	

<sup>a For this practice of lovers cf. A. 144.
b Demus was a youth of eminent beauty; cf. Plato, Gorg.
481 d., where Socrates says έγὼ μὲν ἐρῶ ἀλλκιβιάδου τε τοῦ Κλεινίου καὶ φιλοσοφίας, σὺ δὲ τοῦ ἀθηναίων δήμου καὶ τοῦ Πυριλάμπους.</sup>

THE WASPS, 95-122

With thumb and first two fingers closed, as one That offers incense on a new moon's day. If on a gate is written Lovely Demus,a Meaning the son of Pyrilamp, b he goes And writes beside it Lovely Verdict-box. The cock which crew from eventide, he said. Was tampered with, he knew, to call him late, Bribed by officials whose accounts were due. Supper scarce done, he clamours for his shoes, Hurries ere daybreak to the Court, and sleeps Stuck like a limpet to the doorpost there. So sour he is, the long condemning line d He marks for all, then homeward like a bee Laden with wax beneath his finger-nails. Lest he lack votes, he keeps, to judge withal, A private pebble-beach secure within. Such is his frenzy, and the more you chide him The more he judges: 6 so with bolts and bars We guard him straitly that he stir not out. For ill the young man brooks his sire's disease. And first he tried by soft emollient words To win him over, not to don the cloak Or walk abroad: but never a jot he yielded. He washed and purged him then: but never a jot. A Corvbant next he made him, but old master, Timbrel and all, into the New Court bursts And there sits judging. So when these rites failed. We cross the Strait, and, in Aegina, place him,

[°] All officials at the close of their term of office had to submit to an account $(\epsilon i\theta \delta \nu \eta)$, and in cases where the public auditor was not satisfied the matter would come before the dicasteries; cf. 571.

See Introduction, p 406.
Said by the Scholast to be a parody of Euripides: τοιαῦτ' ἀλύει· νουθετούμενος δ' "Ερως | μᾶλλον πιέζει.

	νύκτωρ κατέκλινεν αὐτὸν εἰς 'Ασκληπιοῦ·	
	δ δ' ἀνεφάνη κνεφαῖος ἐπὶ τῆ κιγκλίδι.	
	έντεῦθεν οὐκέτ' αὐτὸν έξεφρείομεν.	125
	ό δ' έξεδίδρασκε διά τε των ύδρορροων	120
	καὶ τῶν ὀπῶν ἡμεῖς δ' ὅσ' ἡν τετρημένα	
	ένεβύσαμεν βακίοισι κάπακτώσαμεν	
	ό δ' ώσπερεὶ κολοιὸς αὐτῷ παττάλους	
	ενέκρουεν είς τον τοιχον, είτ' εξήλλετο.	
	EVERPOOLE ELS TOP TOLYON, ELT ESTIMETO.	130
	ήμεις δε την αυλην απασαν δικτύοις	
	καταπετάσαντες εν κύκλω φυλάττομεν.	
	έστιν δ' ὄνομα τῷ μὲν γέροντι Φιλοκλέων,	
	ναὶ μὰ Δία, τῷ δ' υίεῖ γε τωδὶ Βδελυκλέων,	
	έχων τρόπους φρυαγμοσεμνάκους τινάς.	135
BAE.	ΑΥΚΛΕΩΝ. ὧ Ξανθία καὶ Σωσία, καθεύδετε;	
ΞA.	οἴμοι.	
ZΩ.		
EA.	Βδελυκλέων ἀνίσταται.	
В∆.	οὐ περιδραμεῖται σφῷν ταχέως δεῦρ' ἄτερος;	
	δ γὰρ πατήρ εἰς τὸν ἰπνὸν εἰσελήλυθεν	
	καί μυσπολέιται καταδεδυκώς. άλλ' ἄθρει,	140
	κατά της πυέλου το τρημ' όπως μη 'κδύσεται.	140
	σὺ δὲ τῆ θύρα πρόσκεισο.	
ZΩ.	ταῦτ', ὧ δέσποτα.	
	αναξ Πόσειδον, τί ποτ' αρ' ή κάπνη ψοφει;	
DA.	οὖτος, τίς εἶ σύ;	
***	καπνὸς ἔγων' ἐξέργομαι.	
	καπνός; φέρ' ίδω ξύλου τίνος σύ.	
ΦΙ.	συκίνου.	145
BΔ.	νη τον Δί' οσπερ γ' εστί δριμύτατος καπνών.	

^a A common method of seeking a cure.

^b i.e. "Cleon-lover." cleon-abhorrer."

THE WASPS, 123-146

To sleep the night inside Asclepius' temple: a Lo! with the dawn he stands at the Court rails! Then, after that, we let him out no more. But he! he dodged along the pipes and gutters, And so made off: we block up every cranny, Stopping and stuffing them with clouts of rag: Quick he drove pegs into the wall, and clambered Up like an old jackdaw, and so hopped out. Now then, we compass all the house with nets, Spreading them round, and mew him safe within. Well, sirs, Philocleon b is the old man's name; Ay truly; and the son's, Bdelycleon c;

A wondrous high-and-mighty mannered man.

BDELYCLEON. Xanthias and Sosias! are ye fast asleep?

XA. O dear!

so.

What now?

xa. Bdelycleon is up.

BD. One of you two run hither instantly,
For now my father's got into the kitchen,
Scurrying, mouselike, somewhere. Mind he don't
Slip through the hole for turning off the water.
And you, keep pressing at the door.

so. Ay, ay, sir.

BD. O heavens! what's that? what makes the chimney rumble?

Hallo, sir! who are you?

PHILOCLEON.

I'm smoke escaping.

BD. Smoke? of what wood?

PH. I'm of the fig-tree panel.

BD. Ay, and there's no more stinging smoke d than that.

^d So too Theophrastus (*Hist. Plant.* v. 9. 5) δριμύτατος ὁ καπνὸς συκῆς. Philocleon selects a smoke that suits his own characters as a dicast; and there is also a reference to "informers" (συκοφάνται).

	άτὰρ οὐκ ἐσερρήσεις γε; ποῦ 'σθ' ἡ τηλία; δύου πάλιν· φέρ' ἐπαναθῶ σοι καὶ ξύλου. ἐνταῦθα νῦν ζήτει τιν' ἄλλην μηχανήν.	
	ἀτὰρ ἄθλιός γ' εἴμ' ὡς ἔτερός γ' οὐδεὶς ἀνήρ, ὅστις πατρὸς νῦν Καπνίου κεκλήσομαι.	150
	- 10'/ 10'0	
ΣΩ.		
BΔ.	πίεζε νυν σφόδρα	
	εὖ κἀνδρικῶς κἀγὼ γὰρ ἐνταῦθ' ἔρχομαι.	
	καὶ τῆς κατακλείδος ἐπιμελοῦ καὶ τοῦ μοχλοῦ·	
	φύλαττέ θ' όπως μη την βάλανον έκτρώξεται.	155
ΦI.	τί δράσετ'; οὐκ ἐκφρήσετ', ὧ μιαρώτατοι,	
	δικάσοντά μ', ἀλλ' ἐκφεύξεται Δρακοντίδης;	
BΔ.	σὺ δὲ τοῦτο βαρέως ἂν φέροις;	
ΦI.	δ γὰρ θεὸs	
	μαντευομένω μουχρησεν έν Δελφοις ποτέ,	
	όταν τις ἐκφύγῃ μ', ἀποσκληναι τότε.	160
ВΔ.	"Απολλον ἀποτρόπαιε, τοῦ μαντεύματος.	
ΦI.	ἴθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', ἔκφρες με, μὴ διαρραγῶ.	
ВΔ.	μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ, Φιλοκλέων, οὐδέποτέ γε.	
ΦI.	διατρώξομαι τοίνυν όδὰξ τὸ δίκτυον.	
ВΔ.	άλλ' οὖκ ἔχεις ὀδόντας.	
ΦI.	οίμοι δείλαιος.	165
	πως αν σ' αποκτείναιμι; πως; δότε μοι ξίφος	100
	όπως τάχιστ', η πινάκιον τιμητικόν.	
ВΔ.	άνθρωπος ούτος μέγα τι δρασείει κακόν.	
	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ δῆτ', ἀλλ' ἀποδόσθαι βούλομαι	
AI.	τον όνον άγων αὐτοῖσι τοῖς κανθηλίοις.	750
	νουμηνία γάρ έστιν.	170
BΔ.	οῦκουν κἂν ἐγὼ	
	αὐτὸν ἀποδοίμην δῆτ' ἄν;	
ΦI.	ούχ ὥσπερ γ' ἐγώ.	

THE WASPS, 147-172

Come, trundle back: what, won't you? where's the board? In with you! nay, I'll clap this log on too. There now, invent some other stratagem. But I'm the wretchedest man that ever was; They'll call me now the son of Chimney-smoked.a so. He's at the door now, pushing. Press it back then BD. With all your force: I'm coming there directly. And O be careful of the bolt and bar, And mind he does not nibble off the door-pin. PH. (Within) Let me out, villains! let me out to judge. What, shall Dracontides escape unpunished! BD. What if he should? Why once, when I consulted PH. The Delphian oracle, the God replied, That I should wither if a man escaped me. BD. Apollo shield us, what a prophecy! PH. O let me out, or I shall burst, I shall. BD. No, by Poseidon! no, Philocleon, never! PH. O then by Zeus I'll nibble through the net.b BD. You've got no teeth, my beauty. PH. Fire and fury! How shall I slay thee, how? Give me a sword, Quick, quick, or else a damage-cessing tablet.c BD. Hang it, he meditates some dreadful deed. PH. O no, I don't: I only want to take And sell the donkey and his panniers too. 'Tis the new moon to-day.d And if it is, BD. Cannot I sell them? Not so well as I. PH. Some disreputable Athenian.

Some disreputable Athenian.
 See Introduction, p. 406.
 A special market-day.

ВΔ.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἄμεινον. ἀλλὰ τὸν ὄνον ἔξαγε.	
EA.		
	ϊν' αὐτὸν ἐκπέμψειας.	
ВΔ.	άλλ' οὐκ ἔσπασεν	175
	ταύτη γ' έγω γαρ ήσθόμην τεχνωμένου.	
	άλλ' εἰσιών μοι τὸν ὄνον έξάγειν δοκῶ,	
	όπως αν ό γέρων μηδέ παρακύψη πάλιν.	
	κάνθων, τί κλάεις; ὅτι πεπράσει τήμερον;	
	βάδιζε θᾶττον. τί στένεις, εί μὴ φέρεις	180
	''Οδυσσέα τιν';	
EA.	άλλὰ ναὶ μὰ Δία φέρει	
	κάτω γε τουτονί τιν' ὑποδεδυκότα.	
ВΔ.	1 (3 40	
ĦA.	τουτονί.	
ВΔ.	τουτὶ τί ἢν;	
	τίς εἶ ποτ', ὧνθοωπ', ἐτεόν:	
ΦI.	Οὖτις νὴ Δία.	
ВΔ.		
φI.		185
BΔ.	Οὖτις μὰ τὸν Δί' οὔ τι χαιρήσων γε σύ.	
	υφελκε θαττον αυτόν. ὧ μιαρώτατος,	
	ίν' ύποδέδυκεν ωστ' έμοιγ' ίνδάλλεται	
	δμοιότατος κλητήρος είναι πωλίω.	
ΦI.	3 / 3 3 / 63 6 / / 6	190
ВΔ.	περὶ τοῦ μαχεῖ νῷν δῆτα;	
ΦI.	περὶ ὄνου σκιᾶς.	
ВΔ.	πονηρὸς εἶ πόρρω τέχνης καὶ παράβολος.	
ΦI.	έγω πονηρός; οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' οὐκ οἶσθα σὺ	

Odysseus escaped from the cave of Polyphemus, to whom he had given his name as Oðτιs (l. 184), by clinging to a ram's belly. The donkey here has his stable just inside the hall-door. 422

THE WASPS, 173-193

BD. No, but much better: drive the donkey out.

To make you let him through.

But he caught nothing
That haul at least, for I perceived the trick.
But I will in, and fetch the donkey out.
No, no; he shan't come slipping through again.
Donkey, why grieve? at being sold to-day?
Gee up! why grunt and groan, unless you carry
Some new Odysseus there? a

And, in good truth,
Here is a fellow clinging on beneath.

p. Who? where?

XA. Why, here.

BD. Why, what in the world is this?

Who are you, sirrah?

Noman I, by Zeus.

BD. Where from?

PH. From Ithaca, son of Runaway.

BD. Noman I promise to no good you'll be.

Drag him out there from under. O the villain,

The place he had crept to! Now he seems to me

The very image of a sompnour's b foal.

PH. Come now, hands off: or you and I shall fight.

BD. Fight! what about?

PH. About a donkey's shadow.

BD. You're a born bad one, with your tricks and fetches PH. Bad! O my gracious! then you don't know yet

^b R. thinks that $\kappa\lambda\eta\tau\eta\rho$ may not only="one who calls or summons to court," but also be slang for a donkey="the caller," from its bray.

• A man hired an ass to carry him from Athens to Megara, but finding the sun hot sat down in its shadow, which the driver said did not belong to him, so that finally they went to Law about the "donkey's shadow."

423

ΦI.	νῦν μ' ὄντ' ἄριστον· ἀλλ' ἴσως, ὅταν φάγης ὑπογάστριον γέροντος ἡλιαστικοῦ. ἄθει τὸν ὄνον καὶ σαυτὸν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν. ἄ ξυνδικασταὶ καὶ Κλέων, ἀμύνατε.	195
В∆.	ἔνδον κέκραχθι τῆς θύρας κεκλεισμένης. ἄθει σὺ πολλοὺς τῶν λίθων πρὸς τὴν θύραν, καὶ τὴν βάλανον ἔμβαλλε πάλιν εἰς τὸν μοχλόν, καὶ, τῆ δοκῷ προσθείς, τὸν ὅλμον τὸν μέγαν ἀνύσας τι προσκύλιέ γ'.	200
ΣΩ.	οίμοι δείλαιος.	
	πόθεν ποτ' εμπέπτωκέ μοι τὸ βώλιον;	
ΞA.	ίσως ἄνωθεν μῦς ἐνέβαλέ σοί ποθεν.	
ΣΩ.	μῦς; οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὑποδυόμενός τις οὑτοσὶ ὑπὸ τῶν κεραμίδων ἡλιαστὴς ὀροφίας.	205
BΔ.	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, στρουθός άνὴρ γίγνεται· ἐκπτήσεται. ποῦ ποῦ 'στί μοι τὸ δίκτυον; σοῦ σοῦ, πάλιν σοῦ. νὴ Δί' ἡ μοι κρεῦττον ἡν	
ΣΩ.	τηρεῖν Σκιώνην ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ πατρός. ἄγε νυν, ἐπειδὴ τουτονὶ σεσοβήκαμεν, κοὐκ ἐσθ᾽ ὅπως διαδὺς ἂν ἡμᾶς ἔτι λάθοι, τί οὐκ ἀπεκοιμήθημεν ὅσον ὅσον οτίλην;	210
ВΔ.	άλλ', ὧ πόνηρ', ήξουσιν όλίγον ὕστερον οἱ ξυνδικασταὶ παρακαλοῦντες τουτονὶ	215
	τὸν πατέρα.	215
ΣΩ.	τί λέγεις; ἀλλὰ νῦν ὄρθρος βαθύς.	
ΒΔ.	νη τὸν Δί', ὀψὲ γοῦν ἀνεστήκασι νῦν. ὡς ἀπὸ μέσων νυκτῶν γε παρακαλοῦσ' ἀεί,	
	λύχνους έχοντες καὶ μινυρίζοντες μέλη	
	άρχαιομελισιδωνοφρυνιχήρατα,	220

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize a}}$ " The stuffed paunch of an ass was accounted a delicacy at Athens ": R.

THE WASPS, 194-220

How good I am: but wait until you taste The seasoned paunchlet of a prime old judge.a

BD. Get along in, you and your donkey too.

рн. O help me, fellow-dicasts: help me, Cleon!

BD. Bellow within there when the door is shut.

Now pile a heap of stones against the door,
And shoot the door-pin home into the bar,
And heave the beam athwart it, and roll up,
Quick, the great mortar-block.

so. (Starting)

Save us! what's that?

Whence fell that clod of dirt upon my head?

xa. Belike some mouse dislodged it from above.

so. A mouse? O, no, a rafter-haunting dicast, Wriggling about behind the tiling there.

BD. Good lack! the man is changing to a sparrow
Sure he'll fly off: where, where's the casting-net?
Shoo! shoo there! shoo! 'Fore Zeus, 'twere easier
work

To guard Scione b than a sire like this.

so. Well but at last we have fairly scared him in, He can't slip out, he can't elude us now, So why not slumber just a—just a—drop?

BD. Slumber, you rogue! when in a little while His fellow-justices will come this way Calling him up.

so. Why sir, 'tis twilight yet.

BD. Why then, by Zeus, they are very late to-day. Soon after midnight is their usual time To come here, carrying lights, and warbling tunes Sweet-charming-old-Sidono-Phrynichéan

^b Scione, on the peninsula of Pallene, was at the time closely besieged by a large Athenian force.

Lyrics from the Phoenissae of Phrynichus, published about

fifty-five years earlier.

οίς ἐκκαλοῦνται τοῦτον.

οὐκοῦν, ἢν δέῃ, ἤδη ποτ' αὐτοὺς τοῖς λίθοις βαλλήσομεν.
ΒΔ. ἀλλ', ὧ πόνηρε, τὸ γένος ἤν τις ὀργίση τὸ τῶν γερόντων, ἔσθ' ὅμοιον σφηκιᾳ.
ἔχουσι γὰρ καὶ κέντρον ἐκ τῆς ὀσφύος 225 ὀξύτατον, ὧ κεντοῦσι, καὶ κεκραγότες πηδῶσι καὶ βάλλουσιν ὧσπερ φέψαλοι.
μὴ φροντίσης ἐὰν ἐγὼ λίθους ἔχω, πολλῶν δικαστῶν σφηκιὰν διασκεδῶ.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. χώρει, πρόβαιν' ἐρρωμένως. ὧ Κωμία, βραδύνεις; 230 μὰ τὸν Δί', οὐ μέντοι πρὸ τοῦ γ', ἀλλ' ἦσθ' ἱμὰς κύνειος:

νυνὶ δὲ κρείττων ἐστὶ σοῦ Χαρινάδης βαδίζειν. ὧ Στρυμόδωρε Κονθυλεῦ, βέλτιστε συνδικαστῶν, Εὐεργίδης ἄρ' ἐστί που ἀνταῦθ', ἢ Χάβης ὁ Φλυεύς; πάρεσθ', ὁ δὴ λοιπόν γ' ἔτ' ἐστίν, ἀππαπαῦ παπαιάξ, 235 ἤβης ἐκείνης, ἡνίκ' ἐν Βυζαντίω ξυνῆμεν φρουροῦντ' ἐγώ τε καὶ σύ κἦτα περιπατοῦντε νύκτωρ

της ἀρτοπώλιδος λαθόντ' ἐκλέψαμεν τον ὅλμον, κἆθ' ήψομεν τοῦ κορκόρου, κατασχίσαντες αὐτόν. ἀλλ' ἐγκονῶμεν, ὧνδρες, ὡς ἔσται Λάχητι νυνίσιμβλον δέ φασι χρημάτων ἔχειν ἄπαντες αὐτόν.

"They are dressed up to resemble Wasps, armed with formidable stings": R.

<sup>For the capture of Byzantium in 478 see Thuc. i. 94.
Sent with 20 ships to Sicily in 427, but recalled two years later, and probably accused by Cleon of peculation.
426</sup>

THE WASPS, 221-241

Wherewith they call him out. And if they come, so. Had we not better pelt them with some stones? Pelt them, you rogue! you might as well provoke A nest of wasps as anger these old men. Each wears beside his loins a deadly sting,a Wherewith they smite, and on with vells and cries They leap, and strike at you, like sparks of fire. Tut, never trouble, give me but some stones, I'll chase the biggest wasps-nest of them all. chorus. Step out, step out, my comrades stout: no loitering, Comias, pound along, You're shirking now, you used, I vow, to pull as tough as leathern thong, Yet now, with ease, Charinades can walk a brisker pace than you. Ho! Strymodore of Conthyle, the best of all our dicast crew, Has old Euergides appeared, and Chabes too from Phlya, pray? Ah! here it strains, the poor remains, alas! alas! alack the day, Of that mad set, I mind it vet. when once we paced our nightly round, In years gone by, both you and I, along Byzantium's wall, b and found And stole away the baker's tray, and sliced it up, and chopped it well, A merry blaze therewith to raise. and so we cooked our pimpernel. On, on again, with might and main: for Laches' c turn is come to-day: Quick, look alive, a splendid hive of wealth the fellow's got, they say.

χθες οὖν Κλέων ὁ κηδεμὼν ἡμῖν ἐφεῖτ' ἐν ὥρᾳ
ἤκειν ἔχοντας ἡμερῶν ὀργὴν τριῶν πονηρὰν
ἐπ' αὐτόν, ὡς κολωμένους ὧν ἠδίκησεν. ἀλλὰ
σπεύδωμεν, ὧνδρες ἤλικες, πρὶν ἡμέραν γενέσθαι, 245
χωρῶμεν, ἄμα τε τῷ λύχνῳ πάντη διασκοπῶμεν.
μή που λίθων τις ἐμποδὼν ἡμᾶς κακόν τι δράση.

ΠΑΙΣ. τὸν πηλόν, ὧ πάτερ πάτερ, τουτονὶ φύλαξαι.

χο. κάρφος χαμᾶθέν νυν λαβών τὸν λύχνον πρόβυσον.

ΠΑΙΣ. οὔκ, ἀλλὰ τωδί μοι δοκῶ τὸν λύχνον προβύσειν. 250

κο. τί δὴ μαθὼν τῷ δακτύλῳ τὴν θρυαλλίδ' ἀθεῖς,
 καὶ ταῦτα τοὐλαίου σπανίζοντος, ἄνόητε;
 οὐ γὰρ δάκνει σ', ὅταν δέῃ τίμιον πρίασθαι.

ΠΑΙΣ. εἰ νὴ Δί' αὖθις κονδύλοις νουθετήσεθ' ἡμᾶς,
ἀποσβέσαντες τοὺς λύχνους ἄπιμεν οἴκαδ' αὐτοί· 255
κἄπειτ' ἴσως ἐν τῷ σκότῳ τουτουὶ στερηθεὶς
τὸν πηλὸν ὧσπερ ἀτταγᾶς τυρβάσεις βαδίζων.

ΧΟ. ἢ μὴν ἐγὼ σοῦ χἀτέρους μείζονας κολάζω.

^a Soldiers commonly carried three days' rations.

THE WASPS, 242-258

And Cleon too, our patron true, enjoined us each betimes to bring Of anger sore an ample store, a good three days' provisioning a: On all the man's unrighteous plans a vengeance well-deserved to take. Come, every dear and tried compeer, come, quickly come, ere morning break, And as you go, be sure you throw the light around on every side; Lest somewhere nigh a stone may lie. and we therefrom be damnified. BOY. O father, father, here's some mud! look sharp or in you'll go. CH. Pick up a stick, and trim the wick, a better light to show. BOY. Nav. father, with my finger, thus, I choose to trim the lamp. CH. How dare you rout the wick about, you little wasteful scamp, And that with oil so scarce? but no, it don't disturb your quiet, However dear the oil may be, when I have got to buy it. BOY. If with your knuckles once again you 'monish us, I swear We'll douse the light, and take to flight, and leave you floundering there. Then wading on without the lamp in darkness, I'll be bound You'll stir and splash the mud about, like snipes in marshy ground. CH. Ah, greater men than you, my boy, tis often mine to beat.

άλλ' ούτοσί μοι βόρβορος φαίνεται πατοῦντι. κούκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐχ ἡμερῶν τεττάρων τὸ πλεῖστον 280 ύδωρ αναγκαίως έχει τὸν θεὸν ποιῆσαι. έπεισι γοῦν τοῖσιν λύχνοις ούτοιὶ μύκητες. φιλεί δ', όταν τοῦτ' ή, ποιείν ὑετὸν μάλιστα. δείται δὲ καὶ τῶν καρπίμων ἄττα μή 'στι πρῷα ύδωρ γενέσθαι κάπιπνεύσαι βόρειον αὐτοῖς. 265 τί χρημ' ἄρ' ούκ της οἰκίας τησδε συνδικαστής πέπονθεν, ώς οὐ φαίνεται δεῦρο πρὸς τὸ πληθος; οὐ μὴν πρὸ τοῦ γ' ἐφολκὸς ἦν, ἀλλὰ πρῶτος ἡμῶν ήγειτ' αν άδων Φρυνίχου και γάρ έστιν άνηρ φιλωδός. άλλά μοι δοκεί στάντας ένθάδ', ὧνδρες. 270 άδοντας αὐτὸν ἐκκαλεῖν, ἤν τί πως ἀκούσας τούμοῦ μέλους ύφ' ήδονης έρπύση θύραζε.

τί ποτ' οὐ πρὸ θυρῶν [στρ. φαίνετ' ἄρ' ἡμῖν ὁ γέρων οὐδ' ὑπακούει; μῶν ἀπολώλεκε τὰς ἐμβάδας, ἢ προσέκοψ' 275

a For this sign of rain cf. Virg. Georg. i. 391 "testa quum ardente viderent | scintillare oleum, et putres concrescere fungos," where fungos exactly corresponds to $\mu \dot{\nu} \kappa \eta \tau es$ "mushrooms."

THE WASPS, 259-275

But, bless me, this is filth indeed I feel beneath my feet: Av, and within four days from this, or sooner, it is plain. God will send down upon our town a fresh supply of rain: So dense and thick around the wick these thieves collect and gather,a And that's, as everybody knows, a sign of heavy weather. Well, well, 'tis useful for the fruits, and all the backward trees, To have a timely fall of rain, and eke a good North breeze. But how is this? Our friend not here! how comes it he's so slack? By Zeus, he never used to be at all a hanger-back. He always marched before us all, on legal cares intent. And some old tune of Phrynichus he warbled as he went. O he's a wonder for the songs! Come, comrades, one and all, Come stand around the house, and sing, its master forth to call. If once he hears me tuning up, I know it won't be long Before he comes creep, creeping out,

How is it our friend is not here to receive us?

Why comes he not forth from his dwelling?

Can it be that he's had the misfortune to lose

His one pair of shoes;

431

from pleasure at the song.

έν τῷ σκότῳ τὸν δάκτυλόν που [ποδός,] εἶτ' ἐφλέγμηνεν
τὸ σφυρὸν γέροντος ὅντος;
καὶ τάχ' ἂν βουβωνιώη.
ἢ μὴν πολὺ δριμύτατός γ' ἦν τῶν παρ' ἡμῖν,
καὶ μόνος οὐκ ἂν ἐπείθετ',
ἀλλ' ὁπότ' ἀντιβολοίη
τις, κάτω κύπτων ἂν οὕτω,
" λίθον ἔψεις," ἔλεγεν.

τάχα δ' ἃν διὰ τὸν [ἀντ. χθιζινὸν ἄνθρωπον, ὃς ἡμᾶς διεδύετ' ἐξαπατῶν, ὁ λέγων ὡς φιλαθήναιος ἢν καὶ τὰν Σάμω πρῶτος κατείποι, διὰ τοῦτ' ὀδυνηθεὶς εἶτ' ἴσως κεῖται πυρέττων. ἔστι γὰρ τοιοῦτος ἀνήρ. 285 ἀλλ', ὧγάθ', ἀνίστασο μηδ' οὕτω σεαυτὸν ἔσθιε, μηδ' ἀγανάκτει. καὶ γὰρ ἀνὴρ παχὺς ἥκει τῶν προδόντων τἀπὶ Θράκης· ὂν ὅπως ἐγχυτριεῖς.

290

ΠΑΙΣ. ἐθελήσεις τί μοι οὖν, ὧ [στρ.
πάτερ, ἦν σού τι δεηθῶ;
ΧΟ. πάνυ γ', ὧ παιδίον. ἀλλ' εἰπὲ τί βούλει με πρίασθαι
καλόν; οἶμαι δέ σ' ἐρεῖν ἀστραγάλους δήπουθεν, [ὧ παῖ

υπαν', ὧ παῖ, υπαγε.

THE WASPS, 276-296

Or striking his toe in the dark, by the grievous Contusion is lamed, and his ankle inflamed?

Or his groin has, it may be, a swelling. He of us all. I ween.

Was evermore the austerest, and most keen.

Alone no prayers he heeded: Whene'er for grace they pleaded, He bent (like this) his head, You cook a stone, he said.

Is it all of that yesterday's man who cajoled us,
And slipped through our hands, the deceiver.

Pretending a lover of Athens to be, Pretending that he

Was the first, of the Samian rebellion a that told us? Our friend may be sick with disgust at the trick,

And be now lying ill of a fever.

That would be like him quite.

But now up, up, nor gnaw your soul with spite
There comes a traitor base,
A wealthy rogue from Thrace.
Safe in our toils we've got him,
Up, up, old friend, and pot him!

On with you, boy, on with you.

BOY. Father, if a boon I pray, Will you grant it, father, eh?

CH. Certainly I will, my son.

Tell me what you'd have me buy.

Dibs, my son? Hey, my son?

Dibs, my son? Hey, my son Dibs it is, undoubtedly.

"The Revolt of Samos in 440 which for a moment imperilled the whole fabric of Athenian power": R.

b Where the Spartan general Brasidas was at the time causing great trouble.

b Lit. "knuckle-bones."

ΠΑΙΣ.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἰσχάδας, ὧ παπ-	
	πία ήδιον γάρ.	
xo.	οὐκ ἂν	
	μὰ Δί', εἰ κρέμαισθέ γ' ὑμεῖς.	
MAIZ.	μὰ Δί' οὔ τἄρα προπέμψω σε τὸ λοιπόν.	
xo.	ἀπὸ γὰρ τοῦδέ με τοῦ μισθαρίου	300
	τρίτον αὐτὸν ἔχειν ἄλφιτα δεῖ καὶ	
	ξύλα κὤψον·	
	σὺ δὲ σῦκά μ' αἰτεῖς.	
ΠΑΙΣ.	ἄγε νυν, ὧ πάτερ, ἣν μὴ [ἀν-	-
111114.	το δικαστήριον άρχων	•
	καθίση νῦν, πόθεν ώνη-	305
	σόμεθ' ἄριστον; ἔχεις ἐλ-	000
	πίδα χρηστήν τινα νῶν ἢ	
	πόρον "Ελλας ίερόν;	
77.0	$\vec{a}\pi a\pi a\hat{i}$, $\phi \in \hat{v}$, $\vec{a}\pi a\pi a\hat{i}$, $\phi \in \hat{v}$,	
xo.	ΔA^{2} ΔA^{2}	310
	μὰ Δί' οὖκ ἔγωγε νῷν οἶδ'	910
	όπόθεν γε δεῖπνον ἔσται.	
TAIE.	τί με δητ', & μελέα μητερ, έτικτες,	
	ιν' έμοι πράγματα βόσκειν παρέχης;	
xo.	ανόνητον αρ' ω θυλακιόν σ' εl-	•
	χον ἄγαλμα.	315
ΠΑΙΣ.	ě ě.	
	πάρα νῷν στενάζειν.	
Ф1.	φίλοι, τήκομαι μέν	
	πάλαι διὰ τῆς ὀπῆς	
		•

^a The boy uses $\pi\delta\rho\sigma$ in the sense of resource, and then "goes on humming some well-known words of Pindar in which $\pi\delta\rho\sigma$ means a ford, 'the sacred ford of Helle'": R.

THE WASPS, 296-317

BOY. Dibs, my father! No, my father!
Figs! for they are sweeter far.
CH. You be hanged first: yet you shall not

Have them, monkey, when you are.

BOY. Then, my father, woe betide you!

Not another step I'll guide you.

CH. Is it not enough that I
With this paltry pay must buy
Fuel, bread, and sauce for three?
Must I needs buy figs for thee!

Father, if the Archon say
That the Court won't sit to-day.
Tell me truly, father mine,
Have we wherewithal to dine?
O my father, should not we
Then in "Straits of Helle" a be?

CH. Out upon it! out upon it!

Then, indeed, I should not know

For a little bit of supper

Whither in this world to go.

BOY. Why, my mother, didst thou breed me, giving nothing else to feed me,^b

But a store of legal woe?

CH. Empty scrip! O empty show, Bootless, fruitless ornament!

O! O! woe! woe!

Ours to sorrow and lament.

PH. (Appearing above) Long my reins have been stirred, Long through chinks have I heard,

435

 $^{^{\}mathfrak d}$ A parody of a $\theta\rho\bar\eta\nu os$ from the Theseus of Euripides spoken by boys sent to be food for the Minotaur.

	ύμων ύπακούων. ἀλλὰ γὰρ οὐχ οἶός τ' εἴμ' ἄδειν. τί ποιήσω;	
	τηροῦμαι δ' ὑπὸ τῶνδ', ἐπεὶ βούλομαί γε πάλαι μεθ' ὑ- μῶν ἐλθὼν ἐπὶ τοὺς καδί-	320
	σκους κακόν τι ποιῆσαι. ἀλλ', ὧ Ζεῦ μεγαβρόντα, ἤ με ποίησον καπνὸν ἐξαίφνης, ἢ Προξενίδην, ἢ τὸν Σέλλου	
	τοῦτον τὸν ψευδαμάμαξυν. τόλμησον, ἄναξ, χαρίσασθαί μοι,	325
	πάθος οἰκτείρας ή με κεραυνῷ διατινθαλέῳ σπόδισον ταχέως	
	κἄπειτ' ἀνελών μ' ἀποφυσήσας εἰς ὀξάλμην ἔμβαλε θερμήν· ἢ δῆτα λίθον με ποίησον ἐφ' οδ	330
	τας χοιρίνας αριθμοῦσιν.	
xo.	τίς γάρ ἐσθ᾽ ὁ ταῦτά σ᾽ εἴργων κἀποκλείων τῇ θύρᾳ; λέξ-	[στρ.
	ον πρός εύνους γάρ φράσεις.	335
ΦI.	ούμος υίός. ἀλλὰ μὴ βοᾶτε καὶ γὰρ τ ούτοσὶ πρόσθεν καθεύδων. ἀλλ' ὕφεσθε τ	υγχάνει
xo.	τοῦ δ' ἔφεξιν, ὧ μάταιε, ταῦτα δρᾶν σε β	βούλεται;
ΦI.	τίνα πρόφασίν τ' ἔχων; οὐκ ἐᾳ̂ μ', ὧνδρες, δικάζειν οὐδὲ δρᾶν οὐδ ἀλλά μ' εὐωχεῖν ἔτοιμός ἐστ' ἐγὼ δ' οὐ β	εν κακόν, 340 Βούλομαι.

^a An empty blusterer, cf. B. 1126. ^b Aeschines, cf. 459, 1243, another empty boaster; "the tree-vine is adopted as his emblem, because of the prodigious splutter it makes while burning": R.

THE WASPS, 318-341

Heard your voices below. Vain my efforts to sing, These forbid me to go. Vainly my sad heart yearns, Yearns to be marching with you, On to the judgement urns, There some mischief to do.

O change to smoke by a lightning stroke, Dread-thundering Zeus! this body of mine,

Till I'm like Proxenides, a like the son

Of Sellus, that false tree-vine. O Sovereign, pity my woeful lot, Vouchsafe to grant me my heart's desire, Fry me in dust with a glittering, hot,

Red bolt of celestial fire. Then take me up with thy hand divine, And puff me, and plunge me in scalding brine. Or turn me into the stone, whereon They count the votes when the trial is done.

Who is he that thus detains you? Who with bolted door restrains you? Tell us, you will speak to friends.

PH. 'Tis my son, but don't be bawling:

for he's slumbering now at ease

There, upon the roof before you:

drop your tone a little, please.

CH. What's his object, idle trifler,

CH.

that he does such things as these?

What's the motive he pretends?

PH. He will let me do no mischief,

and no more a lawsuit try.

True it is he'll feast and pet me,

but with that I won't comply.

τοῦτ' ἐτόλμησ' ὁ μιαρὸς χα-XO. νείν ο Δημολογοκλέων οδ', ότι λέγεις σύ τι περί των νεων άληθές. οὐ γὰρ ἄν ποθ' οὖτος άνηρ τοῦτ' ἐτόλμησεν λέγειν, εἰ μη ξυνωμότης τις ην. ἀλλ' εκ τούτων ὥρα τινά σοι ζητεῖν καινην ἐπίνοιαν, ήτις σε λάθρατανδρός τουδί καταβήναι δεύρο ποιήσει. ΦΙ. τίς αν οὖν εἴη; ζητεῖθ' ὑμεῖς, ὡς παν αν ἔγωγε ποιοίην: ούτω κιττώ διά των σανίδων μετά χοιρίνης

περιελθεῖν.

345

χο. ἔστιν όπη δηθ' ήντιν' αν ἔνδοθεν οδός τ' είης διορύξαι, 350 είτ' ἐκδῦναι ράκεσιν κρυφθείς, ώσπερ πολύμητις 'Οδυσσεύς:

ΦΙ. πάντα πέφρακται κοὐκ ἔστιν ὀπῆς οὐδ' εἰ σέρφω διαδύναι.

άλλ' άλλο τι δεῖ ζητεῖν ὑμᾶς · ὀπίαν δ' οὐκ ἔστι γενέσθαι.

χο. μέμνησαι δηθ', ότ' ἐπὶ στρατιᾶς κλέψας ποτὲ τοὺς δβελίσκους

ίεις σαυτὸν κατὰ τοῦ τείχους ταχέως, ὅτε Νάξος έάλω:

ΦΙ. οίδ' · άλλὰ τί τοῦτ'; οὐδὲν γὰρ τοῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐκείνω προσόμοιον.

ήβων γάρ κάδυνάμην κλέπτειν, ἴσχυόν τ' αὐτὸς έμαυτοῦ, κούδείς μ' εφύλαττ', άλλ' εξήν μοι

^a The dicasts so call Bdelycleon in their anger, forgetting that the "obnoxious nickname suits their patron Cleon better": R. b "Lists or notice-boards of the Court, probably suspended 438

THE WASPS, 342-358

CH. This the Demagogcleon a blared Out against you, since you dared Truth about the fleet to show. He must be involved, I see, In some dark conspiracy, Else he durst not use you so.

It is time some means of escape to find,

some novel, ingenious plan, that so,

Unseen of your son, you may get you down,

alighting in safety here below.

PH. O what shall it be? consider it ye!

I'm ready to do whatever is planned:

So sorely I'm longing a circuit to go,

through the lists b of the Court, with a vote in my hand.

ch. Can you find no cranny or secret run,

through which, from within, your path to urge, And then like wily Odysseus, here,

disguised in tatters and rags,c emerge?

PH. Each cranny is barred: there's never a run,

thro' which though it were but a midge could squeeze. You must think, if you can, of a likelier plan:

I can't run out like a runnet cheese.

сн. O don't you remember the old campaign,

when you stole the spit, and let yourself down,

And away by the side of the wall you hied?

Twas when we had captured Naxos town.d

PH. Ah, well I remember! but what of that?

it is quite another affair to-day.

For then I was young, and then I could steal,

and over myself I possessed full sway.

And then none guarded my steps, but I

in some part of the building, along which the dicasts passed to record their votes ": R.

^c Such as Odysseus wore when he ventured into beleaguered Troy; cf. Hom. Od. iv. 245.

d In 476; cf. Thuc. 1. 98.

xo.

XO.

φεύνειν άδεως. νῦν δὲ ξὺν ὅπλοις άνδρες όπλιται διαταξάμενοι 360 κατά τὰς διόδους σκοπιωροῦνται. τω δε δύ αὐτων επί ταῖσι θύραις ωσπερ με γαλην κρέα κλέψασαν τηροθσιν έχοντ' όβελίσκους. άλλα και νῦν ἐκπόριζε TavT. 365 μηχανήν όπως τάχισθ' - εως γάρ, ὧ μελίττιον. φι. διατραγείν τοίνυν κράτιστον έστί μοι τὸ δίκτυον. ή δέ μοι Δίκτυννα συγγνώμην έχοι τοῦ δικτύου. χο, ταθτα μέν πρός ανδρός έστ' ανοντος ές σωτηρίαν. άλλ' έπανε την γνάθον. διατέτρωκται τοῦτό γ'. ἀλλὰ μὴ βοᾶτε μηδαμώς, άλλα τηρώμεσθ', όπως μη Βδελυκλέων αἰσθήσεται. μηδέν, ὧ τᾶν, δέδιθι, μηδέν. ώς έγω τοῦτόν γ', έὰν γρύξη τι, ποιήσω δακείν την καρδίαν καὶ 375 τὸν περὶ ψυχῆς δρόμον δραμείν, ίν' είδη μη πατείν τὰ ταῖν θεαῖν ψηφίσματα. άλλ' έξάψας διὰ τῆς θυρίδος τὸ καλώδιον εἶτα καθίμα δήσας σαυτὸν καὶ τὴν ψυχὴν ἐμπλησάμενος Διο-

a i.e. Artemis. The name is here clearly connected with δίκτυον; elsewhere with Mt. Dicte in Crete.

380

THE HOUSE

^b They formerly (1.345) charged him with being a traitor; now they will accuse him of "violating the mysteries" (of Demeter 440

THE WASPS, 359-380

Was free, wherever I chose, to fly; Whilst now, in every alley and street, Armed men with arms are stationed about, Watching with care that I steal not out. And there at the gate you may see those two Waiting with spits to spit me through, Like a cat that is running away with the meat.

Well but now be quickly shaping
 Some contrivance for escaping;
 Morning breaks, my honey-bee.

PH. Then the best that I can think of,

is to gnaw these meshes through.

May Dictynna,^a queen of hunters,

pardon me the deed I do.

сн. Spoken like a man whose efforts

will salvation's goal ensue.

Ply your jaw then lustily.

PH. There, I've gnawn them through completely

—Ah! but do not raise a shout,

We must use the greatest caution,

lest Bdelycleon find us out.

CH. Fear not: fear not: if he speak,
He shall gnaw his heart, and seek
For his life to run amain.
We will quickly make him learn
Nevermore again to spurn

Th' holy statutes of the Twain.

So now to the window lash the cord,

and twine it securely your limbs around.

With all Diopeithes c fill your soul,

then let yourself cleverly down to the ground. and Persephone) but, having a legal mind, substitute ψηφίσματα for μυστήρια.

• i.e. with a fine frenzy like that of the soothsayer Diopeithes;

for whom cf. K. 1085, B. 988.

 ΦΙ. ἄγε νυν, ἢν αἰσθομένω τούτω ζητῆτόν μ' ἐσκαλαμᾶσθαι κἀνασπαστὸν ποιεῖν εἴσω, τί ποιήσετε; φράζετε

νυνί.

χο. ἀμυνοῦμέν σοι τὸν πρινώδη θυμὸν ἄπαντες καλέσαντες,

ώστ' οὐ δυνατόν σ' εἴργειν ἔσται· τοιαῦτα ποιήσομεν ἡμεῖς.

 δράσω τοίνυν ὑμῖν πίσυνος καὶ μανθάνετ' ἡν τι πάθω Ἰγώ,

ανελόντες καὶ κατακλαύσαντες θεῖναί μ' ὑπὸ τοῖσι δρυφάκτοις.

xo. οὐδὲν πείσει μηδὲν δείσης. ἀλλ', ῶ βέλτιστε, καθίει σαυτὸν θαρρῶν κἀπευξάμενος τοῖσι πατρώοισι θεοῖσιν.

ΦΙ. ὧ Λύκε δέσποτα, γείτων ἥρως· σὺ γὰρ οἶσπερ ἐγὼ κεχάρησαι,

τοῖς δακρύοισιν τῶν φευγόντων ἀεὶ καὶ τοῖς ὀλοφυρμοῖς·

ὤκησας γοῦν ἐπίτηδες ἰὼν ἐνταῦθ', ἵνα ταῦτ' ἀκροῶο,

κάβουλήθης μόνος ήρώων παρὰ τὸν κλάοντα καθῆσθαι.

ἐλέησον καὶ σῶσον νυνὶ τὸν σαυτοῦ πλησιόχωρον κοῦ μή ποτέ σου παρὰ τὰς κάννας οὐρήσω μηδ' ἀποπάρδω.

ΒΔ. οὖτος, ἐγείρου.

ΣΩ. τί τὸ πρâγμ²;

ΒΔ. ὤσπερ φωνή μέ τις ἐγκεκύκλωται. 395 ΣΩ. μῶν ὁ γέρων πη διαδὺς ἔλαθεν;

THE WASPS, 381-396

PH. But suppose they catch me suspended here, and hoist me up by the line again, And angle me into the house once more,

say what ye will do to deliver me then.

CH. Our hearts of oak we'll summon to aid,

and all give battle at once for you.

'Twere vain to attempt to detain you more:

such wonderful feats we are going to do.

PH. This then will I do, confiding in you:

and if anything happens to me, I implore

That you take me up and bewail my fate,

and bury me under the court-house floor.

CH. O nothing, nothing will happen to you:

keep up, old comrade, your heart and hope; First breathe a prayer to your father's gods:

then let yourself down by the trusty rope.

PH. O Lycus, a neighbour and hero and lord!

thou lovest the selfsame pleasures as I;

Day after day we both enjoy

the suppliant's tears and his wailing cry.

Thou camest here thine abode to fix,

on purpose to listen to sounds so sweet,

The only hero of all that deigns

by the mourner's side to assume his seat:

O pity thine old familiar friend:

O save me and succour me, Power Divine! And never again will I do my needs

by the osier matting that guards thy shrine.

BD. Get up, get up.b

so. Why, what's in the wind?

BD. Some voice seems circling me round and round. so. Is the old man slipping away thro' a hole?

^a "The patron hero of all the Athenian dicasteries; cf. 819": R. ^b B. suddenly reappears and wakes up the slumbering slaves.

ВΔ.	μὰ Δί' οὐ δῆτ', ἀλλὰ καθιμῷ
	αύτον δήσας.
ΣΩ.	ῶ μιαρώτατε, τί ποιεῖς; οὐ μὴ καταβήσει;
ВΔ.	
	φυλλάσι παῖε,
	ήν πως πρύμνην ανακρούσηται πληγείς ταις
	είρεσιώναις.
ΦΙ.	οὐ ξυλλήψεσθ' ὁπόσοισι δίκαι τῆτες μέλλουσιν
41.	έσεσθαι,
	δ Σμικυθίων καὶ Τισιάδη καὶ Χρήμων καὶ
	Φερέδευπνε;
	πότε δ', εί μη νῦν, ἐπαρήξετέ μοι, πρίν μ' εΐσω
	μᾶλλον ἄγεσθαι;
xo.	1 / //-)
	ήνπερ, ήνίκ' αν τις ήμων οργίση την σφηκιάν;
	νῦν ἐκεῖνο νῦν ἐκεῖνο [στρ. 405
	τοὐξύθυμον, ῷ κολαζό-
	μεσθα, κέντρον εντέταται δξύ.
	άλλὰ θαἰμάτια λαβόντες ώς τάχιστα, παιδία,
	θεῖτε καὶ βοᾶτε, καὶ Κλέωνι ταῦτ' ἀγγέλλετε,
	καὶ κελεύετ' αὐτὸν ἥκειν 410
	ώς ἐπ' ἄνδρα μισόπολιν
	οντα καπολούμενον, ότι
	τόνδε λόγον εἰσφέρει,
	[ώς χρή] μή δικάζειν δίκας.
ВΔ.	ῶγαθοί, τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἀκούσατ', ἀλλὰ μὴ κεκράγετε. 415
xo.	νη Δί' είς τὸν οὐρανόν γ'.
ВΔ.	ώς τοῦδ' ἐγὼ οὐ μεθήσομαι.

 $^{^{}a}$ Or " harvest-wreath," hanging about the door ; $\it{cf.~K.}$ 729. 4444

THE WASPS, 396-416

BD. No, by Zeus, but he lets himself down to the ground Tied on to the rope.

you infamous wretch!

what, won't you be quiet and not come down?

BD. Climb up by the other window-sill,

and wallop him well with the harvest crown.

I warrant he'll speedily back stern first,

when he's thrashed with the branch of autumnal fruits.a

PH. Help! help! all those whoever propose

this year to busy themselves with suits.

Smicythion, help! Tisiades, help!

Pheredeipnus, Chremon, the fray begin:

O now or never assist your friend,

before I'm carried away within

сн. Wherefore slumbers, wherefore slumbers,

that resentment in our breast,

Such as when a rash assailant

dares provoke our hornets-nest?

Now protruding, now protruding, Comes the fierce and dreadful sting, Which we wield for punishing.

Children, hold these garments for us:

then away with all your speed,

Shout and run and bawl to Cleon,

tell him of this direful deed;

Bid him quickly hither fly As against a city-hater, And a traitor doomed to die, One who actually proposes That we should no lawsuits try.

BD. Listen, worthy sirs, to reason:

goodness! don't keep screaming so.

сн. Scream! we'll scream as high as heaven.

BD. I don't intend to let him go.

- Χο. ταῦτα δῆτ' οὐ δεινὰ καὶ τυραννίς ἐστιν ἐμφανής;
 ὧ πόλις καὶ Θεώρου θεοισεχθρία,
 κεἴ τις ἄλλος προέστηκεν ὑμῶν κόλαξ.
- EA. 'Ηράκλεις, καὶ κέντρ' ἔχουσιν. οὐχ ὁρậς, ὧ δέσποτα;
- ΒΔ. οίς γ' ἀπώλεσαν Φίλιππον ἐν δίκη τὸν Γοργίου.
- Χο. καὶ σέ γ' αὖθις ἐξολοῦμεν ἀλλ' ἄπας ἐπίστρεφε δεῦρο κάξείρας τὸ κέντρον εἶτ' ἐπ' αὐτὸν ἵεσο, ξυσταλείς, εὖτακτος, ὀργῆς καὶ μένους ἐμπλήμενος, ὡς ἂν εὖ εἰδῆ τὸ λοιπὸν σμῆνος οἷον ὤργισεν. 425
- ΞΑ. τοῦτο μέντοι δεινὸν ἤδη νὴ Δί', εἰ μαχούμεθα·
 ώς ἔγωγ' αὐτῶν ὁρῶν δέδοικα τὰς ἐγκεντρίδας.
- xo. ἀλλ' ἀφίει τὸν ἄνδρ'. εἰ δὲ μή, φήμ' ἐγὼ τὰς χελώνας μακαριεῖν σε τοῦ δέρματος.
- ΦΙ. εἶά νυν, ὧ ξυνδικασταί, σφῆκες ὀξυκάρδιοι, 430
 οἱ μὲν εἰς τὸν πρωκτὸν αὐτῶν εἰσπέτεσθ' ὡργισμένοι,
 - οί δὲ τὤφθαλμώ 'ν κύκλφ κεντεῖτε καὶ τοὺς δακτύλους.
- ΒΔ. & Μίδα καὶ Φρὺξ βοήθει δεῦρο καὶ Μασυντία,

· Unknown.

^a See Index.

b "The hundred κόλακες who fluttered about Cleon, the chief προστάτης of the populace": R.

THE WASPS, 417-433

CH. These be frightful things to see! This is open TYRANNY! Rouse the State! Rouse the great God-abhorred Sneak Theorus a! And whoe'er b Else is there. Fawning lord Ruling o'er us. xa. Heracles! they've stings beside them! Master, master, don't you see? BD. Ay, which slew the son of Gorgias, Philip, with their sharp decree. CH. You we'll also slay directly! Wheel about him, every one. Draw your stings, and, all together. in upon the fellow run. Close your ranks, collect your forces, brimming full of rage and hate, He shall know the sort of wasps-nest he has dared to irritate. xa. Now with such as these to combat is, by Zeus, a serious thing: Verily I quake and tremble, but to look upon their sting. CH. Let him go! Loose your hold! I declare If you don't You shall bless Tortoise-backs Which they wear. For the shells PII. On then, on, my fellow-dicasts, brother wasps of heart severe. Some fly in with angry buzzings, and attack them in the rear. Some surround them in a ring, and both their eyes and fingers sting. BD. Ho there! Midas! Phryx! Masyntias! hither! hither! haste to me!

καὶ λάβεσθε τουτουὶ καὶ μὴ μεθῆσθε μηδενί·
εἰ δὲ μή, 'ν πέδαις παχείαις οὐδὲν ἀριστήσετε. 435
ώς ἐγὼ πολλῶν ἀκούσας οἶδα θρίων τὸν ψόφον.

χο. εί δὲ μὴ τοῦτον μεθήσεις, ἔν τί σοι παγήσεται.

 ΦΙ. ὧ Κέκροψ ἥρως ἄναξ, τὰ πρὸς ποδῶν Δρακοντίδη,
 περιορᾶς οὕτω μ' ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν βαρβάρων χειρούμενον,

οΰς ἐγὰ δίδαξα κλάειν τέτταρ' ἐς τὴν χοίνικα; 440 xo. εἶτα δῆτ' οὐ πόλλ' ἔνεστι δεινὰ τῷ γήρα κακά; δηλαδή· καὶ νῦν γε τούτω τὸν παλαιὸν δεσπότην πρὸς βίαν χειροῦσιν, οὐδὲν τῶν πάλαι μεμνημένοι διφθερῶν κὰξωμίδων, ἃς οὖτος αὐτοῖς ἡμπόλα, καὶ κυνᾶς, καὶ τοὺς πόδας χειμῶνος ὄντος ἀφέλει, 445 ὥστε μὴ ριγῶν γ' ἐκάστοτ' ἀλλὰ τούτοις γ' οὐκ ἔνι οὐδ' ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖσιν αἰδὼς τῶν παλαιῶν ἐμβάδων.

ΦΙ. οὐκ ἀφήσεις οὐδὲ νυνί μ², ὧ κάκιστον θηρίον;
 οὐδ' ἀναμνησθεὶς ὅθ' εὑρὼν τοὺς βότρυς κλέπτοντά σε
 προσαγαγὼν πρὸς τὴν ἐλάαν ἐξέδειρ' εὖ κἀνδρικῶς, 450

^b The legendary founder of Athens, shaped in the lower part like a serpent, and sometimes said to have sprung from a dragon's teeth.

Lit. "quartern loaves, four to the choenix": the Scholiast notes that four big loaves went to the Choenix but eight small ones.

¢ έμβάδων is a surprise for δεσποτών.

⁶ The cracking and bouncing of fig-leaves when burning was used, says the Scholiast, proverbially in reference to empty threats and bluster.

THE WASPS, 434-450

	Take my father, gu	ard him saf	ely:
			none to set him free;
	Else you both shall	lunch off n	othing,
			tters strong and stout.
	There's a sound of	many fig-le	aves
		(well I k	now it) buzzed about.a
CH.	This shall stand infi	xed within	you
			ou will not let him go.
PH.	Mighty Cecrops b!	King and	hero!
	<i>a</i> , 1	Dragon-bo	rn and -shaped below,
	Wilt thou let these	rude barba	rians
			me at their pleasure,
	Me who heretofore		
			ll imperial measure c?
CH.	Truly, of abundant		
	a a unity y on the united and		evermore the source:
	Only see how these		
	0 11-1 10 11 011 011 011 011 011 011 011		ancient lord perforce,
	Clean forgetting ho		
	220000 1028 200000		daily wants supplied,
	Bought them little		
	hor	ight them	caps and coats of hide,
	Clean forgetting all	the kindne	ess
			eet in wintry weather,
	How from chill and		
	AZOW ATOM CHIM WING		these have altogether
	Banished from their		
			ose dear old brogues.d
שמ	Won't you even no		
rn.			llain, worst of rogues?
	When the grapes I		
	When the grapes I		
	How I tied you to		remember, if you can,
	TION I LIEU YOU LO		amad way like a man
		and I n	ogged you like a man,
V	OL. I	2 G	449

ωστε σε ζηλωτον είναι, σὺ δ' ἀχάριστος ἦσθ' ἄρα. ἀλλ' ἄνες με καὶ σὺ καὶ σύ, πρὶν τον υἱον ἐκδραμεῖν.

ΧΟ. ἀλλὰ τούτων μὲν τάχ' ἡμῖν δώσετον καλὴν δίκην, οὐκέτ' ἐς μακράν, ἴν' εἰδῆθ' οἶόν ἐστ' ἀνδρῶν τρόπος ὀξυθύμων καὶ δικαίων καὶ βλεπόντων κάρδαμα. 455

ΒΔ. παῖε παῖ', ὧ Ξανθία, τοὺς σφῆκας ἀπὸ τῆς οἰκίας.

ΕΑ. ἀλλὰ δρῶ τοῦτ'.

ΒΔ. ἀλλὰ καὶ σὰ τῦφε πολλῷ τῷ καπνῷ. οὐχὶ σοῦσθ, οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; οὐκ ἄπιτε; παῖε τῷ ξύλῳ.

καὶ σὺ προσθεὶς Αἰσχίνην ἔντυφε τὸν Σελαρτίου.
Σα. ἆρ' ἐμέλλομέν ποθ' ὑμᾶς ἀποσοβήσειν τῷ χρόνῳ; 460
ΒΔ. ἀλλὰ μὰ Δί' οὐ ῥαδίως οὕτως ἂν αὐτοὺς διέφυγες,
εἴπερ ἔτυχον τῶν μελῶν τῶν Φιλοκλέους βεβρωκότες.

άρα δητ' οὐκ αὐτὰ δηλα [ἀντ.
τοῖς πένησιν, ἡ τυραννὶς
ὡς λάθρα γ' ἐλάνθαν' ὑπιοῦσα; 465
εἰ σύ γ', ὧ πόνῳ πόνηρε καὶ κομηταμυνία,
τῶν νόμων ἡμᾶς ἀπείργεις ὧν ἔθηκεν ἡ πόλις,
οὖτε τιν' ἔχων πρόφασιν

A tragic poet of the day, so bitter that he was nicknamed χολή, "gall."

XO.

a "Here B. suddenly issues from the house, followed by Xanthias and Sosias, the former armed with a stick, the latter carrying an apparatus for smoking-out wasps": R.

b Cf. 325 n.

Long hair was considered a mark of aristocratic insolence, and also of sympathy with the long-haired and bearded (cf. 476) Spartans. Amynias was notorious for his (cf. 1267).

THE WASPS, 451-468

So that all beheld with envy:

but a grateful soul you lack! Oh, unhand me, you, and you, at once, before my son come back. сн. But a famous retribution ve for this shall undergo. One that will not lag nor linger; so that ye betimes shall know. Know the mood of angry-tempered, righteous, mustard-glancing men. BD. Beat them, Xanthias, from the door-way; beat the wasps away again. XA. That I will, sir. Fume them, Sosias, BD. drive the smoke in dense and thick. Shoo there, shoo! be off, confound you. At them, Xanthias, with the stick! Smoke them, Sosias, smoke, infusing Aeschines, Selartius' son.b so. So then we at last were going, as it seems, to make you run. BD. But you never would have managed thus to beat them off with ease,

Had it chanced that they had eaten
of the songs of Philocles.

Creeping o'er us, creeping o'er us,

Here at least the poor can see Stealthy-creeping TYRANNY!

If you from the laws debar us,

which the city has ordained, You, a curly-haired ^a Amynias,

you, a rascal double-grained, Not by words of wit persuading, Not for weighty reasons shown.

, 0 0

οὖτε λόγον εὐτράπελον, αὐτὸς ἄρχων μόνος.

470

475

- ΒΔ. ἔσθ' ὅπως ἄνευ μάχης καὶ τῆς κατοξείας βοῆς
 ἐς λόγους ἔλθοιμεν ἀλλήλοισι καὶ διαλλαγάς;
- χο. σοὶ λόγους, ὧ μισόδημε καὶ μοναρχίας ἐραστά,
 καὶ ξυνὼν Βρασίδα, καὶ φορῶν κράσπεδα
 στεμμάτων, τήν θ' ὑπήνην ἄκουρον τρέφων;

BΔ. νη Δί' η μοι κρεῖττον ἐκστῆναι τὸ παράπαν τοῦ πατρὸς

μαλλον η κακοίς τοσούτοις ναυμαχείν όσημέραι.

- ΧΟ. οὐδὲ μέν γ' οὐδ' ἐν σελίνῳ σοὐστὶν οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνῳ 480 τοῦτο γὰρ παρεμβαλοῦμεν τῶν τριχοινίκων ἐπῶν. ἀλλὰ νῦν μὲν οὐδὲν ἀλγεῖς, ἀλλ' ὅταν ξυνήγορος ταὐτὰ ταῦτά σου καταντλῆ καὶ ξυνωμότας καλῆ.
- ΒΔ. ἆρ' ἄν, ὧ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ὑμεῖς ἀπαλλαχθεῖτέ μου;
 ἢ δέδοκταί μοι δέρεσθαι καὶ δέρειν δι' ἡμέρας; 485
- κο. οὐδέποτέ γ', οὕχ, ἔως ἄν τί μου λοιπὸν ຖ, ὅστις ἡμῶν ἐπὶ τυραννίδι συνεστάλης.
- ΒΔ. ὡς ἄπανθ' ὑμῖν τυραννίς ἐστι καὶ ξυνωμόται,

^a Fringes or tassels of wool which edged the border of a Spartan cloak.

b The common border of Hellenic gardens. The meaning is "You have only entered on your troubles."

THE WASPS, 469-488

	But because, for sooth, you will it,
	Like an autocrat, alone.
BD.	Can't we now, without this outcry,
	and this fierce denunciation
	Come to peaceful terms together,
	terms of reconciliation
CH.	Terms with THEE, thou people-hater,
	and with Brasidas, thou traitor
	Hand and glove! You who dare
	Woolly-fringed a Clothes to wear
	Yes, and show Beard and hair
	Left to grow Everywhere
BD.	O, by Zeus, I'd really liefer
	drop my father altogethe
	Than endure these daily conflicts,
	buffeting with waves and weather
CH.	Why, as yet you've hardly entered
	on the parsley and the rue b
	(That we'll just throw in, a sample
	of our three-quart words for you.
	Now you care not, wait a little,
	till the prosecutor trounce you
	Sluicing out these selfsame charges,
	and conspirator denounce you
nn	O by all the gods I ask you,
BD.	will ye never go away
	Are ye quite resolved to linger,
	thwacked and thwacking all the day Never more Will I while
CH.	
	There's a grain Left of m
	Leave your door, Traitor vile
	Bent to gain Tyranny
BD.	Ay "Conspiracy" and "Tyrant,"
	These with you are all in all

ήν τε μεῖζον ήν τ' ἔλαττον πρᾶγμά τις κατηγορῆ,
ής ἐγὼ οὐκ ἤκουσα τοὔνομ' οὐδὲ πεντήκοντ' ἐτῶν 490
νῦν δὲ πολλῷ τοῦ ταρίχους ἐστὶν ἀξιωτέρα·
ὥστε καὶ δὴ τοὔνομ' αὐτῆς ἐν ἀγορῷ κυλίνδεται.
ἢν μὲν ἀνῆταί τις ὀρφῶς, μεμβράδας δὲ μὴ θέλῃ,
εὐθέως εἴρηχ' ὁ πωλῶν πλησίον τὰς μεμβράδας·
'' οὖτος ὀψωνεῖν ἔοιχ' ἄνθρωπος ἐπὶ τυραννίδι.'' 495
ἢν δὲ γήτειον προσαιτῆ ταῖς ἀφύαις ἤδυσμά τι,
ἡ λαχανόπωλις παραβλέψασά φησι θατέρῳ·
'' εἰπέ μοι, γήτειον αἰτεῖς, πότερον ἐπὶ τυραννίδι
ἢ νομίζεις τὰς ᾿Αθήνας σοὶ φέρειν ἡδύσματα;''
ΞΑ. κἀμέ γ' ἡ πόρνη χθὲς εἰσελθόντα τῆς μεσημβρίας, 500

ΞΑ. κἀμέ γ' ἡ πόρνη χθὲς εἰσελθόντα τῆς μεσημβρίας, 500 ὅτι κελητίσαι 'κέλευον, ὀξυθυμηθεῖσά μοι ἤρετ' εἰ τὴν 'Ιππίου καθίσταμαι τυραννίδα.

ΒΔ. ταῦτα γὰρ τούτοις ἀκούειν ἡδέ', εἰ καὶ νῦν ἐγώ,
 τὸν πατέρ' ὅτι βούλομαι τούτων ἀπαλλαχθέντα τῶν
 ὀρθροφοιτοσυκοφαντοδικοταλαιπώρων τρόπων

^a κελητίσαι "to ride a horse" also describes a σχήμα συνουσίας (of. P.900, L.60), which is then jokingly called $\ln \pi lov \tau \nu \rho a \nu l \delta a$ as in L.618.

THE WASPS, 489-505

	Whatsoe'er is brought before you,
	be the matter great or small.
	Everywhere the name of Tyrant,
	now for fifty years unknown,
	Is than cheap salt-fish at Athens
	commoner and cheaper grown.
	Everywhere about the market
	it is bandied to and fro:
	If you wish a basse to purchase,
	and without a pilchard go,
	Straight the man who sells the pilchards
	grumbles from his stall hard by,
	Here is plainly one that caters
	with a view to Tyranny.
	If a leek, besides, you order,
	relish for your sprats perchance,
	Says the potherb-girl directly,
	eyeing you with looks askance,
	Leeks indeed! and leeks I prithee!
	what, with Tyranny in view?
	Athens must be taxed, you fancy,
	relish to supply for YOU!
XA.	
	yesternoon observed to me,
	Just because I said her manners
	were a little bit too free,
	She supposed that I was wishing
	Hippias's Tyranny.a
BD.	Ay, by charges such as these
	our litigious friends they please.
	Now because I'd have my father
	(quitting all this toil and strife,
	This up-early-false-informing-
	troublesome-litigious life)
	troublesome-migrous me)

ζην βίον γενναῖον ὤσπερ Μόρυχος, αἰτίαν ἔχω ταῦτα δρᾶν ξυνωμότης ὢν καὶ φρονῶν τυραννικά.

- ΦΙ. νὴ Δί' ἐν δίκῃ γ'· ἐγὼ γὰρ οὐδ' ἃν ὀρνίθων γάλα ἀντὶ τοῦ βίου λάβοιμ' ἃν οὖ με νῦν ἀποστερεῖς· οὐδὲ χαίρω βατίσιν οὐδ' ἐγχέλεσιν, ἀλλ' ἥδιον ἃν 510 δικίδιον σμικρὸν φάγοιμ' ἂν ἐν λοπάδι πεπνιγμένον.
- ΒΔ. νὴ Δί' εἰθίσθης γὰρ ἤδεσθαι τοιούτοις πράγμασιν ἀλλ' ἐὰν σιγῶν ἀνάσχη καὶ μάθης ἁγὼ λέγω, ἀναδιδάξειν οἴομαί σ' ὡς πάντα ταῦθ' ἁμαρτάνεις.
- ΦΙ. έξαμαρτάνω δικάζων;
- ΒΔ. καταγελώμενος μὲν οὖν 515 οὐκ ἐπαίεις ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν, οὖς σὸ μόνον οὐ προσκυνεῖς. ἀλλὰ δουλεύων λέληθας.
- ΦΙ. παῦε δουλείαν λέγων, ὅστις ἄρχω τῶν ἀπάντων.
- ΒΔ. οὐ σύ γ', ἀλλ' ὑπηρετεῖς οἰόμενος ἄρχειν· ἐπεὶ δίδαξον ἡμᾶς, ῷ πάτερ, ἤτις ἡ τιμή 'στί σοι καρπουμένῳ τὴν Ἑλλάδα. 520
- ΦΙ. πάνυ γε· καὶ τούτοισί γ' ἐπιτρέψαι θέλω.
- ΒΔ. καὶ μὴν ἐγώ.
 ἄφετέ νυν ἄπαντες αὐτόν.
- ΦΙ. καὶ ξίφος γέ μοι δότε.

^a A great epicure; cf. A. 887; P. 1008.

THE WASPS, 506-522

Live a life of ease and splendour, live like Morychus, a you see Straight I'm charged with Tyrant leanings, charged with foul conspiracy. PH. Yes, by Zeus, and very justly. Not for pigeon's milk in store I the pleasant life would barter which you let me lead no more. Nought I care for eels and ravfish: daintier food to me would seem Just a little, tiny lawsuit, dished and stifled in its steam. BD. Yes, for that's the sort of dainty you, by Zeus, have loved so long. Yet I think I'll soon convince you that your mode of life is wrong. If you can but once be silent, and to what I say give heed. PH. I am wrong to be a dicast! Laughed to utter scorn indeed, BD. Mocked by men you all but worship. for you can't their treachery see, You're a slave, and yet don't know it. Name not slavery to me: PH. I am lord of all, I tell you. You're the veriest drudge, I vow, BD. Thinking that you're lord of all. For come, my father, teach us now, If you reap the fruits of Hellas, what's the benefit to you? PH. Willingly. Let these be umpires. BD. I'll accept their judgement too. Now then all at once release him. PH. And besides a sword supply,

	ἢν γὰρ ἡττηθῶ λέγων σου, περιπεσοῦμαι τῷ ξίφει. εἰπέ μοι, τί δ' ἤν, τὸ δεῖνα, τῇ διαίτῃ μὴ 'μμένης; μηδέποτε πίοιμ' ἄκρατον μισθὸν ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος. 525	
xo.	νῦν δὴ τὸν ἐκ θἠμετέρου [στρ. γυμνασίου λέγειν τι δεῖ καινόν, ὅπως φανήσει	
BΔ.	ενεγκάτω μοι δεθρο τὴν κίστην τις ώς τάχιστα. 530 ἀτὰρ φανεῖ ποῖός τις ὤν, ἢν ταθτα παρακελεύη.	'
xo.	μὴ κατὰ τὸν νεανίαν τόνδε λέγειν. όρῷς γὰρ ὡς σοὶ μέγας ἔστ' ἀγὼν νῦν 53ξ καὶ περὶ τῶν ἀπάντων, εἴπερ, ὃ μὴ γένοιθ', οδ- τός σ' ἐθέλει κρατῆσαι.	5
В∆.	καὶ μὴν ὄσ' ἂν λέξη γ' ἀπλῶς μνημόσυνα γράψομαι 'γώ.	
ΦI.	τί γάρ φάθ' ύμεις, ην όδί με τῷ λόγῳ κρατήση;	
xo.	οὖκέτι πρεσβυτῶν ὄχλος χρήσιμος ἔστ' οὖδ' ἀκαρῆ· σκωπτόμενοι δ' ἐν ταῖς ὁδοῖς θαλλοφόροι καλούμεθ', ἀν-	0
<u></u>	τωμοσιῶν κελύφη. ἀλλ' ὧ περὶ τῆς πάσης μέλλων βασιλείας ἀντι- λογήσειν τῆς ἡμετέρας, νυνὶ θαρρῶν πᾶσαν γλῶτταν βασάνιζε.	5

μισθόν is substituted for οἶνον; a cup of undiluted wine to the toast of Happy Fortune was the final cup at a feast.
 "Alluding to the decrept old men who carried olive branches in the Panathenaic processions": R.
 ἀντωμοσίαι are preliminary affidavits, in which the prosecutor

asserted, and the defendant denied, the truth of the charge.

THE WASPS, 523-547

If in this dispute I'm worsted, here upon this sword I'll die. BD. But suppose you won't their final (what's the phrase) award obey? PH. May I never drink thereafter, pure and neat, good fortune's-pay.a Now must the champion, going CH. Out of our school, be showing Keen wit and genius new, BD. Bring forth my memorandum-book: bring forth my desk to write in. I'll quickly show you what you're like, if that's your style of fighting. In quite another fashion CH. To aught this youth can do. Stern is the strife and anxious For all our earthly good, If he intends to conquer, Which Heaven forfend he should. BD. Now I'll observe his arguments, and take a note of each. PH. What would you say, if he to-day should make the conquering speech? Ah! should that mischance befall us, CH. Our old troop were nothing worth: In the streets with ribald mirth Idle boys would dotards call us, Fit for nought but olive-bearing,b Shrivelled husks of counter swearing.c O friend upon whom it devolves to plead the cause of our Sovereign Power to-day, Now show us your best; now bring to the test

each trick that an eloquent tongue can play.

ΦI.	καὶ μὴν εὐθύς γ' ἀπὸ βαλβίδων περὶ τῆς ἀρχῆς ἀποδείξω	
	τῆς ἡμετέρας ὡς οὐδεμιᾶς ἤττων ἐστὶν βασιλείας. τί γὰρ εἴδαιμον καὶ μακαριστὸν μᾶλλον νῦν ἐστὶ	
		550
	η τρυφερώτερον, η δεινότερον ζώον, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος;	
	ον πρώτα μεν ερποντ' έξ εύνης τηροῦσ' έπὶ τοῖσι	
	δουφάκτοις	
	ανδρες μεγάλοι καὶ τετραπήχεις κάπειτ' εὐθὺς προσιόντι	
	έμβάλλει μοι τὴν χεῖρ' ἀπαλήν, τῶν δημοσίων	
	κεκλοφυΐαν	
	ίκετεύουσίν θ' ὑποκύπτοντες, τὴν φωνὴν οἰκτρο-	
	χοούντες· '' οἴκτειρόν μ', ὧ πάτερ, αἰτοῦμαί σ', εἰ καὐτὸς πώποθ' ὑφείλου	
	ἀρχὴν ἄρξας ἢ 'πὶ στρατιᾶς τοῖς ξυσσίτοις ἀνοράζων:''	
	δς ἔμ' οὐδ' ἃν ζῶντ' ήδειν, εἰ μὴ διὰ τὴν προτέραν ἀπόφυξιν.	
ВΔ.	τουτὶ περὶ τῶν ἀντιβολούντων ἔστω τὸ μνημόσυνόν	
	μ o ι .	
ΦI.	είτ είσελθών άντιβοληθείς και τήν όργην άπο-	
	μορχθείς, ἔνδον τούτων ὧν ἄν φάσκω πάντων οὐδὲν πεποίηκα,	560
	άλλ' ακροώμαι πάσας φωνάς ιέντων είς απόφυξιν.	
	φέρ' ίδω, τί γὰρ οὐκ ἔστιν ἀκοῦσαι θώπευμ'	
	ένταῦθα δικαστῆ;	
	οί μέν γ' ἀποκλάονται πενίαν αύτῶν καὶ προστιθέασιν	
	"To the most 100 lines Avistanhanes gots before us the entire	

^a "In the next 180 lines Aristophanes sets before us the entire process of an Athenian arbitration": R.

THE WASPS, 548-564

PH. Away, away, a like a racer gay, I start at once from the head of the lists. To prove that no kinglier power than ours in any part of the world exists. Is there any creature on earth more blest, more feared and petted from day to day, Or that leads a happier, pleasanter life, than a Justice of Athens, though old and grey? For first when rising from bed in the morn, to the criminal Court betimes I trudge, Great six-foot fellows are there at the rails, in anxious haste to salute their Judge. And the delicate hand, which has dipped so deep in the public purse, he claps into mine, And he bows before me, and makes his prayer, and softens his voice to a pitiful whine: O pity me, pity me, Sire, he cries, if you ever indulged your longing for pelf, When you managed the mess on a far campaign, or served some office of state yourself. The man would never have heard my name, if he had not been tried and acquitted before. BD. (Writing) I'll take a note of the point you make, that suppliant fellows your grace implore. PH. So when they have begged and implored me enough, and my angry temper is wiped away, I enter in and I take my seat, and then I do none of the things I say. I hear them utter all sorts of cries design'd expressly to win my grace, What won't they utter, what don't they urge, to coax a Justice who tries their case? Some vow they are needy and friendless men, and over their poverty wail and whine,

κακά πρός τοις οδσιν, έως άνιων άνισώση τοισιν έμοῖσιν. οί δὲ λέγουσιν μύθους ήμῖν, οί δ' Αἰσώπου τι

νέλοιον.

οί δὲ σκώπτουσ', ἵν' ἐγὼ γελάσω καὶ τὸν θυμὸν κατάθωμαι.

καν μή τούτοις άναπειθώμεσθα, τὰ παιδάρι' εὐθὺς άνέλκει,

τας θηλείας καὶ τοὺς υίεῖς, τῆς χειρός, ἐγὼ δ' άκροωμαι.

τὰ δὲ συγκύπτονθ' ἄμα βληχᾶται κἄπειθ' ὁ πατήρ ύπερ αὐτῶν

ωσπερ θεόν αντιβολεί με τρέμων της εὐθύνης απολύσαι.

"εὶ μὲν χαίρεις ἀρνὸς φωνῆ, παιδὸς φωνὴν έλεήσαις.

εί δ' αὖ τοῖς χοιριδίοις χαίρω, θυγατρός φωνή με πιθέσθαι.

χήμεις αὐτῷ τότε τῆς ὀργῆς ὀλίγον τὸν κόλλοπ' $dv \in lu \in v$.

ᾶρ' οὐ μεγάλη τοῦτ' ἔστ' ἀρχὴ καὶ τοῦ πλούτου καταχήνη; 575

δεύτερον αὖ σου τουτὶ γράφομαι, τὴν τοῦ πλούτου καταχήνην.

καὶ τάγαθά μοι μέμνησ' ἄχεις φάσκων τῆς 'Ελλάδος ἄρχειν.

ΦΙ. παίδων τοίνυν δοκιμαζομένων αἰδοῖα πάρεστι θεᾶσθαι.

καν Οΐαγρος εἰσέλθη φεύγων, οὐκ ἀποφεύγει πρὶν ἂν ήμιν

^a He addresses the dicast as if he were a deity delighting in 462

THE WASPS, 565-579

And reckon up hardships, false and true,

till he makes them out to be equal to mine.

Some tell us a legend of days gone by,

or a joke from Aesop witty and sage,

Or jest and banter, to make me laugh,

that so I may doff my terrible rage.

And if all this fails, and I stand unmoved,

he leads by the hand his little ones near,

He brings his girls and he brings his boys;

and I, the Judge, am composed to hear.

They huddle together with piteous bleats:

while trembling above them he prays to me,

Prays as to a God his accounts to pass,

to give him a quittance, and leave him free.

If thou lovest a bleating male of the flock,a

O lend thine ear to this boy of mine:

Or pity this sweet little delicate girl,

if thy soul delights in the squeaking of swine.

So then we relax the pitch of our wrath,

and screw it down to a peg more low.

Is this not a fine dominion of mine,

a derision of wealth with its pride and show?

BD. (Writing) A second point for my note-book that,

a derision of wealth with its show and its pride.

Go on to mention the good you get

by your empire of Hellas so vast and wide.

PH. 'Tis ours to inspect the Athenian youths,

when we enter their names on the rolls of men.

And if ever Oeagrus b gets into a suit,

be sure that he'll never get out again

the sacrifice of lambs and swine; but ἀρνός is intended to suggest ἀρρενος and χοιριδία the use of the word in 1353; cf. A. 769 n.

b An actor who took a part in the Niobe of Aeschylus or that

of Sophocles.

463

έκ της Νιόβης είπη ρησιν την καλλίστην απολέξας. 580
καν αυλητής γε δίκην νικά, ταύτης ήμιν ἐπίχειρα
έν φορβειᾶ τοῖσι δικασταῖς ἔξοδον ηὔλησ' ἀπιοῦσιν.
καν ἀποθνήσκων ὁ πατήρ τω δῷ καταλείπων παῖδ'
ἐπίκληρον,
κλάειν ήμεῖς μακρὰ τὴν κεφαλὴν εἰπόντες τῆ διαθήκη
المالية
καὶ τῆ κόγχη τῆ πάνυ σεμνῶς τοῖς σημείοισιν
έπούση, 585
έπούση, 585 ἔδομεν ταύτην ὄστις ἂν ἡμᾶς ἀντιβολήσας ἀναπείση. καὶ ταῦτ' ἀνυπεύθυνοι δρῶμεν· τῶν δ' ἄλλων οὐδεμί' ἀρχή.
καὶ ταῦτ' ἀνυπεύθυνοι δρώμεν τῶν δ' ἄλλών
οὐδεμί' ἀρχή.
σοντί νάο τοί σε μόνον τούτων ών είσηνας μα-
τουτὶ γάρ τοί σε μόνον τούτων ὧν εἴρηκας μα- καρίζω·
-C- S' 3\(-\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\ -\
της δ' ἐπικλήρου τὴν διαθήκην ἀδικεῖς ἀνα-
κογχυλιάζων.
κογχυπαζων. ἔτι δ' ή βουλή χώ δήμος ὅταν κρῖναι μέγα πρᾶγμ' ἀπορήση, 590 ἐψήφισται τοὺς ἀδικοῦντας τοῖσι δικασταῖς παρα- δοῦναι·
άπορήση, 590
έψήφισται τούς άδικοῦντας τοῖσι δικασταῖς παρα-
δοῦναι·
εῖτ' Εὔαθλος χώ μέγας οὖτος Κολακώνυμος
ούχὶ προδώσειν ήμᾶς φασίν, περὶ τοῦ πλήθους δὲ
μωχειουωι
καν τῷ δήμω γνώμην οὐδεὶς πώποτ' ἐνίκησεν, ἐὰν μὰ
εἴπη τὰ δίκαστήρι' ἀφεῖναι πρώτιστα μίαν δικά- σαντας:
σαντας 59ξ

ВΔ.

φI.

a "κόγχαι were little cases or capsules which Athenian lawstationers placed over seals to preserve them from damage": R.

b i.e. Cleonymus; cf. 16. He and Evathlus, like Theorus and Euphemius, are minor demagogues, satellites of Cleon. 464

THE WASPS, 580-595

Till he give us a speech from his Niobe part,

selecting the best and the liveliest one.

And then if a piper gain his cause,

he pays us our price for the kindness done,

By piping a tune with his mouth-band on,

quick march as out of the Court we go.

And what if a father by will to a friend

his daughter and heiress bequeath and bestow,

We care not a rap for the Will, or the cap a

which is there on the seal so grand and sedate,

We bid them begone, and be hanged, and ourselves

take charge of the girl and her worthy estate; And we give her away to whoever we choose,

to whoever may chance to persuade us: yet we,

Whilst other officials must pass an account,

alone from control and accounting are free.

BD. Ay that, and that only, of all you have said,

I own is a privilege lucky and rare,

But uncapping the seal of the heiress's will

seems rather a shabby and doubtful affair.

PH. And if ever the Council or People have got

a knotty and difficult case to decide,

They pass a decree for the culprits to go

to the able and popular Courts to be tried:

Evathlus, and He! the loser of shields,

the fawning, the great Cowardonymus b say

"They'll always be fighting away for the mob,"

"the people of Athens they'll never betray."

And none in the People a measure can pass,

unless he propose that the Courts shall be free,

Dismissed and discharged for the rest of the day when once we have settled a single decree.

° Cf. K. 50 n.

περιτρώγει,

αὐτὸς δ' ὁ Κλέων ὁ κεκραξιδάμας μόνον ήμας οὐ

	άλλὰ φυλάττει διὰ χειρὸς ἔχων καὶ τὰς μυίας	
	άπαμύν€ι.	
	σὺ δὲ τὸν πατέρ' οὐδ' ὁτιοῦν τούτων τὸν σαυτοῦ πώποτ' ἔδρασας.	
	άλλὰ Θέωρος, καίτοὐστὶν ἀνὴρ Εὐφημίου οὐδὲν	
	έλάττων, τον σπόγγον έχων έκ τῆς λεκάνης τὰμβάδι' ἡμῶν	
	TEDIKOVEL.	300
	σκέψαι μ' ἀπὸ τῶν ἀγαθῶν οἴων ἀποκλείεις καὶ κατερύκεις,	
	ην δουλείαν οὖσαν έφασκες καὶ ὑπηρεσίαν ἀπο-	
	δείξειν.	
BΔ.	ἔμπλησο λέγων· πάντως γάρ τοι παύσει ποτὲ κἀναφανήσει	
	πρωκτὸς λουτροῦ περιγιγνόμενος τῆς ἀρχῆς τῆς περισέμνου.	
ΦI.	δ δέ γ' ήδιστον τούτων έστιν πάντων, οῦ 'γω 'πιλελήσμην,	605
	όταν οϊκαδ' ΐω τὸν μισθὸν ἔχων, κἇτ' εἰσήκονθ'	
	ἄμα πάντες ἀσπάζωνται διὰ τἀργύριον, καὶ πρῶτα μὲν ἡ	
	θυγάτηρ μ∈	
•	ἀπονίζη καὶ τὼ πόδ' ἀλείφη καὶ προσκύψασα φιλήση,	
	καὶ παππίζουσ' ἄμα τῆ γλώττη τὸ τριώβολον	
	έκκαλαμᾶται,	
	καὶ τὸ γύναιόν μ' ὑποθωπεῦσαν φυστὴν μᾶζαν προσενέγκῃ,	610
466		

THE WASPS, 596-610

Yea, Cleon the Bawler and Braw	ler himself,
And sweeps off the flies that ann	, to nibble forbears, oy us, and still
with a vigilant hand fo	or our dignity cares.
You never have shown such atter	ntion as this,
or displayed such a zeal in	
Yet Theorus, a statesman as nob	
as lordly Euphemi	us,a runs at our call
And whips out a sponge from his to black and to polish	bottle, and stoops, the shoes of us all.
Such, such is the glory, the joy, t	the renown,
from which you desire to retai	in and withhold me,
And THIS you will show, this Em	
to be bondage and slavery n	nerely, you told me.
BD. Av, chatter your fill, you will cea	se before long:
and then I will show that y	our boasted success
Is just the success of a tail that is	s washed, b
going back to its filth	and its slovenliness.
PH. But the nicest and pleasantest pa	art of it all
is this, which I'd who	lly forgotten to say,
'Tis when with my fee in my wal	let I come,
returning home at t	he close of the day,
O then what a welcome I get for	its sake;
my daughter, the darlin	g, is foremost of all,
And she washes my feet and anoi	nts them with care,
and above them she stoops,	and a kiss lets fall,
Till at last by the pretty Papas o	f her tongue
she angles withal n	ny three-obol away.
Then my dear little wife, she set	s on the board
nice manchets of bread i	n a tempting array,
4 Unknown, but regarded by Aristop	hanes as "still more
despicable than Theorus, who is obvious sulted by the comparison ": R.	ly intended to be in-
δ ό γὰρ πρωκτὸς πλυνόμενος περιγίνεται μολύνεται: Schol.	τής καθάρσεως καὶ ἔτι
μολυνεται: OCHOI.	

467

κάπειτα καθεζομένη παρ' έμοὶ προσαναγκάζη,	
" φάγε τουτί,	
έντραγε τουτί: '' τούτοισιν έγω γάνυμαι, καὶ μή	
με δεήση	
ès σè βλέψαι καὶ τὸν ταμίαν, ὁπότ' ἄριστον	
παραθήσει	
καταρασάμενος καὶ τονθορύσας. ἀλλ' ἢν μή μοι	
ταχὺ μάξη,	
τάδε κέκτημαι πρόβλημα κακών, σκευήν βελέων	
ἀλεωρήν.	615
καν οίνον μοι μη γχης σύ πιείν, τον όνον τονδ'	
<i>ἐσκεκόμισμαι</i>	
οίνου μεστόν, κἆτ' ἐγχέομαι κλίνας οὖτος δὲ	
κεχηνώς	
βρωμησάμενος τοῦ σοῦ δίνου μέγα καὶ στράτιον	
κατέπαρδεν.	
άρ' οὐ μεγάλην ἀρχὴν ἄρχω καὶ τοῦ Διὸς οὐδὲν	
ἐλάττω,	620
οστις ακούω ταὔθ' απερ δ Ζεύς;	
ην γουν ήμεις θορυβήσωμεν,	
πας τίς φησιν των παριόντων,	
" οίον βροντά το δικαστήριον,	
ῶ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ.''	625
κᾶν ἀστράψω, ποππύζουσιν,	
κάγκεχόδασίν μ' οι πλουτοῦντες	
καὶ πάνυ σεμνοί.	
καὶ σὺ δέδοικάς με μάλιστ' αὐτός·	
νη την Δήμητρα, δέδοικας. έγω δ'	630
άπολοίμην εί σε δέδοικα.	

THE WASPS, 611-630

And cosily taking a seat by my side,

with loving entreaty constrains me to feed;

I beseech you taste this, I implore you try that.

This, this I delight in, and ne'er may I need

To look to yourself and your pantler, a scrub

who, whenever I ask him my breakfast to set,

Keeps grumbling and murmuring under his breath.

No! no! if he haste not a manchet to get, Lo here my defence from the evils of life,

my armour of proof, my impregnable shield.

And what if you pour me no liquor to drink,

yet here's an old Ass, a full of wine, that I wield,

And I tilt him, and pour for myself, and imbibe;

whilst sturdy old Jack, as a bumper I drain,

Lets fly at your goblet a bray of contempt,

a mighty and masterful snort of disdain.

Is this not a fine dominion of mine?

Is it less than the empire of Zeus?

Why the very same phrases, so grand and divine, For me, as for Him, are in use.

For when we are raging loud and high

In stormy, tumultuous din,

O Lord! O Zeus! say the passers-by,

How thunders the Court within !

The wealthy and great, when my lightnings glare,

Turn pale and sick, and mutter a prayer.b

You fear me too: I protest you do:

Yes, yes, by Demeter I vow 'tis true.

But hang me if I am afraid of you.

^a A wine-flagon shaped like an ass, or an ass's head. In 617 κεχηνώς=" with its jaws wide open like a donkey braying": R. ^b "A Greek or Roman when alarmed by a thunderstorm was accustomed to make with his lips a clucking or popping noise, as a sort of charm to avert the danger": R.

άντ.

οὐπώποθ' οὕτω καθαρῶς οὐδενὸς ἠκούσαμεν οὐ-

	δε ξυνετώς λέγοντος.	
ΦI.	οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐρήμας ὤεθ' οὖτος ρᾳδίως τρυγήσειν·	
	καλώς γὰρ ήδειν ώς έγω ταύτη κράτιστός είμι.	635
xo.	ώς δ' έπὶ πάντ' έλήλυθεν	
	κοὐδὲν παρῆλθεν, ὥστ' ἔγωγ'	
	ηὐξανόμην ἀκούων,	
	κάν μακάρων δικάζειν	
	αὐτὸς ἔδοξα νήσοις,	640
	ήδόμενος λέγοντι.	
ΦI.	ώς οθτος ήδη σκορδιναται κάστιν οὐκ ἐν αὐτῷ.	
	ή μην εγώ σε τήμερον σκύτη βλέπειν ποιήσω.	
xo.	δεί δέ σε παντοίας πλέκειν	
	είς ἀπόφυξιν παλάμας.	645
	τὴν γὰρ ἐμὴν ὀργὴν πεπᾶ-	
	ναι χαλεπον [νεανία]	
	μὴ πρὸς ἐμοῦ λέγοντι.	
	πρὸς ταῦτα μύλην ἀγαθὴν ὥρα ζητεῖν σοι καὶ	
	νεόκοπτον	
	(ἢν μή τι λέγης), ήτις δυνατή τὸν ἐμὸν θυμὸν	
	κατερεῖξαι.	
ВΔ.	χαλεπόν μεν και δεινής γνώμης και μείζονος ή	
	'πὶ τρυγωδοῖς,	650
	ιάσασθαι νόσον άρχαίαν έν τῆ πόλει έντετοκυῖαν.	
	ἀτάρ, ὧ πάτερ ἡμέτερε Κρονίδη	
ΦΙ.	παῦσαι καὶ μὴ πατέριζε.	

xo.

^a Philocleon (621 seq.) had arrogated to himself the attributes of Zeus, and so B. addresses him in the language Athene uses to Zeus in Homer (Il. viii. 313; Od. i. 45); but P. will have none of his "befathering."

THE WASPS, 631-652

CH. I never, no, I never
Have heard so clear and clever
And eloquent a speech—

PH. Ay, ay, he thought he'd steal my grapes, and pluck them undefended,

For well he knew that I'm in this

particularly splendid.

CH. No topic he omitted,

But he duly went through each.

I waxed in size to hear him

Till with ecstasy possessed

Methought I sat a-judging

In the Islands of the Blest.

PH. See how uneasily he stands,

and gapes, and shifts his ground. ore I've done.

I warrant, sir, before I've done,

you'll look like a beaten hound.

CH. You must now, young man, be seeking
Every turn and every twist
Which can your defence assist.
To a youth against me speaking
Mine's a heart 'tis hard to render
(So you'll find it) soft and tender.

And therefore unless you can speak to the point,
you must look for a millstone handy and good,
Fresh hewn from the rock, to shiver and shock
the unvielding grit of my resolute mood

the unyielding grit of my resolute mood.

BD. Hard were the task, and shrewd the intent,
for a Comedy-poet all too great
To attempt to heal an inveterate, old
disease engrained in the heart of the state.
Yet, O dread Cronides, Father and Lord,^a

PH. Stop, stop, don't talk in that father-me way,

εὶ μὴ γὰρ ὅπως δουλεύω 'γώ, τουτὶ ταχέως με διδάξεις,

οὐκ ἔστιν ὅπως οὐχὶ τεθνήξει, κἂν χρῆ σπλάγχνων

μ' ἀπέχεσθαι.

ΒΔ. ἀκρόασαί νυν, ὧ παππίδιον, χαλάσας ὀλίγον τὸ μέτωπον 68

καὶ πρῶτον μὲν λόγισαι φαύλως, μὴ ψήφοις, ἀλλ' ἀπὸ χειρός,

τὸν φόρον ἡμῖν ἀπὸ τῶν πόλεων συλλήβδην τὸν προσιόντα:

κάξω τούτου τὰ τέλη χωρὶς καὶ τὰς πολλὰς έκατοστάς,

πρυτανεῖα, μέταλλ', ἀγοράς, λιμένας, μισθοὺς καὶ δημιόπρατα.

τούτων πλήρωμα τάλαντ' έγγυς δισχίλια γίγνεται ήμιν.

ἀπὸ τούτου νυν κατάθες μισθὸν τοῖσι δικασταῖς ἐνιαυτοῦ.

έξ χιλιάσιν, κούπω πλείους εν τῆ χώρα κατένασθεν, γίγνεται ὑμῖν έκατὸν δήπου καὶ πεντήκοντα τάλαντα.

ΦΙ. οὐδ' ἡ δεκάτη τῶν προσιόντων ἡμῖν ἄρ' ἐγίγνεθ' δ μισθός.

ΒΔ. μὰ Δί οὐ μέντοι.

καὶ ποῦ τρέπεται δὴ ᾿πειτα τὰ χρήματα τἄλλα; 665

ΒΔ. ἐς τούτους τούς, "οὐχὶ προδώσω τον 'Αθηναίων κολοσυρτόν,

ἀλλὰ μαχοῦμαι περὶ τοῦ πλήθους ἀεί.' σὺ γάρ, τῶ πάτερ, αὐτοὺς

ἄρχειν αίρει σαυτοῦ, τούτοις τοις ρηματίοις περιπεφθείς.

a i.e. as polluted by homicide.

THE WASPS, 653-668

Convince me at once that I'm only a slave,

or else I protest you shall die this day,

Albeit I then must ever abstain

from the holy flesh of the victims slain.a

BD. Then listen my own little pet Papa,

and smooth your brow from its frowns again.

And not with pebbles precisely ranged,

but roughly thus on your fingers count

The tribute paid by the subject States,

and just consider its whole amount;

And then, in addition to this, compute

the many taxes and one-per-cents,

The fees and the fines, and the silver mines,

the markets and harbours and sales and rents.

If you take the total result of the lot,

'twill reach two thousand talents or near.

And next put down the Justices' pay,

and reckon the sums they receive a year:

Six thousand Justices, count them through,

there dwell no more in the land as yet,

One hundred and fifty talents a year

I think you will find is all they get.

рн. Then not one tithe of our income goes

to furnish forth the Justices' pay.

BD. No, certainly not.

PH. And what becomes

of all the rest of the revenue, pray?

BD. Why, bless you, it goes to the pockets of those,

To the rabble of Athens I'll ever be true,

I'll always battle away for the mob.b

O father, my father, 'tis owing to you:

By such small phrases as these cajoled,

you lift them over yourselves to reign.

b He refers to P.'s words in 593.

κἆθ' οδτοι μὲν δωροδοκοῦσιν κατὰ πεντήκοντα

	τάλαντα
	ἀπὸ τῶν πόλεων, ἐπαπειλοῦντες τοιαυτὶ κάνα- φοβοῦντες.
	" δώσετε τὸν φόρον, ἢ βροντήσας τὴν πόλιν ὑμῶν
	ανατρεψω.
	σὺ δὲ τῆς ἀρχῆς ἀγαπᾶς τῆς σῆς τοὺς ἀργελόφους
	περιτρώγων.
	οί δὲ ξύμμαχοι ὡς ἦσθηνται τὸν μὲν σύρφακα τὸν ἄλλον
	ἐκ κηθαρίου λαγαριζόμενον καὶ τραγαλίζοντα τὸ μηδέν,
	σὲ μέν ήγοῦνται Κόννου ψῆφον, τούτοισι δὲ
	δωροφοροῦσιν 675
	υρχας, οἶνον, δάπιδας, τυρόν, μέλι, σήσαμα, προσκεφάλαια,
-	φιάλας, χλανίδας, στεφάνους, δρμους, ἐκπώματα,
	πλουθυγι€ιαν*
	σοὶ δ' ὧν ἄρχεις, πολλὰ μὲν ἐν γῆ, πολλὰ δ' ἐφ'
	ύγρ ^α πιτυλεύσας,
	οὐδεὶς οὐδὲ σκορόδου κεφαλὴν τοῖς έψητοῖσι
	δίδωσιν.
ΦI.	μὰ Δί ἀλλὰ παρ Εὐχαρίδου καὐτὸς τρεῖς γ' ἄγλιθας μετέπεμψα.
	αγλιθας μετέπεμψα. 680
	άλλ' αὐτήν μοι την δουλείαν οὐκ ἀποφαίνων ἀποκναίεις.
n .	οὐ γὰρ μεγάλη δουλεία 'στὶν τούτους μὲν ἄπαντας
IJΔ·	έν άρχαις
	αὐτούς τ' εἶναι, καὶ τοὺς κόλακας τοὺς τούτων,
	aution i corari tara too too taraata too too too too

σοί δ' ήν τις δώ τούς τρείς όβολούς, άγαπάς ους

μισθοφοροῦντας;

αὐτὸς ἐλαύνων

THE WASPS, 669-684

And then, believe me, they soon contrive some fifty talents in bribes to gain,

Extorting them out of the subject states,

by hostile menace and angry frown:

Hand over, they say, the tribute-pay,

or else my thunders shall crush your town.

You joy the while at the remnants vile,

the trotters and tips of your power to gnaw.

So when our knowing, acute allies

the rest, the scum of the Populace, saw

On a vote-box pine, and on nothingness dine,

and marked how lanky and lean ye grow, They count you all as a Connas's vote,^a

and ever and ever on these bestow

Wines, cheeses, necklaces, sesamè fruit,

s, cheeses, necklades, sesame fruit,

and jars of pickle and pots of honey, Rugs, cushions, and mantles, and cups, and crowns,

and health, and vigour, and lots of money.

Whilst you! from out of the broad domain

for which on the land and the wave you toiled,

None gives you so much as a garlic head,

to flavour the dish when your sprats are boiled.

PH. That's true no doubt, for I just sent out,

and bought, myself, from Eucharides three:

But you wear me away by your long delay

in proving my bondage and slavery.

BD. Why is it not slavery pure and neat,

when these (themselves and their parasites too)

Are all in receipt of their pay, God wots,

as high officials of state: whilst you

Must thankful be for your obols three,

those obols which ye yourselves have won

^a Apparently=something valueless. C. appears in K. 534 as a dissolute musician.

	πεζομαχῶν	καὶ	πολιορκῶν	ἐκτήσω,	πολλὰ
	πονήσας.				685
	πρός τούτοις	ἐπιτ	αττόμενος φ	βοιτας, δ μ	ιάλιστά
	μ' ἀπάγχει,		•		
ď	ν εἰσελθὸν μ			- de-	Yarafan
οται	ν εισελύον μι	егрик	tov oot kui	απογον, 2	Zarbeon
	11/00				

υίός, ώδὶ διαβάς, διακινηθεὶς τῷ σώματι καὶ τρυφε-

ήκειν εἴπη πρὼ κἀν ὥρα δικάσονθ', ώς ὄστις ἂν ύμῶν

ύστερος έλθη τοῦ σημείου, τὸ τριώβολον οὐ κομιεῖται 690

αὐτὸς δὲ φέρει τὸ συνηγορικόν, δραχμήν, κἂν υστερος ἔλθη:

καὶ κοινωνῶν τῶν ἀρχόντων ἐτέρῳ τινὶ τῶν μεθ' έαυτοῦ,

ήν τίς τι διδώ των φευγόντων, ξυνθέντε το πραγμα δύ ὄντε

έσπουδάκατον, κἆθ' ώς πρίονθ' ό μεν ελκει, ό δ' άντενέδωκε

σὺ δὲ χασκάζεις τὸν κωλακρέτην· τὸ δὲ πραττόμενόν σε λέληθεν.

ΦΙ. ταυτί με ποιοῦσ'; οἴμοι, τί λέγεις; ὥς μου τὸν Θῖνα ταράττεις,

καὶ τὸν νοῦν μου προσάγεις μᾶλλον, κοὐκ οἶδ' ὅ τι χρῆμά με ποιεῖς.

 ΒΔ. σκέψαι τοίνυν ώς έξόν σοι πλουτεῖν καὶ τοῖσιν ἄπασιν,

ύπὸ τῶν ἀεὶ δημιζόντων οὐκ οἶδ' ὅποι ἐγκεκύκλησαι·

THE WASPS, 685-699

In the battle's roar, by sea and by shore,

'mid sieges and miseries many a one.

But O what throttles me most of all,

is this, that under constraint you go,

When some young dissolute spark comes in,

some son of a Chaereas, a straddling—so,

With his legs apart, and his body poised,

and a mincing, soft, effeminate air,

And bids you Justices, one and all,

betimes in the morn to the Court repair,

For that any who after the signal b come

shall lose and forfeit their obols three.

Yet come as late as he choose himself,

he pockets his drachma, "Counsel's fee." c

And then if a culprit give him a bribe,

he gets his fellow the job to share,

And into each other's hands they play,

and manage together the suit to square.

Just like two men at a saw they work,

and one keeps pulling, and one gives way.

While you at the Treasurer d stare and gape,

and never observe the tricks they play.

PH. Is THAT what they do! O can it be true!

Ah me, the depths of my being are stirred,

Your statements shake my soul, and I feel

I know not how, at the things I've heard.

BD. And just consider when you and all

might revel in affluence, free as air,

How these same demagogues wheel you round, and cabin and coop you I know not where.

^a Unknown.

^b A signal hoisted for the opening of the court.

6 "A retaining fee paid to the 10 συνήγοροι appointed as public prosecutors": R.

d One of the officers who paid the dicasts.

	^a Sardinia.	
	οιοσασιν	715
ВΔ.	μαλθακός εἰμι. ἀλλ' δπόταν μὲν δείσωσ' αὐτοί, τὴν Εὔβοιαν	
	καὶ τὸ ξίφος οὐ δύναμαι κατέχειν, ἀλλ' ἤδη	
	καταχεῖται,	
ΦI.	y' / 65 " /	
	νῦν δ' ὤσπερ ἐλαολόγοι χωρεῖθ' ἄμα τῷ τὸν μισθὸν ἔχοντι.	
	προπαίου.	
	ἄξια τῆς γῆς ἀπολαύοντες καὶ τοῦ Μαραθωνι	
	καὶ στεφάνοισιν παντοδαποῖσιν καὶ πυῷ καὶ πυριάτη,	710
	δύο μυριάδες των δημοτικών έζων έν πασι λαγώοις	
	έκάστη,	
	άπάγουσιν· τούτων εἴκοσιν ἄνδρας βόσκειν εἴ τις προσέταξεν	
	εἰσίν γε πόλεις χίλιαι, αι νῦν τὸν φόρον ἡμιν	
	$\eta v \stackrel{a}{a}v$.	
	έπιπηδᾶς. εὶ γὰρ ἐβούλοντο βίον πορίσαι τῷ δήμῳ, ῥάδιον	705
	έπὶ τῶν ἐχθρῶν τιν' ἐπιρρύξας, ἀγρίως αὐτοῖς	
	γ' ἐπισίζη,	
	εΐνεκ', έρῶ σοι, ΐνα γιγνώσκης τὸν τιθασευτήν· κἆθ' ὅταν οδτός	
	βούλονται γάρ σε πένητ' είναι καὶ τοῦθ' ὧν	
	ενστάζουσιν κατὰ μικρὸν ἀεί, τοῦ ζῆν ἕνεχ', ὥσπερ ἔλαιον.	
	τοῦτ' ἐρίφ σοι	
	οὐκ ἀπολαύεις πλὴν τοῦθ' ὁ φέρεις ἀκαρῆ, καὶ	
	μέγρι Σαρδοῦς.	700
	δστις πόλεων ἄρχων πλείστων, άπο τοῦ Πόντου	

THE WASPS, 700-715

from Pontus to Sardo, a nought obtain

And you, the lord of such countless towns,

Save this poor pittance you earn, and this

they dole you in driblets, grain by grain, As though they were dropping oil from wool, as much forsooth as will life sustain. They MEAN you all to be poor and gaunt, and I'll tell you, father, the reason why. They want you to know your keeper's hand ; and then if he hiss you on to fly At some helpless foe, away you go, with eager vehemence ready and rough. Since if they wished to maintain you well, the way to do it were plain enough. A thousand cities our rule obey, a thousand cities their tribute pay, Allot them twenty Athenians each. to feed and nourish from day to day, And twice ten thousand citizens there. are living immersed in dishes of hare, With creams and beestings and sumptuous fare, and garlands and coronals everywhere, Enjoying a fate that is worthy the state, and worthy the trophy on Marathon plain. Whilst now like gleaners b ye all are fain to follow along in the paymaster's train. PH. O what can this strange sensation mean, this numbness that over my hand is stealing? My arm no longer can hold the sword: I yield, unmanned, to a womanish feeling.

BD. Let a panic possess them, they're ready to give

Lit. "olive-gatherers"; needy folk like our hop-pickers.
 i.e. to portion it out among you in "allotments" as κληροῦχοι.

Euboea at once for the State to divide.

ύμιν καὶ σίτον ύφίστανται κατά πεντήκοντα μεδίμνους ποριείν έδοσαν δ' οὐπώποτέ σοι, πλην πρώην πέντε μεδίμνους, καὶ ταῦτα μόλις ξενίας φεύγων έλαβες κατὰ χοίνικα, κριθών. ών είνεκ' έγώ σ' απέκλειον αεί, βόσκειν ἐθέλων καὶ μὴ τούτους 720 έγχάσκειν σοι στομφάζοντας. καὶ νῦν ἀτεχνῶς ἐθέλω παρέχειν ο τι βούλει σοι, πλην κωλακρέτου γάλα πίνειν. χο. η που σοφός ην όστις έφασκεν, "πρίν αν άμφοιν μῦθον ἀκούσης, οὐκ ἂν δικάσαις." σὰ γὰρ οὖν νῦν μοι νικᾶν πολλώ δεδόκησαι. ωστ' ήδη την όργην χαλάσας τους σκίπωνας καταβάλλω. άλλ' ὧ της ήλικίας ήμιν της αὐτης συνθιασώτα, πιθοῦ πιθοῦ λόγοισι, μηδ' ἄφρων γένη, [στρ. μηδ' ἀτενής ἄγαν ἀτεράμων τ' ἀνήρ. είθ' ἄφελέν μοι κηδεμών η ξυγγενης είναί τις όστις τοιαθτ' ένουθέτει. σοί δὲ νῦν τις θεών παρώ νέμφανής ξυλλαμβάνει τοῦ πράγματος, καὶ δηλός ἐστιν εὖ ποιῶν. 735 σύ δὲ παρών δέχου. καὶ μὴν θρέψω γ' αὐτὸν παρέχων όσα πρεσβύτη ξύμφορα, χόνδρον

BΔ.

THE WASPS, 716-738

And engage to supply for every man full fifty bushels of wheat beside.

But five poor bushels of barley each

is all that you ever obtained in fact,

And that doled out by the quart, while first

they worry you under the Alien Act.^a And therefore it was that I locked you away To keep you in ease; unwilling that these With empty mouthings your age should bilk. And now I offer you here to-day Without any reserve whatever you please, Save only a draught of—Treasurer's milk.

CH. Twas a very acute and intelligent man.

whoever it was, that happened to say, Don't make up your mind till you've heard both sides,

for now I protest you have gained the fray.

Our staves of justice, our angry mood,

for ever and ever aside we lay, And we turn to talk to our old compeer,

our choir-companion of many a day.

Don't be a fool: give in, give in,
Nor too perverse and stubborn be;
I would to Heaven my kith and kin
Would show the like regard for me.
Some deity, 'tis plain, befriends
Your happy lot, believe, believe it;
With open arms his aid he sends,
Do you with open arms receive it.
I'll give him whetever his years receive.

BD. I'll give him whatever his years require, A basin of gruel, and soft attire,

^a You have to establish your claim with as much trouble as if you were being prosecuted for fraudulently exercising the rights of citizenship.

	πειχείν, χπαίναν μαπακήν, σισυράν,	
	πόρνην, ήτις τὸ πέος τρίψει	
	καὶ τὴν ὀσφῦν.	740
	άλλ' ὅτι σιٰγᾳ κοὐδèν γρύζει,	
	τοῦτ' οὐ δύναταί με προσέσθαι.	
xo.	νενουθέτηκεν αύτὸν ἐς τὰ πράγμαθ', οἶς [ἀντ.	
AU.		'
	τότ' ἐπεμαίνετ' ἔγνωκε γὰρ ἀρτίως,	
	λογίζεταί τ' ἐκεῖνα πάνθ' ἁμαρτίας	745
	ἃ σοῦ κελεύοντος οὐκ ἐπείθετο.	
	νῦν δ' ἴσως τοῖσι σοῖς	
	λόγοις πείθεται,	
	καὶ σωφρονεῖ μέντοι μεθι-	
	στάς ές τὸ λοιπὸν τὸν τρόπον	
	πιθόμενός τέ σοι.	
ΦI.	<i>λ</i> ώ μοί μοι.	
ВΔ.	οὖτος, τί βοậς;	
ΦI.	μή μοι τούτων μηδέν ύπισχνοῦ.	750
	κείνων έραμαι, κείθι γενοίμαν,	
	ίν' ὁ κῆρυξ φησί, ΄΄ τίς ἀψήφι-	
	στος; ανιστάσθω.	
	κάπισταίην ἐπὶ τοῖς κημοῖς	
	ψηφιζομένων ο τελευταίος.	755
	σπεῦδ', ὧ ψυχή. ποῦ μοι ψυχή;	
	πάρες, & σκιερά. μὰ τὸν Ἡρακλέα,	
	μη νῦν ἔτ' ἐγὼ 'ν τοῖσι δικασταῖς	
	κλέπτοντα Κλέωνα λάβοιμι.	
	клеттовта тысыва парыци.	
ъ.	"ιθ" & πάτερ, πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ἐμοὶ πιθοῦ.	760
		100
Φ1.	τί σοι πίθωμαι; λέγ' ὅ τι βούλει, πλην ένός.	
	ποίου; φέρ' ΐδω.	
ΦI.	τοῦ μὴ δικάζειν. τοῦτο δὲ	
	"Αιδης διακρινεί πρότερον ή γω πείσομαι.	

THE WASPS, 739-763

And a good warm rug, and a handmaid fair,
To chafe and cherish his limbs with care.

—But I can't like this, that he stands so mute,
And speaks not a word nor regards my suit.

'Tis that his soberer thoughts review
The frenzy he indulged so long,
And (what he would not yield to you)
He feels his former life was wrong.
Perchance he'll now amend his plan,
Unbend his age to mirth and laughter,
A better and a wiser man
By your advice he'll live hereafter.

PH. O misery! O misery!

CH.

BD. O father, why that dolorous cry?

Talk not of things like these to me! a

Those are my pleasures, there would I be
Where the Usher cries
Who has not voted? let him arise.
And O that the last of the voting band
By the verdict-box I could take my stand.
On, on, my soul! why, where is she gone?
Hah! by your leave, my shadowy one!
Zounds, if I catch when in Court I'm sitting
Cleon again a theft committing!

BD. O father, father, by the Gods comply.

PH. Comply with what? name any wish, save one.

BD. Save what, I prithee?

PH. Not to judge; but that Hades shall settle ere my soul comply.

^a "P. breaks his tragic silence, and gives utterance to a cento of scraps from the *Hippolytus Velatus*, Aloestis, Bellerophon, and probably other plays of Euripides" R.

 ΒΔ. σὺ δ' οὖν, ἐπειδὴ τοῦτο κεχάρηκας ποιῶν,
 ἐκεῖσε μὲν μηκέτι βάδιζ', ἀλλ' ἐνθάδε 765 αύτοῦ μένων δίκαζε τοῖσιν οἰκέταις. περί τοῦ: τί ληρεῖς; ΦI. ταῦθ', ἄπερ ἐκεῖ πράττεται. BΔ. ότι την θύραν ἀνέωξεν ή σηκὶς λάθρα, ταύτης ἐπιβολὴν ψηφιεῖ μίαν μόνην. πάντως δὲ κἀκεῖ ταῦτ' ἔδρας ἐκάστοτε. 770 καὶ ταῦτα μέν νυν εὐλόγως, ἢν ἐξέχη είλη κατ' όρθρον, ήλιάσει πρός ήλιον έὰν δὲ νίφη, πρὸς τὸ πῦρ καθήμενος, ύοντος, είσει καν έγρη μεσημβρινός, οὐδείς σ' ἀποκλείσει θεσμοθέτης τῆ κιγκλίδι. 775 τουτί μ' ἀρέσκει. πρός δέ τούτοις γ', ην δίκην BA. λέγη μακράν τις, οὐχὶ πεινών ἀναμενεῖς. δάκνων σεαυτόν και τον απολογούμενον. πως ούν διαγιγνώσκειν καλώς δυνήσομαι ωσπερ πρότερον τὰ πράγματ', ἔτι μασώμενος; 780 πολλώ γ' άμεινον και λέγεται γάρ τουτογί, ώς οί δικασταί ψευδομένων τῶν μαρτύρων μόλις τὸ πραγμ' έγνωσαν ἀναμασώμενοι. ΦΙ. ἀνά τοί με πείθεις. ἀλλ' ἐκεῖν' οὔπω λέγεις, τὸν μισθὸν ὁπόθεν λήψομαι. παρ' έμοῦ. ВΔ. καλώς. ΦI.

ότιη κατ' έμαυτον κου μεθ' έτέρου λήψομαι. αἴσχιστα γάρ τοί μ' εἰργάσατο Λυσίστρατος δ σκωπτόλης. δραχμην μετ' έμοῦ πρώην λαβών, ελθών διεκερματίζετ' εν τοῖς ἰχθύσιν,

^a εὐλόγως, "appropriately." A. is paving the way for a double pun. "In fine weather ἡλιάσει (play the Heliast) πρὸς ἡλιον, in 484

THE WASPS, 764-789

BD. Well but if these are really your delights, Yet why go *There*? why not remain at home And sit and judge among your household here?

рн. Folly! judge what?

RD.

PH.

The same as There you do. Suppose you catch your housemaid on the sly Opening the door: fine her for that, one drachma. That's what you did at every sitting There. And very aptly, a if the morning's fine, You'll fine your culprits, sitting in the sun. In snow, enter your judgements by the fire While it rains on: and—though you sleep till midday, No archon here will close the door against you.

PH. Hah! I like that.

An orator proses on, no need to fast,
Worrying yourself (ay, and the prisoner too).

PH. But do you really think that I can judge
As well as now, whilst eating and digesting?

BD. As well? much better. When there's reckless swearing,

Don't people say, what time and thought and trouble It took the judges to digest the case?

PH. I'm giving in. But you've not told me yet How I'm to get my pay.

BD. I'll pay you.

Good,

Then I shall have mine to myself, alone; For once Lysistratus, the funny fool, Played me the scurviest trick. We'd got one drachma Betwixt us two: he changed it at the fish-stall;

wet weather είσει, which is really from είσομαι (Pl. 647) and is explained by the Scholiasts as δικάσεις, but upon which A. plays as if it were from είσειμι, 'you shall go indoors'": R.

	κἄπειτ' ἐπέθηκε τρεῖς λοπίδας μοι κεστρέων· κἀγὼ 'νέκαψ'· ὀβολοὺς γὰρ ῷόμην λαβεῖν· κἇτα βδελυχθεὶς ὀσφρόμενος ἐξέπτυσα·	790
	κάθ' είλκον αὐτόν.	
ВΔ.	δ δὲ τί πρὸς ταῦτ' εἶφ';	
ΦI.	ὄ τι;	
	άλεκτρυόνος μ' έφασκε κοιλίαν έχειν·	
	" ταχὺ γοῦν καθέψεις τάργύριον," ἢ δ' δς λέγων.	795
ВΔ.	όρᾶς όσον καὶ τοῦτο δῆτα κερδανεῖς;	100
ΦI.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
BΔ.	ανάμενέ νυν έγω δε ταῦθ' ήξω φέρων.	
	όρα τὸ χρημα τὰ λόγι' ώς περαίνεται.	
	ηκηκόειν γαρ ώς 'Αθηναῖοί ποτε	800
	δικάσοιεν επί ταις ολκίαισι τὰς δίκας,	000
	κάν τοις προθύροις ἀνοικοδομήσοι πας ἀνήρ	
	αύτῷ δικαστηρίδιον μικρὸν πάνυ,	
	ωσπερ Έκαταιον, πανταχοῦ πρὸ τῶν θυρῶν.	
BA.	ίδού, τί ἔτ' ἐρεῖς; ὡς ἄπαντ' ἐγὼ φέρω	805
D	οσαπέρ γ' έφασκον, κάτι πολλώ πλείονα.	000
	άμὶς μέν, ἢν οὐρητιάσης, αύτηὶ	
	παρὰ σοὶ κρεμήσετ' ἐγγὺς ἐπὶ τοῦ παττάλου.	
**	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ψ1.	σοφόν γε τουτί και γέροντι πρόσφορον	
	έξεθρες ἀτεχνῶς φάρμακον στραγγουρίας.	810
ВΔ.	καὶ πῦρ γε τουτί, καὶ προσέστηκεν φακῆ,	
	ροφείν εὰν δέη τι.	
ΦI.	τοῦτ' αδ δεξιόν·	
	καν γαρ πυρέττω, τόν γε μισθον λήψομαι.	
	αὐτοῦ μένων γὰρ τὴν φακῆν ροφήσομαι.	
486	άτὰρ τί τὸν ὄρνιν ώς ἔμ' ἐξηνέγκατε;	815
せつし		

THE WASPS, 790-815

Then laid me down three mullet scales: and I, I thought them obols, popped them in my mouth a; O the vile smell! O la! I spat them out And collared b him.

And what said he?

PH. The rascal '
He said I'd got the stomach of a cock.

You'll soon digest hard coin, he says, says he.

BD. Then there again you'll get a great advantage.

PH. Ay, ay, that's something: let's begin at once.

BD. Then stop a moment whilst I fetch the traps.

PH. See here now, how the oracles come true.

Oft have I heard it said that the Athenians
One day would try their lawsuits in their homes,
That each would have a little Courtlet built
For his own use, in his own porch, before
His entrance, like a shrine of Hecate.

BD. (Bustling in with a quantity of judicial properties) Now then I hope you're satisfied: I've brought All that I promised, and a lot besides. See here I'll hang this vessel on a peg, In case you want it as the suit proceeds.

PH. Now that I call extremely kind and thoughtful, And wondrous handy for an old man's needs.

BD. And here's a fire, and gruel set beside it, All ready when you want it.

PH. Good again.

Now if I'm feverish I shan't lose my pay,

For here I'll sit, and sip my gruel too.

But why in the world have ye brought me out the cock?

^a For carrying money in the mouth cf. B. 503, E. 818.

b εlλκον=in ius trahebam.

^o Small images or shrines of Hecate set up before the doors that, as representing the Moon, she might guard them at night.

ВΔ.	ΐνα γ', ην καθεύδης ἀπολογουμένου τινός,	
	άδων άνωθεν έξεγείρη σ' ούτοσί.	
ΦI.	εν έτι ποθῶ, τὰ δ' ἄλλ' ἀρέσκει μοι.	
ВΔ.	τὸ τί;	
	θήρῷον εἴ πως ἐκκομίσαις τὸ τοῦ Λύκου.	
	πάρεστι τουτί, καὐτὸς ἄναξ ούτοσί.	820
ΦI.	ὦ δέσποθ' ήρως, ὡς χαλεπὸς ἄρ' ἦσθ' ἰδεῖν.	-
ВΔ.	οξόσπερ ἡμιν φαίνεται-Κλεώνυμος.	
ΞA.	ούκουν έχει γ' οὐδ' αὐτὸς ἥρως ὢν ὅπλα.	
BΔ.		
	ἐκάλουν.	
ΦI.	κάλει νυν, ώς κάθημαι 'γὼ πάλαι.	825
BΔ.	φέρε νυν, τίν' αὐτῷ πρῶτον εἰσαγάγω δίκην;	020
	τί τίς κακὸν δέδρακε των ἐν τῆ οἰκία;	
	ή Θρᾶττα προσκαύσασα πρώην τὴν χύτραν	
ΦI.	έπίσχες ούτος ώς ολίγου μ' απώλεσας.	
	ανευ δρυφάκτου την δίκην μέλλεις καλεῖν,	830
	ο πρώτον ήμιν των ίερων έφαίνετο;	000
BΔ.	μὰ τὸν Δί οὐ πάρεστιν.	
ΦI.	άλλ' έγω δραμών	
	αὐτὸς κομιοῦμαι τό γε παραυτίκ' ἔνδοθεν.	
BΔ.		
EA.	βάλλ' ές κόρακας. τοιουτονί τρέφειν κύνα.	835
ВΔ.	τί δ' ἔστιν ἐτεόν;	000
ΞA.		
	ο κύων παράξας είς τον ίπνον άναρπάσας	
	τροφαλίδα τυροῦ Σικελικήν κατεδήδοκεν:	
ΒΔ.	τοῦτ' ἄρα πρώτον τἀδίκημα τῷ πατρὶ	
	είσακτέον μοι ου δε κατηγόρει παρών.	840
a	Cf. 389. B here produces a little image of him	-

<sup>Cf. 389. B. here produces a little image of him.
A surprise; for C. was a notorious coward; cf. 19.
φιλοχωρία describes the attachment to his old haunts which makes him run after "a railing" such as was used in the law</sup> 488

THE WASPS, 816-840

BD. To wake you, father, crowing over head In case you're dozing whilst a prisoner pleads.

PH. One thing I miss, and only one.

BD. What's that?

PH. If you could somehow fetch the shrine of Lycus a!

BD. Here then it is, and here's the king in person.

PH. O hero lord, how stern you are to see!

BD. Almost, methinks, like our—Cleonymus.b

xa. Ay, and 'tis true the hero has no shield!

*no. If you got seated sooner, I should sooner Call a suit on.

PH. Call on, I've sat for ages.

BD. Let's see: what matter shall I bring on first?
Who's been at mischief of the household here?
That careless Thratta now, she charred the pitcher.

PH. O stop, for goodness' sake! you've all but killed me. What! call a suit on with no railing here, Always the first of all our sacred things?

BD. No more there is, by Zeus.

PH. I'll run myself

And forage out whatever comes to hand.

BD. Heyday! where now? The strange infatuation!

xa. Psha! rot the dog! To keep a cur like this!

BD. What's happened now?

Why, has not Labes d here
Got to the kitchen safe, and grabbed a cheese,
A rich Sicilian cheese, and bolted it?

Then that's the first indictment we'll being on

BD. Then that's the first indictment we'll bring on Before my father: you shall prosecute.

courts to separate the dicasts from the general public. If the meaning is right, the "railing" is = cancell1, from which we derive "chancellor." While P. is gone a sudden scuffle takes place within and the voice of Xanthias is heard exclaiming at a dog.

d From λαμβάνω, like our "Grip" or "Pincher," and with a

play on Laches (cf. 240).

ΞA.	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔγωγ' ἀλλ' ἄτερός φησιν Κύων	
	κατηγορήσειν, ήν τις εἰσάγη γραφήν.	
BΔ.	ἴθι νυν, ἄγ' αὐτὼ δεῦρο.	
ΞA.	ταῦτα χρὴ ποι∈ῖν.	
ВΔ.	τουτὶ τί ἐστι;	
ΦI.	χοιροκομεῖον 'Εστίας.	
ВΔ.	είθ' ίεροσυλήσας φέρεις;	
ΦI.	οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἵνα	845
	άφ' Έστίας άρχόμενος έπιτρίψω τινά.	
	άλλ' είσαγ' ἀνύσας ώς έγω τιμᾶν βλέπω.	
BΔ.		
ΦI.	οίμοι, διατρίβεις κάπολείς τριψημερών	
	έγω δ' αλοκίζειν έδεόμην το χωρίον.	850
BΔ.	ιδού.	
ΦI.	κάλει νυν.	
BΔ.	ταθτα δή.	
ΦI.	τίς ούτοσὶ	
	δ πρωτός ἐστιν;	
BΔ.	ές κόρακας, ώς ἄχθομαι,	
	ότιη 'πελαθόμην τους καδίσκους εκφέρειν.	
ΦĨ.	οὖτος σὺ ποὶ θεῖς;	
ВΔ.	έπὶ καδίσκους.	
ΦI.	μηδαμῶς.	
	έγω γάρ είχον τούσδε τους άρυστίχους.	855
BΔ.	κάλλιστα τοίνυν· πάντα γὰρ πάρεστι νῷν	
	οσων δεόμεθα, πλήν γε δή της κλεψύδρας.	
ът.	ήδὶ δὲ δὴ τίς ἐστιν; οὐχὶ κλεψύδρα;	
ΒΔ .	εὖ γ' ἐκπορίζεις αὐτὰ κἀπιχωρίως.	
D.		_

^a Κύων=Κλέων. ^b That pigs might be kept within the precincts of the house is clear from P. 1106. How the fence which encloses them is specially connected with Έστία is not plain, but the name seems 490 .

THE WASPS, 841-859

xa. Thank you, not I. This other Cur a declares If there's a charge, he'll prosecute with pleasure. BD. Bring them both here. Yes, yes, sir, so I will. XA. BD. (To Phil.) Hallo, what's this? Pig-railings from the hearth. PH. BD. Sacrilege, eh? No, but I'd trounce some fellow PH. (As the phrase goes) even from the very hearth. So call away: I'm keen for passing sentence. BD. Then now I'll fetch the cause-lists and the pleadings. PH. O these delays! You weary and wear me out. I've long been dying to commence my furrows. BD. Now then! Call on. PH. Yes, certainly. BD. And who PH. Is first in order? Dash it, what a bother! BD. I quite forgot to bring the voting-urns. PH. Goodness! where now? After the urns. RD. Don't trouble, PH. I'd thought of that. I've got these ladling-bowls. BD. That's capital: then now methinks we have All that we want. No, there's no water-piece. PH. Water-piece, quotha! pray what call you this? d BD. Well thought on, father: and with shrewd home wit. introduced because at festivals the first libation was poured and the firstlings of the sacisfice were offered to E $\sigma\tau$ ia. Hence the phrase $\dot{a}\phi$ 'E $\sigma\tau$ ias $\dot{a}\rho\chi$ e $\sigma\theta$ as came to mean "make a happy beginning," and B. wishes to do this by "trouncing someone."

The condemning line on his πινάκιον, cf. 106 and Introd.

^a He points to the ἀμίς which his son had brought, 807, and which is to take the place of the κλεψύδρα or water-clock by which the orators spoke.

491

ORA

άλλ' ώς τάνιστα πῦρ τις ἐξενενκάτω

	καὶ μυρρίνας καὶ τον λιβανωτον ἔνδοθεν, ὅπως ἂν εὐξώμεσθα πρῶτα τοῖς θεοῖς.	000
xo.	καὶ μὴν ἡμεῖς ἐπὶ ταῖς σπονδαῖς καὶ ταῖς εὐχαῖς φήμην ἀγαθὴν λέξομεν ὑμῖν, ὅτι γενναίως ἐκ τοῦ πολέμου καὶ τοῦ νείκους ξυνέβητον.	865
BΔ.	ευφημία μεν πρώτα νθν ύπαρχέτω. [στρ.	
xo.	ῶ Φοῖβ' "Απολλον Πύθι', ἐπ' ἀγαθῆ τύχη τὸ πρᾶγμ' ὁ μηχανᾶται ἔμπροσθεν οὖτος τῶν θυρῶν, ἄπασιν ἡμῖν ἁρμόσαι παυσαμένοις πλάνων. 'Ἰήιε Παιάν.	870
В∆.	ῶ δέσποτ' ἄναξ, γεῖτον 'Αγυιεῦ τοὐμοῦ προθύρου προπύλαιε, δέξαι τελετὴν καινήν, ὧναξ, ἣν τῷ πατρὶ καινοτομοῦμεν ταῦσόν τ' αὐτοῦ τοῦτο τὸ λίαν στρυφνὸν καὶ πρίνινον ἦθος,	875
	ἀντὶ σιραίου μέλιτος μικρον τῷ θυμιδίῷ παραμίξας ήδη δ' εἶναι τοῖς ἀνθρώποις ήπιον αὐτόν, τοὺς φεύγοντάς τ' ἐλεεῖν μᾶλλον τῶν γραψαμένων κἀπιδακρύειν ἀντιβολούντων,	880

492

^a The obelisk in honour of Apollo which stood in the street (άγνιά) at the entrance.

δ The difficulty is that σίραιον, a boiled down wine (defrutum),

THE WASPS, 860-882

Ho, there within! some person bring me out A pan of coals, and frankincense, and myrtle, That so our business may commence with prayer.

CH. We too, as ye offer the prayer and wine,
We too will call on the Powers Divine
To prosper the work begun;
For the battle is over and done,
And out of the fray and the strife to-day
Fair peace ye have nobly won.

BD. Now hush all idle words and sounds profane.

CH. O Pythian Phoebus, bright Apollo, deign
To speed this youth's design
Wrought here, these gates before,
And give us from our wanderings rest
And peace for evermore.

(The shout of Io Paean is raised.)

BD. Aguieus ^a! my neighbour and hero and lord!
who dwellest in front of my vestibule gate,
I pray thee be graciously pleased to accept

the rite that we new for my father create.

O bend to a pliant and flexible mood

the stubborn and resolute oak of his will,

And into his heart, so crusty and tart,

a trifle of honey for syrup b instil.

Endue him with sympathies wide, A sweet and humane disposition,

Which leans to the side of the wretch that is tried,

And weeps at a culprit's petition.

is regularly described as "sweet." R. suggests that there is a play on $\theta \bar{\nu} \mu l \delta \iota \sigma \nu$ "temper" and $\theta \bar{\nu} \mu l \delta \iota \sigma \nu$, the diminutive of $\theta \delta \mu \sigma s$, a herb much eaten by the Athenian poor (Pl. 253). "Mix," prays Bdelycleon, "honey with his temper, $\theta \bar{\nu} \mu l \delta \iota \sigma \nu$, as he is wont to mix mulled wine with his salad, $\theta \bar{\nu} \mu l \delta \iota \sigma \nu$."

493

καὶ παυσάμενον της δυσκολίας άπὸ της δργης την ακαλήφην αφελέσθαι. χο. ξυνευχόμεσθα [ταθτά] σοι κάπάδομεν άντ. 885 νέαισιν άρχαις, είνεκα των προλελεγμένων. εὖνοι γάρ ἐσμεν ἐξ οδ τον δημον ήσθόμεσθά σου φιλουντος ώς οὐδείς άνηρ τῶν γε νεωτέρων. 890 ΒΔ. εί τις θύρασιν ήλιαστής, είσίτω. ώς ήνίκ' αν λέγωσιν, οὐκ ἐσφρήσομεν. ΦΙ. τίς αρ' ὁ φεύγων οῦτος; ὅσον άλώσεται. ΒΔ. ἀκούετ' ήδη της γραφης. "έγράψατο Κύων Κυδαθηναιεύς Λάβητ' Αίξωνέα. 895 τον τυρον άδικείν ότι μόνος κατήσθιεν τον Σικελικόν. τίμημα κλωός σύκινος." ΦΙ. θάνατος μέν οὖν κύνειος, ἢν ἄπαξ άλῷ. ΒΔ. καὶ μὴν ὁ φεύγων ούτοσὶ Λάβης πάρα. ΦΙ. ὦ μιαρὸς οὖτος · ὡς δὲ καὶ κλέπτον βλέπει · 900 οίον σεσηρώς έξαπατήσειν μ' οίεται. ποῦ δ' οὖν ὁ διώκων, ὁ Κυδαθηναιεύς Κύων: KTON. av av. πάρεστιν. BΔ. έτερος οδτος αδ Λάβης. EA. άγαθός γ' ύλακτεῖν καὶ διαλείχειν τὰς χύτρας. ΒΔ. σίγα, κάθιζε, σὺ δ' ἀναβὰς κατηγόρει. 905 ΦΙ. φέρε νυν, ἄμα τήνδ' ἐγχεάμενος κάγὼ ροφῶ. ΞΑ. τῆς μὲν γραφῆς ἠκούσαθ ἢν ἐγραψάμην, ἄνδρες δικασταί, τουτονί. δεινότατα γὰρ

a After the solemn prayers, etc. (863 seq.) the judicial proceedings now commence, B. as the $\kappa \bar{\eta} \rho \nu \xi$ or usher of the Court first making the customary proclamation.

THE WASPS, 883-908

From harshness and anger to turn, May it now be his constant endeavour, And out of his temper the stern Sharp sting of the nettle to sever.

ch. We in thy prayers combine, and quite give in To the new rule, for the aforesaid reasons.

Our heart has stood our friend And loved you, since we knew That you affect the people more Than other young men do.

BD. Is any Justice out there? let him enter.^a
We shan't admit him when they've once begun.

PH. Where is the prisoner fellow? won't he catch it!

BD. O yes! attention! (Reads the indictment)
Cur of Cydathon

Hereby accuses Labes of Aexone, For that, embezzling a Sicilian cheese, Alone he ate it. Fine, one fig-tree collar.

PH. Nay, but a dog's death, an' he's once convicted.

BD. Here stands, to meet the charge, the prisoner Labes.

PH. O the vile wretch! O what a thievish look! See how he grins, and thinks to take me in. Where's the Accuser, Cur of Cydathon?

cur. Bow!

BD. Here he stands.

Another Labes this, Good dog to yelp and lick the platters clean.

BD. St! take your seat. (To Cur)

Go up and prosecute.
PH. Meanwhile I'll ladle out and sip my gruel.

xa.º Ye have heard the charge, most honourable judges,
I bring against him. Scandalous the trick

^b The penalty proposed by the prosecutor. ^c Xanthias here speaks for $K \dot{\nu} \omega \nu$ (= $K \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega \nu$),

	ἔργων δέδρακε κάμὲ καὶ τὸ ρυππαπαῖ. ἀποδρὰς γὰρ ἐς τὴν γωνίαν τυρὸν πολὺν	010
	κατεσικέλιζε κανέπλητ' εν τῷ σκότῳ.	910
ΦI.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
41,	τυροῦ κάκιστον ἀρτίως ἐνήρυγεν	
	δ βδελυρός οὖτος.	
ΞA.	κού μετέδωκ' αἰτοῦντί μοι.	
	καίτοι τίς ύμας εδ ποιείν δυνήσεται,	915
	ην μή τι κάμοί τις προβάλλη τῷ κυνί;	
ΦI.		
	θερμός γάρ άνηρ οὐδὲν ήττον της φακης.	
ВΔ.	πρός των θεών, μη προκαταγίγνωσκ', ω πάτερ,	
	πρίν ἄν γ' ἀκούσης ἀμφοτέρων.	
ΦĪ.	$\dot{a}\lambda\lambda$ ', $\dot{\omega}_{\gamma}a\theta\epsilon$,	920
	τὸ πρᾶγμα φανερόν ἐστιν· αὐτὸ γὰρ βοά.	
ΞA.	μή νυν ἀφητέ γ' αὐτόν, ώς ὄντ' αὖ πολύ	
	κυνών απάντων άνδρα μονοφαγίστατον,	
	δοτις περιπλεύσας την θυείαν εν κύκλω	
	έκ των πόλεων το σκίρον έξεδήδοκεν.	925
#.T	έμοι δέ γ' οὐκ ἔστ' οὐδὲ τὴν ὑδρίαν πλάσαι.	040
EA.		
	τρέφειν δύναιτ' ἂν μία λόχμη κλέπτα δύο	
	ΐνα μή κεκλάγγω διὰ κενης ἄλλως έγώ.	
	έὰν δὲ μή, τὸ λοιπον οὐ κεκλάγξομαι.	930
ΦI.	ἰοὺ ἰού.	
	όσας κατηγόρησε τὰς πανουργίας.	
	κλέπτον το χρημα τανδρός οὐ καὶ σοὶ δοκεῖ,	
	ῶλεκτρυόν; νη τὸν Δί, ἐπιμύει γέ τοι.	

 $[^]a$ $\tau \delta$ $\rho \nu \pi \pi \alpha \pi \alpha \hat{i}$, the measured cry to which sailors rowed (cf. F. 1073); here put for the sailors themselves. b Cf. K. 1017, where Cleon claims to be the "watch-dog" of 496

THE WASPS, 909-934

He played us all, me and the Sailor-laddies.^a Alone, in a corner, in the dark, he gorged, And munched, and crunched, and Sicilized the cheese!

PH. Pheugh! the thing's evident: the brute this instant Breathed in my face the filthiest whiff of cheese. O the foul skunk!

And would not give me any,
Not though I asked. Yet can he be your friend.
Who won't throw anything to Me, the dog b?

PH. Not give you any! No, nor Me, the state.

The man's a regular scorcher, (burns his mouth)
like this gruel.

BD. Come don't decide against us, pray don't, father, Before you've heard both sides.

PH. But, my dear boy, The thing's self-evident, speaks for itself.

xa. Don't let him off; upon my life he is
The most lone-eatingest dog that ever was.
The brute went coasting round and round the mertar,
And snapped up all the rind off all the cities.

рн. And I've no mortar even to mend my pitcher!

xa. So then be sure you punish him. For why? One bush, they say, can never keep two thieves. Lest I should bark, and bark, and yet get nothing. And if I do I'll never bark again.

PH. Soh! soh!

Here's a nice string of accusations truly!
A rare thief of a man! You think so too,
Old gamecock? Ay, he winks his eye, he thinks so.

the state. In the next line P. as a representative of the dicastery claims to be the State itself.

° Apparently here the pan in which the cheese was kept. $\sigma\kappa\hat{\nu}\rho\nu$ is some hard stuff from which cement could be made, and also the rind of cheese. "In translating I have been obliged to transfer the play on words from $\sigma\kappa\hat{\nu}\rho\nu$ to $\theta\nu\epsilon\lambda$ ": R.

	ό θεσμοθέτης. ποῦ 'σθ' οὖτος; ἀμίδα μοι δότα	. 935
BΔ.	αὐτὸς καθελοῦ· τοὺς μάρτυρας γὰρ ἐσκαλῶ.	
	Λάβητι μάρτυρας παρείναι, τρύβλιον,	
	δοίδυκα, τυρόκνηστιν, ἐσχάραν, χύτραν,	
	καὶ τἄλλα τὰ σκεύη τὰ προσκεκαυμένα.	
	άλλ' ἔτι σύ γ' οὐρεῖς καὶ καθίζεις οὐδέπω;	940
ΦI.		-10
ВΔ.	ούκ αδ σύ παύσει χαλεπός ῶν καὶ δύσκολος,	
	καὶ ταῦτα τοῖς φεύγουσιν, ἀλλ' οδὰξ ἔχει;	
	ἀνάβαιν', ἀπολογοῦ. τί σεσιώπηκας; λέγε.	
ΦI.	άλλ' οὐκ ἔχειν οδτός γ' ἔοικεν ὅ τι λέγη.	945
	ούκ, άλλ' ἐκεῖνό μοι δοκεῖ πεπονθέναι,	0 10
	όπερ ποτέ φεύγων έπαθε καὶ Θουκυδίδης.	
	απόπληκτος εξαίφνης εγένετο τας γνάθους.	
	πάρεχ' έκποδών. έγω γαρ απολογήσομαι.	
	Χαλεπόν μέν, ὧνδρες, ἐστὶ διαβεβλημένου	950
	ύπεραποκρίνεσθαι κυνός λέξω δ' όμως.	000
	άγαθὸς γάρ ἐστι καὶ διώκει τοὺς λύκους.	
ΦI.	κλέπτης μεν οδν οδτός γε καὶ ξυνωμότης.	
ВΔ.	μὰ Δί, ἀλλ' ἄριστός ἐστι τῶν νυνὶ κυνῶν,	
	οδός τε πολλοδς προβατίοις έφεστάναι.	955
ΦI.	τί οὖν ὄφελος, τὸν τυρὸν εἰ κατεσθίει;	
	ότι σοῦ προμάχεται καὶ φυλάττει τὴν θύραν	
	καὶ τάλλ' ἄριστός ἐστιν· εἰ δ' ὑφείλετο,	
	ξύγγνωθι. κιθαρίζειν γάρ οὐκ ἐπίσταται.	
ΦI,	έγω δ' έβουλόμην αν ουδέ γράμματα,	960
	ίνα μη κακουργών ἐνέγραφ' ήμιν τον λόγον.	1
ВΔ.	άκουσον ὧ δαιμόνιέ μου τῶν μαρτύρων.	
	"I achee a plan blust man and no auster as Clust	

[&]quot;Laches, a plain blunt man, and no orator as Cleon was, is so taken aback by the charges brought against him, that he has not a word to say": R.

^b Uf. A. 703.

^c Apparently proverbial, for "he has never had much education" or the like.

THE WASPS, 935-962

Archon! Hi, fellow, hand me down the vessel.

BD. Reach it yourself; I'll call my witnesses.

The witnesses for Labes, please stand forward!
Pot, pestle, grater, brazier, water-jug,
And all the other scarred and charred utensils.

(To Phil.)

Good heavens, sir, finish there, and take your seat!

PH. I guess I'll finish him before I've done.

BD. What! always hard and pitiless, and that To the prisoners, always keen to bite!

(To Labes)

Up, plead your cause: what, quite dumbfounded a? speak.

PH. Seems he's got nothing in the world to say.

BD. Nay, 'tis a sudden seizure, such as once Attacked Thucydides b when brought to trial. 'Tis tongue-paralysis that stops his jaws.

(To Labes)

Out of the way! I'll plead your cause myself.
O sirs, 'tis hard to argue for a dog
Assailed by slander: nevertheless, I'll try.
'Tis a good dog, and drives away the wolves.

PH. A thief I call him, and conspirator.

BD. Nay, he's the best and worthiest dog alive, Fit to take charge of any number o' sheep.

PH. What use in that, if he eat up the cheese?

BD. Use! why, he fights your battles, guards your door; The best dog altogether. If he filched, Yet O forgive: he never learnt the lyre.

PH. I would to heaven he had never learned his letters, Then he'd not given us all this tiresome speech.^d

BD. Nay, nay, sir, hear my witnesses, I beg.

⁴ The dog, says the Scholiast, is supposed to have "given his advocate a written speech."

	ανάβηθι, τυρόκνηστι, καὶ λέξον μέγα·	
	σὺ γὰρ ταμιεύουσ' ἔτυχες. ἀπόκριναι σαφῶς,	
	εὶ μὴ κατέκνησας τοῖς στρατιώταις ἄλαβες.	
	φησὶ κατακνησαι.	965
ΦI.	νή Δί', άλλὰ ψεύδεται.	
	ῶ δαιμόνι', ἐλέει ταλαιπωρουμένους.	
	ούτος γάρ ὁ Λάβης καὶ τραχήλι' ἐσθίει	
	καὶ τὰς ἀκάνθας, κοὐδέποτ ἐν ταὐτῷ μένει.	
	λαι τως ωκαντώς, κουσείοι εν τωστώ μενεί.	
	ο δ' ετερος οδός εστιν οδκουρός μόνον.	970
	αὐτοῦ μένων γὰρ ἄττ' ἂν εἴσω τις φέρη,	
	τούτων μεταιτεί το μέρος εί δε μή, δάκνει.	
ΦI.	αίβοῖ, τί κακόν ποτ' έσθ' ὅτω μαλάττομαι;	
	κακόν τι περιβαίνει με κάναπείθομαι.	
BΔ.	ίθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', οἰκτείρατ' αὐτόν, ὧ πάτερ,	975
	καὶ μὴ διαφθείρητε. ποῦ τὰ παιδία;	0.0
	αναβαίνετ', ὧ πόνηρα, καὶ κνυζούμενα	
	αίτειτε κάντιβολειτε και δακρύετε.	
ΦI.	κατάβα κατάβα κατάβα κατάβα.	
ВΔ.	καταβήσομαι.	
	καίτοι τὸ κατάβα τοῦτο πολλοὺς δὴ πάνυ	980
	έξηπάτηκεν. ἀτὰρ όμως καταβήσομαι.	800
άĭ	ές κόρακας. ώς οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι τὸ ροφεῖν.	
41.	ες κορακάς. ως σοκ αγάσου εστί το ροφείν.	
	έγω γαρ απεδακρυσα νῦν, γνώμην ἐμήν,	
	οὐδέν ποτέ γ' ἀλλ' ἢ τῆς φακῆς ἐμπλήμενος.	
	οὔκουν ἀποφεύγει δῆτα;	
ΦI.	χαλεπον είδέναι.	985
BΔ.	ίθ', ὧ πατρίδιον, ἐπὶ τὰ βελτίω τρέπου.	1
	τηνδί λαβών την ψηφον ἐπὶ τὸν ΰστερον	
	μύσας παράξον καπόλυσον, ω πάτερ.	
ΦI.	ού δητα κιθαρίζειν ναρ ρύκ επίσταμα.	

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ "The judges would say, That will do, get down: and the 500

THE WASPS, 963-989

Grater, get in the box, and speak well out. You kept the mess; I ask you, answer plainly, Did you not grate the spoil between the soldiers? He says he did.

PH. Ay, but I vow he's lying.

BD. O sir, have pity upon poor toiling souls.
Our Labes here, he lives on odds and ends,
Bones, gristle: and is always on the go.
That other Cur is a mere stay-at-home,
Sits by the hearth, and when one brings aught in
Asks for a share: if he gets none, he bites.

PH. O me, what ails me that I grow so soft! Some ill's afoot: I'm nearly giving in.

Don't crush him quite. Where are his little cubs?
Up, little wretches, up; and whimpering there
Plead for your father: weep, implore, beseech.

PH. (Deeply affected) Get down, get down, get down, get

BD. I will.

Yet that "get down," I know, has taken in a A many men. However I'll get down.

PH. Dash it! this guzzling ain't the thing at all.

Here was I shedding tears, and seems to me
Only because I have gorged myself with gruel.

BD. Then will he not get off?

PH. "Tis hard to know.

BD. O take, dear father, take the kindlier turn. Here, hold this vote: then with shut eyes dash by To the Far Urn.⁵ O father, do acquit him.

PH. No, no, my boy. I never learnt the lyre.

prisoner would get down, expecting an acquittal and presently find himself condemned ": R.

The one in which votes for acquittal were placed.
 i.e. "I know a judge's duty, and I know no more": R. Cf. 959.

ВΔ.	φέρε νύν σε τηδὶ τὴν ταχίστην περιάγω.	0
ΦI.	οδ' ἔσθ' ὁ πρότερος;	
ВΔ.	οὖτος.	
ΦI.	αΰτη ἐντευθενί.	
В∆.	έξηπάτηται, κάπολέλυκεν ούχ έκών. φέρ' έξεράσω.	
ΦI.	πως ἄρ' ήγωνίσμεθα;	
ВΔ.	δείξειν ἔοικεν ἐκπέφευγας, ὧ Λάβης.	
	πάτερ πάτερ, τί πέπονθας;	
ΦI.	οἴμοι, ποῦ 'σθ' ὕδωρ;99	5
ВΔ.	ἔπαιρε σαυτόν.	
φI.	έἰπέ νυν ἐκεῖνό μοι,	
	οντως απέφυγε;	
ВΔ.	$ u\dot{\eta} \Delta i^{\circ} \cdot$	
ΦΙ.	οὐδέν εἰμ' ἄρα.	
BΔ.	μή φροντίσης, ω δαιμόνι', άλλ' άνίστασο.	
ΦΙ.	πως οδυ εμαυτώ τοθτ' εγώ ξυνείσομαι,	
		000
	άλλ, & πολυτίμητοι θεοί, ξύγγνωτέ μοι	
	ακων γάρ αὐτ' έδρασα κού τούμοῦ τρόπου.	
BΔ.	καὶ μηδεν άγανάκτει γ'. έγω γάρ σ', ω πάτερ,	
	θρέψω καλώς, άγων μετ' έμαυτοῦ πανταχοῦ,	
		005
	ωσθ' ήδέως διάγειν σε τον λοιπον χρόνον	
	κούκ έγχανεῖταί σ' έξαπατῶν Ὑπέρβολος.	
	άλλ' εἰσίωμεν.	
ΦI.	ταῦτα νῦν, εἴπερ δοκεῖ.	
XO.	άλλ' ἴτε χαίροντες ὅποι βούλεσθ'.	
AU.	mar are Youthories and booness.	

^a The Chorus here dismiss the actors and address the audience in the Parabasis. This is here perfect in its seven parts as defined by Pollux (iv. 112)—(1) κομμάτιον a short prelude, 1009-502

THE WASPS, 990-1009

BD. Here, let me lead you round the handiest way. PH. Is this the Nearer? This is. RD. In she goes. PH. BD. (Aside) Duped, as I live! acquits him by mistake! (Aloud) I'll do the counting. Well, how went the battle? PH. BD. We shall soon see. O Labes, you're acquitted! Why, how now, father? Water, give me water! PH. (Faintly) BD. Hold up, sir, do. Just tell me only this, PH. Is he INDEED acquitted? Yes. BD. I'm done for. PH. BD. Don't take it so to heart: stand up, sir, pray. PH. How shall I bear this sin upon my soul? A man acquitted! What awaits me now? Yet, O great gods! I pray you pardon me, Unwilled I did it, not from natural bent. BD. And don't begrudge it; for I'll tend you well,

BD. And don't begrudge it; for I'll tend you well,
And take you, father, everywhere with me,
To feasts, to suppers, to the public games.
Henceforth in pleasure you shall spend your days,
And no Hyperbolus delude and mock you.
But go we in.

PH. Yes, if you wish it, now.
CH. Yea, go rejoicing your own good way

Yea, go rejoicing your own good way,^a Wherever your path may be;

1014; (2) the Parabasis proper 1015-50, where the poet speaks in his own character, ending (3) with the Pnigos 1051-9 (so called because it was to be "sung without taking breath"). Then come (4) the $\sigma\tau\rho\sigma\phi\eta$ 1060-70; (5) the $\epsilon\pi\iota\rho\rho\eta\mu\alpha$ 1071-90; (6) $d\nu\tau\iota\sigma\tau\rho\sigma\phi\sigma$ 1091-1101; and (7) $d\nu\tau\epsilon\pi\iota\rho\rho\eta\mu\alpha$ 1102-21, in which the Chorus explains its own character.

503

ύμεις δε τέως, ὧ μυριάδες ἀναρίθμητοι, νῦν μεν τὰ μέλλοντ' εὖ λέγεσθαι μὴ πέση φαύλως χαμᾶζ' εὐλαβεῖσθε. τοῦτο γὰρ σκαιῶν θεατῶν ἐστὶ πάσχειν, κοὐ πρὸς ὑμῶν.

νῦν αὖτε λεῷ πρόσχετε τὸν νοῦν, εἴπερ καθαρόν τι φιλεῖτε. 1015 μέμψασθαι γὰρ τοῖσι θεαταῖς ὁ ποιητὴς νῦν ἐπιθυμεῖ. ἀδικεῖσθαι γάρ φησιν πρότερος πόλλ' αὐτοὺς εὖ πεποιη-κώς,

τὰ μέν οὐ φανερῶς, ἀλλ' ἐπικουρῶν κρύβδην ἐτέροισι ποιηταῖς,

μιμησάμενος τὴν Εὐρυκλέους μαντείαν καὶ διάνοιαν, εἰς ἀλλοτρίας γαστέρας ἐνδὺς κωμφδικὰ πολλὰ χέασθαι·1020 μετὰ τοῦτο δὲ καὶ φανερῶς ἤδη κινδυνεύων καθ' ἑαυτόν, οὐκ ἀλλοτρίων, ἀλλ' οἰκείων Μουσῶν στόμαθ' ἡνιοχήσας. ἀρθεὶς δὲ μέγας καὶ τιμηθεὶς ὡς οὐδεὶς πώποτ' ἐν ὑμῖν, οὐκ ἐκτελέσαι φησὶν ἐπαρθεὶς οὐδ' ὀγκῶσαι τὸ φρόνημα, οὐδὲ παλαίστρας περικωμάζειν πειρῶν· οὐδ' εἴ τις ἐραστής,

κωμφδεῖσθαι παιδίχ' έαυτοῦ μισῶν ἔσπευδε πρὸς αὐτόν, οὐδενὶ πώποτέ φησι πιθέσθαι, γνώμην τιν' ἔχων ἐπιεικῆ,

1010

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ His early comedies, including the ${\it Acharnians},$ were exhibited in the name of Callistratus.

THE WASPS, 1010-1027

But you, ye numberless myriads, stay
And listen the while to me.
Beware lest the truths I am going to say
Unheeded to earth should fall;
For that were the part of a fool to play,
And not your part at all.

Now all ye people attend and hear,

if ye love a simple and genuine strain,

For now our poet, with right good will,

of you, spectators, must needs complain.

Ye have wronged him much, he protests, a bard

who had served you often and well before;

Partly, indeed, himself unseen,

assisting others to please you more; a

With the art of a Eurycles, weird and wild,

he loved to dive in a stranger's breast,

And pour from thence through a stranger's lips

full many a sparkling comical jest;

And partly at length in his own true form,

as he challenged his fate by himself alone,

And the Muses whose bridled mouths he drave,

were never another's, were all his own.

And thus he came to a height of fame

which none had ever achieved before,

Yet waxed not high in his own conceit,

nor ever an arrogant mind he bore.

He never was found in the exercise-ground,

corrupting the boys: he never complied With the suit of some dissolute knave, who loathed

that the vigilant lash of the bard should chide

His vile effeminate boylove. No!

he kept to his purpose pure and high,

b E. was an έγγαστρίμυθος or "ventriloquist."

ίνα τὰς Μούσας αἶσιν χρῆται μὴ προαγωγοὺς ἀποφήνη. οὐδ' ὅτε πρῶτόν γ' ἦρξε διδάσκειν, ἀνθρώποις φήσ' ἐπίθέσθαι. άλλ' 'Ηρακλέους οργήν τιν' έχων τοῖσι μεγίστοις έπιγειρείν, 1030 θρασέως ξυστάς εὐθύς ἀπ' ἀρχῆς αὐτῷ τῷ καρχαροδ δεινόταται μεν ἀπ' ὀφθαλμών Κύννης ἀκτίνες έλαμπον, έκατὸν δὲ κύκλω κεφαλαὶ κολάκων οἰμωξομένων

ἐλιχμῶντο περί την κεφαλήν, φωνην δ' είχεν χαράδρας όλεθρον τετοκυίας.

φώκης δ' όσμήν, Λαμίας δ' όρχεις άπλύτους, πρωκτόν δέ καμήλου.

1035

τοιοθτον ίδων τέρας οὐ φησιν δείσας καταδωροδοκήσαι, άλλ' ύπερ ύμων έτι καὶ νυνὶ πολεμεῖ · φησίν τε μετ' αὐτοῦ τοις ήπιάλοις επιχειρήσαι πέρυσιν και τοις πυρετοίσιν, οι τους πατέρας τ' ήγχον νύκτωρ και τους πάππους ἀπέπνιγον,

κατακλινόμενοί τ' έπὶ ταῖς κοίταις έπὶ τοῖσιν ἀπράγμοσιν ύμων

1040

άντωμοσίας καὶ προσκλήσεις καὶ μαρτυρίας συνεκόλλων, ωστ' άναπηδαν δειμαίνοντας πολλούς ώς τον πολέμαρχον. τοιόνδ' ευρόντες άλεξίκακον, της χώρας τησδε καθαρτήν,

b The epithet also applied to Cleon, K. 1017.

· A shameless prostitute.

Lit. "heads"; the reference is to Typhoeus with his hundred snake-heads (κεφαλαί δφιος, Hes. Theog. 825).

a Lit. "began to teach" i.e. the Chorus supplied by the State, thus producing the play in his own name as κωμφδοδιδάσκαλος, which he first did in the Knights.

[·] He refers to the attack on the Sophists made the year before in the Clouds. "As agues and fevers," says the Scholiast, "harm men's bodies, so do these men the city." 506

THE WASPS, 1028-1043

That never the Muse, whom he loved to use,

the villainous trade of a bawd should ply.

When first he began to exhibit plays,^a

no paltry MEN for his mark he chose,

He came in the mood of a Heracles forth

to grapple at once with the mightiest foes.

In the very front of his bold career

with the jag-toothed b Monster he closed in fight,

Though out of its fierce eyes flashed and flamed

the glare of Cynna's o detestable light,

And a hundred horrible sycophants' tongues d

were twining and flickering over its head,

And a voice it had like the roar of a stream

which has just brought forth destruction and dread,

And a Lamia's groin, and a camel's loin,

and foul as the smell of a seal it smelt.

But He, when the monstrous form he saw,

no bribe he took and no fear he felt,

For you he fought, and for you he fights:

and then last year with adventurous hand

He grappled besides with the Spectral Shapes,

the Agues and Fevers that plagued our land; *

That loved in the darksome hours of night

to throttle fathers, and grandsires choke,

That laid them down on their restless beds,

and against your quiet and peaceable folk

Kept welding together proofs and writs

and oath against oath, till many a man

Sprang up, distracted with wild affright,

and off in haste to the Polemarch ran.

Yet although such a champion g as this ye had found, to purge your land from sorrow and shame,

i.e. for help; cf. όσα τοις πολίταις ὁ άρχων, ταθτα τοις μετοίκοις ὁ πολέμαρχος, Arist. Pol. Ath. 58.

a alegikanos is a special epithet of Heracles; cf. C. 1372.

πέρυσιν καταπρούδοτε καινοτάταις σπείραντ' αὐτὸν διανοίαις.

åς ύπὸ τοῦ μὴ γνῶναι καθαρῶς ὑμεῖς ἐποιήσατ' ἀναλδεῖς · 1045 καίτοι σπένδων πόλλ' έπὶ πολλοῖς ὅμνυσιν τὸν Διόνυσον μη πώποτ' άμείνον' έπη τούτων κωμωδικά μηδέν' άκοῦσαι.

τοῦτο μὲν οὖν ἔσθ' ὑμιν αἰσχρὸν τοις μὴ γνοῦσιν παρα-

δ δὲ ποιητής οὐδὲν χείρων παρά τοῖσι σοφοῖς νενόμισται, εί παρελαύνων τους αντιπάλους την επίνοιαν ξυνέτριψεν. 1050

> άλλὰ τὸ λοιπὸν τῶν ποιητῶν. ῶ δαιμόνιοι, τοὺς ζητοῦντας καινόν τι λέγειν κάξευρίσκειν στέργετε μαλλον και θεραπεύετε, καὶ τὰ νοήματα σώζεσθ' αὐτῶν. έσβάλλετέ τ' είς τὰς κιβωτούς μετά των μήλων. καν ταθτα ποιηθ', υμίν δι' έτους των ίματίων δζήσει δεξιότητος.

1055

1065

ὧ πάλαι ποτ' ὄντες ἡμεῖς ἄλκιμοι μὲν ἐν χοροῖς, 1060 άλκιμοι δ' έν μάχαις, καὶ κατ' αὐτὸ δη μόνον τοῦτ' ἄνδρες ἀλκιμώτατοι, πρίν ποτ' ήν, πρίν ταθτα νθν δ' οίχεται, κύκνου τέ γε πολιώτεραι δή αίδ' ἐπανθοῦσιν τρίχες.

a i.e. when the Clouds was rejected.

μήλων: "this is, I suppose, citrons, μήλα Περσικά οτ Μηδικά . . . commonly placed in wardrobes to preserve clothes from moths and the like ": R.

THE WASPS, 1044-1065

Ye played him false when to reap, last year,

the fruit of his novel designs he came, a

Which, failing to see in their own true light,

ye caused to fade and wither away.

And yet with many a deep libation,

invoking Bacchus, he swears this day

That never a man, since the world began,

has witnessed a cleverer comedy.

Yours is the shame that ye lacked the wit

its infinite merit at first to see.

But none the less with the wise and skilled

the bard his accustomed praise will get,

Though when he had distanced all his foes,

his noble Play was at last upset.

But O for the future, my Masters, pray
Show more regard for a genuine Bard
Who is ever inventing amusements new
And fresh discoveries, all for you.
Make much of his play, and store it away,
And into your wardrobe throw it
With the citrons b sweet: and if this you do,
Your clothes will be fragrant, the whole year through,
With the volatile wit of the Poet.

O or old renowned and strong,

in the choral dance and song,

In the deadly battle throng, And in this, our one distinction,

manliest we, mankind among!

Ah, but that was long ago:
Those are days for ever past:
Now my hairs are whitening fast,
Whiter than the swan they grow.

άλλὰ κάκ τῶν λειψάνων δεῖ τῶνδε ρώμην νεανικὴν σχεῖν τῶς ἐγὼ τοὐμὸν νομίζω γῆρας εἶναι κρεῖττον ἢ πολλῶν κικίννους νεανιῶν καὶ σχῆμα κεὐρυπρωκτίαν.

1070

εἴ τις ὑμῶν, ὧ θεαταί, τὴν ἐμὴν ἰδὼν φύσιν εἶτα θαυμάζει μ' ὁρῶν μέσον διεσφηκωμένον, ἤτις ἡμῶν ἐστὶν ἡ 'πίνοια τῆς ἐγκεντρίδος, ραδίως ἐγὼ διδάζω, '' κἂν ἄμουσος ἡ τὸ πρίν.'' ἐσμὲν ἡμεῖς, οῖς πρόσεστι τοῦτο τοὐρροπύγιον, 'Αττικοὶ μόνοι δικαίως ἐγγενεῖς αὐτόχθονες, ἀνδρικώτατον γένος καὶ πλεῖστα τήνδε τὴν πόλιν ώφελῆσαν ἐν μάχαισιν, ἡνίκ' ἡλθ' ὁ βάρβαρος, τῷ καπνῷ τύφων ἄπασαν τὴν πόλιν καὶ πυρπολῶν, ἐξελεῖν ἡμῶν μενοινῶν πρὸς βίαν τὰνθρήνια. εὐθέως γὰρ ἐκδραμόντες σὺν δόρει σὺν ἀσπίδι ἐμαχόμεσθ' αὐτοῖσι, θυμὸν ὀξίνην πεπωκότες, στὰς ἀνὴρ παρ' ἄνδρ', ὑπ' ὀργῆς τὴν χελύνην ἐσθίων ὑπὸ δὲ τῶν τοξευμάτων οὐκ ἦν ἰδεῖν τὸν οὐρανόν.

1075

1080

^b The Greek phrase is borrowed from the Stheneboea of Euripides, where it is Love that makes a man a poet "though he was not one before"; cf. Plato, Symp. 196 E.

^a The Chorus in what follows speak of themselves as veterans of the Persian war. But "in making them actually present at the battle of Marathon, 68 years before, . . . Aristophanes is treating them as types rather than individuals": R.

Referring to the Spartan reply at Thermopylae when word was brought that the Persian arrows would "hide the sun"—
"That is good news: we shall fight in the shade"; of. Herod. vii. 226.

THE WASPS, 1066-1084

Yet in these our embers low

still some youthful fires must glow.

Better far our old-world fashion, Better far our ancient truth, Than the curls and dissipation Of your modern youth.^a

Do you wonder, O spectators,

thus to see me spliced and braced,

Like a wasp in form and figure,

tapering inwards at the waist?

Why I am so, what's the meaning

of this sharp and pointed sting,

Easily I now will teach you,

though you "knew not anything." b

We on whom this stern-appendage,

this portentous tail is found,

Are the genuine old Autochthons,

native children of the ground;

We the only true-born Attics,

of the staunch heroic breed.

Many a time have fought for Athens,

guarding her in hours of need;

When with smoke and fire and rapine

forth the fierce Barbarian came.

Eager to destroy our wasps-nests,

smothering all the town in flame,

Out at once we rushed to meet him:

on with shield and spear we went,

Fought the memorable battle,

primed with fiery hardiment;

Man to man we stood, and, grimly,

gnawed for rage our under lips.

Hah! their arrows hail so densely,

all the sun is in eclipse ! c

άλλ' ὅμως ἀπεωσάμεσθα ξὺν θεοῖς πρὸς ἐσπέραν. 1085 γλαῦξ γὰρ ἡμῶν πρὶν μάχεσθαι τὸν στρατὸν διέπτατο. εἶτα δ' εἰπόμεσθα θυννάζοντες εἰς τοὺς θυλάκους, οἱ δ' ἔφευγον τὰς γνάθους καὶ τὰς ὀφρῦς κεντούμενοι ωστε παρὰ τοῖς βαρβάροισι πανταχοῦ καὶ νῦν ἔτι μηδὲν ᾿Αττικοῦ καλεῖσθαι σφηκὸς ἀνδρικώτερον. 1090

άρα δεινὸς ἢ τόθ' ὤστε πάντα μὴ δεδοικέναι, καὶ κατεστρεψάμην

τους έναντίους, πλέων έκεισε ταις τριήρεσιν.

οὐ γὰρ ἦν ἡμῖν ὅπως ρῆσιν εὖ λέξειν ἐμέλλομεν τότ', οὐδὲ συκοφαντήσειν τινὰ φροντίς, ἀλλ' ὅστις ἐρέτης ἔσοιτ' ἄριστος. τοιγαροῦν πολλὰς πόλεις Μήδων ἐλόντες, αἰτιώτατοι φέρεσθαι τὸν φόρον δεῦρ' ἐσμέν, ὅν κλέπτουσιν οἱ νεώτεροι.

1100

1095

πολλαχοῦ σκοποῦντες ἡμῶς εἰς ἄπανθ' εὐρήσετε τοὺς τρόπους καὶ τὴν δίαιταν σφηξὶν ἐμφερεστάτους. πρῶτα μὲν γὰρ οὐδὲν ἡμῶν ζῶον ἠρεθισμένον

^a The bird of Athene and the best of auguries for Athenians.
^b The Epirrhema showed that the stinging wasp was no unfit emblem of the Chorus in their youth. "The Antepirrhema is designed to show that old and feeble as they have now become, there is yet much in their dicastic life and habits to remind the observer of that irritable and gregarious insect": R. 512

THE WASPS, 1085-1104

Yet we drove their ranks before us,

ere the fall of eventide:

As we closed, an owl a flew o'er us,

and the Gops were on our side!

Stung in jaw, and cheek, and eyebrow,

fearfully they took to flight,

We behind them, we harpooning

at their slops with all our might:

So that in barbarian countries,

even now the people call

Attic wasps the best, and bravest,

yea, the manliest tribe of all!

MINE was then a life of glory,

never craven fear came o'er me

Every foeman quailed before me

As across the merry waters,

fast the eager galleys bore me.

'Twas not then our manhood's test,

Who can make a fine oration? Who is shrewd in litigation?

It was, who can now the best?

Therefore did we batter down

many a hostile Median town.

And 'twas we who for the nation Gathered in the tribute pay,

Which the younger generation

Merely steal away.

You will find us very wasplike,b

if you scan us through and through,

In our general mode of living,

and in all our habits too.

First, if any rash assailant dare provoke us, can there be

μαλλον δεύθυμόν έστιν οὐδέ δυσκολώτερον. 1105 είτα τάλλ' όμοια πάντα σφηξὶ μηχανώμεθα. Ευλλενέντες γὰρ καθ' έσμούς, ώσπερεὶ τάνθρήνια, οί μεν ήμων οδπερ αρχων, οί δε παρά τους ένδεκα. οί δ' ἐν ἀδείω δικάζουσ', οί δὲ πρὸς τοῖς τειχίοις, ξυμβεβυσμένοι πυκνον νεύοντες είς την γην, μόλις ωσπερ οί σκώληκες έν τοις κυττάροις κινούμενοι. ές τε την άλλην δίαιτάν έσμεν εὐπορώτατοι. πάντα γαρ κεντοθμεν ἄνδρα κάκπορίζομεν βίον. άλλά γάρ κηφηνες ήμιν είσιν έγκαθήμενοι, οὐκ ἔχοντες κέντρον· οἱ μένοντες ἡμῶν τοῦ φόρου 1115 τον γόνον κατεσθίουσιν, οὐ ταλαιπωρούμενοι. τοῦτο δ' ἔστ' ἄλγιστον ήμιν, ἤν τις ἀστράτευτος ὢν έκφορη τὸν μισθὸν ἡμῶν, τησδε της χώρας ὅπερ μήτε κώπην μήτε λόγχην μήτε φλύκταιναν λαβών. άλλ' έμοι δοκει το λοιπον των πολιτων έμβραχύ 1120 δοτις ᾶν μὴ ἀχη τὸ κέντρον, μὴ φέρειν τριώβολον.

ΦΙ. οὖ τοι ποτέ ζων τοῦτον ἀποδυθήσομαι,

Most explain as a reference to demagogues, but R. to men "who have never toiled or fought in the service of Athens" and ought therefore to be excluded from "dicastic pay and privileges."

From here the play ceases to have a definite purpose. B. and P. re-enter, and the son tries to convert his father to the habits of "society" (to dress smartly, 1122-73, to talk fashionably, 1174-1207, and so on), with the result that Philocleon gets drunk and riotous, and the play ends as a mere farce so as to win the applause of the vulgar,

a The heads of the police. They seem to have had a special court-house called $\Pi \alpha \rho \alpha \beta \nu \sigma \tau \sigma \nu$. The various courts to which the dicasts might be summoned are mentioned to show how ubiquitous they were.

THE WASPS, 1105-1122

Any creature more vindictive,

more irascible than we?

Then we manage all our business

in a waspish sort of way,

Swarming in the Courts of Justice,

gathering in from day to day,

Many where the Eleven a invite us,

many where the Archon calls,

Many to the great Odeum, many to the city walls.

There we lay our heads together,

densely packed, and stooping low,

Like the grubs within their cells, with

movement tremulous and slow.

And for ways and means in general

we're superlatively good, Stinging every man about us,

Stinging every man about us,

culling thence a livelihood.

Yet we've stingless drones b amongst us,

idle knaves who sit them still.

Shrink from work, and toil, and labour,

stop at home, and eat their fill.

Eat the golden tribute-honey

our industrious care has wrought.

This is what extremely grieves us,

that a man who never fought

Should contrive our fees to pilfer,

one who for his native land

Never to this day had oar, or

lance, or blister in his hand.

Therefore let us for the future

pass a little short decree, Whoso wears no sting shall never carry off the obols three.

PH. No! No! I'll never put this off alive.º

ΦΙ.	έπεὶ μόνος μ' ἔσωσε παρατεταγμένον, δθ' ὁ βορέας ὁ μέγας ἐπεστρατεύσατο. ἀγαθὸν ἔοικας οὐδὲν ἐπιθυμεῖν παθεῖν. μὰ τὸν Δί', οὐ γὰρ οὐδαμῶς μοι ξύμφορον. καὶ γὰρ πρότερον ἐπανθρακίδων ἐμπλήμενος ἀπέδωκ' ὀφείλων τῷ γναφεῖ τριώβολον.	1125
B∆.	άλλ' οὖν πεπειράσθω γ', ἐπειδήπερ γ' ἄπαξ ἐμοὶ σεαυτὸν παραδέδωκας εὖ ποιεῖν.	1130
ΦI.	τί οὖν κελεύεις δρᾶν με;	~
BΔ.	τὸν τρίβων' ἄφ∈ς∙	
	τηνδί δὲ χλαΐναν ἀναβαλοῦ τριβωνικῶς. ἔπειτα παΐδας χρὴ φυτεύειν καὶ τρέφειν,	
	οθ' ούτοσί με νῦν ἀποπνίξαι βούλεται;	
	έχ', ἀναβαλοῦ τηνδὶ λαβών, καὶ μὴ λάλει.	1135
ФI.	τουτί τὸ κακὸν τί ἐστι πρὸς πάντων θεῶν;	
BΔ.	οί μεν καλοῦσι Περσίδ', οί δε καυνάκην.	
ΦI.	έγω δε σισύραν ῷόμην Θυμαιτίδα.	
BΔ.	κού θαῦμά γ'· ἐς Σάρδεις γὰρ οὐκ ἐλήλυθας. ἔγνως γὰρ ἄν· νῦν δ' οὐχὶ γιγνώσκεις.	
ΦI.	$\epsilon \gamma \omega_{\rm s}$ $\gamma \omega_{\rm p}$ $\omega_{\rm p}$ $\gamma \omega_{\rm p}$ $\omega_{\rm p}$ $\omega_{\rm p}$ $\omega_{\rm p}$ $\omega_{\rm p}$ $\omega_{\rm p}$	1140
*1.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ τοίνυν· ἀτὰρ δοκεῖ γέ μοι	1140
	ξοικέναι μάλιστα Μορύχου σάγματι.	
	ούκ, άλλ' ἐν Ἐκβατάνοισι ταῦθ' ὑφαίνεται.	
ΦI.	έν Έκβατάνοισι γίγνεται κρόκης χόλιξ;	
BΔ.	πόθεν, ὧγάθ'; ἀλλὰ τοῦτο τοῖσι βαρβάροις ὑφαίνεται πολλαῖς δαπάναις. αὕτη γέ τοι	1145
ΦI.	ἐρίων τάλαντον καταπέπωκε ῥαδίως. οὔκουν ἐριώλην δῆτ' ἐχρῆν αὐτὴν καλεῖν δικαιότερόν γ' ἣ καυνάκην;	

i.e. his mean unfashionable cloak (τριβών).
 A soft warm Persian robe of thick wool, with rough shaggy locks on one side, which in 1140 P. rudely compares to intestines.

THE WASPS, 1123-1149

With this ^a I was arrayed, and found my safety, In the invasion of the great north wind.

BD. You seem unwilling to accept a good.

PH. 'Tis not expedient: no by Zeus it is not.
'Twas but the other day I gorged on sprats
And had to pay three obols to the fuller.

BD. Try it at all events: since once for all Into my hands you have placed yourself for good.

PH. What would you have me do?

BD. Put off that cloak.

And wear this mantle in a cloak-like way.

PH. Should we beget and bring up children then,
When here my son is bent on smothering me?

BD. Come, take and put it on, and don't keep chattering.

PH. Good heavens! and what's this misery of a thing?

BD. Some call it Persian, others Caunacès.b

рн. There! and I thought it a Thymaetian c rug.

BD. No wonder: for you've never been to Sardis, Else you'd have known it: now you don't.

PH. Who? I?

No more I do by Zeus: it seemed to me Most like an overwrap of Morychus.^a

BD. Nay, in Ecbatana they weave this stuff.

PH. What! have they wool-guts in Ecbatana?

BD. Tut, man: they weave it in their foreign looms At wondrous cost: this very article Absorbed with ease a talent's weight of wool.

PH. Why, then, wool-gatherer e were its proper name Instead of Caunacès.

^d A voluptuary, cf. 506.

Thymaetadae was an Attic deme on the coast; but nothing is known of these rugs.

ἐριώλη is "a hurricane"; but P. invents a derivation from ἔριον and ὅλλυμι=" wool-destroyer."

BΔ.	έχ', ὧγαθέ,	
	καὶ στῆθ' ἀναμπισχόμενος.	
ΦI.	οἴμοι δείλαιος ·	1150
	ώς θερμόν ή μιαρά τί μου κατήρυγεν.	
ВΔ.	οὐκ ἀναβαλεῖ;	
ΦI.	μὰ Δί οὐκ ἔγωγ'. ἀλλ', ὧγαθέ,	
	εἴπερ γ' ἀνάγκη, κρίβανόν μ' ἀμπίσχετε.	
ВΔ.	φέρ', ἀλλ' ἐγώ σε περιβαλῶ· σὰ δ' οὖν ἴθι.	
ΦI.	παράθου γε μέντοι καὶ κρεάγραν.	
BA:	τιὴ τί δή;	1155
ΦI.	ίν' έξέλης με πρίν διερρυηκέναι.	
BΔ.	άγε νυν, ύπολύου τὰς καταράτους ἐμβάδας,	
	τασδὶ δ' ἀνύσας ὑπόδυθι τὰς Λακωνικάς.	
φī.	έγω γαρ αν τλαίην ύποδύσασθαί ποτε	
	έχθρων παρ' ἀνδρων δυσμενή καττύματα;	1160
BΔ.	ένθες πόδ', ὧ τᾶν, κἀπόβαιν' ἐρρωμένως	
	είς την Λακωνικην ἀνύσας.	
Φĩ.	άδικεῖs γέ με	
	είς γῆν πολεμίαν ἀποβιβάζων τὸν πόδα.	
ВΔ.	φέρε καὶ τὸν ἔτερον.	
ΦI.	μηδαμῶς τοῦτόν γ', ἐπεὶ	
	πάνυ μισολάκων αὐτοῦ 'στιν εξς τῶν δακτύλων.	1165
BΔ.	οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα.	
ΦI.	κακοδαίμων ἐγώ,	
	όστις ἐπὶ γήρα χίμετλον οὐδὲν λήψομαι.	
BΔ.	άνυσόν ποθ' ύποδυσάμενος· εἶτα πλουσίως	
	·ώδὶ προβὰς τρυφερόν τι διασαλακώνισον.	
a	With which they struck into a couldron or not to bring u	n n

With which they struck into a cauldron or pot to bring up the meat; cf. 1 Sam. ii. 14.

THE WASPS, 1149-1169

BD. Come, take it, take it,

Stand still and put it on.

PH. O dear, O dear,

O what a sultry puff the brute breathed o'er me!

BD. Quick, wrap it round you.

PH. No, I won't, that's flat.

You had better wrap me in a stove at once.

BD. Come then, I'll throw it round you.

(To the cloak) You, begone.

рн. Do keep a flesh-hook a near.

BD. A flesh-hook! why?

PH. To pull me out before I melt away.

BD. Now off at once with those confounded shoes, And on with these Laconians, instantly.

PH. What I, my boy! I bring myself to wear The hated foe's insufferable—cloutings!

BD. Come, sir, insert your foot, and step out firmly In this Laconian.

PH. 'Tis too bad, it is,
To make a man set foot on hostile—leather.

BD. Now for the other.

H. O no, pray not that, I've a toe there, a regular Lacon-hater.

BD. There is no way but this.

PH. O luckless I,

Why I shan't have, to bless my age, one—chilblain. BD. Quick, father, get them on: and then move forward

Thus; in an opulent swaggering sort of way.d

b Red shoes, fashionable, and of excellent quality.

In 1102 ἐμβάσα is understood with Λακωνικήν, but P. supplies γήν instead. "He speaks of the soleam Laconicam as if it were solum Laconicum": R.

d The Greek has a pun on Λάκων. "Wear your Λακωνικάς so as (not λακωνίζειν but) σαλακωνίζειν, to show yourself off with a

fashionable strut": R.

ΦI.	ίδού. θεῶ τὸ σχῆμα, καὶ σκέψαι μ' ὅτῳ	1170
	μάλιστ' ἔοικα τὴν βάδισιν τῶν πλουσίων.	
B∆.	ότω; δοθιῆνι σκόροδον ἠμφιεσμένω.	
ΦI.	καὶ μὴν προθυμοῦμαί γε σαυλοπρωκτιᾶν.	
BΔ.	άγε νυν, ἐπιστήσει λόγους σεμνούς λέγειν	
	άνδρῶν παρόντων πολυμαθῶν καὶ δεξιῶν;	1175
ΦI.	έγωγε.	
BΔ.	τίνα δητ' ἃν λέγοις;	
ΦI.	πολλούς πάνυ.	
	πρωτον μεν ως ή Λάμι' άλοῦσ' ἐπέρδετο,	
	έπειτα δ' ως δ Καρδοπίων την μητέρα.	
ВΔ.	μή μοί γε μύθους, άλλὰ τῶν ἀνθρωπίνων,	
	οίους λέγομεν μάλιστα τούς κατ' οἰκίαν.	1180
ΦI.	έγῷδα τοίνυν τῶν γε πάνυ κατ' οἰκίαν	
	έκεινον, ώς "ούτω ποτ' ην μθς και γαλη."	
BΔ.	δ σκαιε καπαίδευτε, Θεογένης έφη	
	τῷ κοπρολόγῳ, καὶ ταθτα λοιδορούμενος,	
	μῦς καὶ γαλᾶς μέλλεις λέγειν ἐν ἀνδράσιν;	1185
ΦI.	ποίους τινάς δε χρή λέγειν;	
BΔ.	μεγαλοπρεπεῖς,	
	ώς ξυνεθεώρεις 'Ανδροκλεί και Κλεισθένει.	
ΦI.	1 1 21 2 1	
	πλην ές Πάρον, καὶ ταῦτα δύ ὀβολώ φέρων.	
ВΔ.	άλλ' οὖν λέγειν χρή σ' ώς ἐμάχετό γ' αὐτίκα	1190
	'Εφουδίων παγκράτιον 'Ασκώνδα καλως,	
	ήδη γέρων ὢν καὶ πολιός, ἔχων δέ τοι	
		_

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ "The old man puffing himself out under his Persian robe is compared to a boil with a garlic plaster on it ": R. 520

THE WASPS, 1170-1192

PH. Look then! observe my attitudes: think which Of all your opulent friends I walk most like.

BD. Most like a pimple bandaged round with garlic.a

PH. Ay, ay, I warrant I've a mind for wriggling.

BD. Come, if you get with clever well-read men Could you tell tales, good gentlemanly tales?

PH. Ay, that I could.

BD. What sort of tales?

As, first, how Lamia spluttered when they caught her, And, next, Cardopion, how he swinged his mother.

BD. Pooh, pooh, no legends: give us something human, Some what we call domestic incident.

PH. O, ay, I know a rare domestic tale, How once upon a time a cat and mouse—

BD. O fool and clown, Theogenes replied
Rating the scavenger, what! would you tell
Tales of a cat and mouse, in company!

PH. What, then?

BD. Some stylish thing, as how you went With Androcles and Cleisthenes, surveying.

PH. Why, bless the boy, I never went surveying, Save once to Paros, at two obols a day.

BD. Still you must tell how splendidly, for instance, Ephudion fought the pancratiastic fight With young Ascondas: how the game old man

^b B. apparently quotes to his father the rebuke addressed by T. to some dirty fellow who forgot where he was in telling a tale. c θεωροί were men sent on special missions (e.g. to the Olympic games, cf. 1382) as representatives of the State. They went in great splendour and were usually men of distinction, so that A. and C., two noted rogues, are mentioned παρὰ προσδοκίαν.

⁴ The regular pay of a common soldier. He had gone on a $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho l a$ only as one of the soldiers who formed an escort for the

θεωροί.

πλευράν βαθυτάτην καὶ χέρας λαγόνας τε καὶ θώρακ' ἄριστον.

παθε παθ', οὐδεν λένεις. ΦI.

πως αν μαχέσαιτο παγκράτιον θώρακ' έχων:

1195

1205

1215;

ούτω διηγείσθαι νομίζουσ' οί σοφοί. άλλ' έτερον είπέ μοι παρ' ανδράσι ξένοις πίνων, σεαυτοῦ ποῖον αν λέξαι δοκεῖς έπὶ νεότητος ἔργον ἀνδρικώτατον;

ΦΙ. ἐκεῖν' ἐκεῖν' ἀνδρειότατόν γε τῶν ἐμῶν, 1200 ότ' 'Εργασίωνος τὰς χάρακας ὑφειλόμην.

ΒΔ. ἀπολείς με. ποίας χάρακας; ἀλλ' ὡς ἢ κάπρον έδιώκαθές ποτ', η λαγών, η λαμπάδα έδραμες, ἀνευρών ὅ τι νεανικώτατον.

ΦΙ. ενώδα τοίνυν τό γε νεανικώτατον. ότε τὸν δρομέα Φάυλλον, ὢν βούπαις ἔτι, είλον, διώκων λοιδορίας, ψήφοιν δυοίν.

παθ' άλλά δευρί κατακλινείς προσμάνθανε ξυμποτικός είναι καὶ ξυνουσιαστικός.

ΦΙ. πῶς οὖν κατακλινῶ; φράζ' ἀνύσας.

εὐσχημόνως. 1210 BA.

ΦΙ. ώδὶ κελεύεις κατακλιθήναι;

μηδαμώς. BA.

πως δαί;

τὰ γόνατ' ἔκτεινε, καὶ γυμναστικώς BΔ. ύγρον χύτλασον σεαυτόν έν τοις στρώμασιν. έπειτ' ἐπαίνεσόν τι των χαλκωμάτων όροφην θέασαι, κρεκάδι αὐλης θαύμασον. ύδωρ κατά χειρός τὰς τραπέζας εἰσφέρειν

a i.e. he is to talk like a "sportsman." In 1194 B. uses θώραξ ="breast," but P. understands it as "breastplate," whereas in the παγκράτιον (a form of wrestling and boxing) the combatants were unarmed.

THE WASPS, 1193-1216

Though grey, had ample sides, strong hands, firm flanks,

An iron chest.a

PH. What humbug! could a man Fight the pancratium with an iron chest!

BD. This is the way our clever fellows talk.

But try another tack: suppose you sat
Drinking with strangers, what's the pluckiest feat,
Of all your young adventures, you could tell them?

PH. My pluckiest feat? O much my pluckiest, much, Was when I stole away Ergasion's vine-poles.

BD. Tcha! poles indeed! Tell how you slew the boar, Or coursed the hare, or ran the torch-race, tell Your gayest, youthfullest act.

Twas that I had, when quite a hobbledehoy,
With fleet Phayllus: and I caught him too:
Won by two—votes.^b "Twas for abuse, that action.

BD. No more of that: but lie down there, and learn To be convivial and companionable.

рн. Yes; how lie down?

BD. In an elegant graceful way.

PH. Like this, do you mean?

BD. No, not in the least like that.

PH. How then?

Extend your knees, and let yourself
With practised ease subside along the cushions;
Then praise some piece of plate: inspect the ceiling;
Admire the woven hangings of the hall.
Ho! water for our hands! bring in the tables!

b B. had used νεανικόs as = "high-spirited," and έδιώκαθει of literal "pursuit"; but P. uses νεανικόs = "in youth" and διώκειν as = "prosecute." Phayllus (cf. A. 215) was a noted runner, but at law P. had "caught" him.

ФI.	δειπνοθμεν· ἀπονενίμμεθ'· ἤδη σπένδομεν. πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ἐνύπνιον ἐστιώμεθα; αὐλητρὶς ἐνεφύσησεν· οἱ δὲ συμπόται	
ъщ.	2.1 O / A 2. / A / TZ)/	1220
	τούτοις ξυνών τὰ σκόλι' ὅπως δέξει καλῶς.	
ΦI.	άληθες; ώς οὐδεὶς Διακρίων δέξεται.	
BΔ.	έγω εἴσομαι καὶ δὴ γάρ εἰμ' έγω Κλέων,	
	ἄδω δὲ πρῶτος 'Αρμοδίου· δέξει δὲ σύ. "οὐδεὶς πώποτ' ἀνὴρ ἔγεντ' 'Αθήναις"	1225
ΦΙ.	" οὐχ οὕτω γε πανοῦργος [ώς σὺ] κλέπτης."	
ВΔ.	τουτὶ σὺ δράσεις; παραπολεῖ βοώμενος.	
	φήσει γὰρ ἐξολεῖν σε καὶ διαφθερεῖν	
	καὶ τῆσδε τῆς γῆς ἐξελᾶν.	
ΦI.	, , ,	1230
	εὰν ἀπειλῆ, νη Δί' ἔτερον ἄσομαι.	
	" ὧνθρωφ', οὖτος ὁ μαιόμενος τὸ μέγα κράτος,	
	αντρέψεις έτι ταν πόλιν· ά δ' έχεται ροπας."	1235
ВΔ.		
	άδη Κλέωνος λαβόμενος της δεξιας,	
	" 'Αδμήτου λόγον, ῶταῖρε, μαθών τοὺς ἀγαθοὺς φίλει."	
	τούτω τί λέξεις σκόλιον;	
ΦI.		1240
	" οὐκ ἔστιν ἀλωπεκίζειν,	
	οὐδ' ἀμφοτέροισι γίγνεσθαι φίλον.''	

a σκόλια were "catches" sung after dinner in turn, and each singer tried to link his own σκόλιον cleverly (cf. 1222) with the one before. Here in 1226 Cleon leads off with words which he expects to be "capped" with a compliment to himself only to 524

THE WASPS, 1217-1242

Dinner! the after-wash! now the libation.

PH. Good heavens! then is it in a dream we are feasting?

BD. The flute-girl has performed! our fellow-guests
Are Phanus, Aeschines, Theorus, Cleon,
Another stranger at Acestor's head.
Could you with these cap verses a properly?

PH. Could I? Ay, truly; no Diacrian b better.

BD. I'll put you to the proof. Suppose I'm Cleon.
I'll start the catch Harmodius. You're to cap it.
(Singing) "Truly Athens never knew"

PH. (Singing) "Such a rascally thief as you."

BD. Will you do that? You'll perish in your noise.^d
He'll swear he'll fell you, quell you, and expel you
Out of this realm.

Ay, truly, will he so?

And if he threaten, I've another strain.

"Mon, lustin' for power supreme, ye'll mak'

The city capseese; she's noo on the shak'."

BD. What if Theorus, lying at his feet, Should grasp the hand of Cleon, and begin,

"From the story of Admetus learn, my friend, to love the good."

How will you take that on?

"It is not good the fox to play,
Nor to side with both in a false friend's way."

find the reverse. In 1239 the link seems very slight— $\phi i \lambda \omega$ and $\phi i \lambda \omega$; so too in 1245— $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \mu \omega i$ and $\kappa \dot{\alpha} \gamma \dot{\omega}$.

b "The Highlanders—the poorest of the three parties into which Attica was divided in the days of Solon": R. Why they are named here is obscure.

° Cf. A. 980.

d Many explain "being shouted down," i.e. by Cleon.

· Said by the Scholiast to be from Alcaeus.

7 The Scholiast gives the second line as των δειλων δ' ἀπέχου, γνούς ὅτι δειλων όλίγη χάρις.

525

ARISTOPHANES μετά τοῦτον Αἰσχίνης ὁ Σέλλου δέξεται,

ВΔ.

	άνηρ σοφός καὶ μουσικός κἦτ' ἄσεται	
	"" χρήματα καὶ βίαν	1245
	Κλειταγόρα τε κά-	
	μοὶ μετὰ Θετταλῶν ''	
ΦI.	" πολλά δη διεκόμπασας συ κάγω."	
	τουτὶ μὲν ἐπιεικῶς σύ γ' ἐξεπίστασαι.	
υΔ.	όπως δ' επί δειπνον είς Φιλοκτήμονος ίμεν.	1250
	παι παι, τὸ δείπνον, Χρυσέ, συσκεύαζε νών,	1200
	ΐνα καὶ μεθυσθώμεν διὰ χρόνου.	
ΦI.	μηδαμῶς.	
	κακόν το πίνειν από γαρ οίνου γίγνεται	
	καὶ θυροκοπῆσαι καὶ πατάξαι καὶ βαλεῖν,	
	κάπειτ' αποτίνειν αργύριον εκ κραιπάλης.	1255
BA.	οὔκ, ἢν ξυνῆς γ' ἀνδράσι καλοῖς τε κἀγαθοῖς.	
	η γάρ παρητήσαντο τον πεπονθότα,	
	η λόγον έλεξας αὐτὸς ἀστειόν τινα,	
	Αἰσωπικον γέλοιον ἢ Συβαριτικόν,	
	ων έμαθες έν τῷ συμποσίῳ κἆτ' ές γέλων	1260_
	τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἔτρεψας, ὥστ' ἀφείς σ' ἀποίχεται.	
ΦI.	μαθητέον τἄρ' ἐστὶ πολλοὺς τῶν λόγων,	
	είπερ γ' ἀποτίσω μηδέν, ήν τι δρῶ κακόν.	
	αγε νυν ιωμεν· μηδεν ήμας ισχέτω.	
	-1- Mary Mary	
xo.	πολλάκις δη 'δοξ' ἐμαυτῷ δεξιὸς πεφυκέναι,	1265
	καὶ σκαιὸς οὐδεπώποτε.	
	άλλ' 'Αμυνίας ὁ Σέλλου μᾶλλον ούκ τῶν Κρωβύλο	υ,

^a The adjectives are ironical; cf. 349. ^b "Nothing is known of the incident to which the lines refer": R.

While the actors retire the Chorus indulge in a sort of second 526

THE WASPS, 1243-1267

BD. Next comes that son of Sellus, Aeschines, Clever, accomplished a fellow, and he'll sing

"O the money, O the might, How Cleitagora and I, With the men of Thessaly"—b

PH. "How we boasted, you and I."

BD. Well, that will do: you're fairly up to that: So come along: we'll dine at Philoctemon's. Boy! Chrysus! pack our dinner up; and now For a rare drinking-bout at last.

PH. No, no,
Drinking ain't good: I know what comes of drinking,
Breaking of doors, assault, and battery,
And then, a headache and a fine to pay.

BD. Not if you drink with gentlemen, you know.
They'll go to the injured man, and beg you off,
Or you yourself will tell some merry tale,
A jest from Sybaris, or one of Aesop's,
Learned at the feast. And so the matter turns
Into a joke, and off he goes contented.

PH. O I'll learn plenty of those tales, if so I can get off, whatever wrong I do. Come, go we in: let nothing stop us now.

CH. Often have I deemed myself

exceeding bright, acute, and clever,

Dull, obtuse, and awkward never.

That is what Amynias is,

of Curling-borough, d Sellus' son;

Parabasis. For Amynias, a fop noted for his long hair, cf. 466; C. 691. He had apparently come to poverty and was starving instead of dining with Leogoras, a well-known epicure and father of the orator Andocides.

⁴ For the κρώβυλος, an antique method of dressing the hair

into some sort of topknot, cf. Thuc. i. 6.

οὖτος ον γ' ἐγώ ποτ' εἶδον ἀντὶ μήλου καὶ ροιᾶς δειπνοῦντα μετὰ Λεωγόρου.
πεινῆ γὰρ ἦπερ 'Αντιφῶν.
ἀλλὰ πρεσβεύων γὰρ ἐς Φάρσαλον ῷχετ' εἶτ' ἐκεῖ μόνος μόνοις
τοῖς Πενέσταισι ξυνῆν τοῖς
Θετταλῶν, αὐτὸς πενέστης ὢν ἔλαττον οὐδενός.

ῶ μακάρι' Αὐτόμενες, ὥς σε μακαρίζομεν, 1275
παίδας ἐφύτευσας ὅτι χειροτεχνικωτάτους,
πρῶτα μὲν ἄπασι φίλον ἄνδρα τε σοφώτατον,
τὸν κιθαραοιδότατον, ῷ χάρις ἐφέσπετο·
τὸν δ' ὑποκριτὴν ἔτερον, ἀργαλέον ὡς σοφόν·
εἶτ' ᾿Αριφράδην, πολύ τι θυμοσοφικώτατον, 1280
ὄντινά ποτ' ὤμοσε μαθόντα παρὰ μηδενός,
ἀλλ' ἀπὸ σοφῆς φύσεος αὐτόματον ἐκμαθεῖν
γλωττοποιεῖν εἰς τὰ πορνεῖ' εἰσιόνθ' ἑκάστοτε.

1285

εἰσί τινες οι μ' ἔλεγον ώς καταδιηλλάγην, ἡνίκα Κλέων μ' ὑπετάραττεν ἐπικείμενος καί με κακίαις ἔκνισε· κἆθ' ὅτ' ἀπεδειρόμην, οὑκτὸς ἐγέλων μέγα κεκραγότα θεώμενοι, οὐδὲν ἄρ' ἐμοῦ μέλον, ὅσον δὲ μόνον εἰδέναι σκωμμάτιον εἴποτέ τι θλιβόμενος ἐκβαλῶ.

^a "The villein race of Thessaly corresponding to the Helots of Laconia": R.

b His name was Arignotus, cf. K. 1278 where there is a similar

attack on Ariphrades.

528

o "The general nature of the incident to which these lines refer is plain enough. Some attack had been made by Cleon upon A., who, finding that he did not receive from the people the support which he had expected, deemed it necessary to wriggle out of the scrape by patching up a hollow truce with his powerful opponent. Beyond this we are quite in the dark "; R.

THE WASPS, 1268-1289

Him who now upon an apple

and pomegranate dines, I saw

At Leogoras's table Eat as hard as he was able,

Goodness, what a hungry maw! Pinched and keen as Antiphon.

Once he travelled to Pharsalus, our ambassador to be,

There a solitary guest, he Stayed with only the Penestae,^a

Coming from the tribe himself,

the kindred tribe, of Penury.

Fortunate Automenes, we envy your felicity; Every son of yours is of an infinite dexterity: First the Harper, known to all, and loved of all excessively, Grace and wit attend his steps, and elegant festivity, Next the Actor, shrewd of wit beyond all credibility: Last of all Ariphrades, that soul of ingenuity, He who of his native wit, with rare originality, Hit upon an undiscovered trick of bestiality: All alone, the father tells us, striking out a novel line.

Some there are who said that I

was reconciled in amity,

When upon me Cleon pressed,c

and made me smart with injury,

Currying and tanning me:

then as the stripes fell heavily

Th' outsiders laughed to see the sport,

e the sport, and hear me squalling lustily,

Caring not a whit for me, but only looking merrily, To know if squeezed and pressed I chanced

to drop some small buffoonery.

VOL. I 2 M 529

ταθτα κατιδών ύπό τι μικρόν ἐπιθήκισα. 1290 ΄εἶτα νῦν ἐξηπάτησεν ἡ χάραξ τὴν ἄμπελον. ιω χελωναι μακάριαι τοῦ δέρματος, ΞA. καὶ τρισμακάριαι τοῦ 'πὶ ταῖς πλευραῖς τέγους. ώς εδ κατηρέψασθε καὶ νουβυστικώς κεράμω το νῶτον ὤστε τὰς πλευρὰς στέγειν. 1295 έγω δ' ἀπόλωλα στιζόμενος βακτηρία. τί δ' ἔστιν, ὧ παι; παιδα γάρ, κᾶν ἡ γέρων, XO. καλείν δίκαιον όστις αν πληγάς λάβη. οὐ γὰρ ὁ γέρων ἀτηρότατον ἄρ' ἢν κακὸν EA. καὶ τῶν ξυνόντων πολύ παροινικώτατος; 1300 καίτοι παρην "Ιππυλλος, 'Αντιφών, Λύκων, Λυσίστρατος, Θούφραστος, οἱ περὶ Φρύνιχον. τούτων απάντων ήν ύβριστότατος μακρώ. εὐθὺς γὰρ ὡς ἐνέπλητο πολλῶν κάγαθῶν, ἐνήλατ', ἐσκίρτα, πεπόρδει, κατεγέλα, 1305 ωσπερ καχρύων ονίδιον εθωχημένον. κάτυπτε δή με νεανικώς, παι παι καλών. είτ' αὐτὸν ώς είδ', ήκασεν Λυσίστρατος. έοικας, ὧ πρεσβῦτα, νεοπλούτω τρυνὶ κλητηρί τ' είς άχυρωνας άποδεδρακότι. 1310 δ δ' ανακραγών αντήκασ' αὐτὸν πάρνοπι τὰ θρῖα τοῦ τρίβωνος ἀποβεβληκότι, Σθενέλω τε τὰ σκευάρια διακεκαρμένω. οί δ' ἀνεκρότησαν, πλήν γε Θουφράστου μόνου.

1315

ούτος δε διεμύλλαινεν, ώς δη δεξιός.

^a "A proverb used in reference to persons who find the support whereon they trusted giving way in the hour of need": R. Here probably Aristophanes is the Vine, the people the Vine-pole. 530

THE WASPS, 1290-1315

Seeing this, I played the ape a little bit undoubtedly. So then, after all, the Vine-pole proved unfaithful to the Vine.a

- XA. O lucky tortoises, to have such skins,
 Thrice lucky for the case upon your ribs:
 How well and cunningly your backs are roofed
 With tiling strong enough to keep out blows:
 Whilst I, I'm cudgelled and tattooed to death.
- ch. How now, my boy? for though a man be old, Still, if he's beaten, we may call him boy.
- xa. Was not the old man the most outrageous nuisance, Much the most drunk and riotous of all? And yet we'd Lycon, Antiphon, Hippyllus. Lysistratus, Theophrastus, Phrynichus; But he was far the noisiest of the lot. Soon as he'd gorged his fill of the good cheer, He skipped, he leapt, and laughed, and frisked, and whinnied,

Just like a donkey on a feed of corn:
And slapped me youthfully, calling Boy! Boy!
So then Lysistratus compared him thus:
Old man, says he, you're like new wine fermenting,
Or like a sompnour, scampering to its bran.^b
But he shrieked back, And you, you're like a locust
That has just shed the lappets of its cloak,
Or Sthenelus, shorn of his goods and chattels.^c
At this all clapped, save Theophrast; but he
Made a wry face, being forsooth a wit.

The similes are aimed at his shabby, threadbare appearance. Sthenelus was a tragic actor who had been reduced to poverty.

b There was a proverb δνος εἰς ἀχυρῶνα ἀπέδρα and the phrase describes excitement. But the connexion with κλητήρ, "a summoner," is absent, unless "in Athenian slang a donkey was sometimes termed κλητήρ, caller" (R.); cf. 189.

δ γέρων δὲ τὸν Θούφραστον ἤρετ', εἰπέ μοι, ἐπὶ τῷ κομậς καὶ κομψὸς εἶναι προσποιεῖ, κωμφδολοιχῶν περὶ τὸν εὖ πράττοντ' ἀεί; τοιαῦτα περιύβριζεν αὐτοὺς ἐν μέρει, σκώπτων ἀγροίκως καὶ προσέτι λόγους λέγων 1320 ἀμαθέστατ', οὐδὲν εἰκότας τῷ πράγματι. ἔπειτ' ἐπειδὴ 'μέθυεν, οἴκαδ' ἔρχεται τύπτων ἄπαντας, ἤν τις αὐτῷ ξυντύχῃ. ὁδὶ δὲ δὴ καὶ σφαλλόμενος προσέρχεται. ἀλλ' ἐκποδὼν ἄπειμι πρὶν πληγὰς λαβεῖν.

ΦΙ. ἄνεχε, πάρεχε·
 κλαύσεταί τις τῶν ὅπισθεν ἐπακολουθούντων ἐμοί·
 οἷον, εἰ μὴ ᾿ρρήσεθ᾽, ὑμᾶς,
 ὧ πόνηροι, ταυτηὶ τῆ
 δαδὶ φρυκτοὺς σκευάσω.

1330

ΣΥΜΠΟΤΗΣ. η μην συ δώσεις αυριον τούτων δίκην ημιν απασι, κει σφόδρ' εί νεανίας. αθρόοι γαρ ηξομέν σε προσκαλούμενοι.

ἐη ἰεῦ, καλούμενοι.
 ἀρχαῖά γ' ὑμῶν ἄρά γ' ἴσθ'
 ὡς οὐδ' ἄκούων ἀνέχομαι
 δικῶν; ἰαιβοῖ αἰβοῖ.
 τάδε μ' ἀρέσκει βάλλε κημούς.
 οὐκ ἄπεισι; ποῦ 'στιν
 ἡλιαστής; ἐκποδών.

1335

1340

"The next 35 lines contain much that had been better

532

^a P. enters carrying a torch. ἀνεχε, πάρεχε are perhaps cries addressed to runners in the torch-races of the Cerameicus—" hold it up, hand it on."

THE WASPS, 1316-1341

And pray, the old man asked him, what makes you Give yourself airs, and think yourself so grand, You grinning flatterer of the well-to-do? Thus he kept bantering every guest in turn, Making rude jokes, and telling idle tales, In clownish fashion, relevant to nothing. At last, well drunk, homeward he turns once more, Aiming a blow at every one he meets. Ah! here he's coming; stumbling, staggering on. Methinks I'll vanish ere I'm slapped again.

PH. Up ahoy! out ahoy! a

Some of you that follow me

Shall ere long be crying.

If they don't shog off, I swear

I'll frizzle 'em all with the torch I bear,

I'll set the rogues a-frying.

GUEST. Zounds! we'll all make you pay for this to-morrow, You vile old rake, however young you are! We'll come and cite and summon you all together.

PH. Yah! hah! summon and cite! b
The obsolete notion! don't you know
I'm sick of the names of your suits and claims.
Faugh! Faugh! Pheugh!
Here's my delight!
Away with the verdict-box! Won't he go?
Where's the Heliast? out of my sight!

omitted: and the English is in many places necessarily a substitution for, rather than a translation of, the original text. These drunken scenes, and indeed the entire 200 lines from 1250 to 1449, were, in my opinion, a mere afterthought on the part of the poet, introduced when the defeat of the Clouds had taught him that he could not with impunity discard the broad farce, the coarse buffoonery, of other comedians": R.

	ἀνάβαινε δεῦρο χρυσομηλολόνθιον,	
	τῆ χειρὶ τουδὶ λαβομένη τοῦ σχοινίου.	
	έχου φυλάττου δ', ώς σαπρον το σχοινίον	
	όμως γε μέντοι τριβόμενον οὐκ ἄχθεται.	
	δρᾶς ἐγώ σ' ώς δεξιῶς ὑφειλόμην	1345
	μέλλουσαν ήδη λεσβιείν τους ξυμπότας	
	ων είνεκ' ἀπόδος τῷ πέει τῳδὶ χάριν.	
	άλλ' οὐκ ἀποδώσεις οὐδ' ἐφιαλεῖς, οἶδ' ὅτι,	
	άλλ' έξαπατήσεις κάγχανεῖ τούτω μέγα·	
	πολλοις γὰρ ήδη χάτέροις αὐτ' εἰργάσω.	1350
	έὰν γένη δὲ μὴ κακὴ νυνί γυνή,	2000
	έγω σ', έπειδαν ούμος υίος αποθάνη,	
	λυσάμενος έξω παλλακήν, ὧ χοιρίον.	
	νῦν δ' οὐ κρατῶ 'γὼ τῶν ἐμαυτοῦ χρημάτων.	
	νέος γάρ εἰμι καὶ φυλάττομαι σφόδρα.	1355
	τὸ γὰρ υἴδιον τηρεῖ με, κἄστι δύσκολον	1000
	κάλλως κυμινοπριστοκαρδαμογλύφον.	
	ταθτ' οὖν περί μου δέδοικε μη διαφθαρω.	
	πατήρ γὰρ οὐδείς ἐστιν αὐτῷ πλὴν ἐμοῦ.	
	δδὶ δε καὐτός ἐπὶ σὲ κᾶμ' ἔοικε θεῖν.	1360
	άλλ' ώς τάχιστα στηθι τάσδε τὰς δετὰς	1900
	λαβοῦσ', ἴν' αὐτὸν τωθάσω νεανικῶς,	
	οίως ποθ' οὖτος ἐμὲ πρὸ τῶν μυστηρίων.	
ВΔ.		
ДД.	ποθεῖν ἐρᾶν τ' ἔοικας ώραίας σοροῦ.	1365
	ού τοι καταπροίξει μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω τοῦτο δρῶν.	1000
Φĭ.	ώς ήδέως φάγοις αν έξ όξους δίκην.	1
	οὐ δεινὰ τωθάζειν σε, τὴν αὐλητρίδα	
	των ξυμποτων κλέψαντα;	
534	ar Solution interaction	

THE WASPS, 1341-1369

My little golden chafer, come up here, Hold by this rope, a rotten one perchance, But strong enough for you. Mount up, my dear. See now, how cleverly I filched you off, A wanton hussy, flirting with the guests. You owe me, child, some gratitude for that. But you're not one to pay your debts, I know. O no! you'll laugh and chaff and slip away. That's what you always do. But listen now. Be a good girl, and don't be disobliging, And when my son is dead, I'll ransom you, And make you an honest woman. For indeed I'm not yet master of my own affairs. I am so young, and kept so very strict. My son's my guardian, such a cross-grained man. A cummin-splitting, mustard-scraping fellow. He's so afraid that I should turn out badly. For I'm in truth his only father now.b But here he runs. Belike he's after us. Quick, little lady, hold these links an instant; And won't I quiz him boyishly and well, As he did me before the initiation.c

BD. You there! you there! you old lascivious dotard! Enamoured, eh? ay of a fine ripe coffin.^d Oh, by Apollo, you shall smart for this!

PH. Dear, dear, how keen to taste a suit in pickle!

BD. No quizzing, sir, when you have filched away The flute-girl from our party.

b "A piece of pleasantry, for sons often say 'I am my father's only son'": Schol.

* i.e. my initiation into the mysteries of high life.

^a "Undoubtedly the σκύτινον καθειμένον described in Clouds 538, 539:" R.

^c σόρου is put unexpectedly for κόρης—maturum funus instead of matura virgo.

ΦI.	ποίαν αὐλητρίδα;	
	τί ταῦτα ληρεῖς, ὥσπερ ἀπὸ τύμβου πεσών;	1370
ВΔ.	νη τὸν Δί', αὕτη πού 'στί σοί γ' ή Δαρδανίς.	
ΦI.	οὖκ, ἀλλ' ἐν ἀγορῷ τοῖς θεοῖς δὰς κάεται.	
BΔ.	$\delta \dot{q}s \ddot{\eta} \delta \epsilon;$	
ΦI.	δάς δητ'. οὐχ ὁρᾶς ἐστιγμένην;	
ВΔ.	τί δε το μέλαν τοῦτ' ἐστὶν αὐτῆς τοὐν μέσω;	
ΦI.	ή πίττα δήπου καομένης έξέρχεται.	1375
ВΔ.	δ δ' ὅπισθεν οὐχὶ πρωκτός ἐστιν ούτοσί;	
ΦI.	όζος μεν οὖν της δαδός οὖτος εξέχει.	
BΔ.	τί λέγεις σύ; ποιος όζος; οὐκ εί δεῦρο σύ;	
φI.	å å, τί μέλλεις δράν;	
ВΔ.	ἄγειν ταύτην λαβών	
	άφελόμενός σε καὶ νομίσας είναι σαπρον	1380
	κοὐδὲν δύνασθαι δρᾶν.	
ΦI.	ακουσόν νυν έμοῦ.	
	'Ολυμπίασιν ήνίκ' ἐθεώρουν ἐγώ,	
	'Εφουδίων έμαχέσατ' 'Ασκώνδα καλώς,	
	ήδη γέρων ών εἶτα τῆ πυγμῆ θενών	
	ο πρεσβύτερος κατέβαλε τον νεώτερον.	1385
	πρὸς ταῦτα τηροῦ μὴ λάβης ὑπώπια.	
ВΔ.	νὴ τὸν Δί' ἐξέμαθές γε τὴν 'Ολυμπίαν.	
APT	οπΩΛΙΣ. ἴθι μοι παράστηθ', ἀντιβολῶ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν. ὁδὶ γὰρ ἀνήρ ἐστιν ὄς μ' ἀπώλεσεν	•
	δδὶ γὰρ ἀνήρ ἐστιν ὄς μ΄ ἀπώλεσεν	
	τῆ δαδὶ παίων, κάξέβαλεν ἐντευθενὶ	1390
	άρτους δέκ' όβολων καπιθήκην τέτταρας.	
BΔ.	όρᾶς & δέδρακας; πράγματ' αὖ δεῖ καὶ δίκας	
	ένειν διά πόν σόν οίνου	

a P. now treats his son as a half-dead dotard, and seems to invent this phrase on the analogy of ἀπ' ὅνου πεσών, cf. C. 1273.
 b "This" = Dardans. Torches, says the Scholiast, were

THE WASPS, 1369-1393

PH. Eh? what? flute-girl? You're out of your mind, or out of your grave, or something.

BD. Why, bless the fool, here's Dardanis beside you!

PH. What, this? why, this b is a torch in the market-place!

BD. A torch, man?

PH. Clearly; pray observe the punctures.

BD. Then what's this black here, on the top of her head?

PH. Oh, that's the rosin, oozing while it burns.

BD. Then this of course is not a woman's arm?

PH. Of course not; that's a sprouting of the pine.

BD. Sprouting be hanged.

(To Dard.) You come along with me.

PH. Hi! hi! what are you at?

Out of your reach; a rotten, as I think,
And impotent old man.

Once, when surveying at the Olympian games,
I saw how splendidly Ephudion fought
With young Ascondas: saw the game old man
Up with his fist, and knock the youngster down.
So mind your eye, or you'll be pummelled too.

BD. Troth, you have learned Olympia to some purpose.

BAKING-GIRL. Oh, there he is! Oh, pray stand by me now!

There's the old rascal who misused me so, Banged with his torch, and toppled down from here Bread worth ten obols, and four loaves to boot.

BD. There now, you see; troubles and suits once more Your wine will bring us.

punctured and tattooed with figures, and Dardanis is compared with one to introduce some coarse jokes.

537

ΦI.	οὐδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ	
	λόγοι διαλλάξουσιν αὐτὰ δεξιοί·	
	ωστ' οίδ' ότιη ταύτη διαλλαχθήσομαι.	1395
AP.	ού τοι μὰ τὼ θεὼ καταπροίξει Μυρτίας	
	της 'Αγκυλίωνος θυγατέρος καὶ Σωστράτης,	
	ούτω διαφθείρας έμοῦ τὰ φορτία.	
ФI.	άκουσον, & γύναι· λόγον σοι βούλομαι	
	λέξαι χαρίεντα.	
AP.	μὰ Δία μή μοί γ', ὧ μέλε.	1400
ΦI.	Αίσωπον ἀπὸ δείπνου βαδίζονθ' έσπέρας	
	θρασεία και μεθύση τις υλάκτει κύων.	
	κάπειτ' έκείνος είπεν, ω κύον κύον,	
	εί νη Δί' ἀντὶ τῆς κακῆς γλώττης ποθὲν	
	πυρούς πρίαιο, σωφρονείν ἄν μοι δοκείς.	1408
AP.	καὶ καταγελάς μου; προσκαλοῦμαί σ' όστις εί,	
	πρός τούς άγορανόμους βλάβης τῶν φορτίων,	
	κλητῆρ' ἔχουσα Χαιρεφῶντα τουτονί.	
ΦI.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἄκουσον, ήν τί σοι δόξω λέγειν.	
	Λασός ποτ' αντεδίδασκε και Σιμωνίδης.	1410
	έπειθ' ὁ Λᾶσος εἶπεν, ὀλίγον μοι μέλει.	
AP.	ἄληθες, οὖτος;	
ΦI.	καὶ σὺ δή μοι, Χαιρεφῶν,	
	γυναικὶ κλητεύεις, ἐοικώς θαψίνη	
	Ίνοι κρεμαμένη πρός ποδών Εὐριπίδου;	
a	He has learned the lesson his son taught him, 1958.	•

i.e. Demeter and Persephone, a regular female oath.
 ωστε άρτους ποιήσαι, έπεὶ ἀρτόπωλις: Schol.
 κλητήρ is the officer whose duty it was to see that the defendant was duly served with the citation to appear.

THE WASPS, 1393-1414

A merry tale or two sets these things right.^a
I'll soon set matters right with this young woman.

B.-G. No, by the Twain ^b! you shan't escape scot-free, Doing such damage to the goods of Myrtia, Sostrata's daughter, and Anchylion's, sir!

PH. Listen, good woman: I am going to tell you A pleasant tale.

B.-G. Not me, by Zeus, sir, no!

PH. At Aesop, as he walked one eve from supper,
There yapped an impudent and drunken bitch.
Then Aesop answered, O you bitch! you bitch!
If in the stead of that ungodly tongue

You'd buy some wheat, methinks you'd have more sense.

B.-G. Insult me too? I summon you before The Market Court for damage done my goods, And for my sompnour ^a have this Chaerephon.

PH. Nay, nay, but listen if I speak not fair. Simonides and Lasus once were rivals. Then Lasus says, Pish, I don't care, says he.

B-G.. You will, sir, will you?

And you, Chaerephon,
Are you her sompnour, you, like fear-blanched Ino
Pendent before Euripides's feet?

"Lasus of Hermione was a contemporary and rival of the great Simonides of Ceos, who was famous for the number of victories obtained by his dithyrambic choruses": R. P. like

Lasus snaps his fingers at his opponent.

539

[&]quot;The story of Ino, who to escape her domestic miseries threw herself, with her youngest child Melicertes, into the sea, formed one of the most moving tragedies of Euripides": R. Doubtless she was represented in the tragedy as throwing herself at the feet of some deity or person, for whom A. here substitutes the poet himself. For Chaerephon the "cadaverous" (in Eupolis he is $\pi \psi \xi \nu \sigma s$) see Index.

ВΔ.	δδί τις ἔτερος, ώς ἔοικεν, ἔρχεται	1415
	καλούμενός σε τόν γέ τοι κλητῆρ' έχει.	
KATE	ιγοροΣ, οίμοι κακοδαίμων. προσκαλοῦμαί σ', ὧ	
	γέρον,	
	ΰβρεως.	
ВΔ.		
	έγω γαρ ύπερ αὐτοῦ δίκην δίδωμί σοι,	
	ην αν συ τάξης, και χάριν προσείσομαι.	1420
ΦI.	έγω μεν οὖν αὐτῷ διαλλαχθήσομαι	
	έκών όμολογῶ γὰρ πατάξαι καὶ βαλεῖν.	
	άλλ' έλθε δευρί, πότερον επιτρέπεις έμοὶ	
	ο τι χρή μ' ἀποτίσαντ' ἀργύριον τοῦ πράγματος,	
	είναι φίλον το λοιπόν, η σύ μοι φράσεις;	1425
KA.	σὺ λέγε. δικῶν γὰρ οὐ δέομ' οὐδὲ πραγμάτων.	
	ανήρ Συβαρίτης έξέπεσεν έξ αρματος,	
	καί πως κατεάγη της κεφαλης μέγα σφόδρα.	
	ἐτύγχανεν γὰρ οὐ τρίβων ὧν ίππικῆς.	
	κάπειτ' ἐπιστὰς εἶπ' ἀνὴρ αὐτῷ φίλος·	1430
	καπευτ επιστας ευπ ανηρ αυτώ φυιώς ἔρδοι τις ην εκαστος είδείη τέχνην.	1450
	ούτω δὲ καὶ σὺ παράτρεχ' εἰς τὰ Πιττάλου.	
	ομοιά σου καὶ ταῦτα τοῖς ἄλλοις τρόποις.	
	άλλ' οὖν σὺ μέμνησ' αὐτὸς άπεκρίνατο.	
ΦI.	άκουε, μὴ φεῦγ'. ἐν Συβάρει γυνή ποτε	1435
	κατέαξ' έχινον.	
KA.	ταῦτ' ἐγὼ μαρτύρομαι.	
ΦI.		
	εἶθ ή Συβαρῖτις εἶπεν, εἶ ναὶ τὰν κόραν	
	την μαρτυρίαν ταύτην έάσας έν τάχει	
	ἐπίδεσμον ἐπρίω, νοῦν ἂν είχες πλείονα.	1440

a "The δβρεως γραφή was a very different matter from the βλάβης δίκη with which alone the baking-girl had threatened 540

THE WASPS, 1415-1440

BD. See, here's another coming, as I live. To summon you: at least he has got his sompnour. COMPLAINANT. O dear! O dear! Old man, I summon you

For outrage.

Outrage a? no, by the Gods, pray don't. BD. I'll make amends for everything he has done (Ask what you will), and thank you kindly too.

PH. Nay, I'll make friends myself without compulsion. I quite admit the assault and battery. So tell me which you'll do; leave it to me To name the compensation I must pay To make us friends, or will you fix the sum?

co. Name it yourself: I want no suits nor troubles.

PH. There was a man of Sybaris, b do you know, Thrown from his carriage, and he cracked his skull, Quite badly too. Fact was, he could not drive. There was a friend of his stood by, and said, Let each man exercise the art he knows. So you, run off to Doctor Pittalus.c

BD. Av, this is like the rest of your behaviour.

co. (To Bd.) You, sir, yourself, remember what he says.

PH. Stop, listen. Once in Sybaris a girl Fractured a jug.

I call you, friend, to witness. co.

PH. Just so the jug: it called a friend to witness. Then said the girl of Sybaris, By'r Lady,d If you would leave off calling friends to witness, And buy a rivet, you would show more brains.

It was so to say a criminal indictment, and not a mere civil action: and entailed a severe and speedy punishment": R. ^b "P. reverts to his son's alternative prescription in 1259 and tries the effect of a Sybaritic apologue": R.

o i.e. Don't try litigation which you don't understand, but go

to the famous doctor, Pittalus (cf. A. 1032).

^d i.e. Persephone.

ΚΑ. ὕβριζ', ἔως ἂν τὴν δίκην ἄρχων καλῆ. ΒΔ. οὖ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ' ἔτ' ἐνταυθοῖ μενεῖς, άλλ' ἀράμενος οἴσω σε τί ποιεῖς; ΦI. ὄ τι ποιῶ: BA. είσω φέρω σ' έντεῦθεν εὶ δὲ μή, τάχα κλητήρες επιλείψουσι τους καλουμένους. 1445 ΦΙ. Αἴσωπον οἱ Δελφοί ποτ' δλίγον μοι μέλει. BΔ. ΦΙ. φιάλην ἐπητιῶντο κλέψαι τοῦ θεοῦ· ό δ' έλεξεν αὐτοῖς, ώς ὁ κάνθαρός ποτε ΒΔ. οίμ' ώς ἀπολῶ σ' αὐτοῖσι τοῖσι κανθάροις. ζηλώ γε της εὐτυχίας XO. στρ. 1450 τον πρέσβυν, οξ μετέστη ξηρών τρόπων καὶ βιοτής. έτερα δέ νῦν ἀντιμαθών ήθη, μετά τι πεσείται έπὶ τὸ τρυφερὸν καὶ μαλακόν. 1455 τάγα δ' ἂν ἴσως οὐκ ἐθέλοι. τὸ γὰρ ἀποστῆναι χαλεπὸν φύσεος, ην έχει τις ἀεί. καίτοι πολλοί ταῦτ' ἔπαθον· ξυνόντες γνώμαις έτέρων 1460 μετεβάλλοντο τούς τρόπους. πολλοῦ δ' ἐπαίνου παρ' ἐμοὶ Γάντ.

καὶ τοῖσιν εὖ φρονοῦσιν

^a The Delphians brought a false charge against Aesop and, 542

THE WASPS, 1441-1463

co. Jeer, till the Magistrate call on my case. BD. No, by Demeter, but you shan't stop here,

I'll take and carry you-

CH.b

PH. What now!

BD. What now? Carry you in: or soon there won't be sompnours Enough for all your summoning complainants.

PH. The Delphians once charged Aesop-

BD. I don't care.

PH. With having filched a vessel of their God.
But Aesop up and told them that a beetle a—
BD. Zounds! but I'll finish you, beetles and all.

I envy much his fortune
As he changes from his dry
Ungenial life and manners,
Another path to try.
Now all to soft indulgence
His eager soul will take,
And yet perchance it will not,
For, ah! 'tis hard to break
From all your lifelong habits;
Yet some the change have made,
With other minds consorting,
By other counsels swayed.

With us and all good people Great praise Philocleon's son

as he was being led to execution, he told them this fable, the

moral of which is that evil-doers will in the end pay.

b This ode in which the Chorus "felicitates B. on the probable success of his experiment," after its demonstrable failure, seems "foreign to the original scheme of the Play." So too 1474 when Xanthias announces B.'s drunken behaviour "no one would gather that this is his second entrance on the self-same errand." See R. Introd. p. xiv and notes.

543

	τυχών ἄπεισιν διὰ τὴν	
	φιλοπατρίαν καὶ σοφίαν	1465
	ό παις ό Φιλοκλέωνος.	
	οὐδενὶ γὰρ οὕτως ἀγανῷ	
	ξυνεγενόμην, οὐδε τρόποις	
	έπεμάνην, οὐδ' ἐξεχύθην.	
	τί γαρ ἐκεῖνος ἀντιλέγων	1470
	ου κρείττων ήν, βουλόμενος	1110
	τὸν φύσαντα σεμνοτέροις	
	κατακοσμῆσαι πράγμασι;	
	rear areo prijo av ripa y praoti,	
ĦA.	νη τον Διόνυσον, ἄπορά γ' ήμιν πράγματα	
-	δαίμων τις είσκεκύκληκεν είς την οἰκίαν.	1475
	δ γάρ γέρων ώς έπιε διὰ πολλοῦ χρόνου	1419
	ηκουσέ τ' αὐλοῦ, περιχαρής τῷ πράγματι	
	όρχούμενος της νυκτός οὐδεν παύεται	
	-2000 3 3000 of Warren de Williams	
	τάρχαι εκείν οις Θέσπις ηγωνίζετο·	
	καί τους τραγωδούς φησιν αποδείξειν κρόνους	1480
	τούς νῦν, διορχησάμενος ὀλίγον ὔστερον.	
Φĭ.	τίς ἐπ' αὐλείοισι θύραις θάσσει;	
EA.	τουτί καὶ δὴ χωρεῖ τὸ κακόν.	
ΦI.	κλῆθρα χαλάσθω τάδε. καὶ δὴ γὰρ	
	σχήματος ἀρχή	1405
EA.	μᾶλλον δέ γ' ἴσως μανίας ἀρχή.	1485
ΦI.	πλευρὰν λυγίσαντος ὑπὸ ῥώμης,	
Ψ1.		
	οΐον μυκτήρ μυκάται καὶ	
	σφόνδυλος άχεῖ.	
ΞA.	πιθ' έλλέβορον.	
ΦI.	πτήσσει Φρύνιχος ως τις αλέκτωρ,	1490

^a The ancient writers for the stage, Thespis, Phrynichus (1490 seq.) and Carcinus (1501 seq.), introduced much dancing, 544

THE WASPS, 1464-1490

For filial love and genius In this affair has won. Such sweet and gracious manners I never saw before, Nor ever with such fondness My doting heart gushed o'er. Where proved he not the victor In all this wordy strife, Seeking to raise his father To higher paths of life?

xa. O Dionysus! here's a pretty mess Into our house some power has whirligigged. Soon as the old man heard the pipe, and drank The long untasted wine, he grew so merry He won't stop dancing all the whole night through Those strange old dances such as Thespis taught; a And your new bards he'll prove old fools, he says, Dancing against them in the lists directly.

Who sits, who waits at the entrance gates? PH.

More and more is this evil advancing! XA.

Be the bolts undone, we have just begun; PH. This, this is the first evolution of dancing.

First evolution of madness, I think. XA.

With the strong contortion the ribs twist round, PH. And the nostril snorts, and the joints resound, And the tendons crack.

O. hellebore drink! b XA.

Cocklike, Phrynichus crouches and cowers. and the old man remembers these dances. Bentley's full discussion of this passage is quoted in R.

b Hellebore was a cure for madness.

PH.

 Bentley emended πτήσσει to πλήσσει, but R. notes that "a cock crouches and sidles down immediately before it delivers a blow"; cf. 1491.

ΞA.	τάχα βαλλήσεις.	
ΦI.	σκέλος οὐράνιόν γ' ἐκλακτίζων.	
	πρωκτός χάσκει.	
ΞA.	κατά σαυτὸν ὅρα.	
ΦI.	νῦν γὰρ ἐν ἄρθροις τοῖς ἡμετέροις	
	στρέφεται χαλαρά κοτυληδών.	1495
ВΔ.	οὐκ εὖ μὰ Δί' οὖ δῆτ', ἀλλὰ μανικὰ πράγματα.	
ΦI.	φέρε νυν ἀνείπω κάνταγωνιστάς καλῶ.	
	εί τις τραγωδός φησιν όρχεισθαι καλώς,	
	έμοι διορχησόμενος ενθάδ' είσίτω.	
	φησίν τις, η οὐδείς;	
ВΔ.	είς γ' έκεινοσί μόνος.	1500
	τίς δ κακοδαίμων ἐστίν;	
ВΔ.	υίος Καρκίνου	
	δ μέσατος.	
ΦI.	άλλ' οὖτός γε καταποθήσεται.	
	απολώ γαρ αὐτὸν ἐμμελεία κονδύλου.	
	έν τω δυθμω γαρ οὐδέν ἐστ'.	
ВΔ.	ἀλλ', ὡζυρέ,	
	έτερος τραγωδός Καρκινίτης έρχεται,	1508
	άδελφὸς αὐτοῦ.	
φI.	νη Δί' ώψώνηκ' ἄρα.	
ВΔ.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐδέν γ' ἄλλο πλήν γε καρκίνους.	
	προσέρχεται γὰρ έτερος αὖ τῶν Καρκίνου.	
Φī.	τουτὶ τί ἦν τὸ προσέρπον; ὀξίς, ἢ φάλαγξ;	
ВΔ.	ό πιννοτήρης οθτός έστι, τοῦ γένους	151
~	ό σμικρότατος, δε την τραγωδίαν ποιεί.	

a "P. holds the lists as the champion of the older tragic dances. Three representatives of the modern school of tragic dancing now enter, one by one, to accept his challenge. They are the three deformed and stunted sons of Carcinus, the constant butts of Aristophanes for their preposterous dances": R.

THE WASPS, 1491-1511

YA. You'll strike by and by.

PH. Then he kicks his leg to the wondering sky,

XA. O look to yourself, look out, look out.

For now in these sinewy joints of ours
The cup-like socket is twirled about.

BD. 'Twon't do, by Zeus: 'twon't do: 'tis downright madness.

PH. Come on, I challenge all the world to dance. Now what tragedian thinks he dances well, Let him come in and dance a match with me. Well, is there one, or none?

BD. Here's only one.

рн. Who's he, poor devil?

BD. "Tis the midmost son Of poet Carcinus, the Crabbe.a"

PH. I'll eat him.
'Sdeath! I'll destroy him with a knuckle-dance.'
He's a born fool at rhythm.

Here comes a brother crab, another son
Of Carcinus.

PH. 'Faith, I've got crab enough.

BD. Nothing but crabs! 'fore Zeus, nothing but crabs! Here creeps a third of Carcinus's brood.

PH. Heyday! what's this? a vinaigrette, or spider?

BD. This is the Pinnoteer, of all the tribe The tiniest crab: a tragic poet too!

b εμμέλεια is the technical word for a tragic dance; here P.

promises to perform it with his fists.

⁶ A tiny crustacean, about the size of a pea, a parasite of the pinna, a wedge-shaped bivalve. It was called "Pinnawatchman," because "the pinna having got its little guest safely lodged within, left its shell open: and so soon as any food came within the valves the pea-crab gave its host a nip, which caused it to close its shell and secure the prey": R.

δ Καρκίν', δ μακάριε της εὐπαιδίας·

όσον τὸ πληθος κατέπεσεν τῶν ὀρχίλων.

	ἀτὰρ καταβατέον γ' ἐπ' αὐτούς μοι· σὺ δὲ ἄλμην κύκα τούτοισιν, ἢν ἐγὼ κρατῶ.	1515
xo.	φέρε νυν ήμεις αὐτοις ὀλίγον ξυγχωρήσωμεν ἄπαντες,	•
	ϊν' ἐφ' ἡσυχίας ἡμῶν πρόσθεν βεμβικίζωσιι ἐαυτούς.	,
	ἄγ', ὧ μεγαλώνυμα τέκνα τοῦ θαλασσίοιο, πηδᾶτε παρὰ ψάμαθον	1520
	καὶ θῖν' άλὸς ἀτρυγέτοιο, καρίδων ἀδελφοί· ταχὺν πόδα κυκλοσοβεῖτε, καὶ τὸ Φρυνίχειον ἐκλακτισάτω τις, ὅπως	1525
	ίδόντες ἄνω σκέλος [ὧδ'], ὤζωσιν οἱ θεαταί. στρόβει, παράβαινε κύκλω καὶ γάστρισον σεαυτόν	
	ριπτε σκέλος οὐράνιον βέμβικες ἐγγενέσθων. καὐτὸς γὰρ ὁ ποντομέδων ἄναξ πατὴρ προσέρπει	1530
	ήσθεὶς ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ἑαυτοῦ παισί, τοῖς τριόρχοις. ἀλλ' ἐξάγετ', εἴ τι φιλεῖτ', ὀρχούμενοι θύραζε ήμᾶς ταχύ· τοῦτο γὰρ οὐδείς πω πάρος δέδρακεν ὀρχούμενος, ὅστις ἀπήλλαξεν χορὸν τρυγωδῶν.	1535

ΦI.

<sup>a Lit. "golden-crested wrens." He calls them so because of their size, and perhaps with a suggestion of ὀρχηστῶν. In 1534 he calls them τρίορχοι (lit. "buzzards")="three-dancers."
b Their names are variously given by the Scholiast as Xenocles, Xenotimus, Diotimus, etc.</sup>

THE WASPS, 1512-1537

PH. O Carcinus! O proud and happy father!
Here's a fine troop of wrynecks a settling down.
Well, I must gird me to the fight: and you,
Mix pickles for these crabs, in case I beat them.

ch. Come draw we aside, and leave them a wide,
a roomy and peaceable exercise-ground
That before us therein like tops they may spin,
revolving and whirling and twirling around
O lofty-titled b sons of the ocean-roving sire,
Ye brethren of the shrimps, come and leap o
On the sand and on the strand

of the salt and barren deep.d

Whisk nimble feet around you;

kick out, till all admire,

The Phrynichean kick to the sky;

That the audience may applaud,

as they view your leg on high.

On, on, in mazy circles; hit your stomach with your heel

Fling legs aloft to heaven,

as like spinning-tops you wheel. Your Sire is creeping onward, the Ruler of the Sea, He gazes with delight at his hobby-dancers three. Come, dancing as you are, if you like it, lead away, For never yet, I warrant, has an actor till to-day Led out a chorus, dancing, at the ending of the Play.

c R. quotes Paley for shrimps "bounding in the air from the shallow margin of the water, or from the wet sand."
^d θîν' ἀλός, etc., is from Hom. II. i. 316, 327.



Ascondas, III, 1388

ACESTOR, IV. 1221 Achaia, a name of Demeter. A. 710 Acharnae, a deme of Athens, A. Aegina, an island opposite the Peiraeus, A. 653, W. 122 Aeschines, a blusterer, IV, 325, 450. 1220, 1248 Aeschylus, C. 1306 Aesop, W 566, 1259 Aetolia, K. 79 Agoracritus, K 1385 Agyieus, a title of Apollo, II. 875 Amphitheus, A. 46 Amynias, C 31 Amynias, son of Sellus, C' 601, W. 74, 1266 Androcles, a rogue, W 1187 Antimachus, an effeminate. A. 1150. C. 1022Antiphon, W 1270 Apaturia, a clan festival, A. 146 Aicadia, K. 798 Archeptolemus, K 327, 794 Archilochus quoted. 4 1228 Argos, K. 465 Arignotus, son of Automenes, a harper, K 1278, W. 1278 Ariphrades, son of Automenes, an evil man, K 1281, W. 1280 Aristeides, son of Lysimachus "the Just." a statesman opposed to Themistocles, fought at Marathon, ostracized 488 BC, but returned and took a great part in the political developments of Athens; died about 468, K. 1325. Artemon, name of an effeminate who was carried about in a litter. hence called περιφόρητος, A. 85. Asclepius, god of healing, W 123

Aspasia, mistress of Pericles. A. 5-27 Athamas, king of Orchomenus in Bogotia, married Nephele, and was father of Phrixus and Helle: he was stricken with madness. and fled into Thessalv. C. 257 Athens described, A. 639 Automenes, father of Arignotus and Ariphrades, W. 1275 Bakis, a Bosotian seer of Helicon . there was a collection current of his oracles, K. 128, 1003 Bellerophon, who rode the winged horse Pegasus; name of a play by Euripides, A. 427 Bereschethus, K. 635 Bissidas, a famous Spartan commander, son of Tellis, killed at Amphipolis 422 B.c., W 475 Byzantium, the earlier city on the site of Constantinople, C. 249, W. 236 CARCIAS, the N.E. wind, K 437 Camarina, a town in Sicily. A 605 Carcinus, a comic poet, father of three dwarfish sons, C. 1261. W. 1508 Cardopion, W. 1178 Caria, K. 173 Carthage, K. 174, 1308 Caystrian plains, A. 68 Cecrops, C. 801, W. 438 Celeus, A 49 Centaurs, C. 349 Cephisodemus, A 705 Cerameicus, the potters' quarter 551

at Athens, where public funerals took place, K. 772 Chaereas, W. 687 Chaerephon, a pupil of Socrates, C. 101, etc., W. 1408 Chaeris, a wretched Theban piper, A 16 Chalcis, Chalcidice in Thrace, K Chaonia, in Epirus, K. 78, A 613 Cherronesus, the peninsula of Gallipoli, K. 262 Choae, the Pitcher-feast, A. 961 Cicynna, an Attic deme, C 134 Cleaenetus father of Cleon, K 574 Olemas, father of Alcibiades, A. 716 Cleisthenes, "son of Sibvitius," a coward and effeminate, A. 118, W. 1187, K 1874, C. 855 Cleon, son of Cleaenetus, a tanner, demagogue and popular leader after the death of Pericles in 429 BC. He opposed peace Iu 424 took part in the surrender of the Spartans at Sphacteria. which he laid to his own credit Killed by Brasidas at Amphipolis, 422. A 6, 300, 378, 502, 659, K 187, 976, C. 549, 586, 541, W 85, 62, 197, 241, 596, 841, 895 1220, 1224, 1287, 1285 Cleonymus, the butt of Athens for his bulk and his appetite, who cast away his shield at Delium. A 88, 844, K. 058, 1293, 1372, C. 358, 450, 674, W. 20, 592, 822 Cobalus, K. 635 Coesyra, a name in the great Alemaeonid family, A 614, C. 48, Colias, a love-deity, C 52 Connas, a drunken flute-player, K. 584, W 675 Copais, a lake in Boeotia, A 880 Cornth, K 603 Oranaan city, Athens, A. 75 Crates, a comic poet, flourished about 450 B C . K. 586 Cratinus, a dandy, A. 849, 1178 Cratinus, a comic poet, 519-422 B.C., K. 400, 526

Cronus, father of Zeus, proverbial

for things ancient and out of

Ctesias, an infolmer, A 839
Cycloborus, a hill-torrent in Attica,
K 137
Cyllene, a port in Elis, K. 1081
Cynna, a courtesan, K 765, IV
1082

DEIGMA, the Evchange at the Perraeus, K. 970 Devitheus, a good harpist, 1. 14 Diasia, a feast in honour of Zeus Mellichius, C 408, 864 Dictynna, a name of Artemis, W. 868

Diocles, an Athenian, who in some ancient battle had fought for Megara and given his life for a youth, a festival was held at his tomb, 4 774

Dionysia, a testival, A. 195 Diopeithes, a crazy oracle-monger, K. 1085, W 880 Draoyllus, A. 612

ECBATANA, the old capital of the Medes, A. 04, W. 1143 Egypt, C. 1130 Electra of Aeschvlus, C. 584 Ephudon, W. 1888

Brechtheus, a legendary king of Athens, K 1022 Ergasion, W 1201

Eurthlus, A 711, W. 592 Euboea, an island off Boeotia, C. 211, W 715 Eucharides, W. 680

Eucrates, an oakum-seller, K 129, 253 Euphemius, a politician, II. 599

Euphorides, A. 612
Eupolis, an early comic post born

about 446 B c, died probably in 411, C. 558
Euripides, the tragic poet, son of

a herb-seller, 480-406 B C, A 394, 452, K 18, C. 1871, 1876, W. 61, 1414

Eurycles, a ventriloquist, W. 1010 Euthymenes, A. 67

GELA, a town in Sicily, A. 606 Genetyllis, a love-deity, C. 52 Geryones, a giant of legend, A. 1082 Gryttus, K. 877

date. C. 929

HADES, cap of, A 890 Harmodius, brother of Aristo-

getton, they are the traditional liberators of Athens from the tyrants, A 980, 1093, K. 786, 17 1225

Heliaes, the supreme court of Athens, K 897

Heracles, baths of, U 1051

Hieronymus, a wild and hairy man, A. 389, C 349

Hippias, the tyrant, K. 448, II' 502

Hippocrates and his sons, a dirty crew, C 1001

Hippodamus, father of Archeptolemus, K. 327

Homer, C. 1056

Hyperbolus, a demagogue who succeeded Cleon, of servile origin. ostracized, finally killed by the oligaichs at Samos, 411 B c., A. 846, C. 551, 876, W 1007, K 1304, 1863

IAPETUS, one of the Titans, proverbial for antiquity, C. 998 Ino, daughter of Cadmus, wife of Athamas, 1 434, IV. 1414 Ismenichus, A. 861

Laches, an Atheman commander in the Peloponnesian War, accused by Cleon of peculation, slain at Mantinea, W. 240, 830, 895

Lacrateides, an Athenian leader, possibly one of the accusers of

Pericles, A. 220

Lamachus, son of Xenophanes, colleague of Alcibiades and Nicias in the Sicilian expedition 415 B.c , a brave and honourable soldier. He was killed in the siege, A 270, 567, 963 Lamia, a goblin, W. 1035, 1177

Lasus of Hermione, a lyric poet, contemporary with Simonides, N. 1410

Lenaea, a teast, at which the comedies were exhibited, A. 504 Leogoras, an epicure, W. 1269, C

Loxias, a name of Apollo, K. 1072 Lycus, patron hero of the Atheman dicasteries, W 389, 819

Lysicles, a sheep-seller, K. 132, 765 Lysistratus, a vicious man, K 1267, W. 787

Magnes, an early comedian, K. 520 Marathon, scene of the famous victory, 490 B.C., A. 697, K. 781,

Marilades, A 609

Marpsias, a contentious orator. A.

Megacles, a name in one of the great Athenian families, Alemaeonidae, C 46, 815

Megara, a city near Athens, A. 519, 533, 738, W. 57

Memnon, son of Eos, slain by Achilles, C 622 Miletus, an Ionian city in Asia

Minor, K 861 932

Miltiades, the victor of Maiathon, son of Cimon, and tyrant of the Chersonesus, K 1325

Mitylene, in Lesbos, A 834 Morsimus, a poor tragedian, K. 401 Morychus, an epicure, A. 887, W

506, 1142 Moschus, a bad harpist, A. 18 Mothon, K 685 Myrsine, wife of Hippias, K. 440

NICARUHUS, an informer, A. 908 Nicias, son of Niceratus, a distinguished general, of the aristocratic party, and an opponent of Cleon; he perished in the Sicilian expedition, 418 B.C , K 358 Nicostratus, W. 81

ODEUM, a court in Athens, W. 1009 Odomantes, a Thiacian tirbe, A 156 Odyssens, W 181, 1851 Ocagrus, an actor, W. 579

Oeneus, king of Calydon, deposed and cast out by his nephews: name of a play by Euripides. A.

Oconichus, a worthless man, K. 1287 Olympia in Elis, scene of the great games, W. 1882 Olympus, a legendary flute-player,

K 8 Orestes, a footpad, A 1167

Orthian nome, A. 16

PANAETIUS, K 243 Panathenaes, a feast, C. 886, 988 Pandeletus, an informer, C 924 Paphlagon, a servile name describ-ing the slave's country, K. 1. etc Parnes, a hill near Athens, A. 848. C. 828 Paros, an island in the Cyclades, W. 1189 Pasias. C. 21 Pauson, a starveling painter, A. 854 Penaeus, harbour of Athens, K. 815 Peleus, father of Achilles, C. 1063 Pergasae, an Attic deme, K. 321 Pericles, the great Athenian statesman, died 429 B C., A. 530, K. 288, C. 213, 859 Phaeax, a politician, K. 1377 Phales, an imaginary name, A. 268 Phanus, a hanger-on of Cleon's, K. 1256, W. 1220 Pharsalus, a town in Thessaly, W. Phayllus, a famous Olympian victor, A. 215, W. 1206 Phibalus, a district of Megara, A. Philip, son of Gorgias, IV. 421 Philocles, son of Selartius, a bitter tragic poet, W. 462 Philoctetes, a famous archer in the Trojan war, bitten by a snake and left in Lemnos; name of a play by Euripides, exhibited 431 B.C., A. 424 Philostratus, a pander, K. 1069 Sellus, father of Aeschines, W. 325 Phoenix, accused by his father's wife of attempting her honour, 1312 was blinded by his father; name of a play by Euripides, A 421 Phormio, a distinguished naval commander, K. 562 Phrynichus, an early comic poet, W 220, 269, 1490 Phyle a fort on the hills between Attica and Boeotia, A. 1028 Pindar quoted, K. 1329 Pittalus, probably a doctor, A. 1032, 1221, W 1432 Pnyx, the place of assembly, K. 749

Polymnestus, a worthless man, also

the name of a musician, K 1287

Pontus, the N.E district of Asia

Potidaia, on the peninsula of Pallene, revolted from Athens in 482 B C , retaken 429, K. 488 Pramnian wine, K. 106 Prepis, a disolute man, A. 848 Prinides, A. 612 Producus of Ceos, a famous sophist. C 361 Propylaea, the entrance to the Athenian acropolis, K. 1826 Provenides, a blusterer, W. 325 Prytaneum, the town hall, K. 167 Pylus, a fort SW of Messenia. taken by Demosthenes in 425 B c. and held for Athens, K. 55, 76, 355, 708, 846, 1058, 1167, C 185 Pyrilampes, W 98 Pyrrhandrus, K. 901 Pytho=Delphi, K 1272

Sabazius, the Phrygian Bacchus, Salabaccho, a courtesan, K. 765 Salamis, scene of the naval victory over Xerxes in 480 B.C , K 785 Samos, an island off the coast of Asia Minor, W. 282 Sardis, capital of Lydia, W. 1189 Sardo=Sardinia, IV 700 Sarpedon, son of Zeus, slain by Patroclus, C. 622 Scione, on the peninsula of Pallene. W. 310 Scitalus, K. 634 Scythian wilderness, A. 704

Semnae, the Ermyes or Furies, K. Seriphus, a small island of the Cyclades, A. 542 Simaetha, a courtesan, A. 524

Simon, a dishonest politician, C. 351, K. 242 Simonides of Ceos, alyric poet, 556-

467 B.C., IV. 1410, C. 1856, K. 406 Sisyphus, craftiest of mankind, a character in Greek legend, A.

Sitalces, king of the Odrysians in Thrace, allied with Athens, A.

Sinicythes, an effeminate, K. 969 Socrates, the philosopher, son of Sophroniscus, born 469 B.C., put to death 499, C. 104, etc.

Minor, IV. 700

Solon, the great lawgiver of Athens, born about 638 B.C., died about 558. C. 1187

Straton, an effeminate, A. 122, K. 1874

Strymodorus, A. 274

Sunium, a cape of Attica, C. 401 Sybaris, a luxurious city in S. Italy, W. 1485

TAFNARUM, a promontory of Laconia, where stood a temple of Poseidon, A. 510

Telephus, a play by Euripides, acted 488 BC T. was son of Heracles and Auge, exposed as an infant, and brought up by a herd in poverty; he helped in the taking of Troy, .1 415, 432, 555, C. 922

Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven

Wise Men, C. 180 Themistocles, the victor of Salamis, an Athenian statesman, K. 84.

813, 888 Theognis, a dull frigid poet, nick-named Snow, A. 11, 140, W. 1188 Theorus, a politician, A. 134, C. 400, W. 42, 599, 1220

Theseum, the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary, K. 1312

Thetis, mother of Achilles, C. 1007

Thouphanes, a secretary under Cleon, K. 1108

Thucydides, son of Melesias, leader of the aristocratic party opposition to Pericles, ostracized 414 B.C., A. 703, IV. 947

Thyestes, brother of Atrens, son of Pelops, name of a play by Euripides, A. 438

Tithonus, husband of Aurora, made unmortal, A. 688

Tlepolemus, C. 1266 Triptolemus, A. 48

Trophonius, a hero, who had an oracle in Lebadeia in Boeotia, C.

XANTHIAS, A. 248 Xenophantes, father of Hieronymus, C. 349



THE LOEB CLASSICAL LIBRARY.

VOLUMES ALREADY PUBLISHED.

Latin Authors AENEAS TACTICUS, ASCLEPIODOTUS AND ONASANDER. Trans. by The Illinois Club. Adlungton (1566) Revised by S Gaselee (2nd Impression) AUSONIUS. Trans by H G. Evelyn White 2 Vols. BOETHIUS. TRACTS AND DE CONSOLATIONE PHILOSOPHIAE. Trans, by Rev. H. F. Stewart and E K Rand OAESAR. CIVIL WARS Trans. by A. G Peskett (2nd Impression.)
CAESAR. GALLIC WAR. Trans. by H. J Edwards (3nd Impression.)
CATULLUS Trans. by F. W. Cornish, TIBULLUS. Trans. by J. P.
Postgate; AND PERVIGILIUM VENERIS. Trans. by J. W. Machail (6th Impression) CICERO DE FINIBUS. Trans. by H Rackham (2nd Impression) CICERO: DE OFFICIIS Trans. by Walter Miller. (2nd Impression) CICERO: DE SENECTUTE, DE AMICITIA, DE DIVINATIONE. CIOERO: DE SENEUTUTE, DE AMICITIA, DE DIVINATIONE. Trans. by W. A Falconer.
CIOERO LETTERS TO ATTICUS. Trans. by E. O. Winstedt.
3 Vols (Vol. I. 3vil Impression Vol. II. 2nd Impression.)
CIOERO PRO ARCHIA POETA, POST REDITUM IN SENATU,
POST REDITUM AD QUIRITES, DE HOMO SUA, DE HARUSPICUM RESPONSIS, PRO PLANCIO. Trans. by N H Watts.
CLAUDIAN. Trans. by M Platnauor. 2 Vols
CONFESSIONS OF ST. AUGUSTINE. Trans. by W. Watts (1081). 2 Vols. (2nd Impression)
FRONTO. CORRESPONDENCE. Trans. by C. R. Haines 2 Vols.
HORACE: ODES AND EPODES. Trans. by C. E. Bennett (5th Imp.)
JUVENAL AND PERSIUS. Trans. by G. R. Ramssy (2nd Impression.)
LIVY. Trans. by B. O. Foster. 13 Vols. Vols I., II. and III. MARTIAL. Trans by W. C. Ker. 2 Vols. OVID. HEROIDES AND AMORES. Trans by Grant Showerman. (2nd Impression.)
OVID: METAMORPHOSES. Trans. by F J Miller. 2 Vols. OVID: TRISTIA AND EX PONTO. Trans. by A. L. Wheeler PETRONIUS. Trans. by M. Heseltine; SENECA. APOCOLOGYNTOSIS. Trans. by W H D. Rouse. (4th Impression)
PLAUTUS. Trans. by Paul Nixon. 5 Vols. Vols. I. and II (Vol. I. 2nd Impression.) PLINY: LETTERS. Melmoth's Translation revised by W. M. I. Hutchinson. 2 Vols. (2nd Impression.)

PROPERTIUS. Trans. by H. E. Butler. (3rd Impression.)

QUINTILIAN. Trans. by H. E. Butler. 4 Vols.

SALLUST. Trans. by J. C. Rolfe.

THE LOEB CLASSICAL LIBRARY. SCRIPTORES HISTORIAE AUGUSTAE Trans. by D. Magne. 4 Vols.

Vol I SENECA: EPISTULAE MORALES. Trans. by R. M. Gummere. 3 Vols. Vols. I, and II SVOIS. VOIS. 1 and 1 SENECA TRAGEDIES. Trans by F. J Miller. 2 Vols. SUETONIUS. Trans by J. C. Rolfe 2 Vols. (2nd Implession.)
TACITUS: DIALOGUS Trans. by Sir Wm. Peterson, and AGRICOLA AND GERMANIA. Trans. by Maurice Hutton (2nd Impression.)
TERENOE. Trans. by John Sargeaunt. 2 Vols. (8rd Impression.)
VELLEIUS _PATEROULUS AND RES GESTAE DIVI AUGUSTI.

Trans by F. W. Shipley.
VIRGIL. Trans. by H R Fairclough. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 4th Impression

Vol. II. 3rd Impression.) Greek Authors. ACHILLES TATIUS. Trans. by S. Gaselee. ACBCHINES. Trans. by C. D. Adams.
AESCHYLUS. Trans. by H. Weir Smyth. 2 Vols. Vol. 1.
APOLLODORUS. Trans by Sir James G. Frazer. 2 Vols.
APOLLONIUS RHODIUS. Trans. by R. C. Seaton (2nd Impression.)
THE APOSTOLIC FATHERS. Trans by Kirsopp Lake. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 4th Impression Vol. II. 8rd Impression.)
APPIAN'S ROMAN HISTORY. Trans. by Horace White. 4 Vols. ARISTOPHANES. Trans by Benjamin Bickley Rogers. 8 Vols
CALLIMACHUS AND LYCOPHRON. Trans. by A. W. Mair, AND
ARATUS, trans. by G. R. Mair.
CLEMENT OF ALEXANDRIA. Trans. by Rev. G. W. Butterworth. DAPHNIS AND CHLOE. Thornley's Translation revised by J. M. Edmonds; and PARTHENIUS. Trans by S. Gaselee. DIO CASSIUS: ROMAN HISTORY. Trans. by E Cary. 9 Vols. Vols I. to VI. EURIPIDES Trans by A. S Way. 4 Vols. (Vols. I., II. and IV., 3rd Impression Vol. III., 2nd Impression.)
GALEN: ON THE NATURAL FACULTIES. Trans by A. J. Brock
THE GREEK ANTHOLOGY. Trans by W. R. Paton. 5 Vols. (Vols. I. and II. 2nd Impression.) THE GREEK BUCOLIC POETS (THEOCRITUS, BION. MOSCHUS). THE GREEK BUCCHIC POETS (THEOCRITUS, BION, MOSCHUS).
Trans by J. M. Edmonds (+th Impressor)
HERODOTUS. Trans. by A. D. Godley 4 Vols.
HESIOD AND THE HOMERIO HYMNS. Trans. by H. G Evelyn
White. (2nd Impressor).
HIPPOCRATES. Trans. by W. H. S Jones. 4 Vols. Vols. I. and II.
HOMER: ODYSSEY. (Trans. by A. T Murray. 2 Vols. (2nd Impressor).)
JULIAN. Trans. by Wilmer Cave Wright. 3 Vols.
LUCIAN. Trans. by A. M Harmon. 8 Vols. Vols. 1 to III. (Vols.
Luciand U. Sed Loriesseror).

LUCIAN. Tians. by A. M. HAIMOR. 8 vois. vois. 1 to 111. (vois. I. and il 2nd Impression)
LYRA GRAECA. Tians. by J. M. Edmonds. 3 Vols. Vol. I.
MARCUS AURELIUS Trans. by C. R. Haines. (2nd Impression.)
MENANDER. Trans. by F. G. Allinson.
PAUSANIAS DESCRIPTION OF GREECE. Trans. by W. H. S.

Jones. 5 Vols. and Companion Vol. Vol. I.

THE LOEB CLASSICAL LIBRARY.

PHILOSTRATUS. THE LIFE OF APOLLONIUS OF TYANA. Trans. by F. C Conybeare. 2 Vols. (2nd Impression.) PHILOSTRATUS AND EUNAPIUS: LIVES OF THE SOPHISTS.

Trans. by Wilmer Cave Wright.
INDAR Trans. by Sir J. E. Sandys. (3rd Impression.)

PINDAR Trans. by Sir J. E. Sandys. (8rd Impression.)
PLATO. EUTHYPHRO, APOLOGY, CRITO, PHAEDO, PHAEDRUS.
Trans. by H. N. Fowler (8rd Impression.)
PLATO: LACHES, PROTAGORAS, MENO, EUTHYDEMUS. Trans.

by W. R. M. Lamb.

PLATO. THEAETETUS AND SOPHIST. Trans. by H. N. Fowler. PLUTAROH: THE PARALLEL LIVES. Trans. by B. Perrin. 11 Vols. Vols. I. to X.

POLYBIUS. Trans. by W. R. Paton. 6 Vols. Vols I. to IV. PROCOPIUS; HISTORY OF THE WARS. Trans. by H. B. Dewing. 7 Vols. Vols. I. to IV.
QUINTUS SMYRNAEUS. Trans. by A. S. Way.
SOPHOCLES. Trans. by F. Storr. 2 Vols (Vol. I. 5th Impression.

Vol. II. 3rd Impression.)

ST. JOHN DAMASCENE: BARLAAM AND IOASAPH, Trans. by the Rev. G. R. Woodward and Harold Mattingly

STRABO GEOGRAPHY. Trans by Horace L. Jones. 8 Vols. Vols. I. to III.

THEOPHRASTUS: ENQUIRY INTO PLANTS. Trans. by Sir Arthur Hort, Bart. 2 Vols.

THUCYDIDES. Trans. by C. F. Smith. 4 Vols.

XENOPHON. CYROPAEDIA. Trans. by Walter Miller. 2 Vols. XENOPHON. HELLENICA, ANABASIS, APOLOGY, and SYM-POSIUM. Trans. by C. L. Brownson and O. J. Todd 3 Vols.

XENOPHON. MEMORABILIA AND OECONOMICUS. Trans by E C. Marchant.

IN PREPARATION.

Greek Authors.

ARISTOTLE. NICOMACHEAN ETHICS, H. Rackham.

ARISTOTLE: ORGANON, W. M. L. Hutchinson.
ARISTOTLE: POETICS, AND LONGINUS. W. Hanulton Fyfe.
ARISTOTLE: POLITICS AND ATHENIAN CONSTITUTION, Edward

Capps. ARISTOTLE: RHETORIC, J. Freese.

ATHENAEUS, C. B. Gulick.

DEMOSTHENES: DE CORONA AND DE FALSA LEGATIONE, C. A. Vince and J. H. Vince.

DEMOSTHENES: PRIVATE ORATIONS. G. M. Calhoun. DIO CHRYSOSTOM, W. E. Waters.

DIOGENES LAERTIUS, R. D. Hicks.

EPICTETUS, W. A. Oldfather. EUSEBIUS, Kirsopp Lake.

GREEK IAMBIC AND ELEGIAC POETS, E. D. Perry. HOMER: ILIAD, A. T. Murray,

ISOCRATES, G. Norlin.

THE LOEB CLASSICAL LIBRARY.

MANETHO, S. de Ricci.
OPPIAN, A. W Mair
PAPYRI, A. S. Hunt
PHILOSTRATUS · IMAGINES, Arthur Fairbanks.
PLATO · CRATYLUS, PARMENIDES, HIPPIAS MAIOR, HIPPIAS
MINOR, H. N. Fowler
PLATO: LAWS, R. G. Bury.
PLATO LYSIS, SYMPOSIUM, GORGIAS. W. R. M. Lamb
PLATO MENEXENUS, ALCIBIADES I and II., ERASTAI, THEAGES,
CHARMIDES, MINOS, EPINOMIS, W. R. M. Lamb.
PLATO; POLITICUS, PHILEBUS, ION, H. N. Fowler
PLATO: REPUBLIC, Paul Shorey
PLUTARCH · MORALIA, F. C. Babbitt.
ST. BASIL LETTERS, Prof. R. J. Deferran.
SEXTUS EMPIRICUS, A. C. Pearson.
THEOPHRASTUS · CHARACTERS, J. H. Edmends; HERODAS;
CERCIDAS, etc., HIEROCLES, PHILOGELOS, A. D. KNOX.
XENOPHON. SORIPTA MINORA, E. C. Marchant.

Latin Authors.

AULUS GELLIUS, J. C. Roife
BEDE ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY, Rev. H. F. Stewart.
CICERO. AD FAMILIARES, W. Glyn Wilhams
CICERO. CATTLINE ORATIONS B. L. Ullman.
CICERO DE NATURA DEORUM, H. Rackham.
CICERO DE RAPURA DAND DE LEGIBUS. Clinton Keyes.
CICERO DE REPUBLICIA AND DE LEGIBUS. Clinton Keyes.
CICERO PHILIPPICS, W. C. Kerr,
CICERO PRO CABCINA, PRO LEGE MANILIA. PRO CLUENTIO,
PRO RABIRIO, H. Gross Hodge.
CICERO. TUSCULAN DISPUTATIONS, SIT J. G. Frazer.
CICERO VERRINEO CRATIONS, L. H. G. Greenwood
FRONTINUS STRATEGEMATA AND DE AQUIS, C. E. Bennett.
HORACE, EPISTLES AND SATTRES, H. R. Fairclough.
LUCAN, S. Reinach.
LUCAN, S. Reinach.
LUCRETIUS, W. H. D. Rouse.
OVID. FASTI, SIT J. G. Frazer,
ST. AUGUSTINE MINOR WORKS, Rev. P. Wicksteed,
SENECA: MORAL ESSAYS, J. W. Basore,
STATIUS, H. G. Evelyn White.
TACITUS: HISTORIES, C. H. Moore,
VALERIUS FLACCUS, A. F. Scholfield.

DESCRIPTIVE PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION.

London . . WILLIAM HEINEMANN.
New York . . G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS.